TED Package

TED packages contains three major functions, 1) the "run.Ted" function which implements a fully Bayesian inference of tumor microenvironment composition and gene expression, 2) the "learn.embedding.Kcls" and 3) "learn.embedding.withPhiTum" functions which uses Expectation-maximization (EM) to approximate the tumor expression using a linear combination of tumor pathways while conditional on the inferred expression and fraction of non-tumor cells estimated by the deconvolution module. The "learn.embedding.Kcls" function initializes the embedding by running hierarchical clustering over the tumor expression inferred by run.Ted, while "learn.embedding.withPhiTum" initializes using the embedding provided by the user.

In this example we will be deconvolving 169 TCGA-GBM bulk RNA-seq samples using the scRNA-seq dataset from 8 high grade glioma patients as the reference. We will also demonstrate the embedding learning of tumor pathways from TCGA-GBM samples. The "tcga.gbm.example.rdata" contains the pre-prepared normalized scRNA-seq gene expression profile (GEP) matrix and bulk sample matrix over protein-coding genes. In practice, users may also use unnormalized GEP or raw count matrix of individual cells. Genes need not to be aligned between the reference matrix and the bulk matrix. run.Ted will automatically collapse, align the genes on the common subset between reference and bulk, and normalized the scRNA-seq reference.

- 1) Deconvolve bulk RNA-seq and infer tumor expression
 - > #load TED package > library(TED)
 - > #load pre-prepared reference scRNA-seq gene expression matrix and the bulk sample matrix
 - > load(system.file("extdata", "tcga.gbm.example.rdata", package="TED"))
 - # Manually remove ribosomal and mitochondrial genes from the reference matrix, may also remove genes on the sex chromosomes if samples are collected on different genders. An automated function will be implemented soon.

#console output:

- [1] "processing input..."
- [1] "run first sampling"
- [1] "inferred cell percentage"

Tumor myeloid pericyte endothelial tcell oligo Min. 0.276 0.003 0.000 0.002 0.000 0.000 1st Qu. 0.766 0.038 0.007 0.020 0.000 0.006 Median 0.838 0.076 0.015 0.030 0.000 0.021 Mean 0.813 0.086 0.033 0.032 0.001 0.035 3rd Qu. 0.891 0.113 0.032 0.040 0.000 0.043 Max. 0.974 0.543 0.494 0.100 0.043 0.287

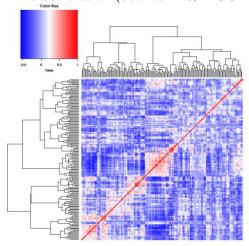
- [1] "correct batch effect"
- [1] "vst transformation is feasible" converting counts to integer mode
- [1] "run final sampling"

Tumor myeloid pericyte endothelial tcell oligo Min. 0.364 0.000 0.000 0.003 0.000 0.000 1st Qu. 0.810 0.034 0.004 0.016 0.000 0.002 Median 0.863 0.069 0.009 0.026 0.000 0.010 Mean 0.845 0.077 0.023 0.028 0.001 0.026 3rd Qu. 0.912 0.100 0.023 0.036 0.000 0.032 Max. 0.981 0.494 0.381 0.101 0.018 0.277

#to extract output from tcga.ted

- > tcga.ted\$res\$first.gibbs.res\$ theta.merged # theta0: the initial estimates of cell type fraction
- > tcga.ted\$res\$first.gibbs.res\$ Znkg # the mean of posterior reads in each cell type of each bulk sample
- > tcga.ted\$res\$ Z.tum.first.gibbs # the mean count of tumor expression in each bulk sample
- > tcga.ted\$res\$ Zkg.tum.norm # the depth-normalized count of tumor expression in each bulk sample (the zero count genes adjusted to the same small value for each sample)
- > tcga.ted\$res\$ Zkg.tum.vst # the variance stabilizing transformed count of tumor expression in each bulk sample (by the vst function in DESeq2)
- > tcga.ted\$res\$phi.env #the batch corrected non-malignant cell expression
- > tcga.ted\$res\$cor.mat #the correlation heatmap of tumor expressions across bulk samples
- > tcga.ted\$res\$ final.gibbs.theta # theta: the updated estimates of cell type fraction

#The correlation (between 169 TCGA-GBM samples) heatmap generated by run.Ted:



- 2) Learning embeddings of tumor expression at K=4, with pathways initialized by hierarchical clustering
- > tcga.ebd.res.k4 <- learn.embedding.Kcls (ted.res = tcga.ted,

K.vec = 4, EM.maxit=50,

n.cores =50)

#to extract output from tcga.ebd.res.k4

tcga.ebd.res.k4\$ theta.all # The fractions associated with tumor bases (first K.tum columns) and stromal cells.

tcga.ebd.res.k4\$ opt.phi.hat.tum # the inferred expression profile of each tumor pathways, referred to as eta in the TED paper

tcga.ebd.res.k4\$ log.posterior #log posterior of each EM cycle, if compute.posterior=T (default is not computed)