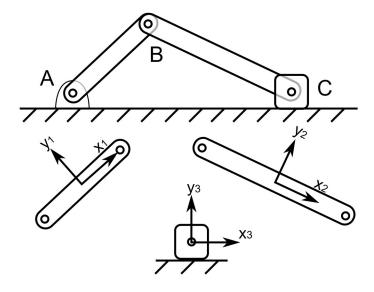
```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
```

Homework #2



Consider the slider-crank shown above. Two links are connected by pins to the ground at A and the piston at C. Link AB can rotate around A and link BC can rotate around C and the piston maintains contact with the ground.

Consider the following kinematic properties:

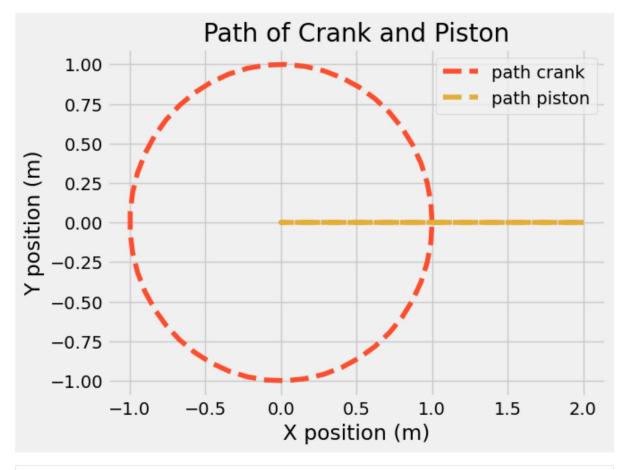
- link AB $L_1=1\ m$
- ullet link BC $L_2=1\ m$
- ullet the angle of link AB rotates at a constant $\dot{ heta}_1=1\ rad/s$
- **1.** How many degrees of freedom does the slider-crank have? *How many degrees of freedom and how many constraints?*
- **2.** The system begins to move with both links horizontal e.g. $\theta_1 = \theta_2 = 0^o$ and $\mathbf{r}_c = 2 \ m \hat{i}$. Find the positions of $A, \ B, \ and \ C$ for one full rotation, $t = 0...2\pi$.
- **3.** Plot the positions of B and C vs time.

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Question 1

```
3 bodies --> 6 DOF 3 = 18 DOF_{unconstrained}
         Planar Constraint --> 3 DOF 3 = 9 DOF
         3 Revolute Joints (Constraint) --> 2 DOF 3 = 6 DOF
         1 Prismatic Joint (Constraint) --> 2 DOF 1 = 2 DOF
        Total degrees of freedom for slider-crank= 18 - 17 = 1 DOF
         Total degrees of freedom = 18
        Total Constraints = 9 + 6 + 2 = 17
In [ ]:
        #Question 2
         L_AB = 1
         L_BC = 1
         pi = np.pi
         t = theta_1 = np.linspace(0, 2*pi)
         #positions of A, B, C
         A = np.zeros([2,theta_1.shape[0]])
         B = np.array([L_AB*np.cos(theta_1),L_AB*np.sin(theta_1)])
         C = np.array([B[0] + np.sqrt(L_BC**2 - B[1]**2),np.zeros_like(theta_1)])
In [ ]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         line, = ax.plot([], [],'ro-')
         line2, = ax.plot([], [],'o-')
         line3, = ax.plot([], [], 'ko-')
         line4, = ax.plot([], [],'ko-')
         ax.set_title('Path of Crank and Piston')
         ax.set_xlabel('X position (m)')
         ax.set_ylabel('Y position (m)')
         ax.plot(B[0,:],B[1,:],'--', label = 'path crank')
         ax.plot(C[0,:],C[1,:],'--', label = 'path piston')
         plt.legend();
```

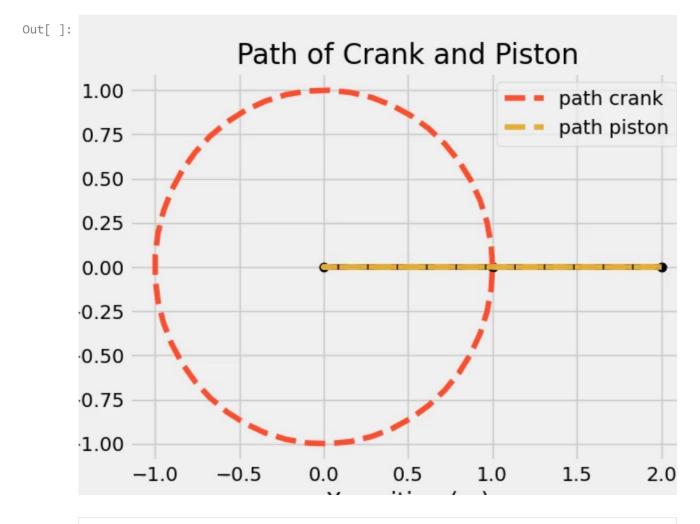
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```
In [ ]: from matplotlib import animation
    from IPython.display import HTML

def init():
        line.set_data([], [])
        line2.set_data([], [])
        line3.set_data([], [])
        line4.set_data([], [])
        return (line, line2, line3, line4,)
```

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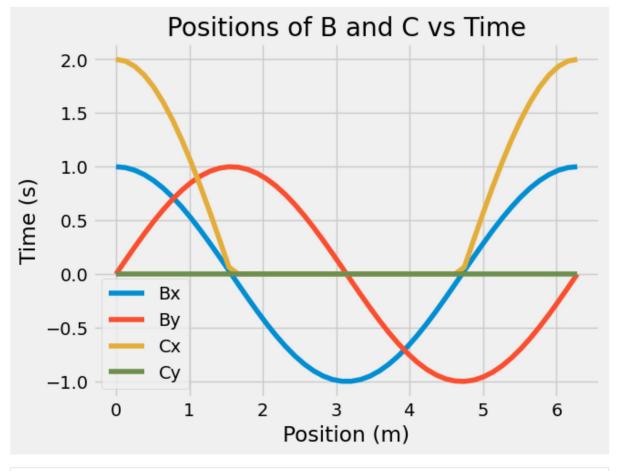
```
In [ ]: #Question 3

#time is equal to 2*pi as defined above

fig2, ax2 = plt.subplots()

ax2.plot(t, B[0],label='Bx')
ax2.plot(t, B[1],label='By')
ax2.plot(t, C[0],label='Cx')
ax2.plot(t, C[1],label='Cy')
plt.title('Positions of B and C vs Time')
plt.xlabel('Position (m)')
plt.ylabel('Time (s)')
plt.legend();
```

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In []:

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