



Testing, Automation & Reporting with Postman

PRESENTED BY

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Sept 11, 2019

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Speakers



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Senior Quality Engineer



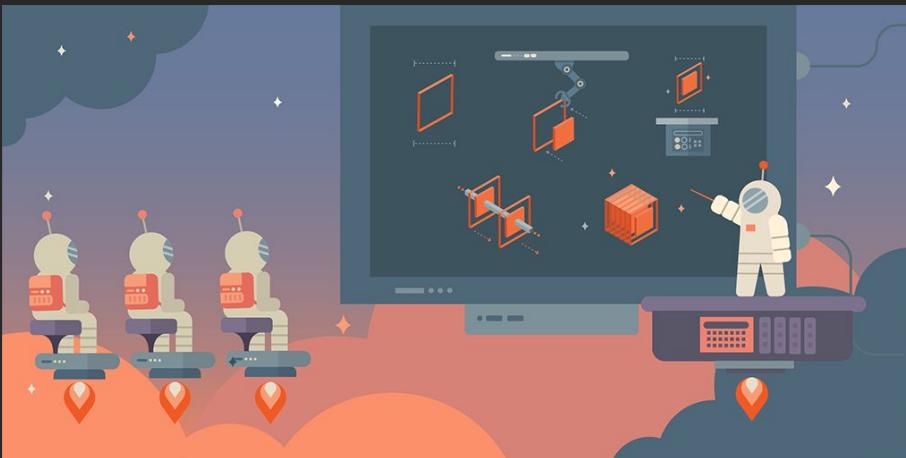
Trent McCann
Engineering Manager, Quality

Housekeeping

- Wifi - **PostmanWIFI** p/**POSTCON!**
- Washrooms / Beverages
- Facilitators
- Breaks



Agenda



- Testing Module Part I
- Testing: Practical Exercises
- **Break**
- Testing Module Part II
- Testing: Practical Exercise
- **Break**
- Automation
- Reporting
- Workshop Wrap-up

Prerequisites





Import Collections

1. Navigate to bit.ly/POSTCON2019WORKSHOP
2. Copy the first **Collection** link and open up the Postman app
3. Select the **Import** button at the top of the app.
4. Select **Import From Link** tab
5. Paste the URL into the field
6. Click **Import**
7. Repeat for the second link

Assumptions



This session assumes that attendees:

- Are comfortable making Requests in Postman
- Possess basic working knowledge of JavaScript
- Have the Latest Postman Desktop App Installed for your OS

Testing Concepts



Overview



What the Hell is API Testing?

- People *generally* think that API testing is a form of software testing that you need to know about before getting started
- It is testing but in a different context
- You are still:
 - Using the same test skills and techniques but applying them differently
 - Focused on mitigating risk
 - Providing information about the software under test

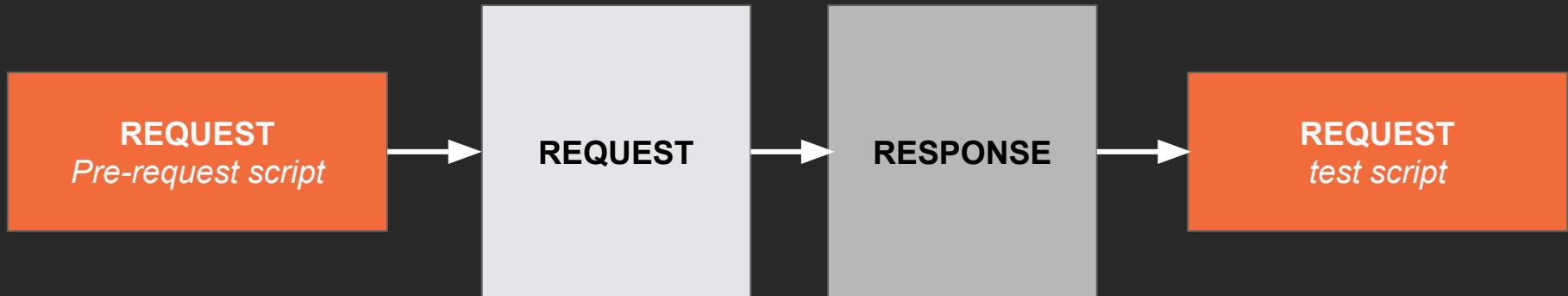
Why Write API Tests?

- Determine if the application under test meets expectations for **functionality, reliability, performance, and security**
- Ensure consistent high quality as your application grows
- Critical component for automating testing – APIs are the primary interface to application logic
- Tests at the API layer are less brittle and easier to maintain
- Most stable interface - GUI tests are not sufficient to validate all functional paths of a multi-tier architecture

Scripts

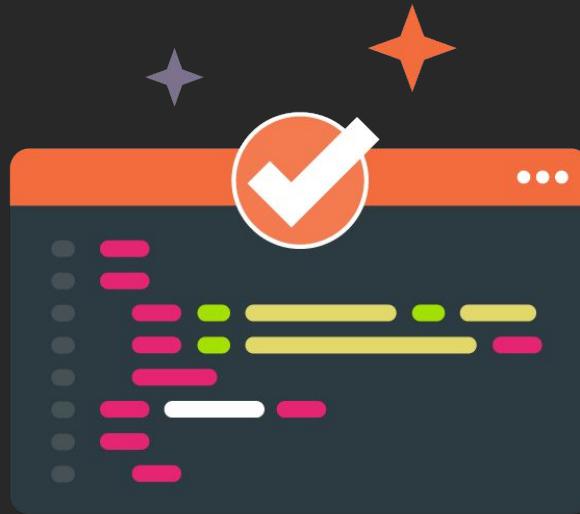
- Postman contains a powerful runtime based on Node.js that allows you to add dynamic behavior to requests and collections
- Allows you to write test suites, build requests that can contain dynamic parameters, pass data between requests and more
- You can add JavaScript code to execute during 2 events in the flow:
 - Before a request is sent to the server, under the *Pre-request Script* tab
 - After a response is received, as a test script under the *Tests* tab

Execution Order of Scripts



- A *Pre-request Script* associated with a request will execute before the request is sent
- A *Test script* associated with a request will execute after the request is sent

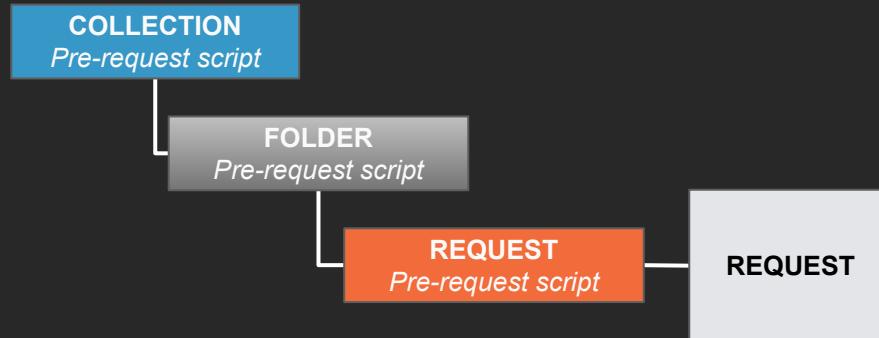
Collection and Folder Scripts



Pre-Request Scripts

- Snippets of code associated with a collection request that are executed before the request is sent
- Example use cases:
 - Including the timestamp in the request headers *or*
 - Sending a random alphanumeric string in the URL parameters
- Can be added to a collection, a folder, or a single request within a collection
- Runs prior to each request in the respective collection or folder, allowing for commonly used code to be executed prior to every request

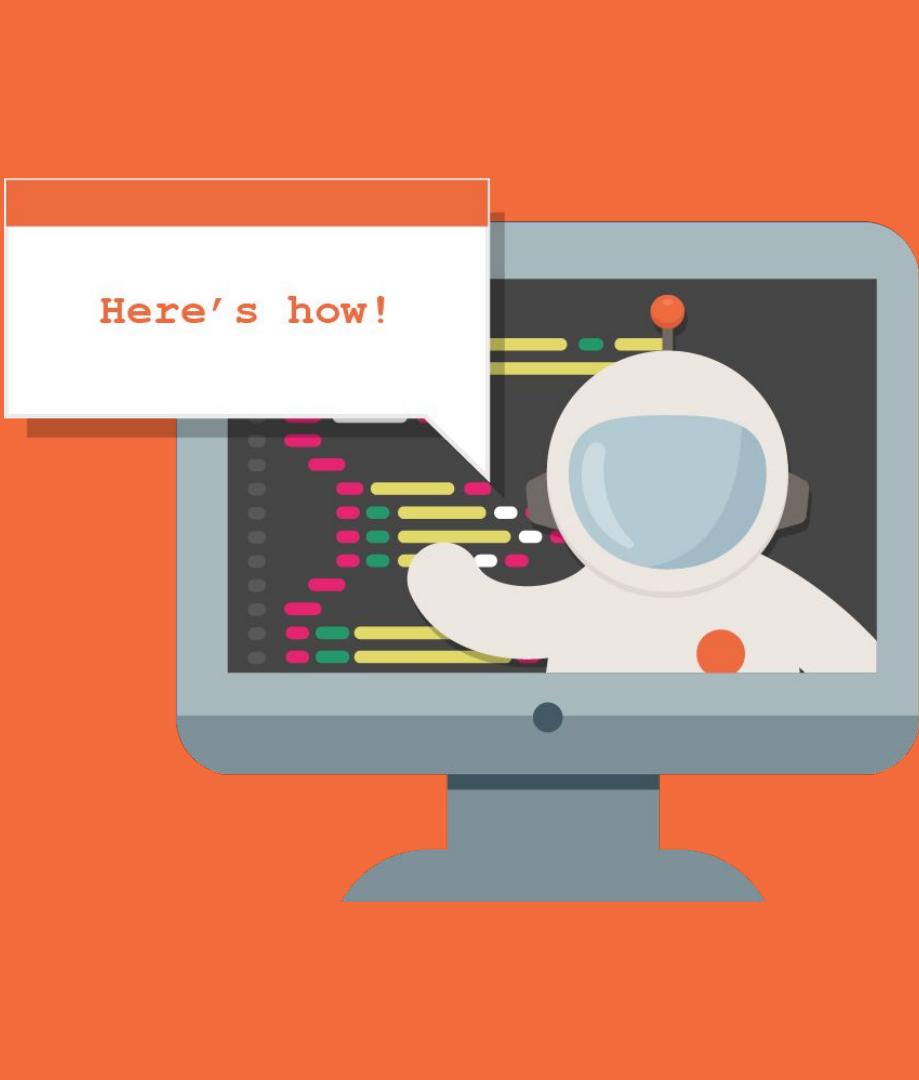
Pre-Request Script Execution



For every request in a collection, scripts will execute in the following order:

- A pre-request script associated with a collection or folder will run prior to every request in the respective collection or folder

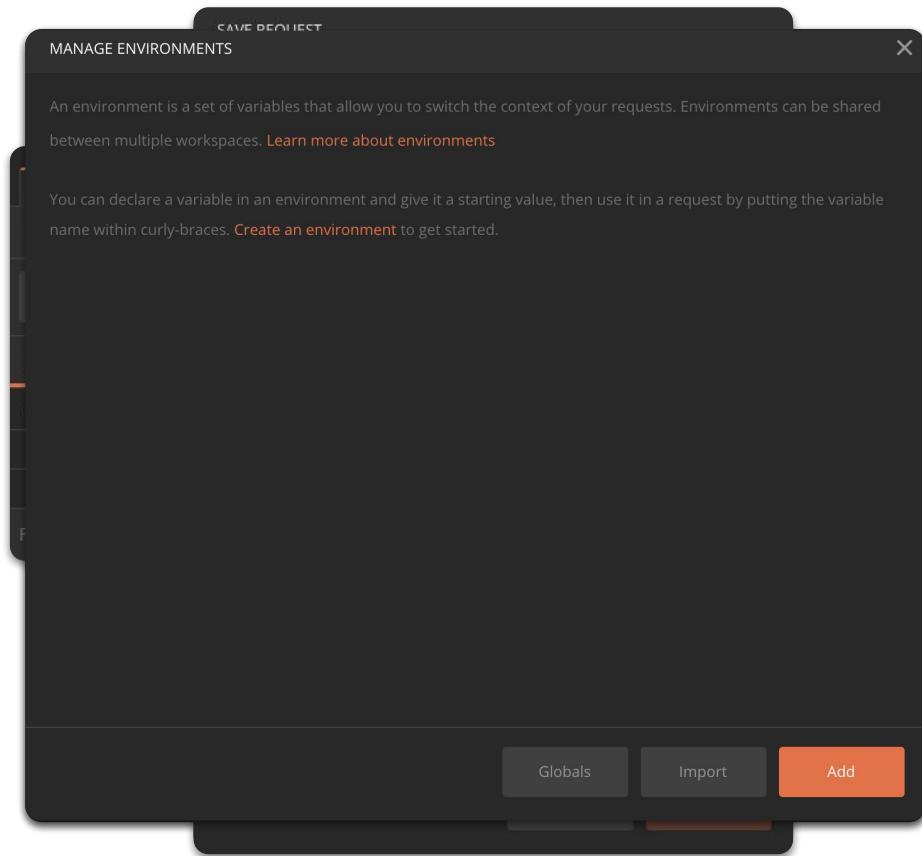
Practical Exercise: Pre-Request Scripts





Steps

1. Click on the **New** button
2. Select **Request**
3. Enter a Request Name
4. Create Collection and enter name
5. Enter URL <https://postman-echo.com/get> and hit **Send**
6. Click on Gear Icon
7. Click on the **Add** button
8. Enter a name and click **Add**
9. Select Environment from Dropdown



Steps

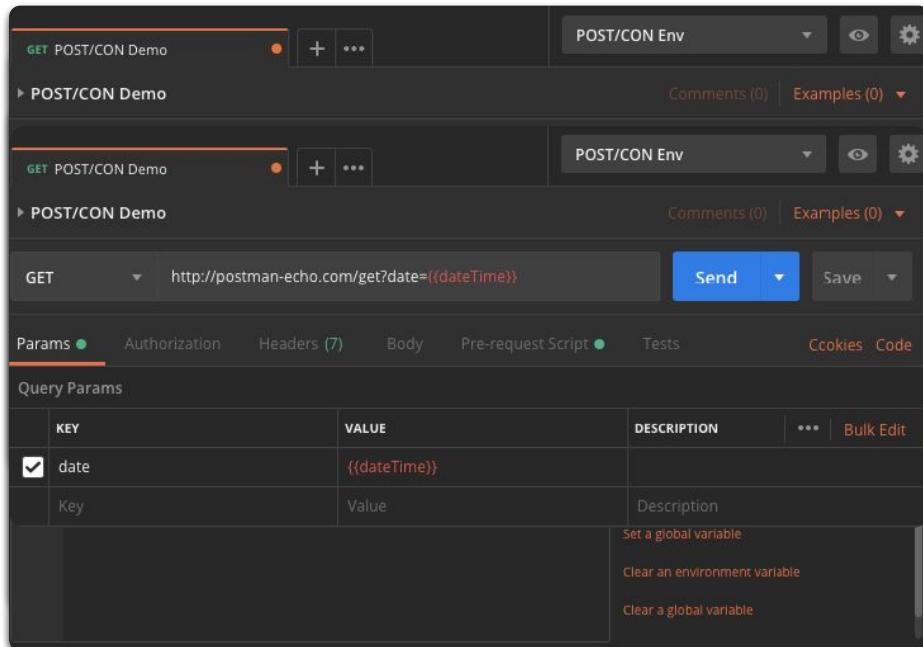
10. Select the Pre-request Script tab

11. Type:
`pm.environment.set("dateTime", new Date());`

12. Select the Params tab

13. Enter “**date**” for the key
and “**`{{dateTime}}`**” for the value.

14. Hit **Send**



The screenshot shows the Postman interface with two requests in the collection. The top request is a GET to 'POST/CON Demo'. The bottom request is also a GET to 'POST/CON Demo'. In the bottom request's Params tab, there is a single parameter named 'date' with the value '`{{dateTime}}`'. The 'Pre-request Script' tab is selected, containing the script `pm.environment.set("dateTime", new Date());`. The 'Send' button is visible at the top right of the request panel.

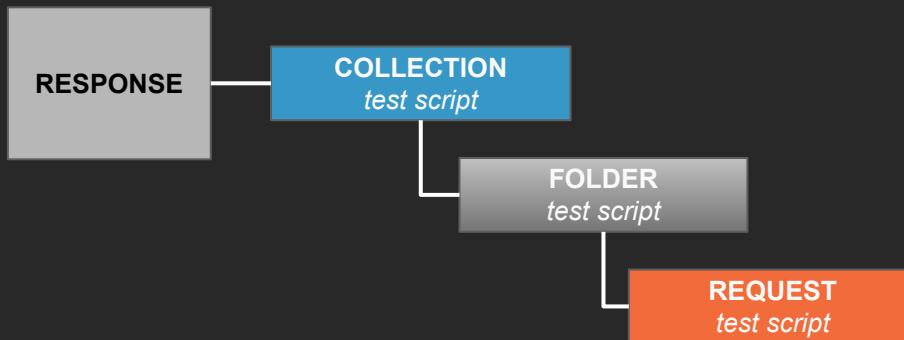
KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	...	Bulk Edit
date	<code>{{dateTime}}</code>			

Below the table, there are three options: 'Set a global variable', 'Clear an environment variable', and 'Clear a global variable'.

Test Scripts

- JavaScript code executed **after** the request is sent, allowing access to the **pm.response** object.
- Tests run in a **sandboxed environment**, which is separate from the execution environment of the app
- Commonly used **snippets** are listed next to the editor and are a great way to build test cases
 - Select the snippet you want to add and the appropriate code will populate in the test editor

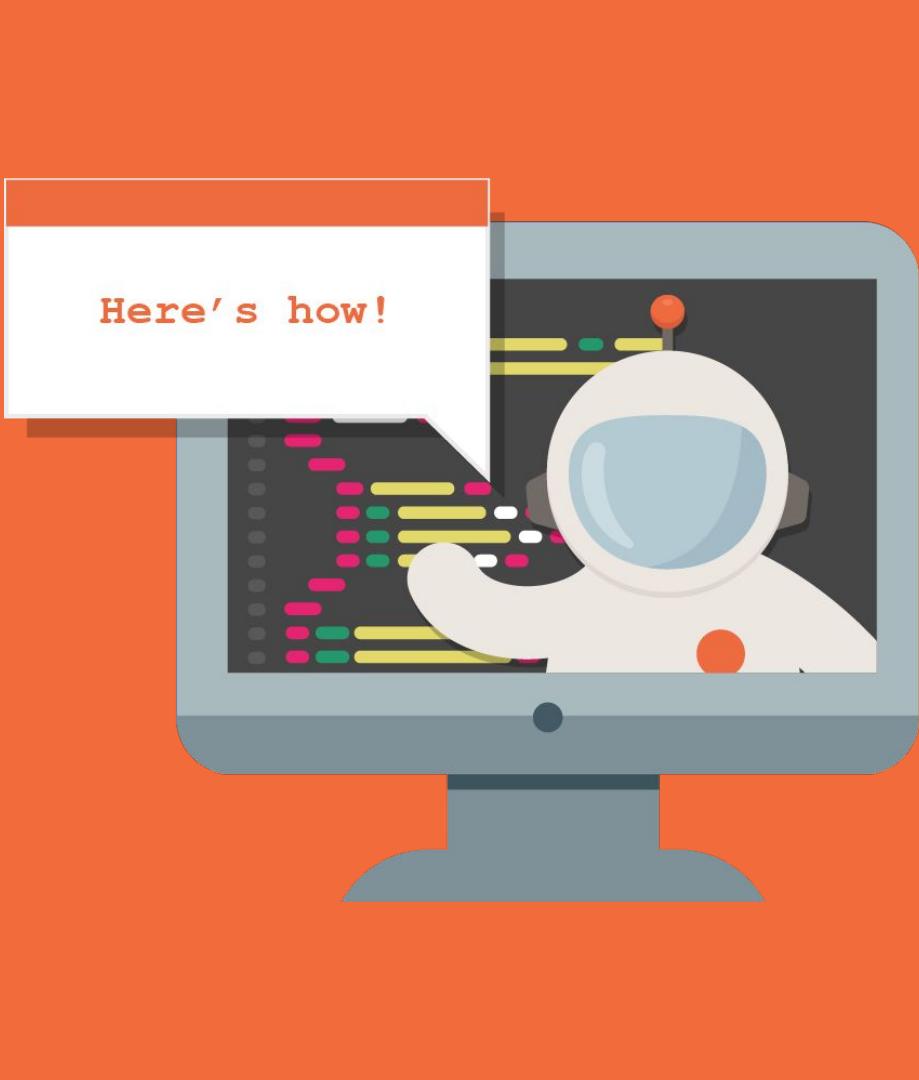
Test Script Execution



For every request in a collection, scripts will execute in the following order:

- A test script associated with a collection or folder will run after every request in the respective collection or folder

Practical Exercise: Test Scripts





Steps

1. Select the **Tests** tab
2. Select **Status Code: Code is 200** Snippet
3. Select **Response Time is less than 200ms** Snippet
4. Edit **200ms** to **100ms**
5. Hit **Send**
6. Select **Test Results** tab

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. At the top, there's a header with the title 'POST/CON Demo' and a status bar indicating 'POST/CON Env'. Below the header, the main area has tabs for 'Body', 'Cookies (1)', 'Headers (9)', and 'Test Results (1/2)'. The 'Test Results' tab is currently selected. The status bar also shows 'Status: 200 OK', 'Time: 327ms', and 'Size: 726 B'. On the right side of the interface, there are several assertions listed:

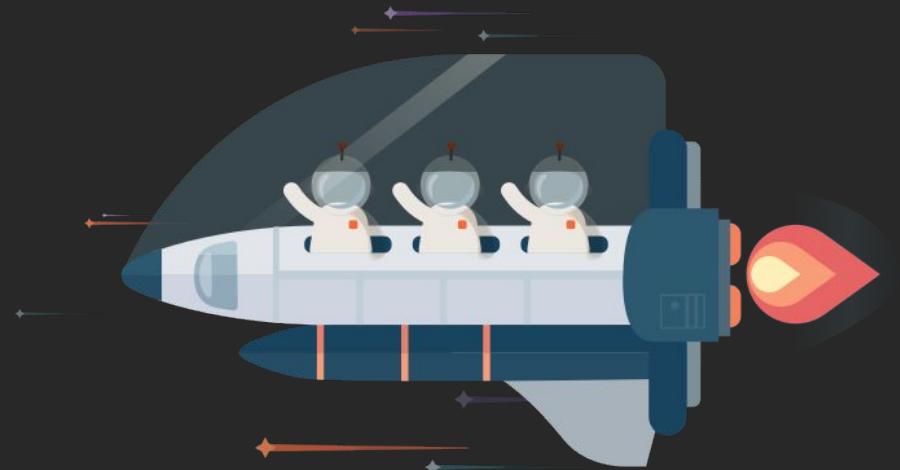
- 'Status code: Code is 200' (Status: PASS)
- 'Response time is less than 100ms | Assertion Error: expected 327 to be below 100' (Status: FAIL)
- 'Send a request'
- 'Status code: Code is 200'
- 'Response body: Contains string'
- 'Response body: JSON value check'
- 'Response body: Is equal to a string'



Steps

7. Highlight and Cut the Tests from Request
8. Save Changes to the Request
9. Edit the Collection
10. Select **Tests** tab
11. Paste Tests and click **Update**
12. Hit **Send**

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'New', 'Import', 'Runner', and other options. Below it is a search bar labeled 'Filter' and tabs for 'History', 'Collections', and 'APIs BETA'. A sub-menu for 'Collections' is open, showing options like 'Mock Collection', 'Publish Docs', 'Remove from workspace', and 'Delete'. The main area displays a collection named 'POST/CON Demo' with a single GET request to 'http://postman-echo.com/get?date={{dateTime}}'. The 'Test Results' tab is selected, showing one PASS test ('Status code is 200') and one FAIL test ('Response time is less than 100ms | AssertionError: expected 327 to be below 100'). The status bar at the bottom indicates a 200 OK response, 327ms time, and 726 B size.



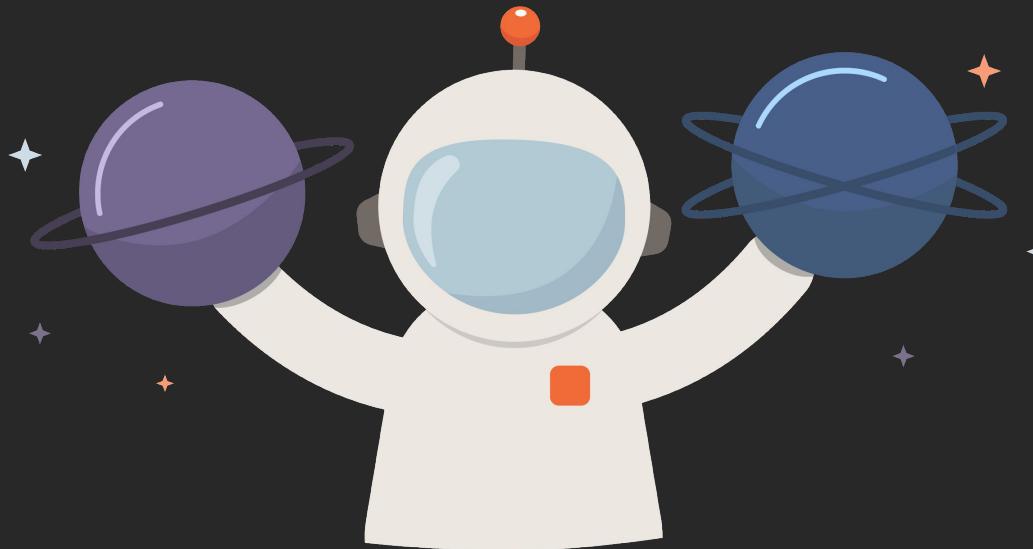
Break Time



Level Up Your Testing In Postman



What do we mean by advanced techniques?



Dynamic Variables

- Postman has dynamic variables that can be used in requests
- Values are randomly generated during the request/collection run
- Established variables `{{$randomInt}}`, `{{$timestamp}}` and `{{$guid}}` have been included for many versions
- Random fake data can be generated using a subset of the **FakerJS** functions
- Can be used in the **URL**, **Headers**, **Request Body** and also within **Mock Server Examples**

Chai Assertions

- Using the popular and well known **Chai.js** library
- Chai provides natural language assertions in an expressive and readable style
- Chained together by a series of **getters**
- **be / been / is / and / has / have / not**
- Works with the **pm.expect()** function
- The assertion always starts with the **.to** getter

Built-In Libraries

- **Lodash**: JS utility library
- **Moment**: Parse, validate, manipulate, and display dates and times in JavaScript.
- **Cheerio**: A fast, lean implementation of the core jQuery API
- **Ajv**: JSON schema validator.
- **CryptoJS**: Standard and secure cryptographic algorithms.
- **xml2Json**: Simple XML to JSON Convertor.



Postman Console

- The Postman Console can be compared to a browser's Developer console, but tuned for API development
- When debug scripts are written under the Pre-request Script or Test tabs, helpful messages will be logged in the Postman Console
- If an API or API test is not behaving as expected, the console will assist with debugging

What Does it Do?

- Logs the request that was sent, including all the underlying **request headers, status code** etc.
- Logs the exact **response** sent by the server
- Displays what **proxy** and **certificates** were used for the request
- Shows error logs from **Test** or **Pre-request Scripts**
- Allows the **console.log()** statement to be used from inside sandbox

Console.log(); Your New Best Friend



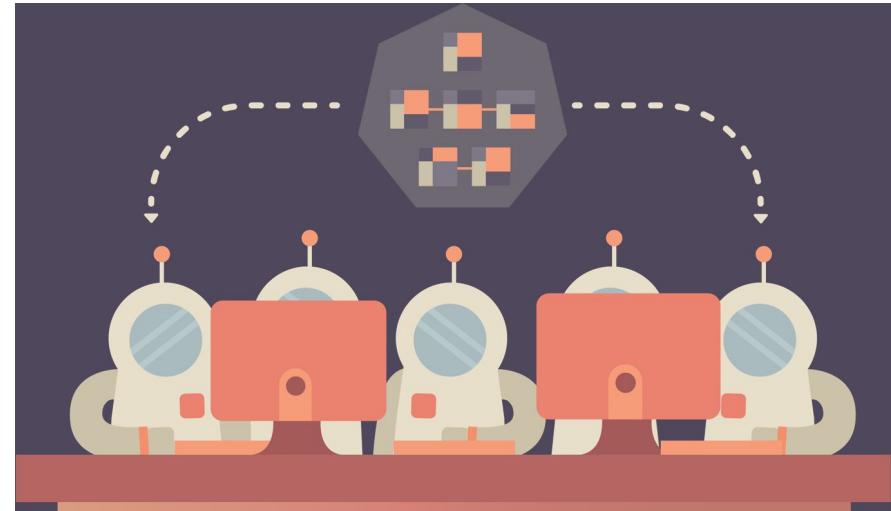
- JS method used to write messages to the debug console
- Can be used for debugging your test scripts and capturing key information from the test runs

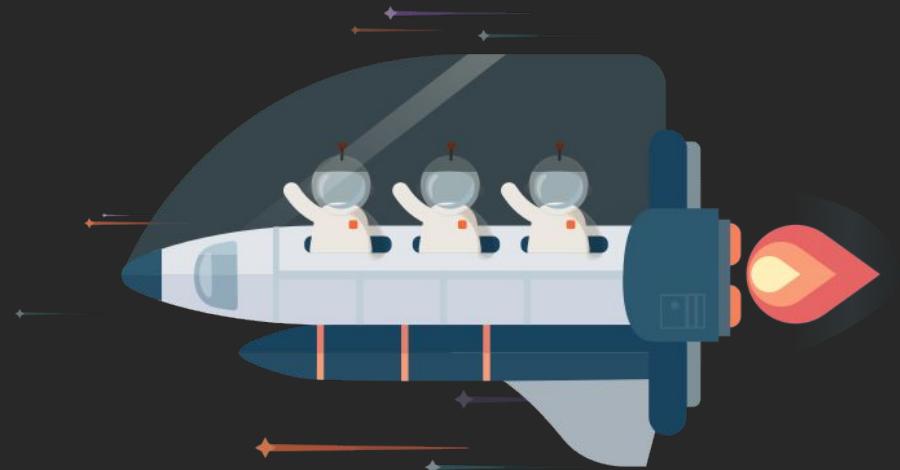
Practical Exercise: Advanced Techniques

Here's how!



Module Review





Break Time

Automation Made Easy



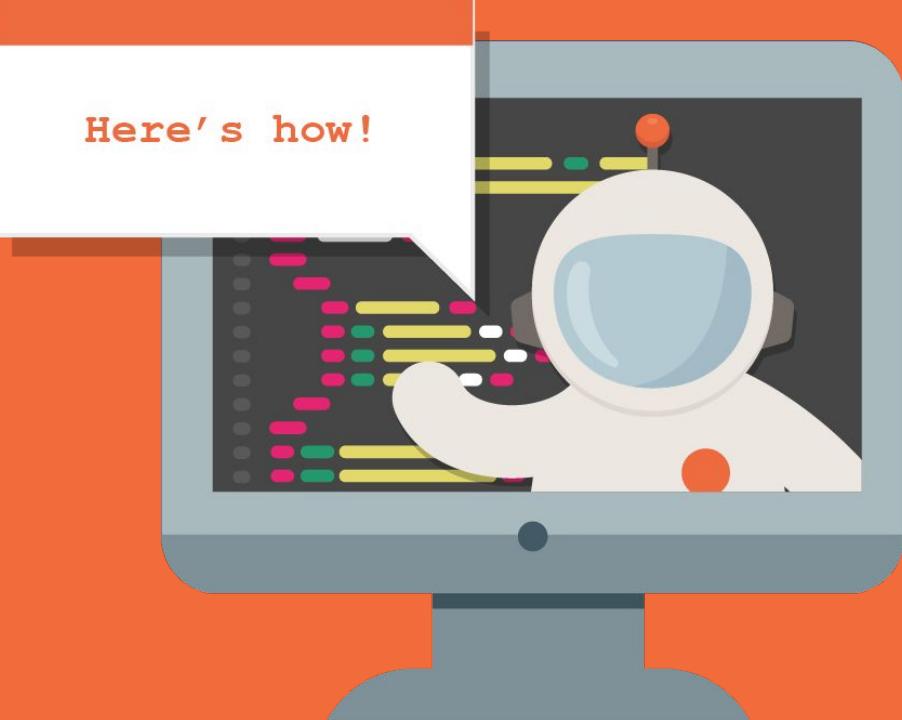
Overview



Collection Runner

- Collections are groups of requests that can be run together as a series, against a corresponding environment
- Enables automation of API test collections
- When a collection is run, all requests in the collection will be sent one after another
- Using scripts allows you to:
 - Build integration test suites
 - Pass data between API requests
 - Build workflows that mirror API use cases

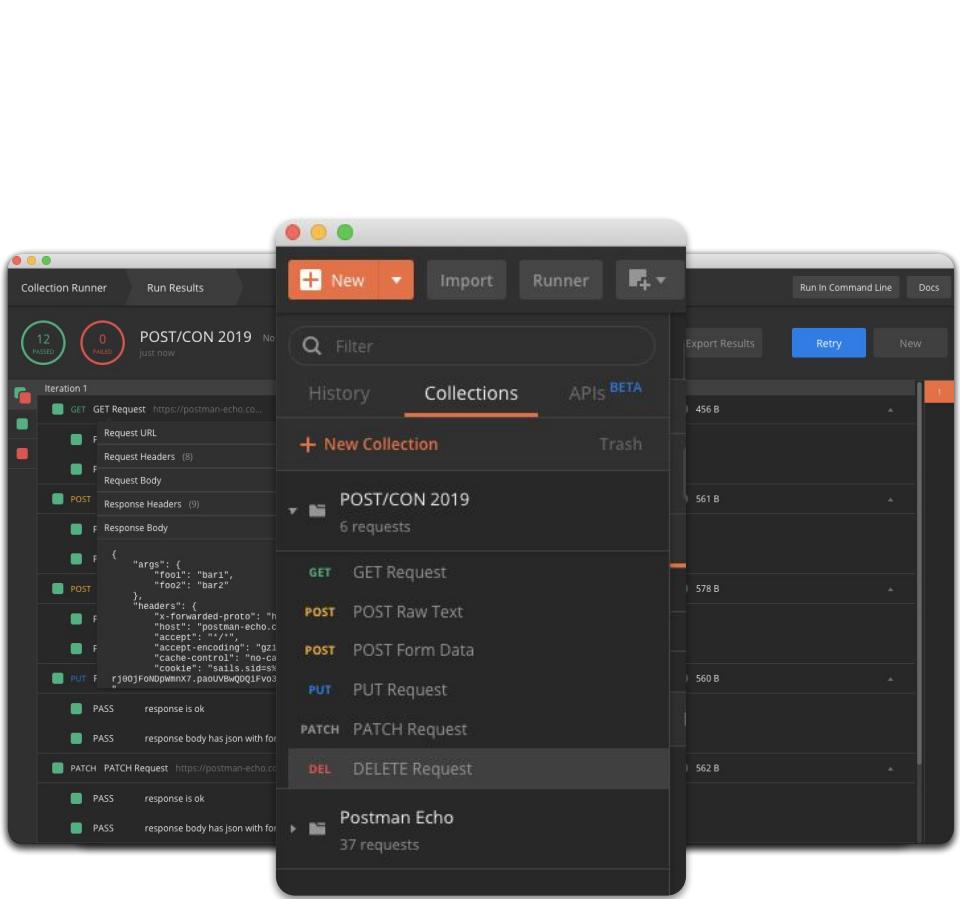
Practical Exercise: Collection Runner



Here's how!

Steps

1. Navigate to the **Collections** tab
2. Click on the Navigation arrow and hit **Run**
3. Click on the **Run "collection name"** button
4. Run Results
5. Click on request name



Meet Newman



What is Newman?

- A globally installed NPM package
- A Collection Runner for Postman that runs directly from the command line
- Easily integrates with continuous integration servers and build systems
- Maintains feature parity with the Postman App
- Allows Collections to be run the way they are executed in the Postman app collection runner
- Built as a library - can be extended and used flexibly
- Collection run reports can be generated using different custom reporters



newman run -h

```
newman run -h
Usage: run <collection> [options]

URL or path to a Postman Collection.

Options:
-e, --environment <path>          Specify a URL or Path to a Postman Environment.
-g, --globals <path>              Specify a URL or Path to a file containing Postman Globals.
--folder <path>                  Specify folder to run from a collection. Can be specified multiple times to run multiple folders (default: [])
--working-dir <path>            The path of the directory to be used as the working directory
--no-insecure-file-read          Prevents reading the files situated outside of the working directory
-r, --reporters [reporters]       Specify the reporters to use for this run. (default: ["cli"])
-n, --iteration-count <n>        Define the number of iterations to run.
-d, --iteration-data <path>      Specify a data file to use for iterations (either json or csv).
--export-environment <path>     Exports the environment to a file after completing the run.
--export-globals <path>          Specify an output file to dump Globals before exiting.
--export-collection <path>      Specify an output file to save the executed collection
--postman-api-key <apiKey>     API Key used to load the resources from the Postman API.
--delay-request [n]               Specify the extent of delay between requests (milliseconds) (default: 0)
--bail [modifiers]                Specify whether or not to gracefully stop a collection run on encountering an error and whether to end the run with an error based on
the optional modifier.
-x , --suppress-exit-code        Specify whether or not to override the default exit code for the current run.
--silent                         Prevents newman from showing output to CLI.
--disable-unicode                Forces unicode compliant symbols to be replaced by their plain text equivalents
--global-var <value>             Allows the specification of global variables via the command line, in a key=value format (default: [])
--env-var <value>                Allows the specification of environment variables via the command line, in a key=value format (default: [])
--color <value>                 Enable/Disable colored output. (auto|on|off) (default: "auto")
--timeout [n]                    Specify a timeout for collection run (in milliseconds) (default: 0)
--timeout-request [n]            Specify a timeout for requests (in milliseconds). (default: 0)
--timeout-script [n]             Specify a timeout for script (in milliseconds). (default: 0)
--ignore-redirects               If present, Newman will not follow HTTP Redirects.
-k, --insecure                  Disables SSL validations.
--ssl-client-cert <path>        Specify the path to the Client SSL certificate. Supports .cert and .pfx files.
--ssl-client-key <path>         Specify the path to the Client SSL key (not needed for .pfx files)
--ssl-client-passphrase <path>  Specify the Client SSL passphrase (optional, needed for passphrase protected keys).
--verbose                        Show detailed information of collection run and each request sent
```

Newman In Action





POSTMAN

```
~ ➜ newman run Postman_Echo.json
```



POSTMAN

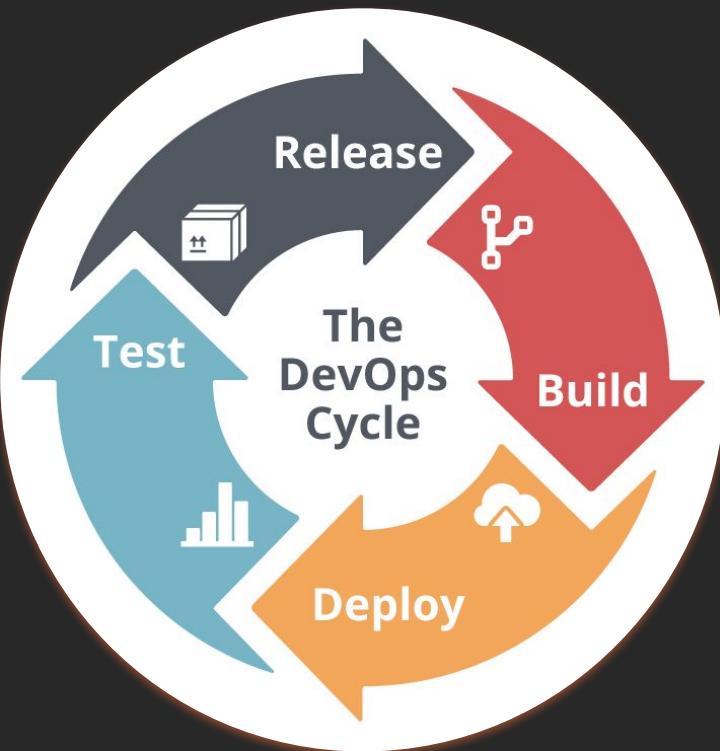
```
~ ➜ newman run https://www.getpostman.com/collections/f416b9eb00dbb1a2345a█
```



POSTMAN

```
newman run https://www.getpostman.com/collections/ccd909c6a114a2a8738a --env-var baseURL=https://postman-echo.com
```

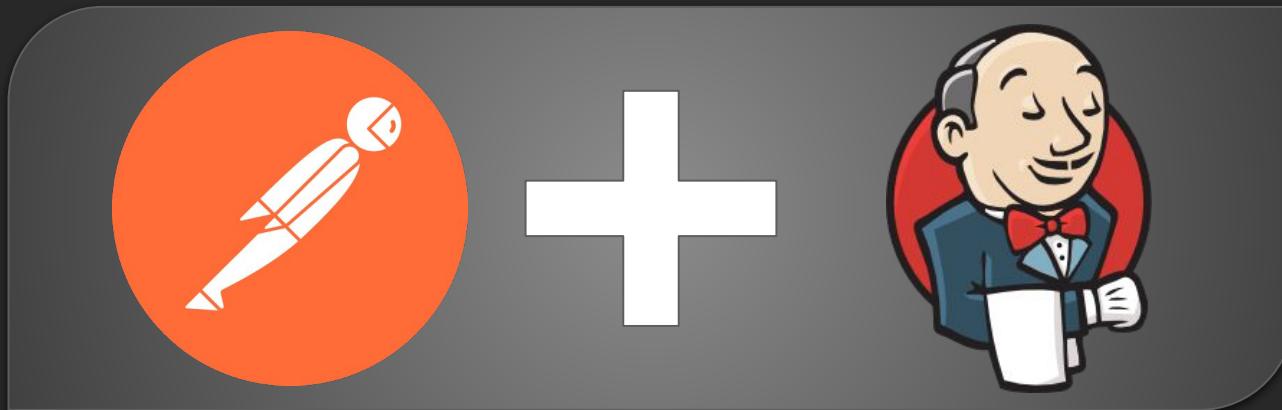
CI/CD



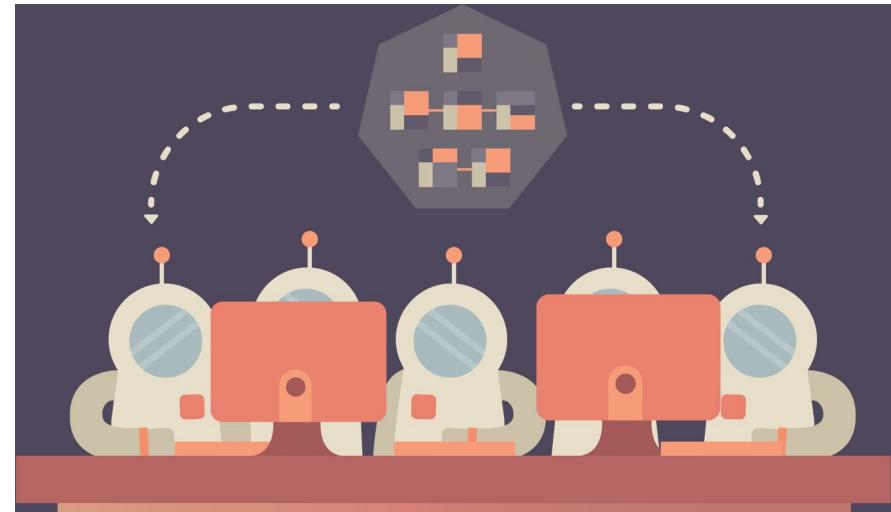
- Newman can run on popular CI/CD frameworks such as Jenkins, Travis, CircleCI and even Azure (via VSTS).
- Provides a streamlined way to run Newman in a Docker container without operating system dependencies or environment setup

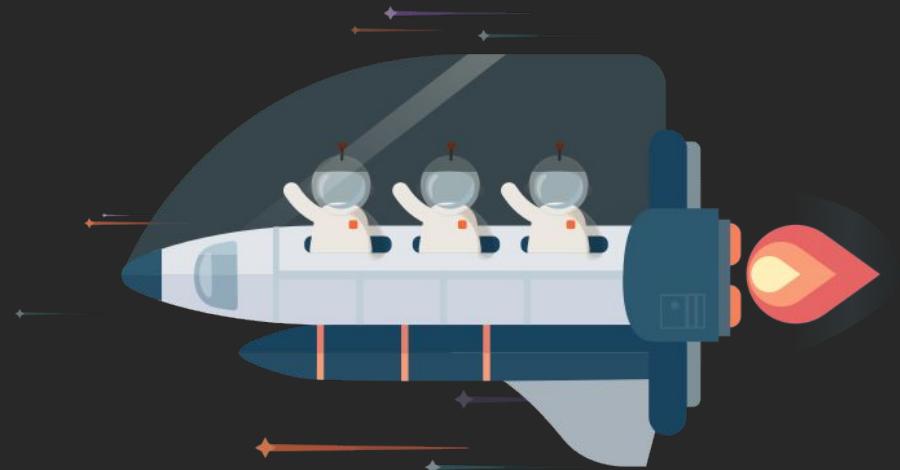


Newman + Jenkins Demo



Module Review





Break Time

Reporting: “And that’s the way it is.”



Overview



Why Do We Create Reports?

Reports are generally created to **communicate information** to some person, The type of report and the details about what it should contain, will differ from person to person.

Things to consider when creating reports:

- The report's **intended audience**
- The report's **purpose**
- The **type of information** to be communicated



Reporters Created By Postman



Standard Newman Reporters

CLI

This is the **default** reporter that comes with Newman and is the standard output that you will see. There are a number of different configurable options/cli arguments available to present that out in specific ways.

JUNIT

This reporter will create an XML file containing the all high level test result data, this can be picked by CI tools like Jenkins to display a graphical representation of the overall test coverage



PROGRESS [=====]

```
~ ➔ newman run Postman_Echo.json -r progress
```



EMOJITRAIN

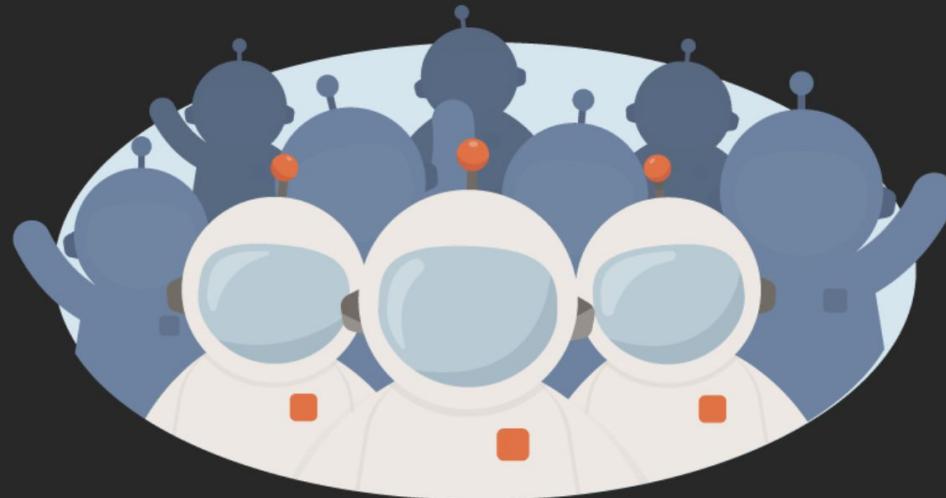


~

```
newman run Postman_Echo.json -e emojitrain
```



Reporters Created By The Postman Community





NPM Packages

npm Search 

87 packages found 1 2 3 ... 5 »

Sort Packages

Optimal Popularity Quality Maintenance

Who's Hiring?

Hired, MuleSoft, Red Badger and lots of other companies are hiring javascript developers.

[See all 19 companies](#)

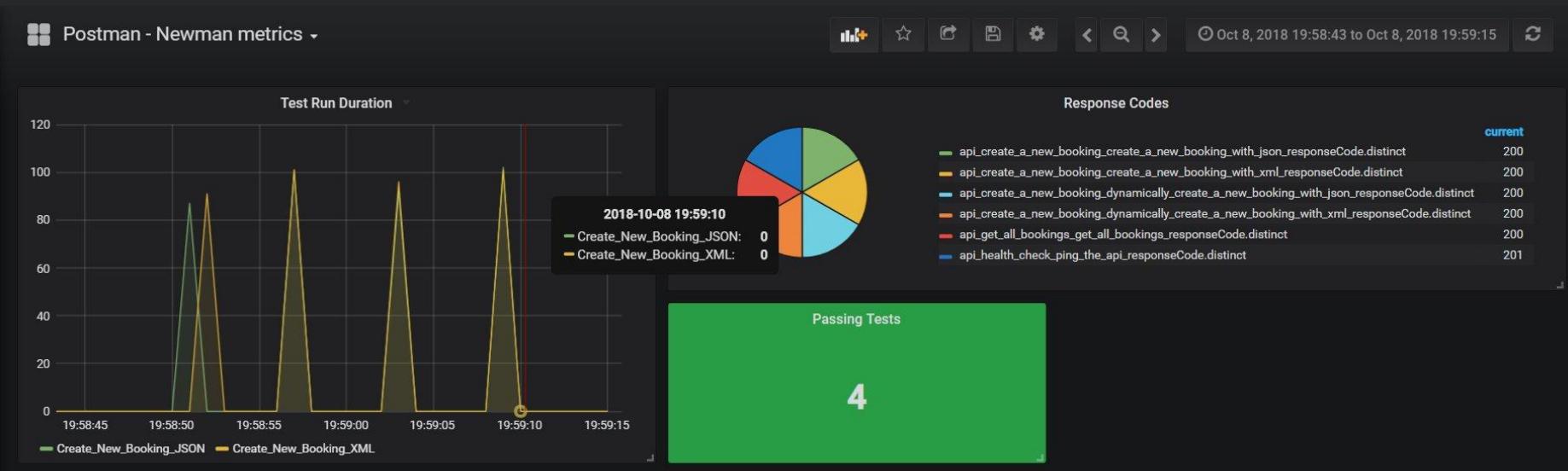
newman-reporter-teamcity
A newman reporter for Teamcity.
 [bsmyth77](#) published 0.1.12 • 15 days ago
postman newman teamcity reporter api test

@frankybboy96/newman-reporter-testrail
TestRail reporter for Newman
 [frankybboy96](#) published 1.1.3 • 3 months ago
newman postman testrail reporter

newman-reporter-slackinfo
A newman reporter for slack
 [edmund-tay](#) published 1.1.30 • a month ago
newman postman slack

newman-reporter-slackinfo-withthreading
A newman reporter for slack with threading
 [kannan2790](#) published 1.0.1 • a month ago
newman postman slack thread

StatsD



Slack



Newman Slack APP 11:13 AM

POST/CON 2019

	total	failed
iterations	1	0
requests	12	0
testScripts	24	0
prerequestScripts	14	0
assertions	49	0
total run duration	2.4s	



A new take on a modern classic...

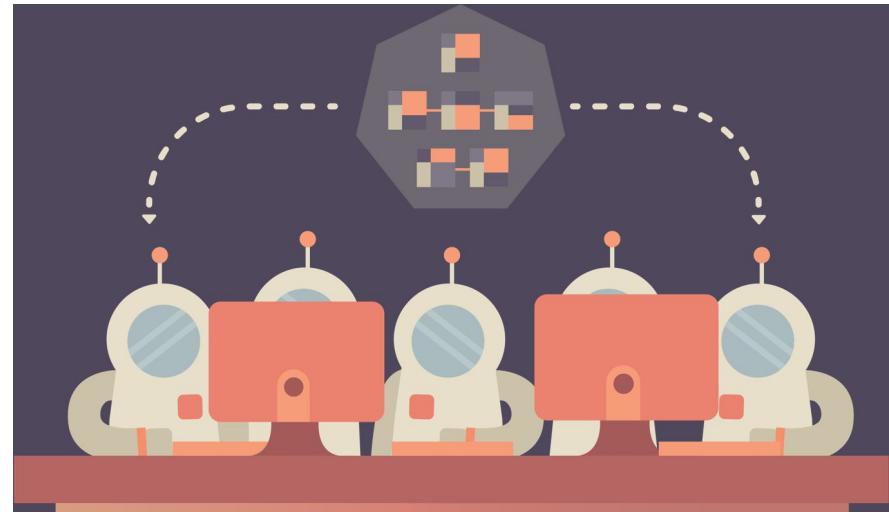
Postman HTML Report

bit.ly/newmanhtml

HTML EXTRA Report

bit.ly/newmanhtmlextra

Module Review



Review

- Testing within Postman can be an effective way to give you confidence that your API endpoints are returning the correct information without having to manually confirm this on each request
- Postman is packed full of different helpers, libraries and utilities that can enable you to create more complex test suites
- Automating a Collection within the App is super simple using the Built In Runner
- You can use Newman to run your Collections from either the Command Line or easily integrate into your CI systems



Recommended Resources

- Postman Community - <https://community.getpostman.com>
- Learning Centre - <https://learning.getpostman.com>
- GitHub Repo - <https://github.com/postmanlabs/postman-app-support>
- Support Portal - <https://support.getpostman.com/hc>

Keep In Touch!

Trent



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Danny



uk.linkedin.com/in/dannydainton



[@DannyDainton](https://twitter.com/DannyDainton)



Workshop Resources

bit.ly/POSTCON2019WORKSHOP

Thank You and Goodbye

