Project 3 Help

Oct 31, 2019
DCSLab
SNU Operating Systems

Notice

Delay

1 day :   -10%

2 days :   -15%

3 ~ 5 days: -50%

Peer review

Today's presentation

Team 3 , 7

어서 와 ~~Lock~~은 처음이지?

Project 3 Overview

- Implement rotation-based read/write lock
- Each lock has a "rotation range"
  - Every lock can be acquired when the current rotation is in the rotation range
  - Or, it is blocked until the current rotation is located in the rotation range
- Read lock could be acquired when no acquired **write** lock range is overlapping with its range
- Write lock could be acquired when no acquired **read/write** lock range is overlapping with its range
  - Exclusive access

Rotation Range

- 1 axis: rotation(use daemon)
  - Actually, Tizen orientation has three axes! (Azimuth, Pitch, Roll)

Lock (degree, range) = [(degree - range), (degree + range)]

- Rotation ranges are **inclusive**
  - Ex) [30, 60], [60, 90] are overlapped
- Rotation ranges are **circular**
  - Ex) [330, 30] and [30, 330]
  - [330 … 0 … 30]
  - [30 … 180 … 330]
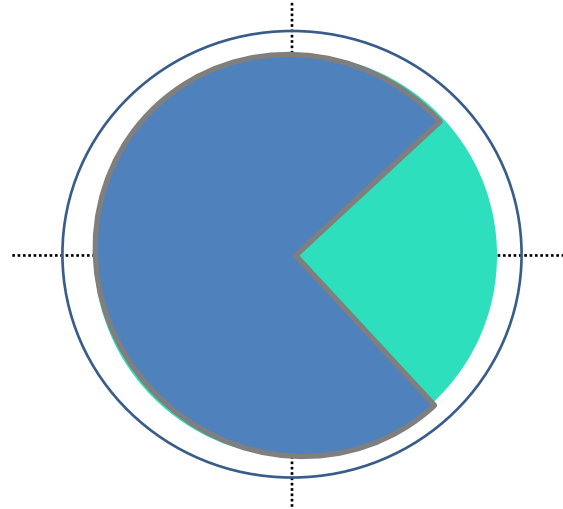
Range Example (1)

- Rotation 1
  - degree = 30
  - range = 30

- Rotation 2
  - degree = 45
  - range = 30

Are they overlapped?

Range Example (1)

- Rotation 1
  - degree = 30
  - range = 30
- Rotation 1
  - [0, 60]

Are they overlapped?

Yes!

- Rotation 2
  - degree = 45
  - range = 30
- Rotation 2
  - [15, 75]

Range Example (2)

- Rotation 1
  - degree = 30
  - range = 60

- Rotation 2
  - degree = 315
  - range = 30

Are they overlapped?

Range Example (2)
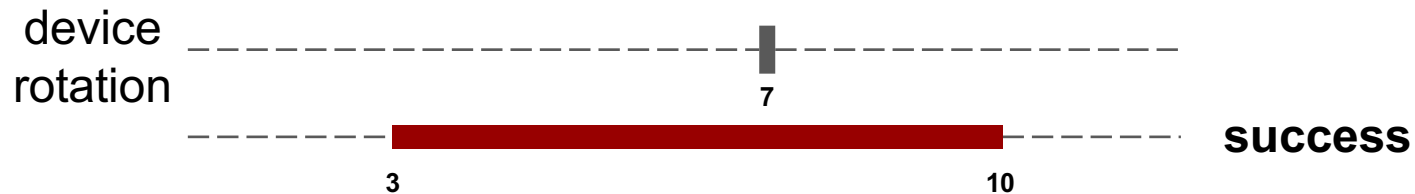
- Rotation 1
  - degree = 30
  - range = 60
- Rotation 1
  - [0, 90] + [330, 360]

Are they overlapped?

Yes!

- Rotation 2
  - degree = 315
  - range = 30
- Rotation 2
  - [285, 345]

Rotation Lock Example

rotlock_write(3-10)

device
rotation

7

3   10

success

writer

reader

Rotation Lock Example

rotlock_write(1-4)
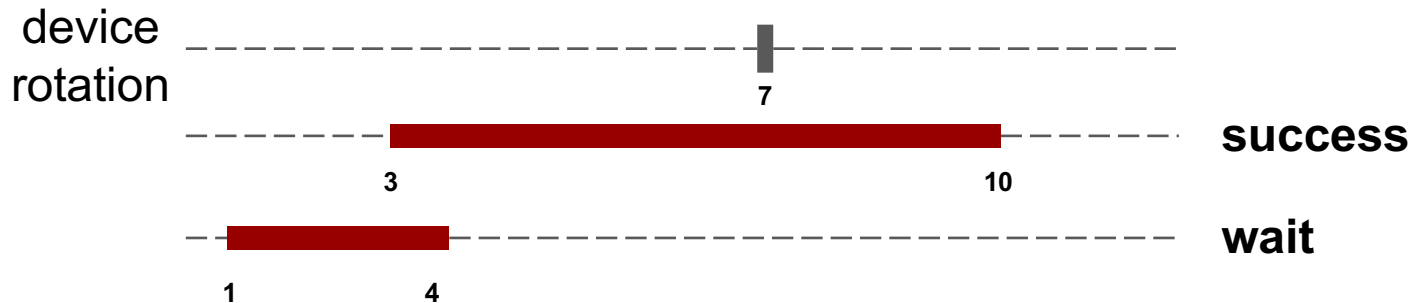
device
rotation

7

success
3   10

wait
1   4

writer
reader

Rotation Lock Example
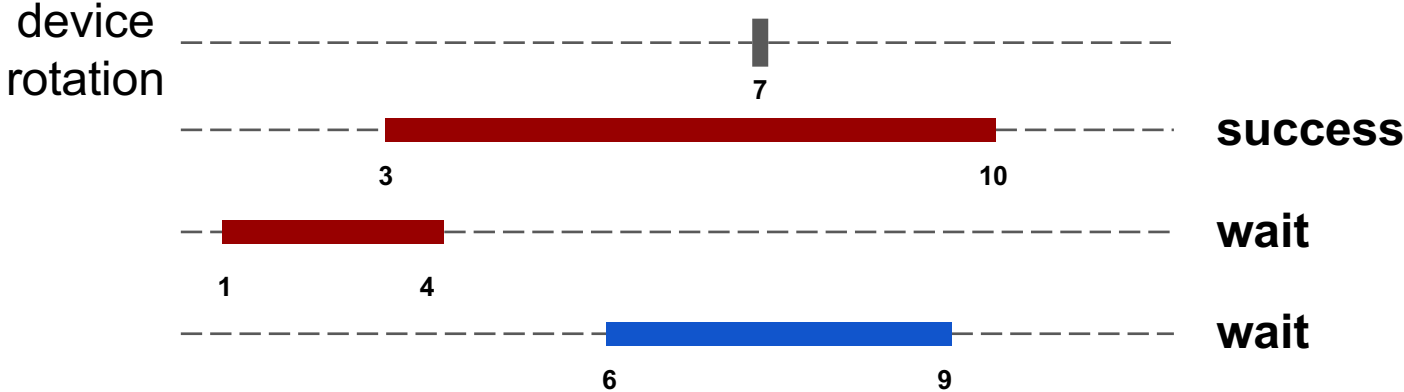
rotlock_read(6-9)

Rotation Lock Example

rotlock_read(6-8)
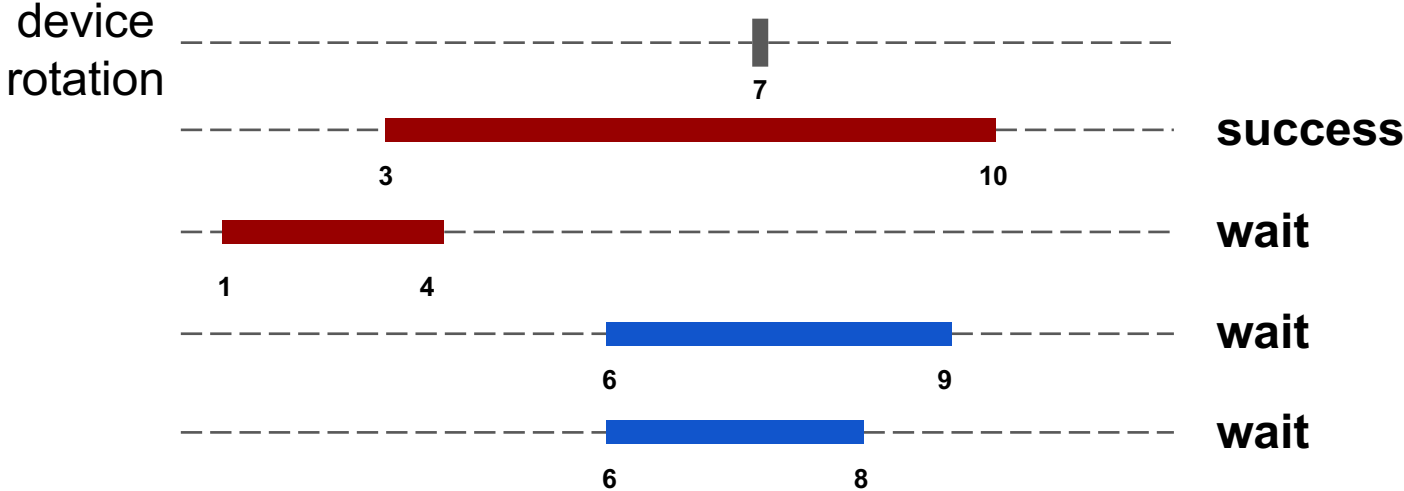
Rotation Lock Example

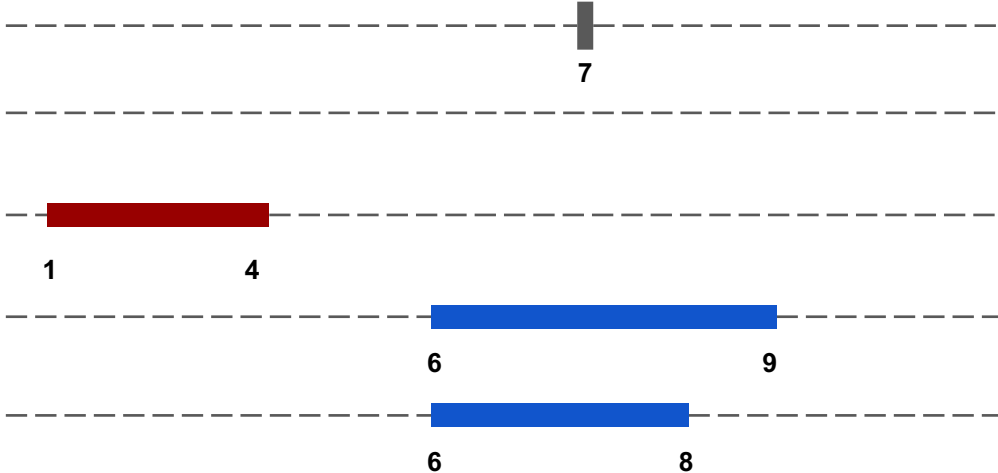rotunlock_write(3-10)

Rotation Lock Example

Rotation Lock Example

Device rotation changed to 3
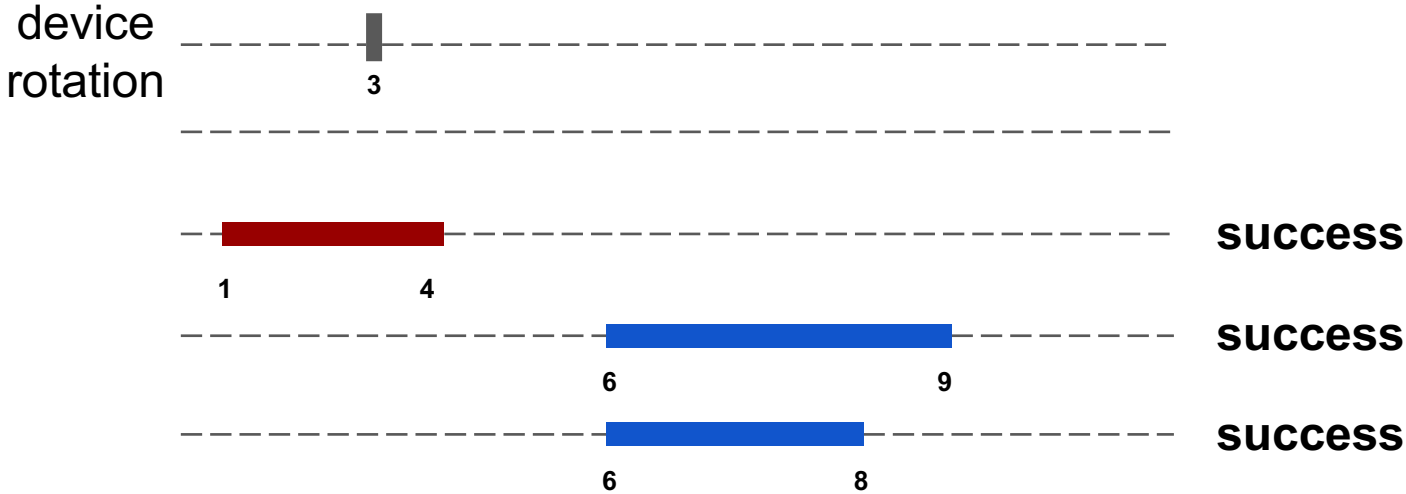
Preventing writer starvation

- You should implement a policy for preventing starvation of writers
    - Why? If reader comes in infinitely, a writer could wait forever!
- **If a reader holds a lock and a writer wants to take the lock, no more readers can take the lock**
- If you design your own *additional* policy, explain that in your README.md file, report, and slides!
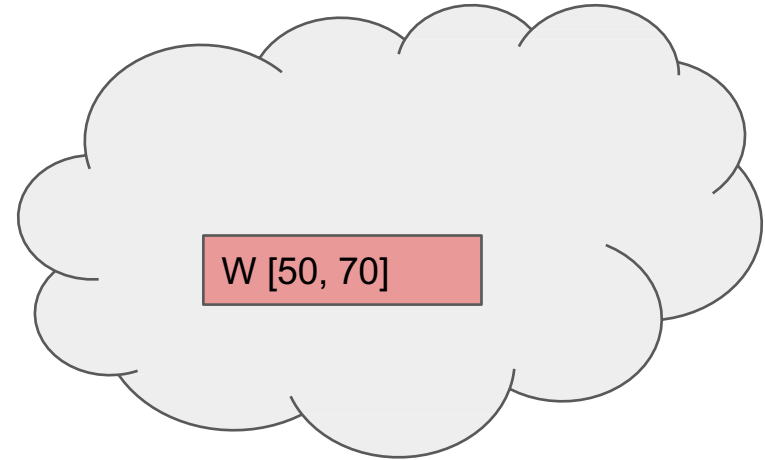
How to prevent writer starvation?

- A write lock is waiting for the rotation changes & the reader to release its lock

Acquired locks

R [0, 60]

Waiting locks
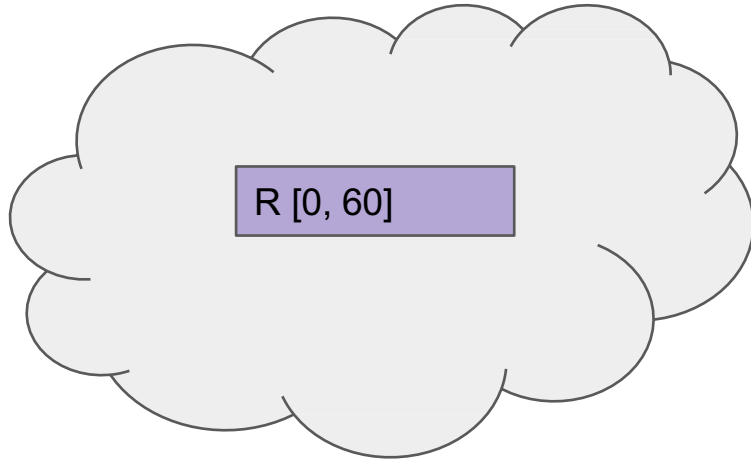
W [50, 70]
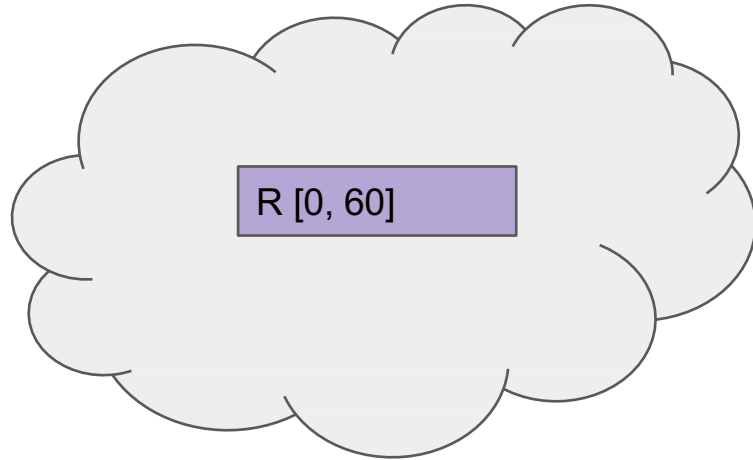
Current Rotation = 40

How to prevent writer starvation?

- A read lock [40, 60] came

Acquired locks

R [0, 60]

Waiting locks

R [40, 60]

W [50, 70]

Current Rotation = 40
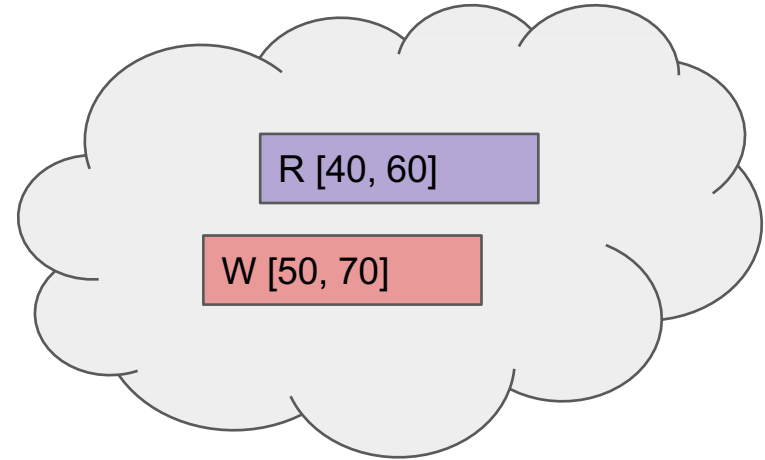
How to prevent writer starvation?

- 40 ∈ [40, 60] → Acquires its lock immediately

Acquired locks

R [0, 60]

R [40, 60]

Waiting locks

W [50, 70]
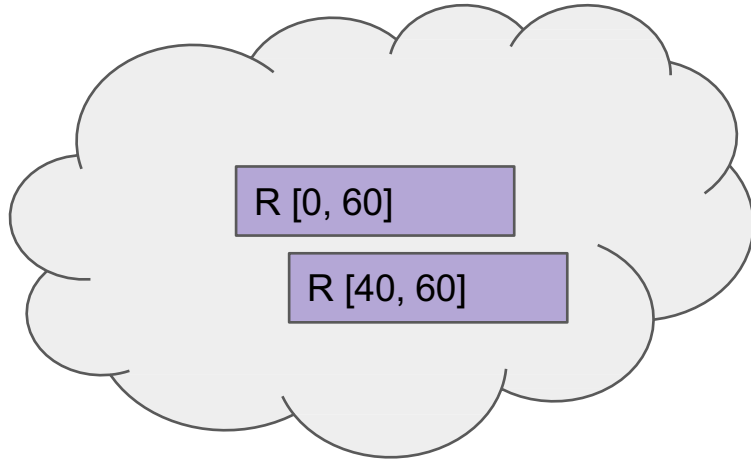
Current Rotation = 40
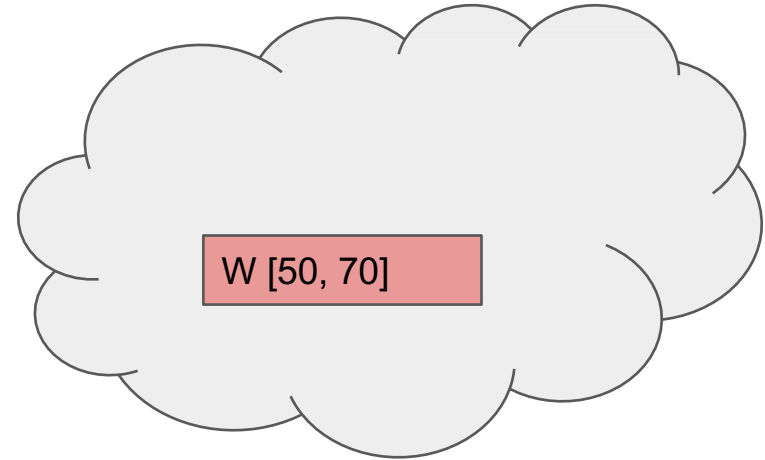
How to prevent writer starvation?

- R [0, 60] releases its lock

Acquired locks

R [40, 60]

Waiting locks

W [50, 70]
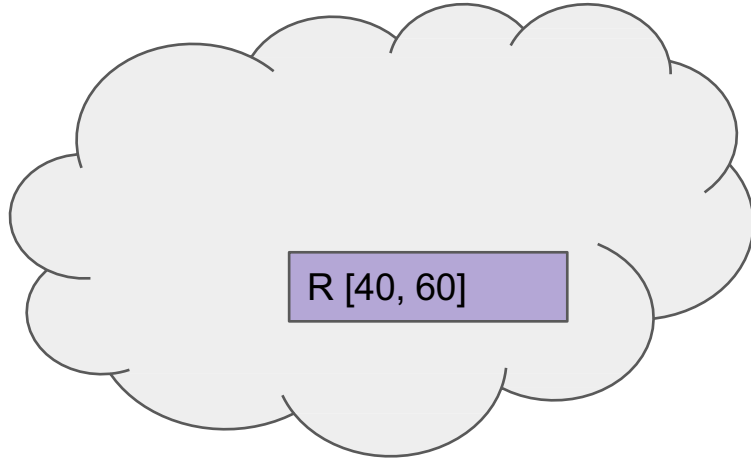
Current Rotation = 40
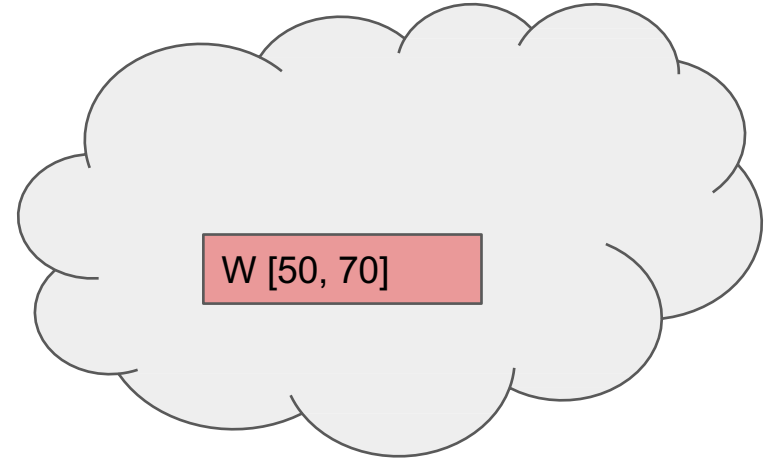
How to prevent writer starvation?

- Rotation changes 40 → 50

Acquired locks

R [40, 60]
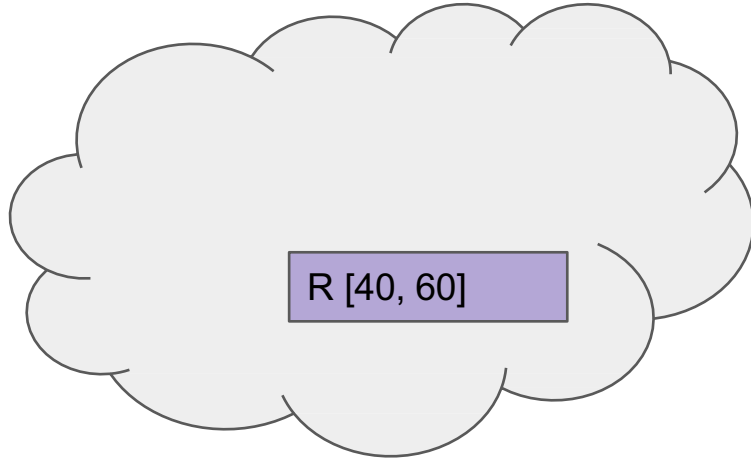
Waiting locks

W [50, 70]

Current Rotation = 50
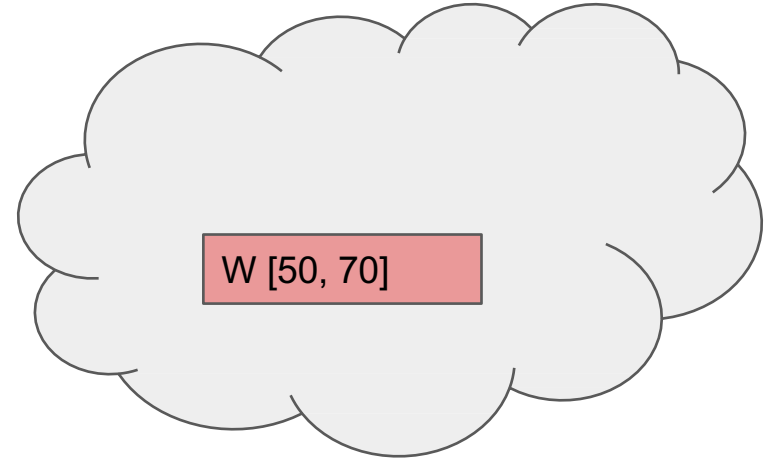
How to prevent writer starvation?

- A read lock [45, 55] came
- $50 \in [45, 55]$ but cannot acquire its lock, because ...

Acquired locks

Waiting locks

R [40, 60]

R [45, 55]
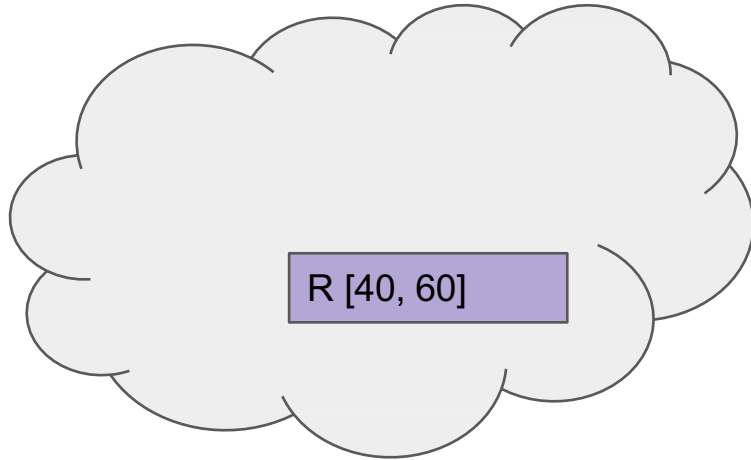
W [50, 70]

Current Rotation = 50
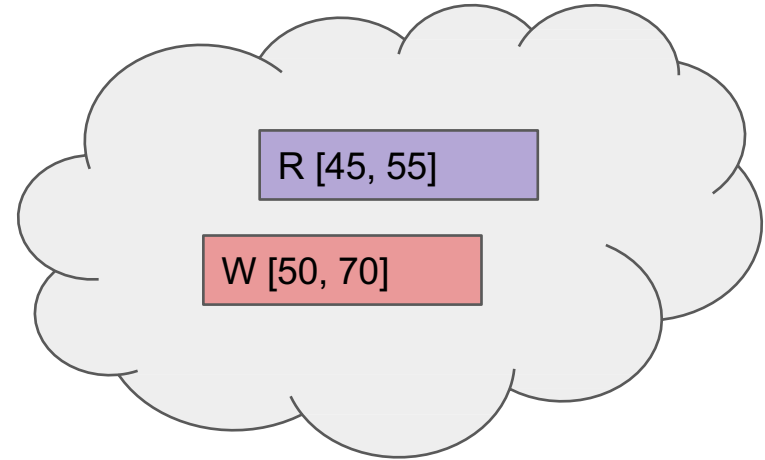
How to prevent writer starvation?

- W [50, 70] is waiting and 50 ∈ [50, 70]
- W [50, 70] is waiting for R [40, 60] to release its lock
- [45, 55] overlaps with [50, 70]

Acquired locks
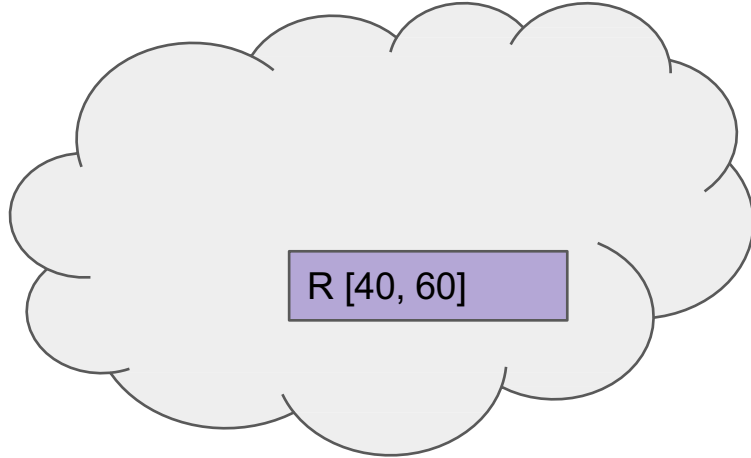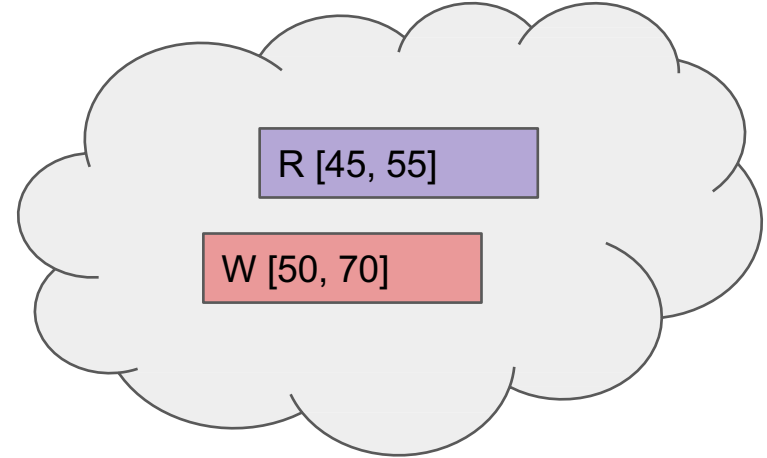
Waiting locks

R [40, 60]

R [45, 55]

W [50, 70]

Current Rotation = 50

How to prevent writer starvation?

- W [50, 70]
- W [50, 70]
- [45, 55] o

If a reader holds a lock
and a writer wants to take
the lock,
no more readers can take
the lock

R [45, 55]

W [50, 70]

R [40, 60]

Current Rotation = 50

How to prevent writer starvation?

- W [50, 70]
- W [50, 70]
- [45, 55] o

If a reader(R[40, 60]) holds a lock
and a writer(W[50, 70]) wants to take(50 ∈ [50, 70])
the lock([40, 60] overlaps with [50, 70], waiting),
no more readers(R[45, 55])
can take the lock([45, 55] overlaps with [50, 70])

R [45, 55]

W [50, 70]

R [40, 60]
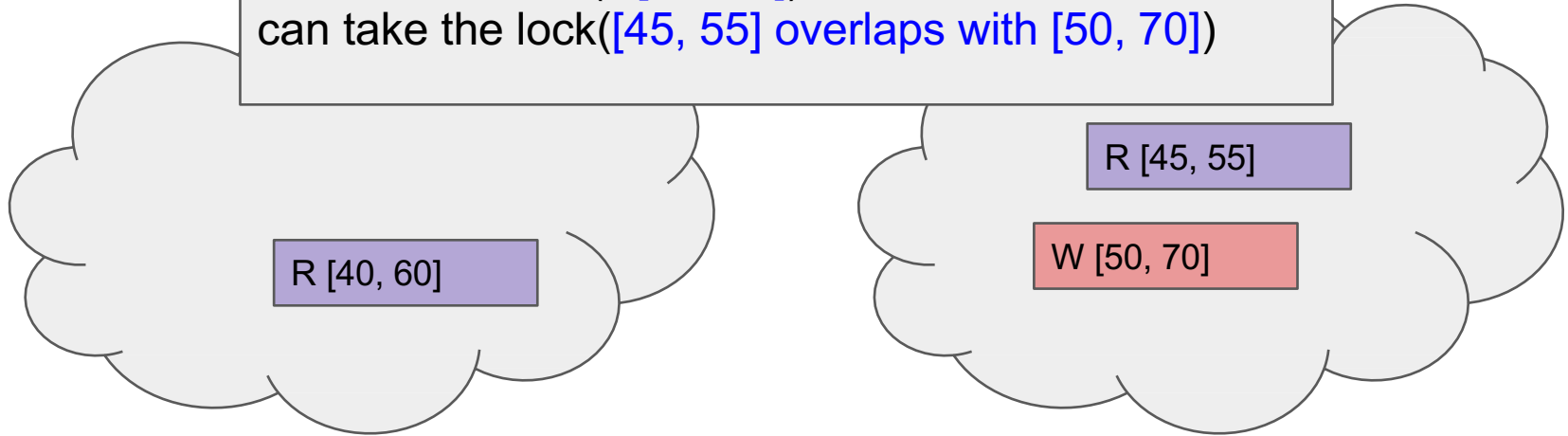
Current Rotation = 50

How to prevent writer starvation?

● Rotation changes 50 → 45

Acquired locks

R [40, 60]
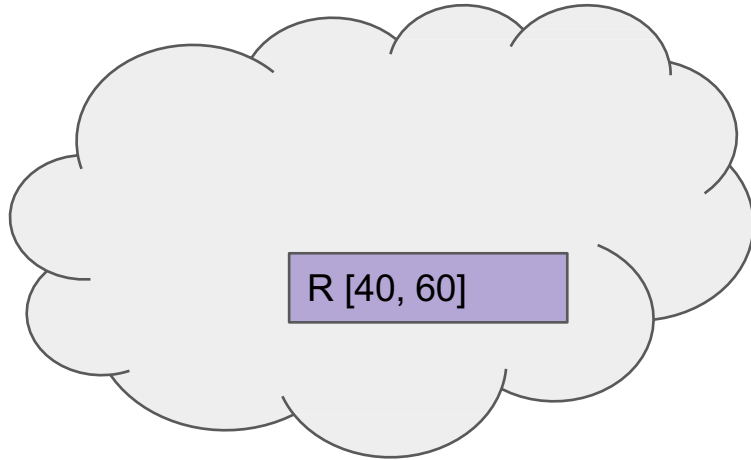
Waiting locks

R [45, 55]

W [50, 70]

Current Rotation = 45
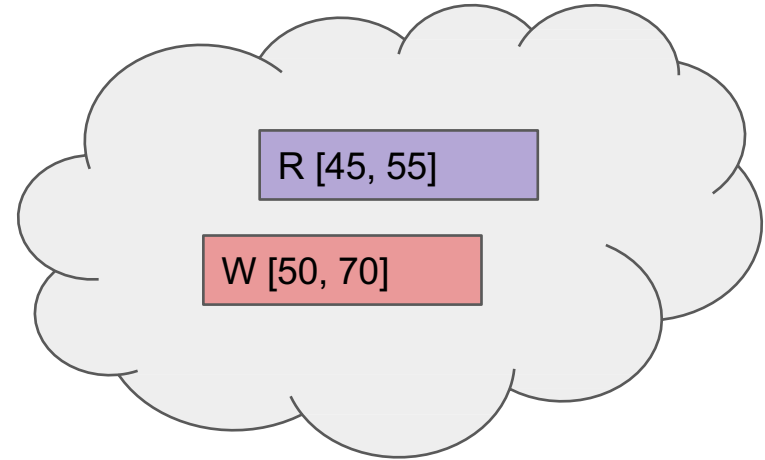
How to prevent writer starvation?

- W [50, 70] cannot grab its lock anymore (∵ 45 ∉ [50, 70])
- Starvation prevention policy is no more applied → R [45, 55] acquires its lock

Acquired locks

R [45, 55]

R [40, 60]

Waiting locks

W [50, 70]
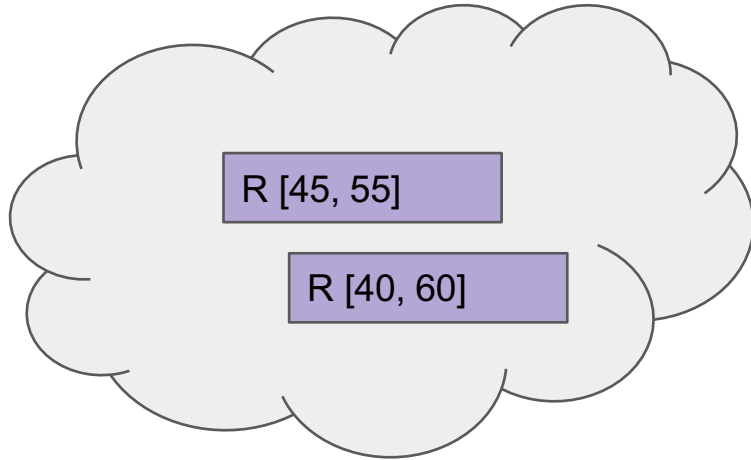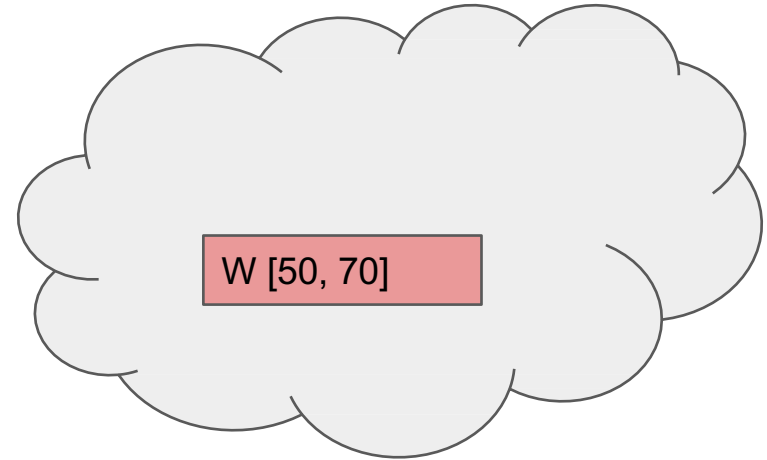
Current Rotation = 45

Terminating routine

- When a thread that has some holding or waiting locks is terminating, the remaining locks should be released (holding) or removed (waiting).
- Hints
  - exit_rotlock() in kernel/rotation.c
    - Release holding locks
    - Remove waiting locks
  - Inject exit_rotlock() to do_exit() in kernel/exit.c

Isolation

- Multiple processes shares same rotation lock system.
  - You have to identify which process (thread) the lock belongs to.
- A process can't release locks that other processes hold.
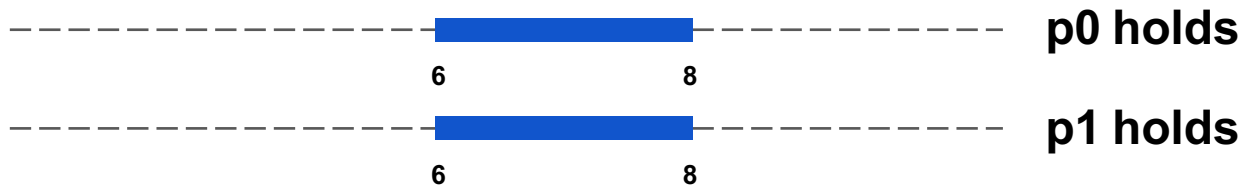
Isolation

- A process can't release locks that other processes hold.
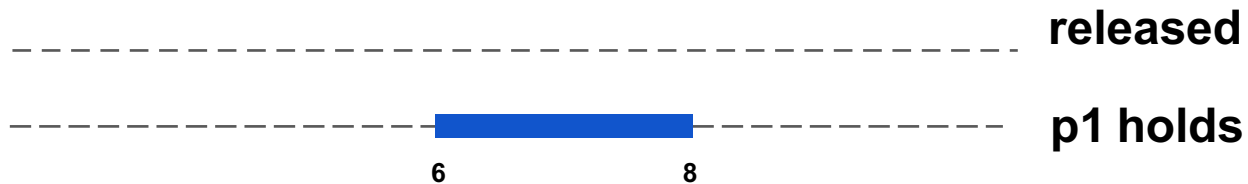
p0 calls unlock(6-8)

Isolation

- A process can't release locks that other processes hold.

p0 calls unlock(6-8) **again**

released

**p1 holds
(not released)**

6   8
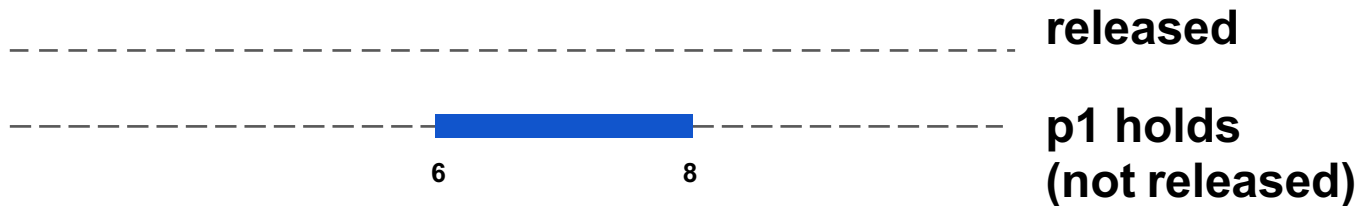
Some hints for doing your project

- You will create things like acquired lock list and waiting lock list
  - Different approaches are also possible :)
  - Ex) Bitmap, linked list, ...
- Accessing those lists could result in race conditions
  - Remind: RPI3 has 4 cores
  - You should carefully design your code to prevent possible race conditions
    - Ex) One thread is removing a lock from waiting list, but another thread can access to the waiting list at the same time

Some hints for doing your project

- Possible approaches
  - Global
    - Ex) Manage acquired lock list and waiting lock list using a same lock
  - Fine-grained
    - Ex) Manage acquired lock list and waiting lock list using separated locks
    - Better concurrency, more complicated :)
- Synchronization mechanism
  - Spin Lock
    - Eligible for short sleep (e.g. short list iteration)
  - RCU (Read-Copy-Update)
  - …

Some hints for doing your project

- How to block processes || How to wake up blocked processes
  - You may use - Study by yourself :)
    - Wait Queue (Starts with DECLARE_WAIT_QUEUE_HEAD)
    - Condition Variable (Define your own CV)
    - Mutex
    - ...

Some hints for doing your project

- Lists could be changed during iteration
  - list_for_each_entry_safe could be useful to you
- Please remember that …
  - The rotation range is **circular!**
    - You should implement a logic for determining two circular ranges are overlapping or not
  - Be aware of deadlocks!

Selector & Trial

- Selector & Trial require a same lock (**0 <= range <= 180)**
  - If current rotation is 240, both selector & trial wait.
- When the device rotation is out of that range, both Selector & Trial stop working
- When the device rotation gets inside that range, Selector & Trial start to work

Selector & Trial

Selector	Trial

write_lock ——————————————

—————————————— read_lock & wait

10

write_unlock ——————— acquire lock

write_lock & wait ————————————

10 = 2 * 5

acquire lock ——————— read_unlock

About submission (IMPORTANT!)

- Make sure your branch name: *proj3*
- Don't be late!
  - TA will not grade the commits after the deadline.
- Slides and Demo
  - Send it to the TA's email (os-tas@dcslab.snu.ac.kr) before the deadline.
  - Title: **[OS-ProjX] TeamX slides&demo submission**
  - File name: **TeamX-slides.ppt(.pdf)**, **TeamX-demo.mp4(.avi….)**
- **Save your C program as: test/selector.c, test/trial.c**
- Check for format : slides title / demo name / test file names / branch name and directory name
- Please aggregate your demo videos (=submit only one video!)

Announcement

- Deadline
  - Due: 2019-11-21 Thursday 13:00.
- Check your source code before submission
  - There were some codes which were not compiled….

Q & A