User Manual



Manual for LATEX class ctuthesis

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Acknowledgements

Děkuji ČVUT, že mi je tak dobrou alma $\mathit{mater}.$

Declaration

Prohlašuji, že jsem předloženou práci vypracoval samostatně, a že jsem uvedl veškerou použitou literaturu.

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Abstract

This manual shows how to use the ctuthesis IATEX class, what are the requirements, etc.

 $\label{eq:Keywords: Manual, degree project, Manual, Manual, degree project, Manual, Manual,$

Abstrakt

Tento mánuál představuje IATEXovou třídu ctuthesis, její použití, požadavky na systém atd.

Klíčová slova: manuál, závěrečnná

práce, \LaTeX

Překlad názvu: Manuál ke třídě

ctuthesis pro \LaTeX

Contents

| 1 Introduction | 1 |
|---|----|
| 2 User Guide | 3 |
| 2.1 Installing the class | 3 |
| 2.2 Minimal example | 4 |
| 2.3 Setting up the class | 5 |
| 2.3.1 Options to \backslash documentclass | 5 |
| $2.3.2$ Parameters to \ctusetup | 6 |
| 2.3.3 Text environments used in the | |
| preamble | 8 |
| 2.4 Various parts of the document | 8 |
| 2.4.1 Frontmatter | 8 |
| 2.4.2 Mainmatter and backmatter. | |
| Sectioning | 8 |
| 2.4.3 Bibliography | 9 |
| 2.4.4 Index | 9 |
| 2.4.5 List of notation. Nomenclature | 9 |
| 2.4.6 Floating objects: Figures and | |
| tables | 10 |
| A Index | 11 |
| B Bibliography | 13 |

Figures Tables

2.1 The files of the class ctuthesis. . . 3

Chapter 1

Introduction

In this manual, we want to explain how to use the class **ctuthesis**. The manual consists of three main parts:

- basic user guide;
- reference manual;
- guide for template authors.

Students and other 'users' of the class should carefully read the basic user guide (Chapter 2), and visit the reference when needed (Chapter ??).

. . .

Chapter 2

User Guide

2.1 Installing the class

The class comprises the files listed in Table 2.1. The class is build over the LATEX3 bundle, which is a project under development and new programming features are added regularly. This means that the class works as is only with TEX Live 2014. If you have an earlier version of LATEX distribution, you have basically two options:

1. Install TeX Live 2014 or newer; it is not difficult and it will save

| File name | Description | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| ctuthesis.cls | Class file itself | | |
| ctu_logo_blue.pdf | Logo of the university; this file is subject to different license and copyright than the rest of the class files | | |
| ctuthesis.ist | Nicely loooking style for makeindex | | |
| latex3-tl2014.zip | ZIP file containing the "good" version of $\text{\sc IMT}_{\mbox{E}}\mbox{X3}$ | | |
| ctuman.pdf | This manual | | |
| ctuman-*.tex | Source code to this manual | | |
| ctuth-core.tex | Core definitions for the class; users do not need to ever load this file manually | | |
| ctuth-pkg.tex | Package loading code for the class; users do not need to ever load this file manually | | |
| ctuth-names.tex | Language-dependent part of the class; users should not need to modify this file or load it manually | | |
| ctuth-templates.tex | Templates for various parts of the document; users may look inside this file and see how things are done; this is discussed in more detail in Chapter ?? | | |

Table 2.1: The files of the class ctuthesis.

2. User Guide

you all the troubles. The installing guide is on TUG's website at http://tug.org/texlive/.

2. Install just the new version of LATEX3. This is tested to work on TEX Live from version 2010. The bundle is attached as a ZIP file, it is sufficient to extract all the files in the working directory.

2.2 Minimal example

The minimal example of a Bachelor project at the Nuclear Faculty looks like this:

```
\documentclass{ctuthesis}
\ctusetup{
   xdoctype = B,
   xfaculty = F4,
   mainlanguage = english,
   titlelanguage = english,
   title-english = {Planting Uranium},
   title-czech = {Sázení uranu},
   department-english = {Department of Mathematics},
   author = {Lolek Pilný},
   supervisor = {Prof. Krutoš Spravedlivý, CSc.},
   supervisor-address = {Pěstitelský ústav, \\ Zářivá 232, \\
     12000 Praha 2},
   month = 5,
   year = 2330,
}
\ctuprocess
\begin{abstract-english}
We develop \ldots
\end{abstract-english}
\begin{abstract-czech}
Rozvíjíme \ldots
\end{abstract-czech}
\begin{document}
\maketitle
\chapter{Introduction}
Foo bar
```

```
\chapter{Conclusion}
Lorep ipsum \cite{doe}
\begin{thebibliography}{1}
\bibitem{doe} J. Doe. \emph{Book on foobar.} Publisher X, 2300.
\end{thebibliography}
\end{document}
```

At the first sight, it may look complicated, but the basic structure is pretty simple:

2.3 Setting up the class

This section lists all various settings that can be made to the class. The ones marked ' \bowtie ' are always mandatory. The ones marked ' \bowtie ' are mandatory in almost all cases, with some small exceptions. For most of them, no errors are issued if they are missing, though.

2.3.1 Options to \documentclass

The class ctuthesis itself takes couple optional arguments, namely 10pt, 11pt and 12pt for setting up the basic font size (the default is 11 pt).

Then it takes the option draft that says some draft options (the ones common in IATEX). It also takes the option oneside, which switches to one-sided mode; however, we strongly advice against using this option.

documentclass ctuthesis 10pt 11pt 12pt draft oneside 2. User Guide

2.3.2 Parameters to \ctusetup

ctusetup The parameters can be diveded into several groups.

Text fields. Some of the fields — like the theses title — are language-dependent. They are marked key-<lamp> below, and it means that multiple keys exist: key-english, key-czech and key-slovak.

author ■ author's name, including titles.

supervisor ■ supervisor — supervisor's name, including titles.

supervisor-address — supervisor's affiliation and address; use \\
to format it with linebreaks.

year year , ✓ month , day — numerical values of the date of theses publishing.

title-<lamp>

■ title-<lamp>

title of the thesis.

university-<lang> • university-<lang> — name of the university (is preset for CTU).

university-endl-<lamp> — name of the university broken in 4 lines using \\.

faculty-<lamp> — name of the faculty (set up automatically, see xfaculty below).

facultynum — standard number of the faculty (set up automatically, see xfaculty below).

department-<lamp> ■ □ department → name of the department.

■ **keywords-<lang>** — comma-separated list of keywords.

General fields.

keywords-<lang>

mainlanguage — main language of the thesis; the choices are czech, english and slovak.

titlelanguage — language in which the title pages are typeset (defaults to mainlanguage).

secondlanguage — language of the second abstract (set up automatically so that two abstracts appear: one in English and one in Czech, unless the thesis is in Slovakian, in which case the two abstracts are in English and in Slovakian).

ctuthesis t1503070000 ctuman 150307

- otherlanguages allows more languages to be loaded by babel otherlanguages
 package, accepts a comma-separated list.
- xfaculty takes values F1, F2, ..., F8 and sets up the faculty xfaculty name and number automatically.
- xdoctype takes values B (bachelor), M (master) or D (disserta-xdoctype tion) and sets up the document type automatically; for non-thesis-like documents, use doctype-<lamp>.
- specification-file the path to the specification file (usually something like zadani.pdf , the current directory is searched for the file of course).
- front-specification if set to true, the specification will appear front-specification just after the titlepage (defaults to false).
- front-list-of-figures, front-list-of-tables says whether front-list-of-figures the list of figures/tables will be set in the frontmatter (default to true) front-list-of-tables
- **monochrome** switches to optimized monochrome setup, in case the monochrome work will not be printed in colour.
- **savetoner** disables background and other too dark things to save savetoner toner while printing drafts.

Default package loading. The class attempts to set up some packages nicely if the user wants to use them. So for instance, the package listings can be pre-set to include the blue background of all listings. In order to leave the user the chance to mess with things "his own way", options are offered to enable or disable certain packages. The format of the option name is always pkg-<packagename> and it accepts either true or false

- pkg-hyperref (default: true) sets up all the fields of the PDF pkg-hyperref document.
- pkg-listings (default: false) sets up \ttfamily font for all pkg-listings, and adds a background to all display listings. For inline listings, this is a bit more complicated; we rather implemented a new macro \ctulst(color)[settings]!<text>! that behaves exactly ctulst like \lstinline!<text>!, but applies the background; the color is an optional argument (in parentheses ()) and defaults to the blue background color seen in this manual. Any printable symbol but one of [({}} can be used in place of !.
- pkg-amsthm (default: true) sets up nicely the basic styles for pkg-amsthm theorems, but does not set up the theorem environment themselves.
 More information is in Section ??
- pkg-biblatex (default: false) more details in Section ??. pkg-biblatex

2.3.3 Text environments used in the preamble

There is a small number of environments that should be used in the preamble in order to set up various text fields, mostly used in the front matter.

abstract-<lang>

■ **(abstract-<lang>)** — abstract; the language has to be always specified.

thanks

■ **\(\) \(\) \(\)** thanks \(\) — acknowledgements; can be used for both personal and grant ackowledgements.

declaration

■ 【declaration】 — students are oblidged to declare that the works is their works, and maybe some more things, depending on the faculty's or department's regulations.

2.4 Various parts of the document

2.4.1 Frontmatter

maketitle

Typically, the frontmatter will be only one command: \maketitle. This typesets the titlepage, the acknowledgements, the declaration, the two abstracts, the table of contents, and possibly the lists of figures and tables. Afterwards, it immediately switches to \mainmatter.

frontmatter

mainmatter

Another option, which should be used only in special cases, is to start the frontmatter with \frontmatter, include whatever material should be there and close it by \mainmatter. This is discussed in detail in Chapter ??.

2.4.2 Mainmatter and backmatter. Sectioning

chapter section subsection subsubsection paragraph subparagraph part Standard sectioning commands are suported, they are \chapter, \section, \subsection. These ought to follow the hierarchy from top to bottom. There is also \paragraph and \subparagraph which can be used as lowest-level sectioning commands. Long works can be divided into parts using \part; its numbering is independent of the other ones. All these commands take standard optional argument and star; however, we advice against using starred sections.

appendix

The appendices are introduced by command \appendix. Then, each appendix is a chapter, so the standard \chapter command ought to be used. In appendix, even chapters started by \chapter* such as the bibliography and the index are numbered. (In a document without appendices, these should be unnumbered. Once appendices are used, all indexes and alike should be standard numbered appendices.) For unnumbered appendices, \chapter** can be used.

appendix*
appendix**

If the document is divided into parts, the appendices are introduced by a part-like title "Appendices", both in the document and in the table of contents. This can be suppressed by using \appendix* (keeps the line in the table of contents) or \appendix**.

specification as chapter

If the project specification is to be included as an appendix, it can be

ctuthesis t1503070000 ctuman 150307 done by \ctutemplate{specification as chapter}.

There is no true backmatter behaviour defined in the class. The only thing that would belong to the backmatter is the colophon (' $tir\acute{a}$ '). Users are advised to use **\cleardoublepage* \thispagestyle{empty}** and then typeset the colophon to their liking.

2.4.3 Bibliography

There are three ways how to include the bibliography:

- 1. Using Biblatex. In that case, setting up pkg-biblatex = true is recommended. The bibliography is then included using \addbibresource and \printbibliography.
- 2. Using BibTeX. No special setting is needed, and the bibliography is included using \bibliographystyle and \bibliography.
- 3. By direct input. The standard environment {thebibliography} can be used for this.

We kindly ask users to consult the manuals to the specific packages for their usage.

2.4.4 Index

To generate the index, use pkg-makeidx = true, and put \printindex
where the index should appear. We provide an in-house style for the index
called ctuthesis.ist. The index generation is dependent on calling the
external tool makeindex, in a similar way in which the bibliography generation depends on bibtex or biber. The proper way how to call this tool is
the following:

makeidx makeindex printindex

```
makeindex -s ctuthesis.ist <filename>
```

where <filename> is the root name of your main project file (without ctuthesis.ist .tex).

2.4.5 List of notation. Nomenclature

We do not preset any special environment for typesetting appendices such as list of notation or nomenclature. One of the possible standard way how to do it is with the help of the packages tabularx, array and booktabs as follows:

tabularx array booktabs

```
\documentclass{ctuthesis}
\ctusetup{ mainlanguage = english }
\ctuprocess
\usepackage{tabularx, array, booktabs}
\begin{document}
```

2. User Guide

```
\appendix
\chapter*{List of Notation}
\noindent
\begin{tabularx}{\linewidth}
   { 1 >{\raggedright\arraybackslash}X }
\bfseries Symbol & \bfseries Meaning \\Midrule
$\alpha$ & The angle of attack \\
$\mathbb{R}$ & The real numbers \\
end{tabularx}
\end{document}
```

It the case the notation is longer than one page, the package | Itxtable | or | Itablex | can be used.

2.4.6 Floating objects: Figures and tables

figure Float introduction. Floats are input either as {figure} or {table} table environment.

ctuthesis t1503070000 ctuman 150307

Appendix A

Index

Symbols

10pt, **5**

11pt, **5**

12pt, **5**

Α

abstract-<lang>, 8

appendix, 8

appendix*, 8

 ${\rm appendix}^{**},\, \pmb{8}$

array, 9

author, 6

B

booktabs, 9

chapter, 8

ctulst, 7

ctusetup, 6

ctuthesis, 5

ctuthesis.ist, 9

D

day, **6**

declaration, 8

department-<lang>, 6

doctype-<lang>, 6

 ${\rm document class},\, {\bf 5}$

draft, 5

F

faculty-<lang>, 6

facultynum, 6

fieldofstudy-<lang>, 6

figure, 10

front-list-of-figures, 7

front-list-of-tables, 7

front-specification, **7**

frontmatter, 8

K

keywords-<lang>, 6

 $ltablex, \, \bm{10}$

ltxtable, 10

M

mainlanguage, 6

mainmatter, 8

makeidx, 9

makeindex, 9

maketitle, 8

monochrome, 7

month, **6**

0

oneside, $\mathbf{5}$

otherlanguages, 7

P

paragraph, 8
part, 8
pkg-amsthm, 7
pkg-biblatex, 7
pkg-hyperref, 7
pkg-listings, 7
printindex, 9

S

savetoner, 7
secondlanguage, 6
section, 8
specification as chapter, 8
specification-file, 7
subfieldofstudy-<lang>, 6
subparagraph, 8
subsection, 8
subsubsection, 8
subtitle-<lang>, 6
supervisor, 6
supervisor-address, 6

T

table, 10 tabularx, 9 thanks, 8 title-<lang>, 6 titlelanguage, 6

U

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm university\text{-}clang\text{>},\, \pmb{6}} \\ {\rm university\text{-}endl\text{-}clang\text{>},\, \pmb{6}} \end{array}$

X

xdoctype, **7** xfaculty, **7**

Y

year, 6

Appendix B

Bibliography