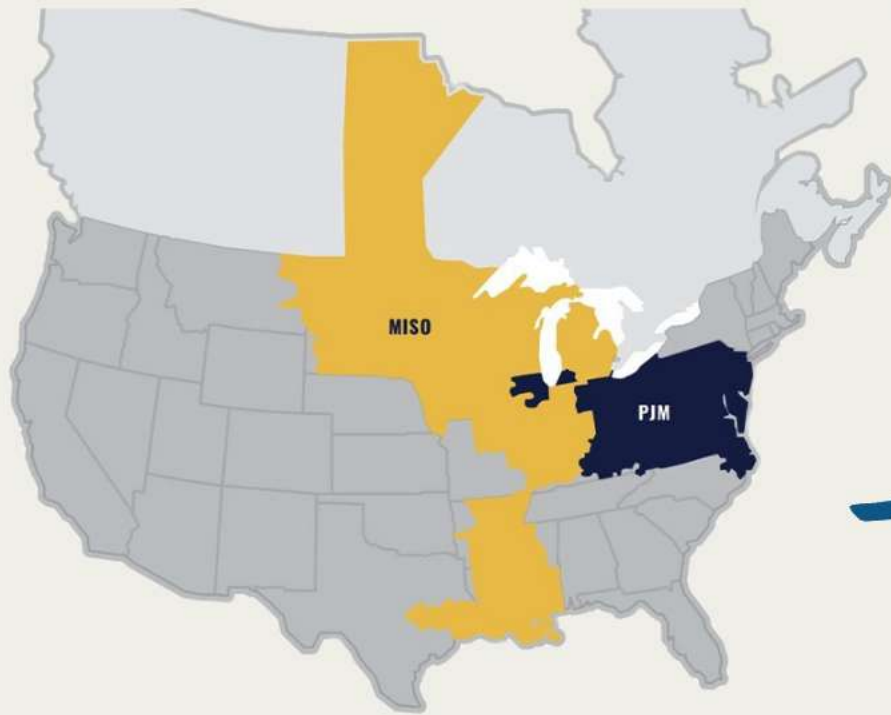


# Forecasting Electricity Demand and Prices in PJM and MISO Markets

**Group 5**

By: Renee Chang, Zhanglin Liu,  
Miaoyan Qi, Ba Minh Dang Le,  
Yian Yan, Ke Han Bei

# *Our* Proposal



## **The US Electricity Market**

**MISO** → Midcontinent  
Independent System Operator

**PJM** → PJM Interconnection



## **Background & Challenges**

- Supply-demand mismatches
- Extreme weather
- Potential widening capacity gap



## **The Objective**

Forecast electricity demand and prices in the PJM&MISO markets by analyzing key factors and relationships to improve grid management, reduce blackout risks, optimize pricing, and support long-term planning.



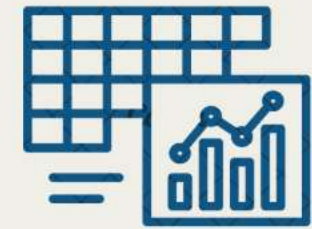
# *Dataset Overview*

## Target Variables

- **MISO & PJM Real-time Load (RTLOAD)**
- Actual electricity demand
- **MISO & PJM Real-time Locational Marginal Pricing (RT LMP)**
- Electricity price at specific locations

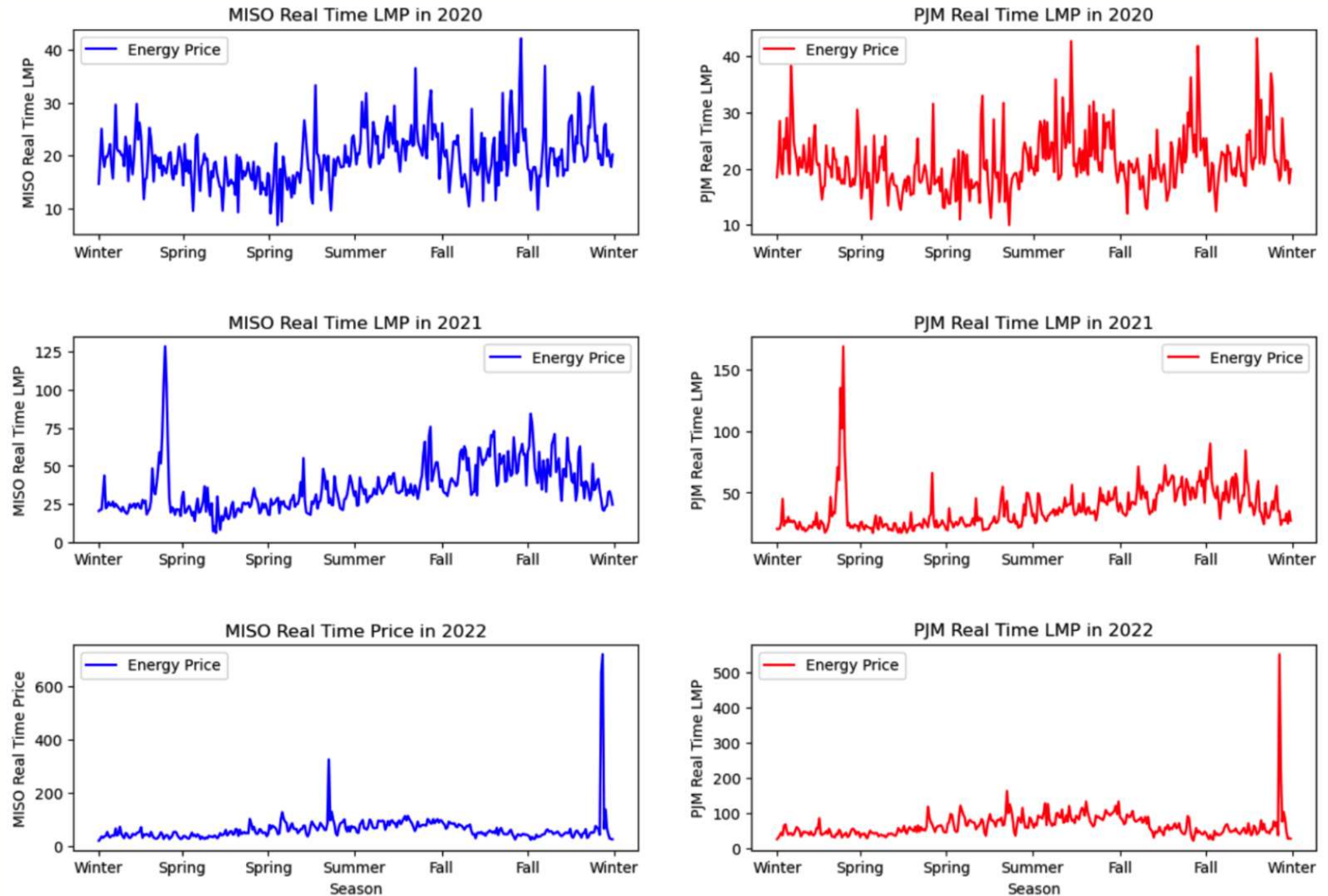
## Independent Variables

- Dates
- ON/OFF peak hours
- Real-time central region load
- MISO & PJM Congestion Costs
- Area control error values
- MISO&PJM Ramp Imports & Exports
- Gas/coal/nuclear/hydro generation data



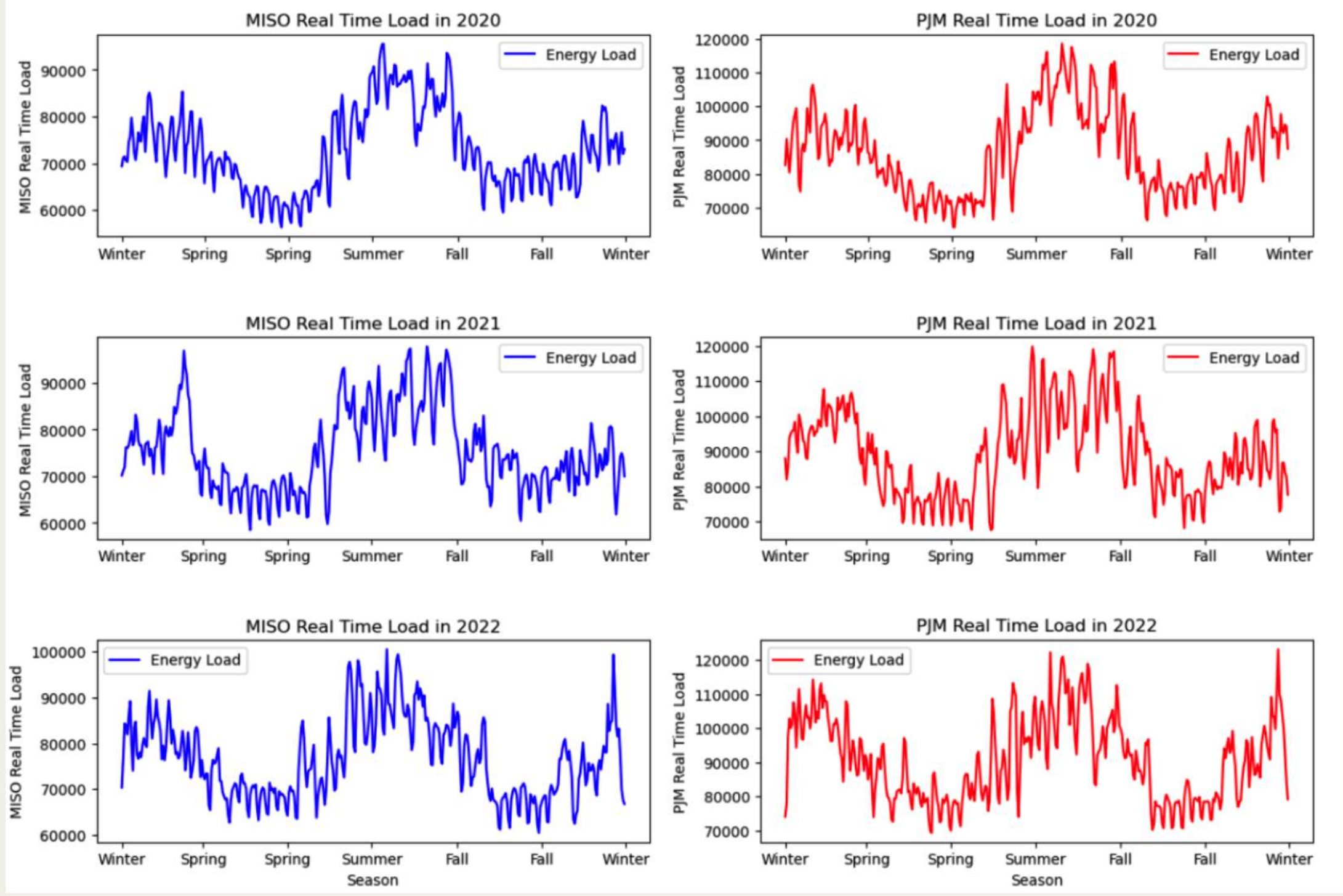
# Graph of Data

## Energy Price in both markets from 2020 to 2022

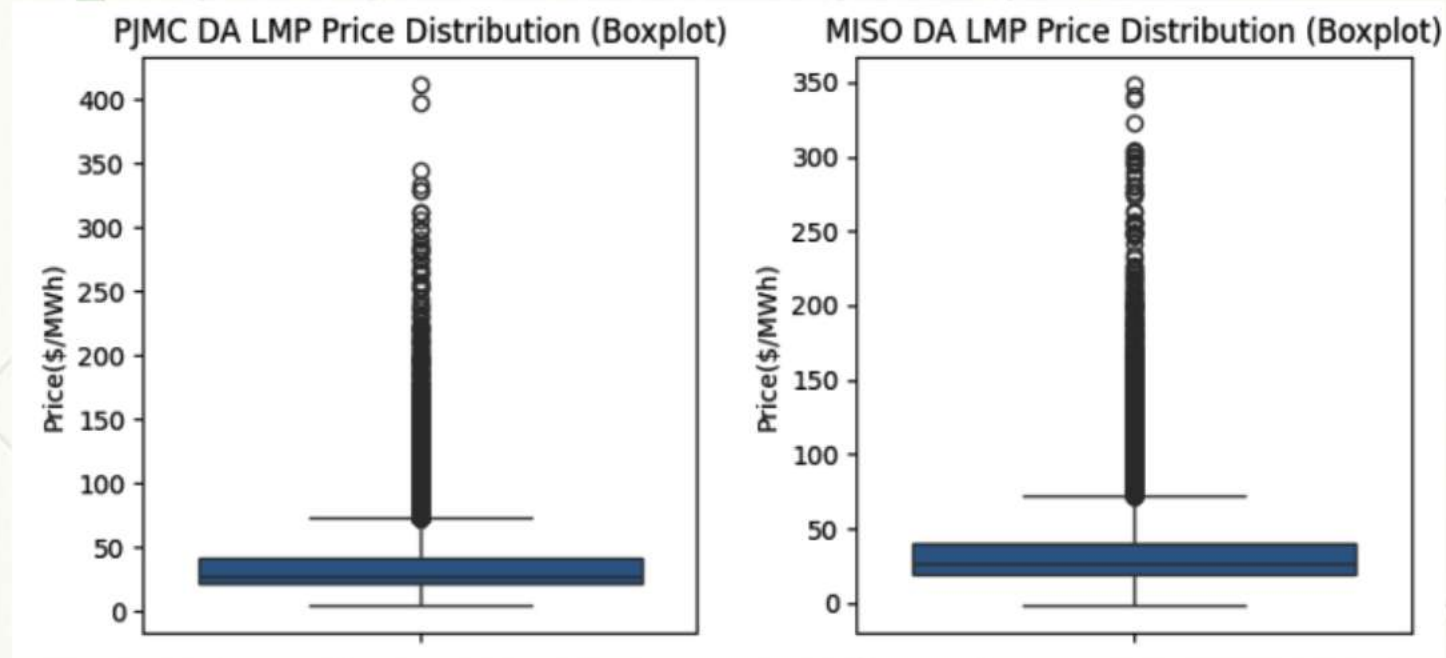




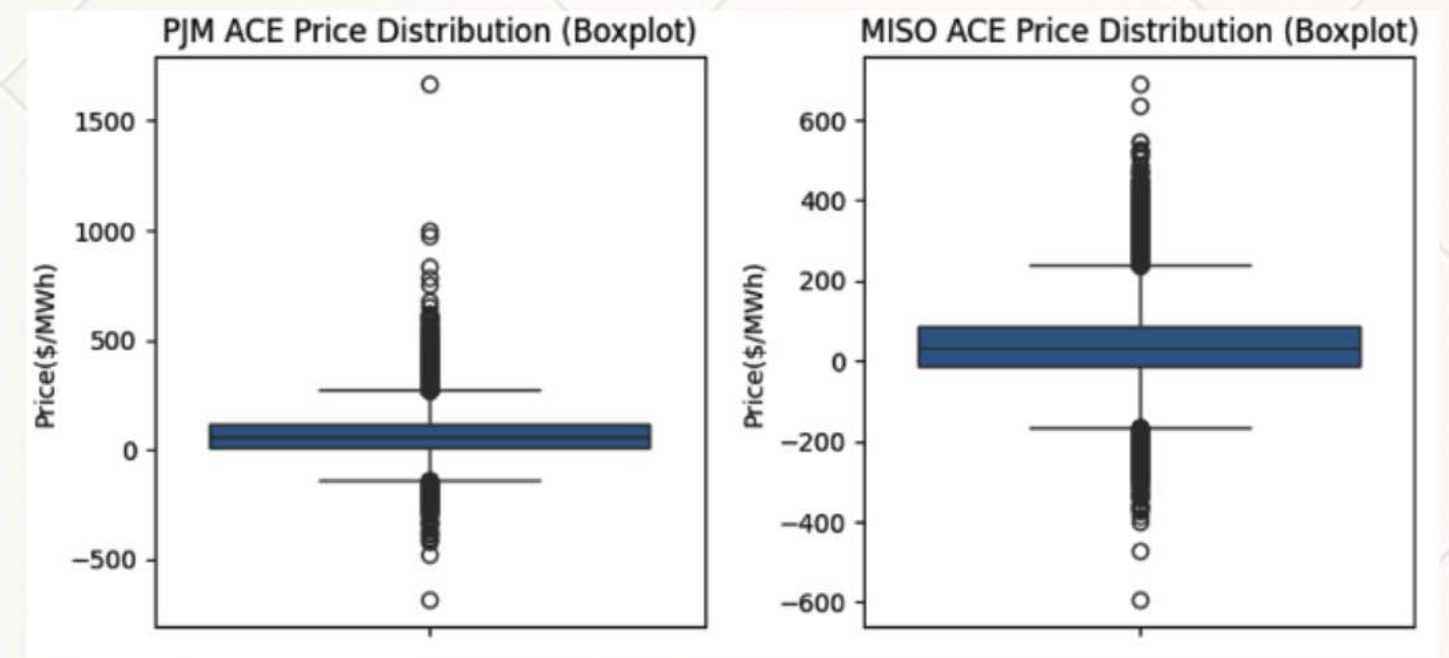
# Energy Load in both markets for 2020 to 2022



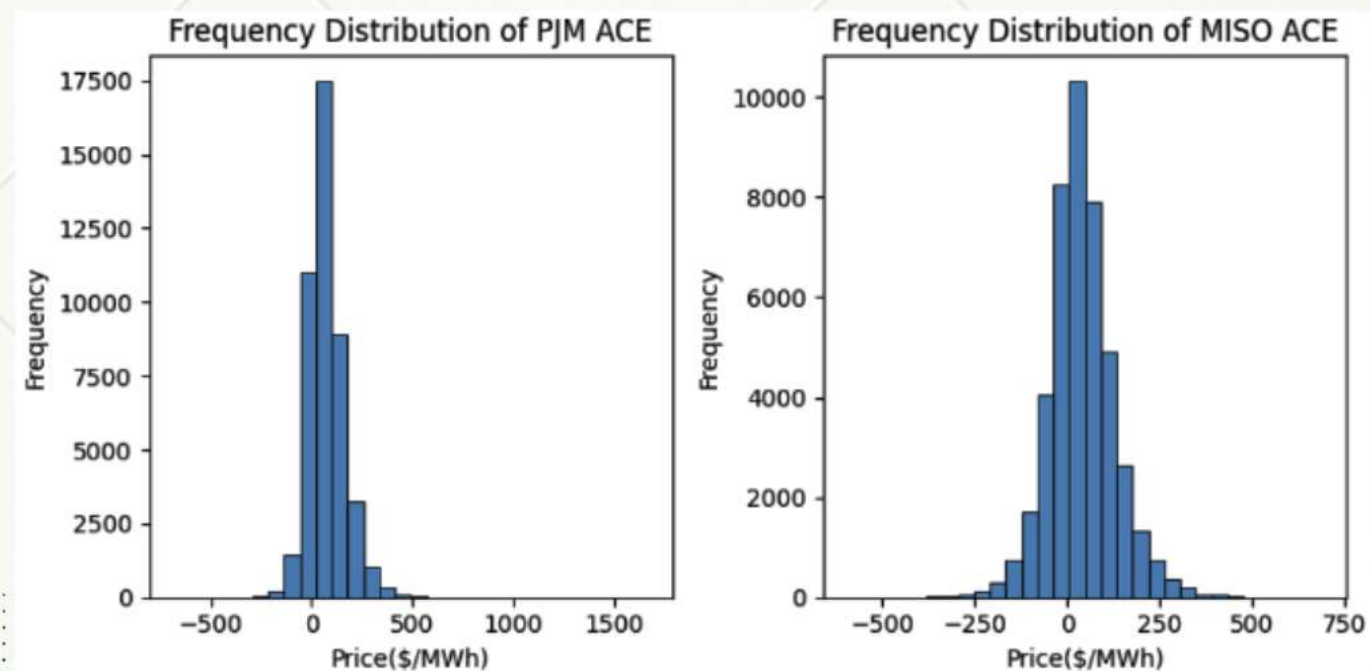
## Day-Ahead LMP Price Distribution (PJM & MISO)



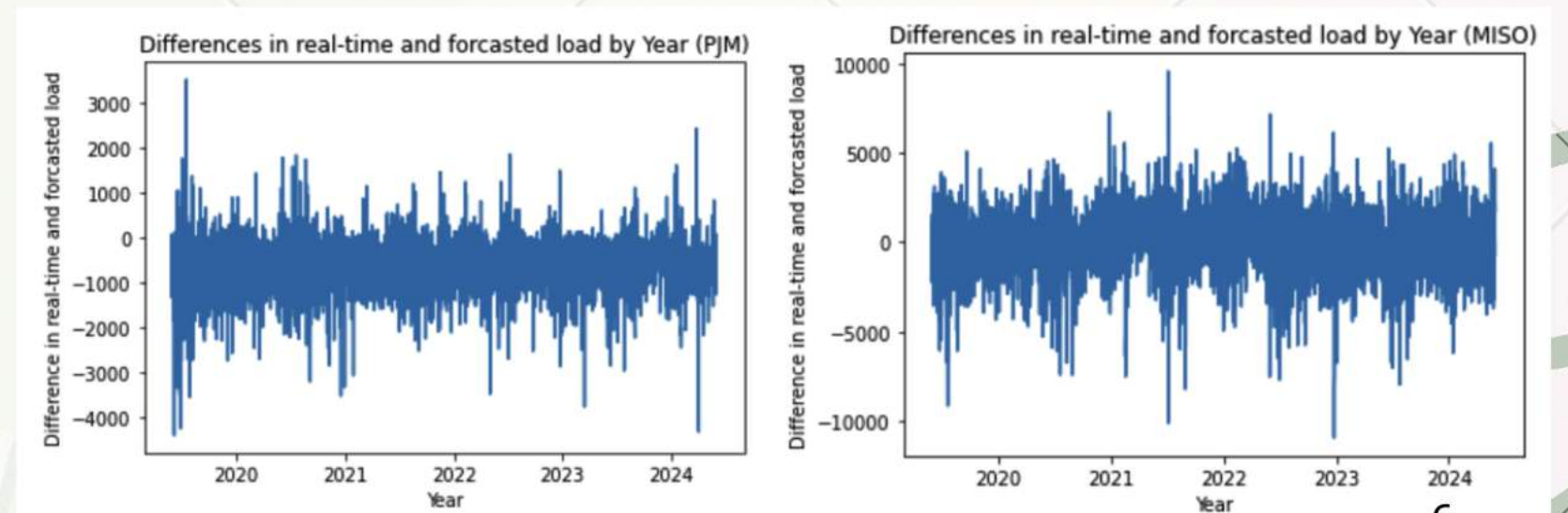
## ACE Distribution Comparison (Grid Stability)



## ACE Distribution – Histogram (Grid Stability)

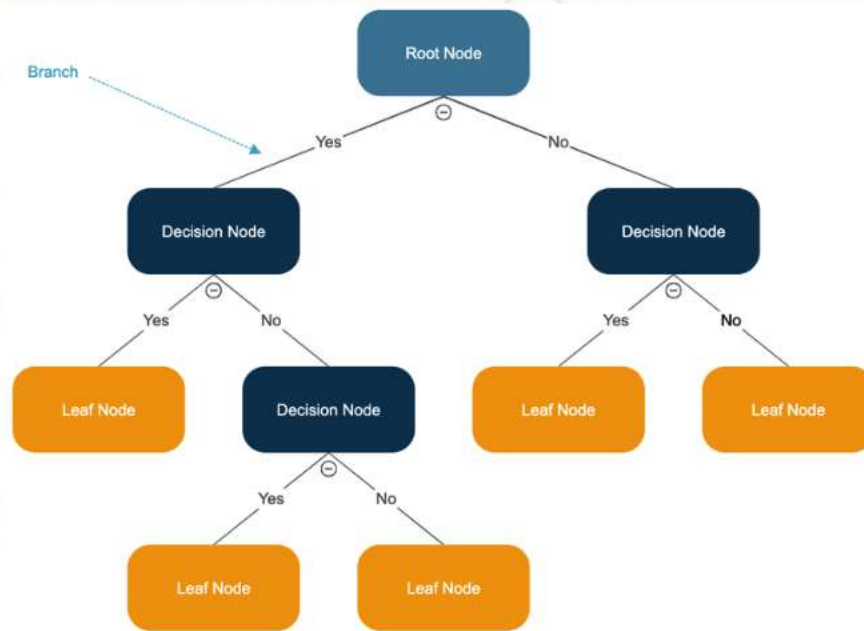


## Forecast Error in Electricity Load





# Classification Model: Decision Tree



## Components

**Nodes** that form the decision points

**Branches** represent the choices leading to different outcomes

**Leaf** nodes provide the final outcomes or decision results

## Predict by classify realtime electrical loads in MISO & PJM grids

Real-time electricity load in **both markets** will be divided into **3 classes: Low, Medium and High Demand** and the model structures data in tree-like branches of decisions with their possible consequences

The model then categorizes **target variable** into predefined classes based on the **input features**.

## MISO's Model Features

**PJM RT LOAD  
PJM LOAD FC**  
Real time and forecasted electric load

**MISO DA GAS**  
Day-ahead supply by gas plants

**Central RT Load**  
Real-time electrical load of the central region

**MISO Gas Gen  
MISO Coal Gen**  
Electricity generated by Coal and Gas plants

## PJM's Model Features

**MISO RTLOAD  
PJM/MISO RTLOAD**  
Real-time electrical load and differences across both grids.

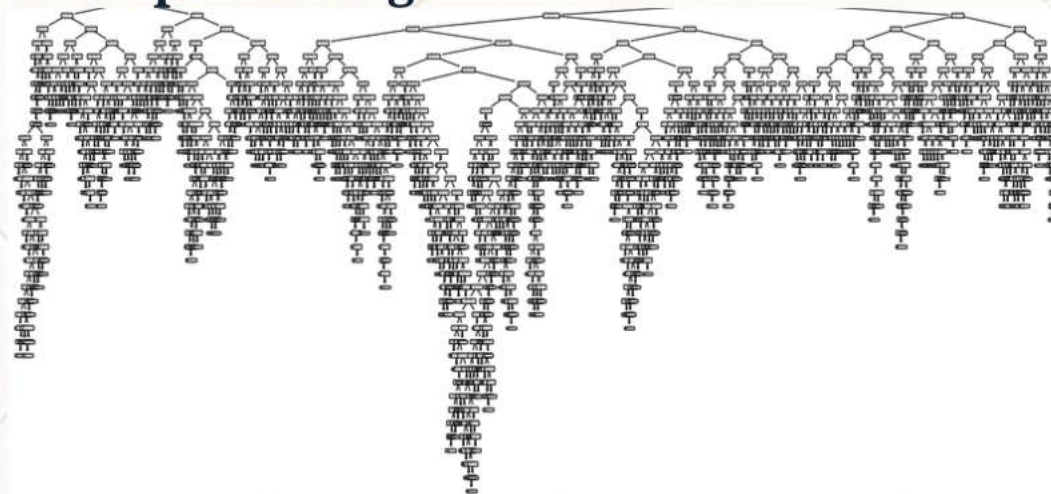
**MISO West Load**  
Real-time electrical load of the MISO west region



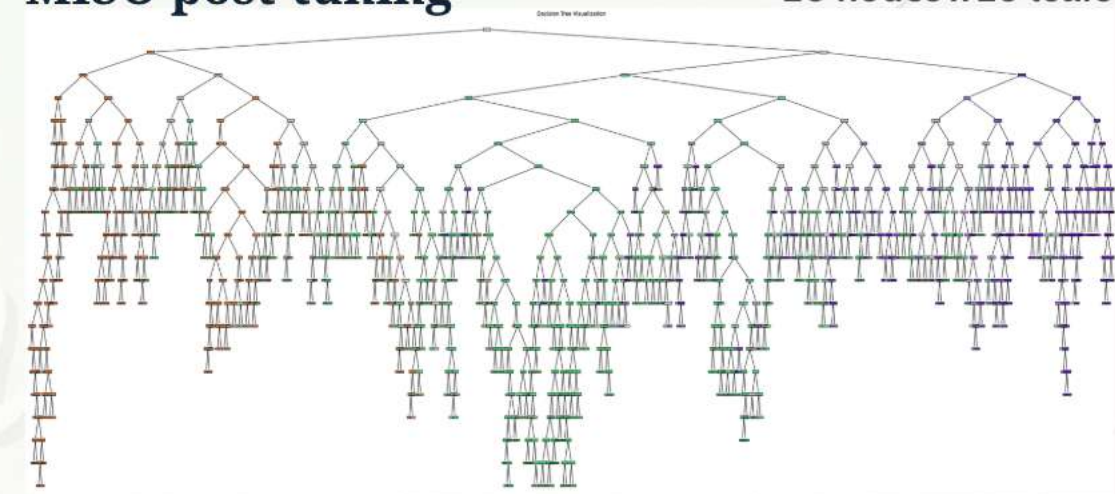
# Fine Tuning and Feature Optimization



MISO pre-tuning



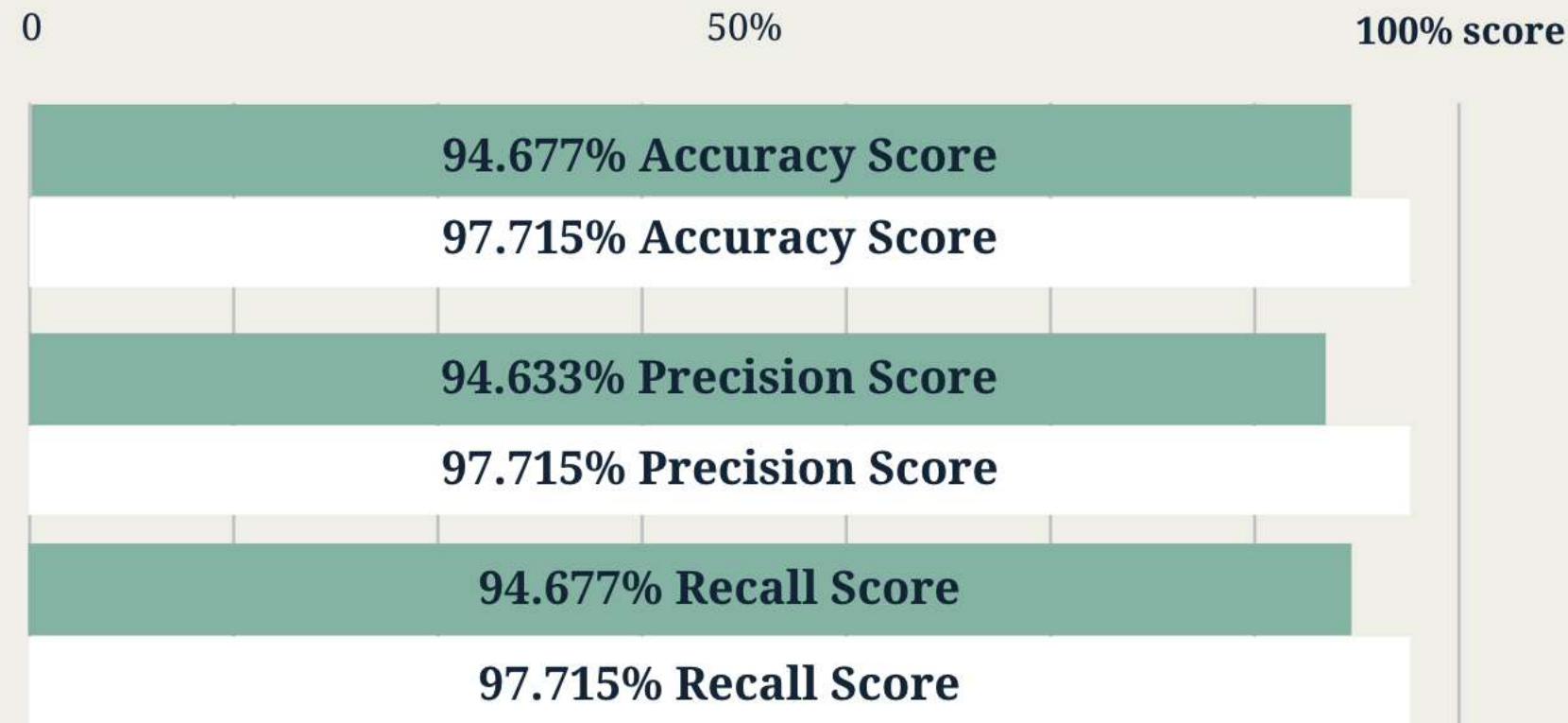
MISO post-tuning





# Classification Models Performance

## MISO and PJM Test Set Result



## Legends



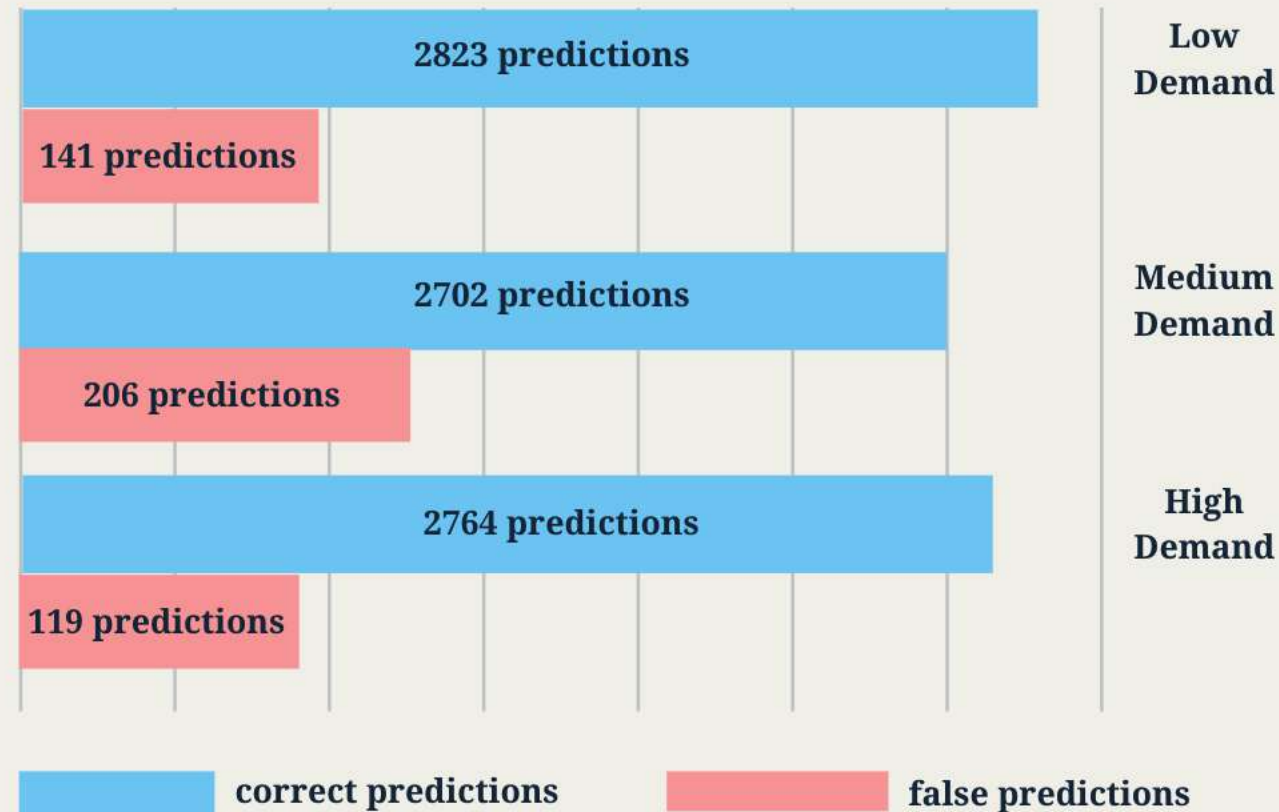
## Observation

Both models are highly effective in predicting the correct demand categories across **almost all cases**.

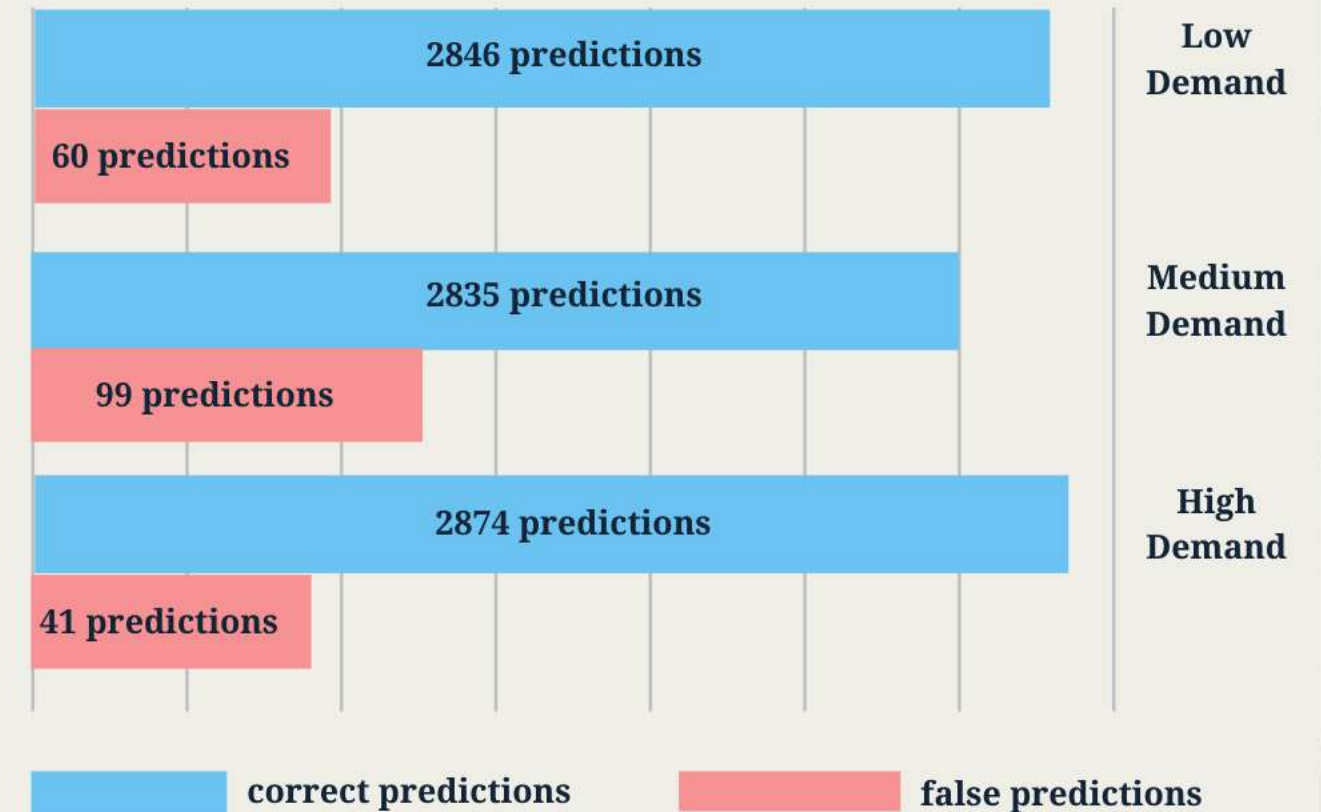
With **high percision** and **recall scores**, both model minimize the number of irrelevant cases that are incorrectly identified (**extreme outliers**)

# Classification Model Performance

## MISO Confusion Matrix Result



## PJM Confusion Matrix Result





# Regression Model : Predict MISO Electricity Price

## Feature Selection

- Select features that is highly related to price
- Dropped features with  $\text{corr} > 0.85$  to prevent multicollinearity

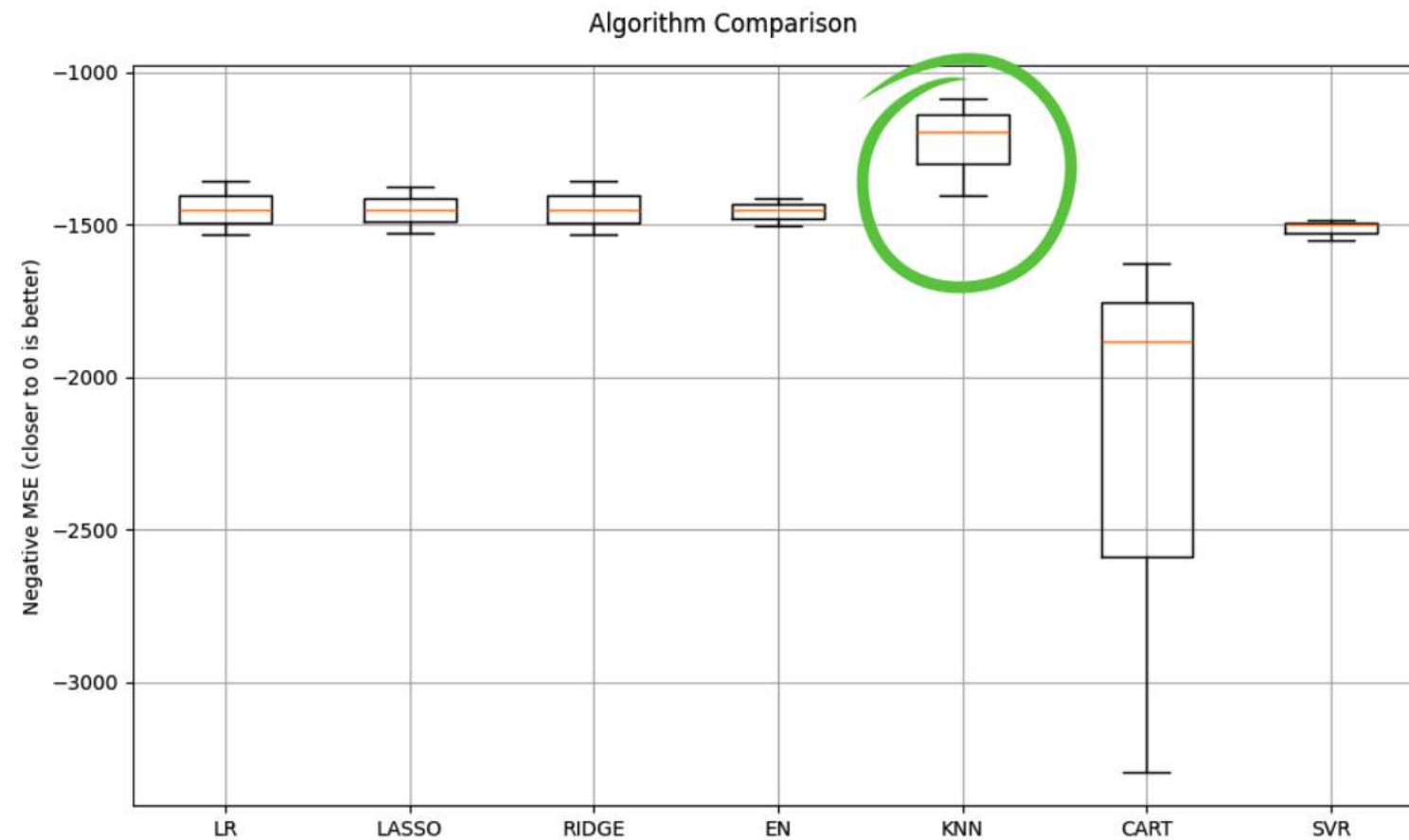
## Selected Features

- MISO GAS GEN: Natural Gas Power Generation
- MISO COAL GEN: Coal-fired Power Generation
- MISO Hydro Gen: Hydroelectric Power Generation
- MISO RTLOAD: Real-Time Load
- MISO RT CONG: Congestion Cost
- MISO/PJMC RT CONG: Difference in Real-Time Congestion Cost

## Data Preparation

- Convert to numerical format
- Rescale to equalize feature influence
- 80% training & 20% testing

# Regression Model : Predict MISO Electricity Price



**Best model: KNN**

- Mean MSE: 1227.92
- Std Dev: 132.20

**Worse model: CART**

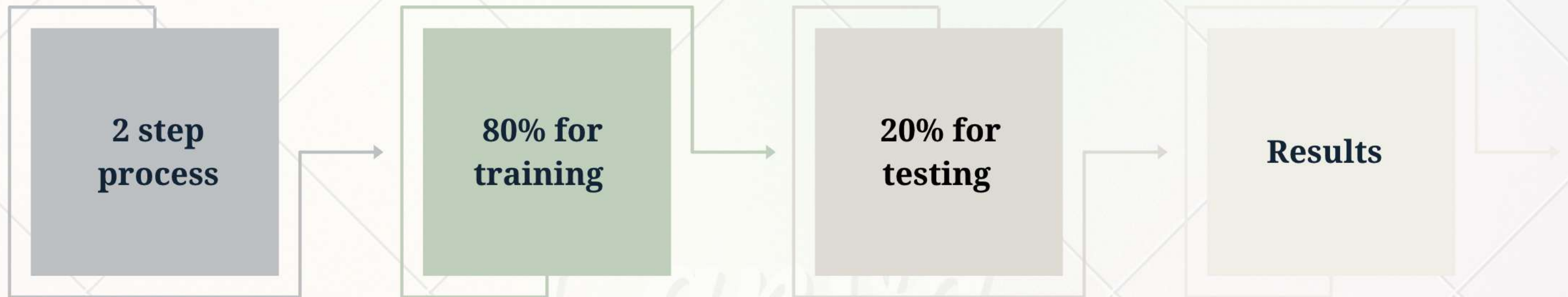
- Mean MSE: 2144.48
- Std Dev: 827.90



# KNN Model Tuning & Results

## *Regression*

- Goal: Use '*GridSearchCV*' to test values of k from 1 to 20, and find the nearest K for KNN regression
- Performance was measured using Mean Squared Error (MSE) — lower the better



# KNN Model Tuning (Using GridSearchCV) & Results

**Part 1: 80% for training (to teach the model)**

- **Tune model - Choose the best k**
- **Best MSE:1152.509952 using K=16**
- **This value gave the lowest average MSE across all training folds. The final model was trained using 16 nearest neighbours.**

**Part 2: 20% for testing (to check how well it learned)**

**Predictions Results:**

[21.91, 35.43, 26.14, 20.68, 46.30, 45.80, 27.98, 26.84, 15.38, 34.83]

**Actual Results:**

[21.04, 20.62, 18.48, 14.78, 48.82, 52.19, 27.58, 25.23, 14.77, 35.97]

A few predictions are off by margin (e.g., 35.43 vs 20.62, 45.80 vs 52.19).

**Test MSE: 2770.76**



# *Results from regression*

**Trained MSE < Test MSE**  
**1152.51 < 2770.76**

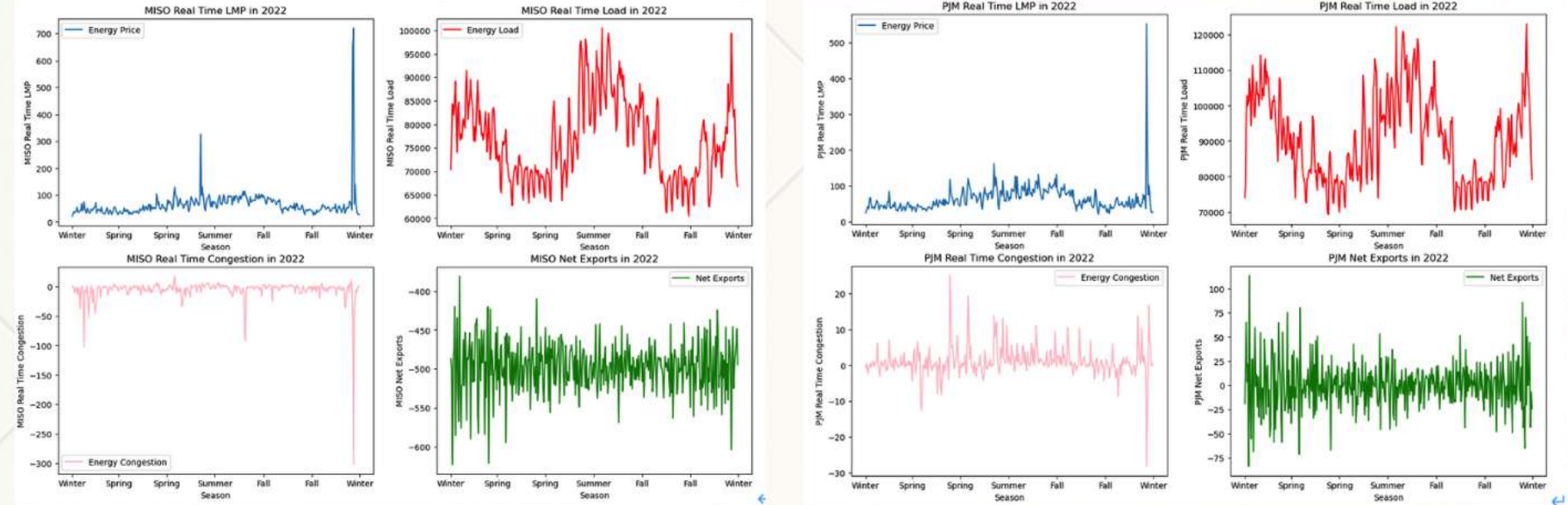
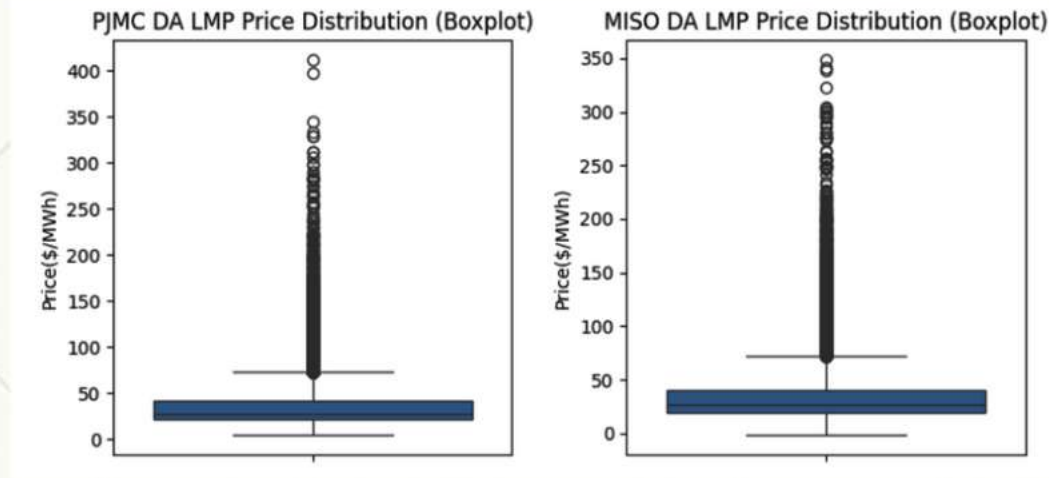
- **Overfitting** - Memorize training data instead of realistic patterns

- Prediction results were relatively accurate compared to the actual results, indicating some patterns captured from the data

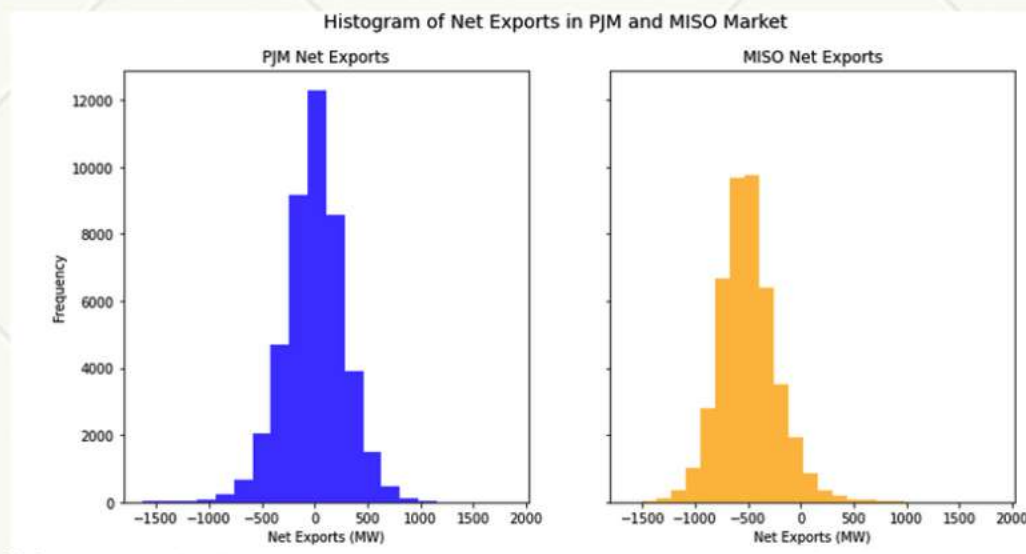
**Link back to our objective:**

- The model performs well on the training data and shows some accurate predictions on the test set
- However, due to the high test MSE, its real-world forecasting ability is limited at this stage.

- Our Goal: Forecast electricity demand and prices in the PJM and MISO markets



# Summary & Conclusion



## Key Finding:

- Electricity loads are seasonal (summer and winter)
- Price volatility is high and unpredictable
- PJM has more stable congestion forecasts
- MISO shows more efficient grid control (based on ACE)





***Thank You!***

Canva