Package 'rtfbsdb'

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Title An Integrated Framework for Transcription Factor Binding Site Analysis	
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Description This package finds the transcription factor binding sites within specified genome loci and estimate the enrichment between two case-control group of different nomic loci based on a scoring algorithm driven by a Hidden Markov model and the CisBP database (or other data source, such as Jaspar, Transfacters motifs with similar DNA sequence specificities and optionally integrates RNA-sequence sequence data to restrict analyses to motifs recognized by TFs expressed in the cell type of integration of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of integration of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of integration of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell type of the sequence specific transference in the cell transfe	c). It clus- or PRO-
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CisBP.db-class

Class "CisBP.db"

Description

The motif library from CisBP web site. Link: http://cisbp.ccbr.utoronto.ca/

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form CisBP.extdata, CisBP.zipload, CisBP.download.

Slots

species: String indicating the species name defined in the CisBP dataset.

zip.file: String indicating the filename of temporary data file.

zip.url: String indicating the download source.

zip.date: String indicating the download date.

file.tfinfo: String indicating the TF filename, defulat is TF_Information.txt.

Extends

```
Class "tfbs.db", directly.
```

Methods

tfbs.createFromCisBP Build a tfbs object by querying the meta file of CisBP dataset and subsetting the results.

CisBP.group Get the statistical summary by grouping the field in the CisBP dataset.

CisBP.getTFinformation Get the TF Information stored in the CisBP dataset.

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References

Weirauch, M. T., Yang, A., Albu, M., Cote, A. G., Montenegro-Montero, A., Drewe, P., ... & Hughes, T. R. (2014). Determination and inference of eukaryotic transcription factor sequence specificity. Cell, 158(6), 1431-1443.

See Also

```
CisBP.getTFinformation, CisBP.group, tfbs.createFromCisBP
```

Examples

```
showClass("CisBP.db")
```

CisBP.download

Download CisBP dataset.

Description

Download TF data file from CisBP dataset and store it to temporary folder

Usage

```
CisBP.download(species = "Homo_sapiens",
    url = "http://cisbp.ccbr.utoronto.ca/bulk_archive.php")
```

Arguments

species String, indicating the species name in the CisBP dataset url String, the URL of bulk dowbnloads from CisBP dataset,

default is http://cisbp.ccbr.utoronto.ca/bulk_archive.php

Details

The dowload function has been confirmed in the web site of cisbp.ccbr.utoronto.ca o June, 2015.

Value

A CisBP object (class name: "CisBP.db") is returned with four items:

species String indicating the species name

zip.file String indicating the filename of temporary data file.

zip.url String indicating the download source

file.tfinfo String indicating the TF filename, default is TF_Information.txt.

References

Weirauch, M. T., Yang, A., Albu, M., Cote, A. G., Montenegro-Montero, A., Drewe, P., ... & Hughes, T. R. (2014). Determination and inference of eukaryotic transcription factor sequence specificity. Cell, 158(6), 1431-1443.

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See Also

See Also as CisBP.zipload, CisBP.extdata.

Examples

```
#download zebra fish dataset
db1 <- CisBP.download("Danio_rerio");
#download Felis_catus dataset
db2 <- CisBP.download("Felis_catus");</pre>
```

CisBP.extdata

Load internal CisBP dataset.

Description

Build a CisBP object from the internal zip file stored in this package

Usage

```
CisBP.extdata(species)
```

Arguments

species String, only valid for human and mouse species, i.e. Homo_sapiens, Mus_musculus,

or Drosophila_melanogaster

Details

The CisBP data for Homo_sapiens and Mus_musculus are delivered by this package. When you use the newest dataset, you should download it from the website by CisBP.download.

Value

A CisBP object (class name: "CisBP.db") is returned with four items:

species String indicating the species name defined in the CisBP dataset.

zip.file String indicating the filename of temporary data file.

zip.url String indicating the download source

file.tfinfo String indicating the TF filename, default is TF_Information.txt.

See Also

See Also as CisBP.zipload, CisBP.download.

Examples

```
#reading human data from extension data file in the package
db.human <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens")

#reading Drosophila_melanogaster from extension data file in the package
db.dm3 <- CisBP.extdata("dm3")</pre>
```

CisBP.getTFinformation

Get TF information with PWM status

Description

Get TF information with PWM status

Usage

```
CisBP.getTFinformation(cisbp.db, tf.information.type = NA)
```

Arguments

```
cisbp.db A CisBP object ("CisBP.db") including the TF_Information.txt.

tf.information.type

Number, indicating which TF meta file will be used. Available values are 1 for TF_Information.txt, 2 for TF_Information_all_motifs.txt and 3 for F_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt.
```

Details

Three TF information files in CisBP dataset.

- 1: TF_Information.txt : (direct motifs) or (no direct but inferred motifs with 90%)
- 2: TF_Information_all_motifs.txt: (direct motifs) and (inferred motifs above the threshold)
- 3: F_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt: All motifs

The following parts are copied from RAEDME.txt in zipped CisBP data file.

TF_Information.txt, TF_Information_all_motifs.txt, TF_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt - These files contain information on the TFs.

'TF_Information.txt' contains, for each TF, all directly determined motifs (see below). If a TF does not have a directly determined motif, this file will also include its best inferred motif. 'Best' is defined as the motif(s) obtained from the most similar TF (based on the

'TF_Information_all_motifs.txt' is a superset of 'TF_Information.txt'. It also includes any motif that can be inferred for a given TF, given the TF family-specific threshold. For example, if a TF has a directly determined motif, and two TFs with motifs with 90 TF_Information_all_motifs.txt will include all three motifs. Likewise, if a TF does not have a direct motif, but has two TFs with 90

'TF_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt' is a superset of the other two files. It contains all motifs for a given TF, which includes all direct motifs, and all inferred motifs above the threshold.

Value

A data frame returned with the status indicating PWM data is existing or not

TF_ID Internal CisBP ID for the TF. Each gene has a unique TF ID

Family_ID Internal CisBP ID for the TF family. A family is the unique set of DNA binding

domains (DBDs) present in the protein.

TSource_ID Internal CisBP ID for the source of the TF (i.e. where its genome sequence was

obtained).

Motif_ID Internal CisBP ID for the associated motif.

MSource_ID Internal CisBP ID for the source of the motif (i.e. which database or study it

came from)

DBID External ID of the RBP (e.g., Ensembl ID)

TF_Name Name of the TF
TF_Species Species of the TF

TF_Status Motif status of the TF. 'D' stands for directly determined motif. 'I' indicates that

the motif is inferred from another TF, based on DBD similarity (see Weirauch

et al. 2013 for details). 'N' means no motif is available.

Family_Name Name of the TF's family

DBDs The unique set of DBDs (Pfam names) present in the TF

DBD_Count Number of unique DBDs in the TF

Cutoff Cutoff used to infer motifs for the TF family

DBID Motif ID from the associated database or study

Motif_Type Experimental assay used to determine the motif

MSource_Identifier

ID for the source of the motif (i.e., its project name)

MSource_Type Internal CisBP ID for the motif category
MSource_Author First author for the source of the motif
MSource_Year Year of publication of the motif source

PMID Pubmed ID of the motif source

MSource_Version

Version of the source (i.e. database build)

TFSource_Name Source of the TF (i.e. where did the genome build come from?)

TFSource_Year Year the genome data was downloaded
TFSource_Month Month the genome data was downloaded
TFSource_Day Day the genome data was downloaded

motif_existing Status indicating PWM data is existing or not

See Also

See Also as CisBP.group, CisBP.extdata, CisBP.zipload, CisBP.download

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Examples

```
# Load the internal CisBP dataset
db_human <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");

df.tfinfo <- CisBP.getTFinformation( db_human, tf.information.type = 2)
show(head(df.tfinfo));</pre>
```

CisBP.group

Summarize the motif number.

Description

Get the statistical summary by grouping the field in the CisBP dataset.

Usage

Arguments

cisbp.db A CisBP object ("CisBP.db") including the TF_Information.txt.

group.by String, indicating which field will be used to group values. Available values are tf_name, tf_species, tf_status, family_name, motif_type and msource_id.

tf.information.type

Number, indicating which TF meta file will be used. Available values are 1 for

Number, indicating which TF meta file will be used. Available values are 1 for TF_Information.txt, 2 for TF_Information_all_motifs.txt and 3 for F_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt.

Details

Three TF information files in CisBP dataset.

```
1: TF_Information.txt : (direct motifs) or (no direct but inferred motifs with 90%)
```

2: TF_Information_all_motifs.txt: (direct motifs) and (inferred motifs above the threshold)

3: F_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt: All motifs

Value

A data frame returned includes two columns

group_by Values of grouping field number Counts of group value

See Also

```
See Also as tfbs.createFromCisBP
```

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Examples

```
# Load the internal CisBP dataset
db_human <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");

# Group the motif count by the column of family_name in TF_Information.txt
gr1 <- CisBP.group(db_human, group.by="family_name", tf.information.type=1 );

# Group the motif count by the column of tf_status in TF_Information.txt
gr2 <- CisBP.group(db_human, group.by="tf_status", tf.information.type=1 );

# Group the motif count by the column of tf_status
# in TF_Information_all_motifs.txt
gr3 <- CisBP.group(db_human, group.by="tf_status", tf.information.type=2);

# Group the motif count by the column of tf_status
# in F_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt
gr4 <- CisBP.group(db_human, group.by="tf_status", tf.information.type=3);</pre>
```

CisBP.zipload

Load the zipped CisBP file.

Description

Build a CisBP object from the zipped CisBP file.

Usage

```
CisBP.zipload(zip.file, species = "Homo_sapiens")
```

Arguments

zip.file String, indicating the zipped file data

species String, indicating the species name in the CisBP database

Details

The zip data canbe downloaded from the web site, please check CisBP.download.

Value

A CisBP object (class name: "CisBP.db") is returned with four items:

species String indicating the species name

zip. file String indicating the filename of temporary data file.

zip.url String indicating the download source

file.tfinfo String indicating the TF filename, default is TF_Information.txt.

See Also

See Also as CisBP.extdata, CisBP.download.

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Examples

```
# Download the dataset
db1 <- CisBP.download("Arabidopsis_thaliana");

# Loading the zip file, the db2 and db3 have same TF data.
# Here is an example to show how to use CisBP.zipload.
# We dont nee to download it by CisBP.download and then load it
# by CisBP.zipload
db2 <- CisBP.zipload(db1@zip.file, species="Arabidopsis thaliana");</pre>
```

print.tfbs.enrichment Print the brief enrichment results

Description

Print the brief enrichment results.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tfbs.enrichment'
print(x, ..., pv.threshold=0.05, pv.adj=NA )
```

Arguments

Details

This command shows the calling parameters and significant motifs from the result object. The significant motifs are selected by the corrected p-value cutoff(0.05) and at most 20 significant motifs are listed. The adjust method of p-value is defined in the calling function.

Value

No return values.

See Also

See also as tfbs.enrichmentTest.

```
#See example in tfbs.enrichmentTest
```

print.tfbs.finding

Print scanning result of TF sites.

Description

Print scanning result of TF sites.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tfbs.finding' print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x The result obtained by tfbs.scanTFsite.

... Additional arguments affecting the print produced.

Details

This function shows a brief information including calling parameters and enriched motifs.

Value

No return values.

See Also

```
See Also as tfbs.scanTFsite
```

Examples

```
#See example in tfbs.scanTFsite
```

```
summary.tfbs.enrichment
```

Summarize the enrichment result

Description

Return the significant motifs based on the adjust p-values using multiple comparisons.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tfbs.enrichment'
summary(object, pv.threshold = 0.05, pv.adj = NA, ...)
```

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Arguments

object The result obtained by tfbs.enrichmentTest.

pv.threshold The p-value threshold for significant motifs.

pv.adj P-values adjust method for p.adjust function. The available values are "holm",

"hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr" or "none".

... Additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Details

A data frame with 6 colums is returned.

Value

The results is a data frame including 6 columns,

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{motif.id} & \text{Motif ID} \\ \text{tf.name} & \text{TF Name} \end{array}$

Npos Read count in positive loci. expected Read count in negative loci.

fe.ratio The ratio of read counts between positive loci and negative loci.

starch Cpmporessed Bed filename

pvalue p-value

pv.adj adjusted p-value by multiple comparson method.

See Also

See also as tfbs.enrichmentTest.

```
summary.tfbs.finding Summarize scanning results.
```

Description

Return a data frame with summarized TF sites for every motif if the calling parameter is "matches".

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'tfbs.finding'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object The result obtained by tfbs.scanTFsite.

... Additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Details

 $\hbox{summary in class of tfbs.} \hbox{finding is returned}.$

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Value

This function will return a data frame with summarized TF sites for every motif if the calling parameter is "matches", otherwise, NULL will be returned.

See Also

See Also as tfbs.scanTFsite

tfbs

Create a tfbs object from the supplied PWM files.

Description

Create a tfbs object from the supplied PWM files.

Usage

```
tfbs(filenames,
    names,
    species="Homo_sapiens",
    tf_info = NULL,
    tf_missing = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

filenames	Vector of PWM files
names	Vector of unique gene symbols.
species	String indicating species name
tf_info	Data frame including meta information copied from CisBP data file for all existing motifs., Default: NULL
tf_missing	Data frame including meta information copied from CisBP data file for missing motifs., Default: NULL
	Parameters, such as pseudocount, force_even, and the parameters used in read.table function.

Details

Load the PWM files to build a "tfbs" object.

Value

A tfbs object (class: "tfbs") including all PWM matrics. The all attributes are as follows:

TFID Vector of non-unique ID for TF.
species String indicating the species name
ntfs Number of motifs in matrix.
pwm A list including PWM matics.
filename Vector of PWM filename.

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mgisymbols	Unique gene symbols for TF.	
tf_info	Data frame, including extra information for all existing PWMs, it maybe different with motif dataset, default:NULL.	
tf_missing	Data frame, including extra information for missing PWMs, it maybe different with motif dataset, default:NULL.	
distancematrix	Distance matrix between motifs returned by tfbs.clusterMotifs, default:NULL.	
expressionlevel		
	Data frame indicatig the result of expression level returned by ${\tt tfbs.getExpression}$, default: NULL.	
cluster	Matrix with 2 columns returned by tfbs.clusterMotifs, 1st column is the index of motifs and 2nd column is the group number of clustering, default:NULL.	

The tfbs object can be created by the function of tfbs, tfbs.dirs, tfbs.createFromCisBP.

See Also

```
tfbs, tfbs.dirs, tfbs.create From CisBP\\
```

Examples

Description

Tfbs object is a collection of motif PWM data. Some functions are provided based on the PWM and GENCODE data, such as clustering, search and compare.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the function of tfbs.createFromCisBP, tfbs.dirs and tfbs.

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Slots

species String indicating the species name

ntfs Number of motifs in matrix.

pwm A list including PWM matics.

filename Vector of PWM filename.

mgisymbols Unique gene symbols for TF.

tf_info Data frame, including extra information for all existing PWMs, it maybe different with motif dataset, default:NULL.

tf_missing Data frame, including extra information for missing PWMs, it maybe different with motif dataset, default:NULL.

distancematrix Distance matrix between motifs returned by tfbs.clusterMotifs, default:NULL.

expressionlevel Data frame indicatig the result of expression level returned by tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs or tfbs.getExpression, default:NULL.

cluster Matrix with 3 columns returned by tfbs.clusterMotifs, 1st column is the index of motifs, 2nd column is the group number of clustering, 3rd column is selected flag by the function tfbs.selectByGeneExp or tfbs.selectByRandom. default:NULL.

Methods

tfbs.importMotifs Import the licensed motifs or other missing motifs for tfbs object

tfbs.getExpression Estimate gene expression of target TF.

tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs Select the expressed motifs in GRO-seq, PRO-seq or RNA-seq experimental data.

tfbs.clusterMotifs Cluster the specified motifs and drawing the heatmap.

tfbs.scanTFsite Find TF sites from genome data within the BED ranges.

tfbs.enrichmentTest Comparative TFBS search with the BED ranges

tfbs.selectByGeneExp Select the motifs with minimum p-value from each group of clustering.

tfbs.selectByRandom Select the motifs randomly from each group of clustering.

tfbs.drawLogosForClusters Draw the motif logos by one group per page.

tfbs.drawLogo Draw the logo for a single TF motif.

See Also

The class definition of tfbs.

```
showClass("tfbs")
```

tfbs.clusterMotifs 15

tfbs.clusterMotifs Clustering the specified motifs and drawing the heatmap.

Description

Clustering the specified motifs and drawing the heatmap.

Usage

```
tfbs.clusterMotifs(tfbs,
    method = c("agnes", "apcluster"),
    pdf.heatmap = NA,
    group.k = NA,
    apcluster.q = 0.99,
    ncores = 1,
    plot.style = c("rtfbsdb", "apcluster"),
    BG = log(c(0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.25)),
    ...)
```

Arguments

tfbs	A tfbs object ("tfbs") returned by tfbs.createFromCisBP, tfbs.dirs or other functions.
method	String, availabe values are "agnes" and "apcluster".
pdf.heatmap	String, a PDF filename for heatmap.
group.k	Integer, if the method of agnes is used to do clustering, the parameter of k is optional to use as preset group number.
apcluster.q	Numeric value between 0 and 1, if the method of appluster is used to do clustering, the parameter of q is optional to use as preset group number.
ncores	Number, the number of cores to use simultaneously.
plot.style	String indicating the heatmap is plotted by the apcluster package or not if the method apcluster is used.
BG	The log value of probabilities for nucleotide A, C, G and T as Backgroud computing.
	The parameters used in function apcluster.

Details

 $This \ result \ of \ clustering \ will \ be \ used \ in \ the \ tfbs. drawLogosForClusters, \ tfbs. selectByGeneExp, \ tfbs. enrichmentTest.$

tfbs@cluster will be updated by the clustering matrix which 1st column is the index of motifs and 2nd column is the group number of clustering.

Value

A matrix with 2 columns is returned, 1st column is the index of motifs and 2nd column is the group number of clustering.

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See Also

See Also as tfbs.selectByGeneExp and tfbs.selectByRandom

Examples

tfbs.createFromCisBP Create TF object by querying the CisBP dataset.

Description

Build a tfbs object by querying the meta file of CisBP dataset and subsetting the results.

Usage

```
tfbs.createFromCisBP(cisbp.db,
    tf_name = NULL,
    tf_status = NULL,
    family_name = NULL,
    motif_type = NULL,
    msource_id = NULL,
    tf.information.type = 1)
```

Arguments

cisbp.db	A CisBP object("CisBP.db"), including the file of TF_Information.txt.
tf_name	String, indicating the TF_name field will be used to select motifs.
tf_status	String, indicating the TF_Status field will be used to select motifs.
family_name	String, indicating the Family_Name field will be used to select motifs.
<pre>motif_type</pre>	String, indicating the Motif_Type field will be used to select motifs.
msource_id	String, indicating the MSource_Identifier field will be used to select motifs

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```
tf.information.type
```

Number, indicating which TF meta file will be used. Available values are 1 for TF_Information.txt, 2 for TF_Information_all_motifs.txt and 3 for TF_Information_all_motifs_plus.txt.

Details

The function includes three steps to build a tfbs object:

1) Searching the TF information and PWM files in the CisBP dataset according to the criteria specified by the parameters of *tf_name*, *tf_status*, *family_name*, *motif_type* and *msource_id*.

Value

A tfbs object is returned with PWM matrices, see Also as "tfbs"

See Also

See Also as tfbs

Examples

tfbs.db-class

Class "tfbs.db"

Description

Abstract class for motif dataset. The CisBP class is a son class of tfbs.db.

Objects from the Class

Now code or function can be used to create this class.

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Slots

```
species: Species name.
```

Methods

No methods defined with class "tfbs.db" in the signature.

See Also

```
"CisBP.db" inherits this class.
```

Examples

```
showClass("tfbs.db")
```

tfbs.dirs

Create a tfbs object from the folders.

Description

Create a tfbs object from all the PWM files found in the supplied folders.

Usage

```
tfbs.dirs(...,
    species = "Homo_sapiens",
    args.read.motif = NULL,
    pattern = glob2rx("*.pwm"),
    recursive = FALSE)
```

Arguments

... Multiple strings, one or more folders can be used in this function.

species String, including the species name.

args.read.motif

List, including *pseudocount*, *force_even* or other parameters used in read.table

function.

pattern String, a character vector specifying regular expression and wlidcards.

recursive Logical, indicating the loading recursively descends into subfolders or not, de-

fault: FALSE.

Details

Two parameters in the list of args.read.motif can be used: pseudocount: log value for zero value in PWM matrix, default is -7. force_even: whether the PWM matrix with odd size needs to be even.

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Value

A tfbs object collecting all the PWM files in the specified folders. For the details of tfbs object, please see tfbs

See Also

The structure of tfbs object is described in "tfbs"

Examples

tfbs.drawLogo

Draw single motif logo.

Description

Draw the motif logos in two models, 1 logo within a page or 1 group within one page.

Usage

Arguments

tfbs	A tfbs object("tfbs")
file.pdf	String, the file name of PDF report.
index	Vector of number, indicating the motif index.
tf_id	Vector of string, indicating the TF_ID string, TF_ID is one motif attribute in TF_Information.txt. (Default=NULL).
motif_id	Vector of string, indicating the Motif_ID string, Motif_ID is one motif attribute in TF_Information.txt. (Default=NULL).
tf_name	Vector of string, indicating the TF_Name string, TF_Name is one motif attribute in TF_Information.txt. (Default=NULL).
family_name	Vector of string, indicating Family_Name string, Family_Name is one motif attribute in TF_Information.txt. (Default=NULL).
tf_status	String, indicating the TF_status value, TF_status is one motif attribute in TF_Information.txt. (Default=NULL).
groupby	String, indicating the group field is applied to print the motif, each group is printed in one page, the available values are NA, "Family_Name", "TF_Name", "TF_Status" or "Motif_Type". (Default=NA).

Details

Multiple selection is provided for outputting logos. The selected motifs by each criteria will be combined into one set.

Draw the motif logos in two models:

(1) 1 logo within a page (2) 1 group within one page. The motif logos are splitted if motif count is greater than 10.

Value

No return values.

See Also

See Also as "tfbs"

Examples

```
db <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");</pre>
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db);</pre>
motif_id <- c( "M5604_1.01", "M5441_1.01", "M5162_1.01", "M5352_1.01");</pre>
           <- c( "T093250_1.01", "T093251_1.01", "T093252_1.01", "T093253_1.01");</pre>
family_name<- c( "p53", "Homeodomain", "Paired box", "Pipsqueak");</pre>
#Draw 10 motif logos from first one.
tfbs.drawLogo(tfs, file.pdf="test-drawLogo1.pdf", index=c(1:10) );
#Draw logos for specified Motif_ID, or TF_ID, or TF_Name, or Family_Name
tfbs.drawLogo(tfs, file.pdf="test-drawLogo2.pdf",
      motif_id = motif_id,
      tf_id = tf_id,
      tf_name = "AP-2",
      family_name = family_name,
      groupby = "TF_Status");
#Draw logos for specified TF_Status
tfbs.drawLogo(tfs, file.pdf="test-drawLogo3.pdf", tf_status="D",
      groupby="TF_Status");
#unlink("test-drawLogo1.pdf");
#unlink("test-drawLogo2.pdf");
#unlink("test-drawLogo3.pdf");
```

tfbs.drawLogosForClusters

 $Draw\ the\ motif\ logos\ by\ clustering.$

Description

Draw the motif logos by one cluster per page.

Usage

```
tfbs.drawLogosForClusters(tfbs, file.pdf )
```

Arguments

```
tfbs A tfbs object("tfbs").
file.pdf String indicating a PDF eilname.
```

Details

It is different with tfbs.drawLogo which is capable of printing out motif logos in group. This group is calculated by the tfbs.clusterMotifs, not is classfied by any group filed.

Value

No return value.

See Also

```
See Also as tfbs.clusterMotifs
```

Examples

tfbs.enrichment Test

Comparative TS sites between positive and negative TRE loci

Description

Comparative TS sites between positive and negative TRE loci for all motifs.

Usage

```
tfbs.enrichmentTest(tfbs,
      file.twoBit,
      positive.bed,
      negative.bed=NA,
      file.prefix=NA,
      use.cluster=FALSE,
      ncores=1,
      gc.correction=TRUE,
      gc.correction.pdf=NA,
      gc.robust.rep=NA,
      threshold = 6,
      threshold.type = c("score", "fdr"),
      gc.groups=1,
      background.order=2,
      background.length=100000,
      pv.adj = p.adjust.methods)
```

Arguments

tfbs A tfbs object, see also "tfbs" String, the file name of genome data(e.g. hg19.2bit, mm10.2bit) file.twoBit positive.bed Data frame, bed-formatted TRE loci. Data frame, bed-formatted background loci. If not specified, the genomic loci negative.bed adjacent to positive one are randomly extracted as the negative bed. file.prefix String, the prefix for outputted BED file, no bed files output if NA use.cluster Clustering matrix with 2 columns, 1st column is the index of motifs and 2nd column is the group number of clustering. It can be obtained from tfbs.clusterMotifs. If no clustering matrix, all motifs are used to do the comparson. see details Number, comupting nodes in parallel environment.(default=1) ncores Logical value, if the difference between positive and negative TREs is signifgc.correction icant,the resampling will be applied to the correction for the negative TREs. (default=TRUE) gc.correction.pdf String, indicating the pdf file name if the GC correction is checked. (default=NA) Number, indicating whether resampling background set multiple times is apgc.robust.rep plied to get the median of binding sites. (default=NA) threshold Numeric value, if 'score' is specified in threshold.type, only binding sites with scores above this threshold are returned, if 'fdr' is specified in threshold. type, only binding sites with FDR (False Discovery Rate) less than this value can be selected. Default value is 6 for 'score' and 0.1 for 'fdr'. threshold. type String value, two options are available. only sites with scores above this threshold are returned, not be used if NA. (default = 'score') Numeric value, indicating number of quantiles to group sequences into in rtfbs gc.groups package. (default = 1)background.order Number, order of Markov model to build background.(default=2). background.length

Number, length of the sequence to simulate background.(default=100000).

pv.adj	String, P-values correct method for p.adjust function. The available values
	are "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr" or "none".
	(default="bonferroni").

Details

The difference of GC contents between positive.bed and negative.bed is checked before the comparson. The p-value of Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test shows this difference and helps the user to determine whether the GC correction is necessary.If the difference is very significant, please set gc.correction to do GC content correction by resampling the TREs from negative bed data based on the frequency of TREs in negative bed data. Use the parameter of gc.correction.pdf to output vioplot figurs in a pdf file if you want to check the visualized difference.

The clustering matix indicates which motifs in the 1st column are slected to do comparson and which clustering group in the 2nd columns are applied to adjust p-values for multiple comparsons. The function applys the p-values adjust for each clustering group. If no clustering information, all motifs in the tfbs object will be selected and adjusted as one group, which is the most conservative method.

Value

A object with the class name of "tfbs.enrichment" will be resturned in this comparson function. It includes one list of parameters parm and one data frame of results result.

result is a data frame with the following columns:

motif.id	Motif ID.
tf.name	TF name.
Npos	TF site count found in positive ranges.
expected	TF site count found in negative ranges.
fe.ratio	Ratio of fold enrichment.
pvalue	p-value calculated by fisher test.
pv.adj	p-value corrected by the multiple correction.
starch	Binary filename of detected TF sites.

The result can be outputted to a report by the function tfbs.reportEnrichment.

See Also

```
print.tfbs.enrichment, summary.tfbs.enrichment, tfbs.reportEnrichment.
```

```
library(rtfbsdb);
file.twoBit <- system.file("extdata","hg19.chr19.2bit", package="rtfbsdb")
db <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db, family_name="AP-2");</pre>
```

```
#make two dummy BED data frame for positive loci and negative loci
pos.bed <- data.frame(chr="chr19",</pre>
      start=round(runif(1000,1000000, 2000000)),
      stop=0,
      name="",
      score=0,
      strand=".");
pos.bed$stop <- pos.bed$start + round(runif(1000, 20, 30));</pre>
neg.bed <- data.frame(chr="chr19",</pre>
      start=round(runif(8000, 800000, 1800000)),
      name="".
      score=0,
      strand=".");
neg.bed$stop <- neg.bed$start + round(runif(8000, 20, 30));</pre>
t1 <- tfbs.enrichmentTest( tfs,</pre>
      file.twoBit,
      pos.bed,
      neg.bed,
      gc.correction=TRUE,
      ncores = 1); #ncores=3
#Show a brief result
t1;
#Show the comparson results of all motifs
show(t1$result);
summary(t1);
#Output the result to one pdf report.
tfbs.reportEnrichment(tfs, t1, file.pdf="test-tfbs-enrich-all.pdf", sig.only=FALSE);
file.ELF1 <- system.file("extdata", "Chipseq-k562-chr19-ELF1.bed", package="rtfbsdb")</pre>
pos.bed<- read.table(file.ELF1)</pre>
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db, family_name="Ets");</pre>
t2 <- tfbs.enrichmentTest( tfs,</pre>
      file.twoBit,
      pos.bed,
      neg.bed,
      gc.correction=TRUE,
      gc.robust.rep=5,
      ncores = 1); #ncores=3
show(t2)
#Output the result to one pdf report.
tfbs.reportEnrichment(tfs, t2, file.pdf="test-tfbs-enrich-both.pdf",
      sig.only=TRUE, enrichment.type="both");
t3 <- tfbs.enrichmentTest( tfs,
      file.twoBit,
      pos.bed,
```

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```
gc.correction=TRUE,
    gc.robust.rep=5,
    ncores = 1); #ncores=3

show(t3)

tfbs.reportEnrichment(tfs, t3, file.pdf="test-elf1-enrich-depleted.pdf",
    sig.only=TRUE, enrichment.type="depleted");
```

tfbs.getExpression

Estimate gene expression of target TF.

Description

Gets expression level of target TF.

USE extra_info\$DBID to find gene information encoded by GENCODE V21

Usage

```
tfbs.getExpression(tfbs,
    file.twoBit,
    file.gencode.gtf,
    file.bigwig.plus=NA,
    file.bigwig.minus=NA,
    file.bam=NA,
    seq.datatype = c("GRO-seq", "PRO-seq", "RNA-seq"),
    ncores =1 )
```

Arguments

tfbs A tfbs object("tfbs"). file.twoBit String, indicating the binary data of sequence. (e.g. hg19.2bit, mm10.2bit) file.gencode.gtf Gencode RDATA file encoded by ths package. file.bigwig.plus String, indicating bigwig file for strand plus(+) if seq. datatype is GRO-seq or PRO-seq. file.bigwig.minus String, indicating bigwig file for strand minus(-) if seq.datatype is GRO-seq or PRO-seq. file.bam String, indicating BAM file for rna reads if seq. datatype is RNA-seq. String, indicating which kind of seq data is applied to this function, three values seq.datatype

are available: GRO-seq, PRO-seq and RNA-seq. (Default=GRO-seq)

ncores Number, comupting nodes in parallel environment.

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Details

For each motif, the occurance ranges can be queried by the gene ID in the GENCODE database(for human, gencode.v21.annotation.gtf, for mouse: gencode.vM3.annotation.gtf). After the searching, one range obtianed from the merge of the multiple ranges will be used to detect the reads count in the specified bigwig files(including plus and minus). The probability of each motif can be calcuated by the reads count and lambda.

The lambda is determined by the following formulation:

```
r.lambda = 0.04 * sum(reads_in_all_chromosomes)/10751533/1000.
```

The dataset of GENECODE v21 (human) and vM3 (mouse) have been compiled into RDATA file and attached in this package.

The gencode_transcript_ext object can be accessed after the following command is executed successfully.

package="rtfbsdb"), env

Value

A tbfs object with new expression data frame including the follwing columns:

load(system.file("extdata", "gencode_human21_transcript_ext.rdata",

Motif_ID Motif_ID from CisBP dataset or other data source.

DBID DBID from CisBP dataset or other data source.

chr String, chromosome name.

start Integer, start postion in which gene ID can be detected.
end Integer, end postion in which gene ID can be detected.

strand String, + or -, indicating the strand direction.

bed_length Integer, the length of range which gene ID can be detected.

reads The reads number queried by BigWig function from the bigwig files(plus and

minus)

lambda The lambda parameter in poison distribution.

prob The probability calculated based on Poisson distribution.

See Also

```
See Also as "tfbs"
```

tfbs.importMotifs

Import motifs to tfbs object

Description

Import licensed motifs or the source other than Cis-BP to tfbs object

Usage

```
tfbs.importMotifs(tfbs, format, filenames, motif_ids=NULL, skip.lines=0, pseudocount= -7, force_even= FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

tfbs	A tfbs object ("tfbs") returned by tfbs.createFromCisBP, tfbs, tfbs.dirs.
format	String value indicating predefined format or string vector containing some tags to define a customize format. Predefined formats include pwm.matrix , jaspar , meme , mscan and transfac .
filenames	Vector of file names.
motif_ids	Vector of motif ID only for the format pwm.matrix . Theses motif IDs are assigned to the motif data loaded from 'pwm.matrix' files. If these motifs are missing or licensed motifs, these IDs have to be in accordance with the TF information which can be exported from 'TF_information.txt' by the function CisBP.getTFinformation.
skip.lines	Number indicating specified non-empty lines are skipped from the head of data file. This parameter is not used for the format 'pwm.matrix'. Default: 0.
pseudocount	Number value indicating to replace -Inf in PWM. Default: -7.
force_even	Boolean value indicating whether to append a row to make the row number even. Default: FALSE.
•••	Optional paramaters used in the function read. table for the 'pwm.matrix' format.

Details

Two goals to import the motifs from the sources other than Cis-BP.

- 1) Fill the missing motifs mainly licensed in the Cis-BP database.
- 2) Make use of the different source.

Five predefined formats are available, 'pwm.matrix', 'jaspar', 'meme', 'mscan' and 'transfac'.

'pwm.matrix'

Single text file containing 5 colums, Position, A, C, G and T as shown below.

```
Pos A C G T
1 0.2 0.0 0.4 0.4
2 0.0 0.4 0.4 0.2
3 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4
4 0.6 0.0 0.4 0.0
5 0.0 0.4 0.0 0.6
6 0.0 0.4 0.4 0.2
7 0.0 0.0 1.0 0.0
8 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.8
9 0.0 0.6 0.0 0.4
10 0.6 0.4 0.0 0.0
```

'jaspar'

The package use a predifined template to load the 'jaspar' format as show below.

```
> Mycn
A [ 0 29 0 2 0 0 ]
C [31 0 30 1 3 0 ]
G [ 0 0 0 28 0 31]
T [ 0 2 1 0 28 0 ]
```

'meme'

The 'meme' format reference: http://meme-suite.org/

The package use a predifined template to load the 'meme' format as show below.

```
MOTIF crp alternative name
letter-probability matrix: alength= 4 w= 19 nsites= 17 E= 4.1e-009
0.000000 0.176471 0.000000 0.823529
0.000000 0.058824 0.647059 0.294118
0.000000 0.058824 0.000000 0.941176
0.176471 0.000000 0.764706 0.058824
0.823529 0.058824 0.000000 0.117647
0.294118 0.176471 0.176471 0.352941
0.294118 0.352941 0.235294 0.117647
0.117647 0.235294 0.352941 0.294118
0.529412 0.000000 0.176471 0.294118
0.058824 0.235294 0.588235 0.117647
0.176471 0.235294 0.294118
```

```
      0.000000
      0.058824
      0.117647
      0.823529

      0.058824
      0.882353
      0.000000
      0.058824

      0.764706
      0.000000
      0.176471
      0.058824

      0.058824
      0.882353
      0.000000
      0.058824

      0.823529
      0.058824
      0.058824
      0.058824

      0.176471
      0.411765
      0.058824
      0.352941

      0.411765
      0.000000
      0.000000
      0.588235

      0.352941
      0.058824
      0.000000
      0.588235
```

'mscan'

The 'mscan' format reference: http://www.cisreg.ca/cgi-bin/mscan/MSCAN The package use a predifined template to load the 'mscan' format as show below.

```
>mef2
10 0 0 0 22 0 6 2 3 4 22 10
0 2 12 0
                       0 0
         0
            0
              0 0 0 0
    2 0
         0 0 0 0 0
                     0
                        0 10
3
  0 8 22 0 22 16 20 19 18
>myf
7
  9
    4 0 16
           7 0 6
                  0
                    0
                       6
 0 2 15 0
           0 15
                0 0 10 0 0
1
  7 10 1 0 9 1 0 16 6 0 16
    0 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 10 0
  0
```

'transfac'

The transfac format reference: http://www.cisreg.ca/cgi-bin/mscan/MSCAN
The package use a predifined template to load the 'transfac' format as show below.

```
AC
    MA0001.1
XX
ID
    AGL3
XX
DE
    MA0001.1 AGL3; from JASPAR
PO
               С
                       G
                             Т
         Α
1
         0
               94
                       1
                             2
2
         3
               75
                       0
                            19
3
        79
                4
                       3
                            11
4
        40
                3
                            50
                       4
5
        66
                1
                       1
                            29
6
        48
                2
                       0
                            47
7
                5
                       5
        65
                            22
8
        11
                2
                      3
                            81
9
                3
         65
                      28
                             1
10
                3
                      88
                             6
XX
CC
    program: jaspar
XX
//
```

The package implemented a simple parser to load motifs from the different sources. This parser basically reads the data file word by word according to the format rules defined in advance for

diffierent source.

The format rules are comprised of some fixed vocabularies and tags defined by the parser or the user. So there are two kinds of tags to describe a motif format, predefined tags and user-defined tags. All tags start with the dollar(\$) symbol and meet the requirement of program identifier, such as \$Express_Pvalue,\$D1.

The predefined tags include the following names, which define the motif information and control the parser's cursor.

```
[1]
      '>' '[' ']'
                    control
                               Start-stop characters for a line or a motif
      $SKIP n
                               Ignore or skip the rest part or next n lines.
 [2]
                    control
 [3]
      $REPEAT
                               Repeat use the current format until it can't be matched.
                    control
                               End of Motif.
 [4]
      $EOM
                    control
 [5]
      $LOM
                    control
                               Line of Motif.
 [6]
      $Motif ID
                    variable
                               Motif ID required in the 'tfbs' object.
      $TF Name
                    variable
                               TF_Name required in the 'tfbs' object.
 [7]
                    variable
                               Multiple A nucleobase frequencies in one row
 [8]
      $A+
 [9]
      $C+
                    variable
                               Multiple C nucleobase frequencies in one row
                               Multiple G nucleobase frequencies in one row
[10]
      $G+
                    variable
[11]
      $T+
                    variable
                               Multiple T nucleobase frequencies in one row
                    variable
                               Single A nucleobase frequence in one column
[12]
      $A
[13]
      $C
                    variable
                               Single C nucleobase frequence in one column
[14]
      $G
                    variable
                               Single G nucleobase frequence in one column
                    variable
                               Single T nucleobase frequence in one column
[15]
      $T
```

The user-defined tags reprsent the variables which values can be collected to the 'tf_info' slot in the tfbs object ("tfbs"). e.g. \$Description, \$anyword.

The following section shows 4 predefined format:

'jaspar'

```
>$Motif_ID $TF_Name
A [ $A+ ]
C [ $C+ ]
G [ $G+ ]
T [ $T+ ]
```

'meme'

```
MOTIF $Motif_ID $TF_Name $SKIP letter-probability matrix: $SKIP $A $C $G $T $REPEAT URL $SKIP
```

'mscan'

```
>$Motif_ID $TF_Name $SKIP
$A+
$C+
$G+
$T+
```

'transfac'

```
AC $Motif_ID

XX $SKIP

ID $TF_Name

XX $SKIP

DE $Description

PO A C G T

$LOM $A $C $G $T $REPEAT

XX $SKIP

CC $SKIP $REPEAT

// $EOM
```

Value

A new tfbs object ("tfbs") merged with licensed motifs.

References

```
1.http://rsat01.biologie.ens.fr/rsa-tools/help.convert-matrix.html
2.http://www.cisreg.ca/cgi-bin/mscan/MSCAN
3.http://meme-suite.org/
```

See Also

tfbs.createFromCisBP

```
require(rtfbsdb);
db <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");</pre>
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db, family_name="AP-2");</pre>
tfs;
#It is test code
\label{eq:model} \mbox{\tt #motif\_ids} <- c(\mbox{\tt "M2938\_1.02"}, \mbox{\tt "M2940\_1.02"}, \mbox{\tt "M2940\_2.02"}, \mbox{\tt "M4056\_1.02"});
#path <- system.file("extdata", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
#file_pwms <- paste(path, c(</pre>
        "fake_M2938_1.02.pwm",
       "fake_M2940_1.02.pwm",
#
       "M3591_1.01.pwm",
#
       "M3590_1.01.pwm",
#
#
        ), sep="/");
#tfs <- tfbs.importMotifs(tfs, 'pwm.matrix', file_pwms, motif_ids, header=T );</pre>
#show(tfs);
## import 2 motifs to fill the licensed motifs in Cis-BP and 1 new motif fromother source
motif_ids <- c( "M2938_1.02", "M3591_1.01", "M3590_1.01" );</pre>
path <- system.file("extdata", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
```

tfbs.reportEnrichment

```
file_pwms <- paste(path, c(</pre>
      "fake_M2938_1.02.pwm",
      "M3591_1.01.pwm",
      "M3590_1.01.pwm"), sep="/");
tfs <- tfbs.importMotifs(tfs, 'pwm.matrix', file_pwms, motif_ids, header=TRUE );</pre>
show(tfs);
## Data is copied from http://rsat01.biologie.ens.fr/rsa-tools/help.convert-matrix.html
data.transfac <- system.file("extdata", "pwm.example.transfac.txt", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
tfs.transfac <- tfbs.importMotifs(tfs, "transfac", data.transfac, skip.lines=0);</pre>
show(tfs.transfac);
## Data from
## http://jaspar.genereg.net/html/DOWNLOAD/JASPAR_CORE/pfm/nonredundant/pfm_all.txt
data.jaspar <- system.file("extdata", "pwm.example.jaspar.2015.txt", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
tfs.jaspar <- tfbs.importMotifs(tfs, "jaspar", data.jaspar, skip.lines=0);</pre>
show(tfs.jaspar);
## Data from
## http://jaspar.genereg.net/html/DOWNLOAD/ARCHIVE/JASPAR2010/JASPAR_CORE/pfms/pfms_all.txt
data.mscan <- system.file("extdata", "pwm.example.mscan.jaspar2010.txt", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
tbs <- tfbs();
tfs.mscan <- tfbs.importMotifs(tbs, "mscan", data.mscan, skip.lines=0);</pre>
show(tfs.mscan);
## Data from http://meme-suite.org/doc/download.html?man_type=web
data.meme <- system.file("extdata", "pwm.example.meme.Homo_sapiens.txt", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
tbs <- tfbs();
tfs.meme <- tfbs.importMotifs(tbs, "meme", data.meme, skip.lines=5);</pre>
show(tfs.meme);
## Data from http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v527/n7578/full/nature15518.html
##
format.style <- c("Base $Motif_ID $TF_Name $Experiment</pre>
$Ligand_segubatch $Seed $Multinomial $Cycle $Is_matrix $Comment
$Genomic_pvalue $Enrichment_pvalue $Category $SKIP",
"A $A+",
"C $C+".
"G $G+"
"T $T+" );
data.file <- system.file("extdata", "pwm.example.nature15518.s1.txt", package="rtfbsdb");</pre>
tbs <- tfbs();
tfs.nature15518 <- tfbs.importMotifs(tbs, format.style, data.file, skip.lines=19)
show(tfs.nature15518);
```

tfbs.reportEnrichment 33

Description

Output enrichment results to a PDF report which includes motif names, counts of TF site, p-value, enrichment ratio and motif logos.

Usage

```
tfbs.reportEnrichment(tfbs, r.comp,
      file.pdf = NA,
      report.size = "letter",
      report.title = "",
      enrichment.type = c ("both", "enriched", "depleted"),
      sig.only = TRUE,
      pv.threshold = 0.05,
      pv.adj = NA,
      sorted = c ("pvalue", "enrich.ratio"))
```

Arguments

tfbs	A tfbs object, see also "tfbs"
r.comp	A result object from the function of tfbs.enrichmentTest
file.pdf	String, the file name of PDF report.
report.size	String, the page size (default="letter")
report.title	String, the report title.
enrichment.type	
	String, three values are available for significant motifs to be printed out.(default="both").
sig.only	String, indicating whether only significant motifs are outputted or not.(default=TRUE).
pv.threshold	Numeric value,indicating whether the different threshold of p-value is applied to select the significant motifs.
pv.adj	String,indicating whether the different correction metod of p-value is applied to select the significant motifs.
sorted	String, indicating which field is used to sort the results and print in the report.

Details

The table with 7 columns is outputted into a PDF report within letter size.

Two color bars are used to display p-values and enrichment ratios. Motif logos are shown visually in each row.

Value

No return values.

See Also

```
tfbs.enrichmentTest, summary.tfbs.enrichment.
```

(default="pvalue")

```
# see examples in tfbs.enrichmentTest
```

34 tfbs.reportFinding

tfbs.reportFinding Make report for scanning results.

Description

Output a PDF report includes motif names, counts of TF site and motif logos.

Usage

Arguments

tfbs A tfbs object, see also "tfbs"

r.scan A result object from the function of tfbs.scanTFsite

file.pdf String, the file name of PDF report.

report.size String, the page size (default="letter")

report.title String, the report title.

Details

The table with 4 columns is outputted into a PDF report within letter size. Motif logos are shown visually in each row.

Value

No return values.

See Also

```
tfbs.scanTFsite,print.tfbs.finding
```

```
#See example in tfbs.scanTFsite
```

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tfbs.scanTF site

Find TF sites from genome data within the BED loci

Description

Find TF sites from genome data within the BED loci. Please notice that this package does not provided genome data such as hg19.2bit, mm10.2bit.

Usage

```
tfbs.scanTFsite(tfbs,
    file.twoBit,
    gen.bed,
    return.type=c("matches", "posteriors", "maxposterior", "writedb"),
    file.prefix=NA,
    usemotifs = NA,
    ncores = 1,
    threshold = 6,
    threshold.type = c("score", "fdr"),
    gc.groups = NA,
    background.order = 2,
    background.length = 100000)
```

Arguments

tfbs	A tfbs object ("tfbs") returned by tfbs.createFromCisBP, tfbs, tfbs.dirs.	
file.twoBit	String, the file name of genome data(e.g. hg19.2bit or mm10.2bit)	
gen.bed	Data frame, bed-formatted loci information with 6 columns	
return.type	String, five available values explained in th details(default = "matches")	
file.prefix	String, the prefix for outputted file, only used when the return.type is writedb	
usemotifs	Vector indicating indexes of motif to be used in scanning.	
ncores	Number, computing nodes in parallel environment (default = 1).	
threshold	Numeric value, if 'score' is specified in threshold.type, only binding sites with scores above this threshold are returned, if 'fdr' is specified in threshold.type, only binding sites with FDR (False Discovery Rate) less than this value can be selected. Default value is 6 for 'score' and 0.1 for 'fdr'.	
threshold.type	String value, two options are available. only sites with scores above this threshold are returned, not be used if NA. (default = 'score')	
gc.groups	Numeric value, indicating number of quantiles to group sequences into in rtfbs package (default = 1).	
background.order		
	Numeric value, indicating the order of Markov model to build in rtfbs package (default = 2).	
background.length		
	Numeric value, indicating length of the sequence to simulate in rtfbs package	

(default = 100000)

36 tfbs.scanTFsite

Details

- (1) Five options are availabe for the function of tfbs.scanTFsite as follows.
 - matches: returns all matching TF sites for all motifs.
 - writedb: writes a bed file with matches sites. Assumes that sort-bed and starch tools are available in \$PATH
 - maxscore: returns the max score(poserior difference between motif model and background) in each bed-formatted loci.
 - posteriors: returns the posteriors at each position in bed-formatted loci.
 - maxposterior: returns the max(posterior) in each bed-formatted loci.
- (2) In order to make the binary file with the parameter of writedb, make sure that starchcat and sort-bed command (in BEDOPS) can be accessed from R environment. If not, please put the folder in \$PATH.

Value

A list object will be returned with the class name of tfbs.finding. The object wraps four sub-list as follows:

- 1) parm:Calling parameters(fdr, threshold), gc.groups...).
- 2) bed: Calling bed-formatted loci(gen.bed).
- 3) summary: A data frame including summrized information about matched TF sites for all motifs.
- 4) result: Scanning results which data type is depend on the parameter of return. type.

The option of *matches* returns a list including the result of every motif, which result is BED style data frame with the following columns.

chrom chromosome chromStart start position

chromEnd chromosome end position

name

score The score is given by the log likelihood ratio against the Marklov model(backgound).

strand strand

The option of writedb will return a binary BED filename in which store all bed ranges.

The option of *posteriors* will return a list for each motif returned by score.ms function. Scores represent the motif 'match score', or the product of the probability of observing each base under the motif or background models. Scores are returned under the motif model for all positions in the sequence, on both forward and reverse strands, and under the background model.

The option of *maxposterior* will return a probability matrix which the row indicates the target loci and the column indicates the motif.

The option of *maxscore* will return a score (poserior difference) matrix which the row indicates the target loci and the column indicates the motif.

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See Also

```
print.tfbs.finding, summary.tfbs.finding, tfbs.reportFinding.
```

```
library(rtfbsdb);
file.twoBit <- system.file("extdata","hg19.chr19.2bit", package="rtfbsdb")</pre>
db <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");</pre>
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db, family_name="Ets");</pre>
gen.bed <- data.frame(chr="chr19",</pre>
      start=round(runif(10,1000000, 2000000)),
      stop=0,
      name=""
      score=0,
      strand=".");
gen.bed$stop <- gen.bed$start + 3000;</pre>
t1 <- tfbs.scanTFsite( tfs,</pre>
      file.twoBit,
      gen.bed,
      file.prefix="test.db",
      ncores = 1);
#show a brief information about the result
t.1
#show the summary information in the result
show(t1$summary);
#show the matched TF sites for first motif
show(t1$result[[1]]);
#Output a PDF report for all motifs.
tfbs.reportFinding(tfs, t1, file.pdf="test-rtfbs-scan.pdf", report.title="ELF1");
file.ELF1 <- system.file("extdata", "Chipseq-k562-chr19-ELF1.bed", package="rtfbsdb")</pre>
gen.bed<- read.table(file.ELF1)</pre>
t2 <- tfbs.scanTFsite( tfs,
      file.twoBit,
      gen.bed,
      file.prefix="test.db",
      return.type="writedb",
      ncores = 1);
t2
t3 <- tfbs.scanTFsite( tfs,
      file.twoBit,
      gen.bed,
      return.type="posteriors",
      ncores = 1);
```

tfbs.selectByGeneExp Motif selection by gene expression level.

Description

Select the motifs with minimum p-value from each group of clustering.

Usage

```
tfbs.selectByGeneExp(tfbs)
```

Arguments

tfbs

A tfbs object ("tfbs") with the data frame of gene expression level.

Details

The function of tfbs.getExpression should be successfully called and the results of gene expression should be returned before this function is called. The indexes of selected motifs will be used in the function of tfbs.enrichmentTest or tfbs.scanTFsite.

Value

New tfbs object with the selected indices is returned(tfbs@cluster). The 3rd column of tfbs@cluster is added or updated as the select flag(1:selected, 0:unselected).

See Also

See Also as tfbs.selectByRandom, tfbs.getExpression

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Examples

tfbs.selectByRandom Random m

Random motif selection

Description

Select the motifs randomly from each group of clustering.

Usage

```
tfbs.selectByRandom(tfbs)
```

Arguments

tfbs A tfbs object("tfbs").

Details

The indexes of selected motifs can be used in the function of tfbs.enrichmentTest or tfbs.scanTFsite.

Value

New tfbs object with the selected indices is returned(tfbs@cluster). The 3rd column of tfbs@cluster is added or updated as the select flag(1:selected, 0:unselected).

See Also

```
See Also as tfbs.selectByGeneExp, tfbs.getExpression
```

Examples

```
db <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");

tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db, family_name="AP-2");

tfs <- tfbs.clusterMotifs(tfs, pdf.heatmap="test-AP2-heatmap.pdf" );

tfs <- tfbs.selectByRandom(tfs );

show(tfs@cluster);</pre>
```

tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs

Select expressed Motifs for GRO-seq, PRO-seq and RNA-seq data

Description

Select expressed Motifs for GRO-seq, PRO-seq and RNA-seq data

Usage

```
tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs(tfbs,
    file.twoBit,
    file.gencode.gtf,
    file.bigwig.plus=NA,
    file.bigwig.minus=NA,
    file.bam=NA,
    seq.datatype= c("GRO-seq", "PRO-seq", "RNA-seq"),
    pvalue.threshold = 0.05,
    include.DBID.missing=TRUE,
    ncores = 1 )
```

Arguments

```
tfbs
                  A tfbs object ("tfbs") returned by tfbs.createFromCisBP, tfbs, tfbs.dirs.
file.bigwig.plus
                  String, indicating bigwig file for strand plus(+) if seq. datatype is GRO-seq or
                  PRO-seq.
file.bigwig.minus
                  String, indicating bigwig file for strand minus(-) if seq.datatype is GRO-seq
                  or PRO-seq.
file.bam
                  String, indicating BAM file for rna reads if seq. datatype is RNA-seq.
file.twoBit
                  String, indicating the binary data of sequence. (e.g. hg19.2bit, mm10.2bit)
file.gencode.gtf
                  String, indicating Gencode GTF file downloaded from the Gencode web site.
                  String, indicating which kind of seq data is applied to this function, three values
seq.datatype
```

are available: GRO-seq, PRO-seq and RNA-seq. Default: GRO-seq

pvalue.threshold

Numeric, indicating.

include.DBID.missing

Logical, indicating whether the TFs without association with GENCODE through the DBID are selected.

ncores

Number, comuputing nodes in parallel environment for gencode data converting.

Details

1) If seq. datatype is GRO-seq or PRO-seq and the bigwig files are provided, the gene expression values are calculated through querying the TREs region from the GENCODE database(for human, gencode.v21.annotation.gtf, for mouse: gencode.vM3.annotation.gtf) and querying the reads count in the plus and minus bigWig files.

If seq.datatype is RNA-seq and the BAM file is provided, read counts for each TRE regions will be queried from the BAM file.

2) If the expressed TFs only is used in the tfbs object, the TFs with p-values corrected by Bonfrroni less than 0.05 will be selected.

The following part explains how to calculate the gene expression.

For each motif, the occurance ranges can be queried by the gene ID After the searching, one range obtained from the merge of the multiple ranges will be used to detect the reads count in the specified bigwig files(including plus and minus). The probability of each motif can be calcuated by the reads count and lambda.

The lambda is determined by the following formulation:

```
For GRO-seq and PRO-seq data:
r.lambda = 0.04 * sum(reads_in_all_chromosomes)/10751533/1000.
```

For RNA-seq data:

```
r.lambda = mode( reads_in_1000_bp_windows_cross_all_gene_deserts )/1000.
```

This function will be failed to get the reads count if the BAM file is not indexed. Please use the command samtools to make the index file for the BAM file

```
samtools index your_bam_file
```

Value

A new tfbs object ("tfbs") with the matrix of gene expression level.

```
library(rtfbsdb);
# Load the internal CisBP data set
db.human <- CisBP.extdata("Homo_sapiens");</pre>
# Create a tfbs object by querying the meta file of CisBP dataset.
tfs <- tfbs.createFromCisBP(db.human, motif_type="ChIP-seq",</pre>
      tf.information.type=1 );
file.bigwig.minus <- system.file("extdata",</pre>
      "GSM1480327_K562_PROseq_chr19_minus.bw", package="rtfbsdb")
file.bigwig.plus <- system.file("extdata",</pre>
      "GSM1480327_K562_PROseq_chr19_plus.bw", package="rtfbsdb")
hg19.twobit <- system.file("extdata","hg19.chr19.2bit", package="rtfbsdb")</pre>
gencode.gtf <- system.file("extdata",</pre>
      "gencode.v21.annotation.chr19.gtf.gz", package="rtfbsdb")
tfs1 <- tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs(tfs,</pre>
      hg19.twobit,
      gencode.gtf,
      file.bigwig.plus,
      file.bigwig.minus,
      seq.datatype = "PRO-seq",
      pvalue.threshold=0.001,
      include.DBID.missing=TRUE,
      ncore=1);
show(tfs1)
file.bam <- "/local/storage/projects/NHP/AllData/bams/H3_U.fastq.gz.sort.bam"</pre>
tfs2 <- tfbs.selectExpressedMotifs(tfs,</pre>
      hg19.twobit,
      gencode.gtf,
      file.bam = file.bam,
      seq.datatype = "RNA-seq",
      pvalue.threshold=0.01,
      include.DBID.missing=TRUE,
      ncore=1);
show(tfs2)
```

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