

AtoM Worksheet

AtoM 101 Exercises - AtoMCamp

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What is AtoM?

AtoM is a web-based, open source application that allows you to arrange, describe, and provide access to your content following national and international archival standards and best practices. AtoM is a multilingual application, supporting translation of both your content and the user interface. It also includes multi-repository support, so you can use AtoM as a union catalogue or portal site for many different institutions. Learn more by looking at the following introductory slide deck:

http://www.slideshare.net/accesstomemory/introducing-access-to-memory

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Getting started

By the end of this workshop you should be able to:

- Navigate through the major modules of the application
- Search and browse for the major entity types found in AtoM
- Create a new set of linked entities archival description, authority record, repository
- Customize the look of an archival institution
- Generate an archival description from an accession record
- Import an archival description
- Perform basic site customization and administration
- Create new user accounts, user groups, and customize access permissions
- Create new static pages and customize the menus found in AtoM's header bar

Documentation

Throughout the training, we will be including links to the documentation with each training task. You can find all of AtoM's documentation here:

https://www.accesstomemory.org/docs/latest/

The following exercises are text based, and therefore assume a bit of knowledge about archival terminology, or AtoM-specific terminology in some cases (though we have tried to reduce this). To aid with navigation and comprehension, here are 2 other documentation links that might come in handy - general information on Navigation, an introduction to the main entities in AtoM, and a Glossary of terms used throughout the documentation:

- AtoM Glossary of terms
- Introduction to main AtoM entity types
- Navigation in AtoM

Logging in to the application

All of the following tasks, except for Task #1, expect that you will be logged in. The login button is in the top right corner of the AtoM header bar (available on every page in AtoM), and the credentials for the Administrator account we will be using are:

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Suite 201 – 301 Sixth Street New Westminster, BC Canada V3L 3A7 (tel) 604.527.2056 (fax) 888.607.8022 www.artefactual.com



User: demo@example.com

• Pass: demo

For more information on logging in, see: Logging in documentation

Task #0 - Assemble some testing data

In the following tasks we will be uploading descriptions and digital objects, theming a repository record, and more. Some of these tasks will require that you have some test data to work with. You are welcome to use your own materials if desired. To simplify the process, we have also created a public folder of some sample materials that can be used while testing the application - digital objects, CSV and XML samples, repository logos and banners, and more. You can find this material here:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3J7UAy4Km1eU0poLVFjdkFYblE?usp=sharing

These exercises are based on the AtoM demo data. If you are going to use your own materials, some activities may not work as outlined (such as searching for specific records, etc). Also: Be aware that since we'll be uploading through the user interface, you will want smaller sizes for your digital objects - most browsers have built-in timeout limits and if you try to execute a long-running request such as a large upload, the browser might time out before the operation completes! Start with a JPG and a smaller PDF as examples.

Note that AtoM CSV templates are always available on our wiki, here:

https://wiki.accesstomemory.org/Resources/CSV_templates

Let's begin!

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(tel) 604.527.2056 (fax) 888.607.8022 www.artefactual.com



Task #1 - Search and browse (archival descriptions)

Description: To familiarize you with AtoM's search and browse interface, let's try a few searches, and then we'll see if you can locate specific content in our demo data. We'll look at how AtoM's global search bar will support Boolean operators such as AND, OR, and NOT, and how different facets and filters can be used to further refine your results.

Relevant documentation:

- Search documentation
- Browse documentation
- Advanced search documentation

Task:

- Place your cursor in the global search box
- Enter the search term "ontario" and press enter. How many results are returned?
- Let's add some complexity. Place your cursor back into the global search box. Now change the query to read: "ontario AND lake AND NOT toronto" and press enter. How many results now? (Note - case matters for the Boolean search terms! Make sure that AND and AND NOT are capitalized)
- Above the search results, there is an option to limit the results to only those with digital objects (e.g. "3 results with digital objects. Show results with digital objects."). Click this. AtoM will limit the remaining results to only those that include a digital object.

Note - you can always click on the Advanced search options above the results to reveal more filters available to refine your search.

Questions:

- Who took the photograph of the lake in the remaining search results?
- Clear the search filters. How many videos are in the AtoM sample data? How did you figure this out?
- How many items created between 1900 and 1930 are marked as being under copyright?
- How many descriptions are held by the Yukon Archives?

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Task #2 - Create a collection and link it to other entities

Description: creating descriptions and linking them to other entities (such as an archival institution, an authority record, a subject and place access point, etc) is one of the core activities in AtoM. In this task, we'll walk through creating a new description and linking it to other entities on the fly (aka without leaving the edit page). You will then be able to navigate to the new linked entities you've created and supplement those records with further information.

Relevant documentation:

- Archival description documentation
- ISAD(G) template guidance

Task:

- First make sure you are logged in to the application the login button is in the top right corner, and the credentials are:
 - User: demo@example.com
 - Pass: demo
- Click on the "Add" menu (the + plus icon in the AtoM header bar) and select "Archival description"
- AtoM will open a new blank description template with all information areas closed. Click on any of the information area headers to make the section expand for data entry.
- In the Identity area:
 - o Add an identifier and give your description a title
 - Give it a date of creation the first date field is free text, where you can use typography to represent approximation or uncertainty. The Start and End date fields are not seen by public users - they expect ISO 8601 formatted dates (YYYY, YYYY-MM, or YYYY-MM-DD) and are used for date range searching.
 - o Choose "Collection" from the levels of description drop-down menu
 - Using the "Add new child levels" widget, add 2 item level descriptions
 - Leave the Extent and medium field empty for now.
- In the Context area:

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- Let's link to an existing authority record. Place your cursor in the "Creator" field and wait a moment. You'll see results start to appear. Start slowly typing "wain" until you see "Wainwright, Andy" appear in the drop-down menu - click on it to select that as our creator.
- Note that another Creator field will appear after you have linked to Andy Wainwright. Now let's create a new authority record on the fly, without leaving this edit page. Enter your own name in the new Creator field that has appeared!
- o In the Repository field, create a new repository enter whatever you'd like
- In the Content and structure area:
 - Add a scope and content to your description
- In the Access points area
 - The subject, place, and genre access point fields are all autocomplete drop-downs, similar to the creator and repository fields above. See if you can select one existing term, and create one new one on the fly, for each access point type: subjects, places, and genres.
- When you're ready, scroll to the bottom of the page, and click the "Create" button. AtoM will save your description, and create stub records for each of the new entities we created on the fly from within the archival description edit template (so we can navigate to them and supplement them later). You'll be redirected to the view page for your description so you can review your work.

Questions:

Where is the biographical history or Andy Wainwright that now appears in your description coming from? Can you add one for yourself?

Can you find the child item records you created? If so, navigate to them. You can always enter edit mode to supplement them if you want. What happens if you hover over the repository name on the item record?

We left the Extent and medium field blank during our task, but ISAD(G) considers this a mandatory field. What do you see when you save the record?

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Task #3 - Edit and theme a repository

Description: In task 2, we created a new repository simply by entering a new repository name in the edit page of a new archival description. At this point your new repository (AKA archival institution) only has a name, however. In this task, we'll have the opportunity to supplement it a bit. AtoM will also allow users to upload custom logos and banners to a repository page, choose a custom background color, and even add some custom HTML and inline CSS content at the top of the page if desired. At the end of this task, you should have at least a logo and a custom background color added to your new repository record.

Relevant documentation:

- Archival institutions documentation
- Browse archival institutions documentation
- Search archival institutions documentation
- Archival institution theming documentation

Task 3a - edit the repository record:

- If you're still on the view page of the archival description you've created, you can click the hyperlink in the body of the record to the repository AtoM will redirect you to the archival institution's view page. Alternatively, you can use the browse menu in AtoM header bar to navigate to the archival institution browse page, and then either browse or search for your repository. Navigate to the view page for the archival institution you want to edit.
- Let's supplement our archival institution record a bit first. In the button bar at the bottom of the page, click the Edit button to enter edit mode. AtoM will open the repository record with all information areas closed click on one to expand it and supplement it.
- In the Identity area:
 - Add an identifier for your repository record
 - In the Type field, choose one of the existing repository types. The field is an autocomplete - you can begin typing to narrow the list down or reveal more options, and then select from the drop-down menu that appears.
- In the Contact area:

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- Click the "Add new" button to add an address. Make sure you include a city/town/locale and a country under the Physical location tab of the contact information pop-up.
- Feel free to supplement a few of the other fields in the other areas as well
- In the Access points area:
 - In the Thematic area field, add one existing access point and one new access point using the autocomplete drop-down.
- When you're ready, click the "Save" button at the bottom of the edit page. AtoM will
 redirect you to the view page for your archival institution record so you can review your
 changes.

3a Questions:

- What other changes can you identify on the view page after you added and saved your repository contact information?
- Can you find where the relationship to the archival description you linked to this repository is displayed on this view page?
- Let's return to *Browse > Archival institutions*. What effects have the information you added to your repository record had on the browse options available on this page (e.g. the facets and filters)? Test out a search for your repository as well based on some of the information you've added. How could you supplement your repository record further to help users discover it?
- Now let's return to the linked archival description you created. Take a look at the identifier as it is now displayed on your description what has changed? Where is this information coming from? (Hint you can check out some documentation here)

Task 3b - Add some basic theming to your repository record

For this task, we'll need a banner and a logo. In AtoM the requirements for these are:

- Banner: PNG format, no larger than 800px width by 300px height, file size no larger than 256k
- Logo: PNG format, no larger than 270px by 270px, file size no larger than 256k

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You can either create your own test images (so long as they conform to the recommendations above!), or you can use some of the samples we've prepared - there is a folder in the following directory named "Repository logos and banners" with some materials you can download:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3J7UAy4Km1eU0poLVFjdkFYblE?usp=sharing

Let's begin!

- From the archival institution view page, click the "Edit theme" button in the button block at the bottom of the page. AtoM will redirect you to an edit page
- In the Style area, click into the "Background color" field AtoM will display a color palette.

 Use the slider on the right to select a hue, and refine the tone with the palette
- Use the Browse button in the Logo area to select a logo from your local computer for upload
- In the Page content area, try adding the following code to the "Description" field:
 - o <iframe width="670" height="400"
 src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/kkPYSuSK77k" frameborder="0"
 allowfullscreen></iframe>
- When you are ready, click the "Save" button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will apply
 your changes and redirect you to the archival institution's view page so you can review
 your work.

3b Questions:

- Return to the view page of the archival description you have linked to this repository record. What has changed?
- How might you use the custom "Page content" part of the theming in your institution what else might we add to this area?

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Task #4 - Generate an archival description from an accession record

Description: Many archivists will use AtoM's accessions module to inventory and gain intellectual control over new archival materials received or acquired by the institution. AtoM will allow you to create basic accession records, capture donor contact information, add accrual and deaccession records, and even generate an archival description from an accession record, which you can then supplement with further information. In this exercise, we will work with an existing accession record and try generating an archival description from it.

Relevant documentation:

- Accession record documentation
- Publish an archival description documentation

Task:

- In the AtoM header bar, click on the Manage menu (the pencil icon), and click "Accessions." AtoM will redirect you to the Accessions browse page.
- Click on the "McPhee Goldmining Collection." AtoM will take you to the view page for that accession record.
- At the bottom of the page, click on the Edit button to enter edit mode. AtoM will take you
 to the edit page for the McPhee Goldmining Collection
- In the Administrative area, let's add a creator, some dates of creation, and some data in the "Appraisal, destruction and scheduling" field. When you're done making your edits, scroll down and click the Save button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will take you back to the accession record's view page so you can review your changes
- We're ready to generate an archival description from this accession record! In the button block at the bottom of the page, click the "Create Archival description" button. AtoM will create a description from the accession and redirect you to the view page - take a good look at what information came from the accession record, and what information is not present
- Click the Edit button at the bottom of the page and supplement your new description link it to the repository you created, give it an identifier, and make any other changes you desire. Save your changes.

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• Let's publish our description so it is publicly visible. Click on the "More" button at the bottom of the page, and select "Update publication status," and then change the description from Draft to Published and submit your changes by clicking the "Update" button. AtoM will return you to the archival description.

Questions:

- How is the link to the accession record displayed on the archival description we generated? How is it displayed on the accession record?
- What fields were carried over from the accession record when you generated an archival description?
- Try logging out and then returning to the archival description what is not displayed?

Task #5 - Import an archival description

Description: AtoM includes the ability to import many different entities in XML and CSV formats. In this exercise, we will try importing a simple archival description using the 2.3 ISAD CSV sample. You can find this sample on the AtoM wiki (here), and samples are always included within AtoM's code as well at lib/task/import/example - for example, see them here in our GitHub code repository for the 2.3 release. You can also find a sample in the training materials **CSV** file provided for this workshop the called we want is "example information objects isad 2.3.csv":

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0B3J7UAy4Km1eU0poLVFjdkFYblE?usp=sharing

Relevant documentation:

- CSV import documentation
- CSV archival descriptions import via the user interface documentation

Task:

- Using the main menu in the AtoM header bar, click on the Import menu (the icon with the down-facing arrow in it), and select "CSV." AtoM will redirect you to the CSV import page.
- Make sure the "Type" drop-down menu is set to "Archival description"

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- Click the Browse button to select your CSV from your local computer. Choose the AtoM
 2.3 ISAD CSV import example template.
- When you're ready, click the Import button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will begin
 the import process, and when it is complete, it will give you the option to Browse archival
 descriptions so you can find and review your content. Your new archival description
 should be near the top of the list, called "Example fonds." View the new archival
 description created.

Questions:

- Where did the image come from? Can you locate where it is in the CSV you uploaded?
- Try editing the CSV change the title, repository, identifier, and/or other values, and reimport it as a new description.
- Edit the archival description in the Administration area of the edit page for your description, change the Display standard from ISAD to another standard, and save. Notice what information remains, and what is hidden. Can you see how the templates are crosswalked internally? What happens to the hidden information if you change the standard display template back to ISAD(G)?

Task #6 - Change some general settings in AtoM

Description: AtoM is a highly customizable application. In this section, we will look at some of the basic changes you can make to your site via the general settings. We'll barely scratch the surface of all the settings available, but it should give you a sense of what's possible.

Relevant documentation:

Settings documentation

Task 6a - change some Global settings:

Using the main menu located in the AtoM header Bar, open the Admin tab (the gears icon) and select "Settings." AtoM will redirect you to the Settings page. By default, it will display the Global settings first - you can view other settings pages using the navigation menu on the left, but for now, we're going to change some of the Global settings.

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- Change the value of the "Results per page" from 10 to 20.
- Change the "Inherit reference code" setting from yes to no
- Change the Treeview type setting from "sidebar" to "full-width"
- Change the Default repository view setting from "card" to "table"
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click Save.

6a Questions:

- Return to the archival description you created in task 2. What has changed (hint it's not just the treeview)?
- To explore the full-width treeview with a larger descriptive hierarchy, locate the "Kantokoski (Koski), Koivula & Korpela Family" fonds, and try:
 - Using your keyboard keys to navigate the full-width treeview can you figure out how to open and close folders with child records beneath them?
 - Clicking on a different description in the treeview to see how the page loads the description below immediately
- Navigate to Browse > Archival institutions. The default view has changed! Can you figure
 out how to flip it back to the card view on the browse page?

Task 6b - Change the site information and default page elements

- Return to *Admin > Settings* and, using the menu on the left of the page, click on the "Site information" tab. AtoM will reload the page to show the related settings.
- Change the site title and the site description, and click Save.
- Use the menu to navigate to the "Default page elements" settings.
- Uncheck the settings for the Logo, the Language menu, and the Digital object carousel
- Check the setting for the Description
- Click the "Save" button. AtoM will reload the page and apply your changes.

6b Questions:

- What has changed with the AtoM header bar?
- Return to the "Kantokoski (Koski), Koivula & Korpela Family" fonds we looked at as part
 of the questions for Task 6a. What is different?

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- Can you figure out what the settings for the "Copyright status filter" and the "General material designation filter" in the Default page elements settings do? (Hint: it has to do with search.)
- What happens if you add a really long site title when the title is shown in the header bar?
 (hint: it's not good)

Task 6c - Enable the inventory list

- Let's return to Admin > Settings. Using the settings menu on the left side of the page,
 select the "Inventory" option AtoM will reload the page to display the inventory settings
- The page displays a list of the levels of description you can multi-select in this list by holding down the Ctrl (or Command on a Mac) key while clicking.
- Choose some of the lower levels of description to include File, Item, Part, Subseries, etc.
 Save your changes
- Navigate to an archival description that includes lower-level child records with a level of
 description that matches one of the choices you made in the inventory settings. For
 example, you could return to the "Kantokoski (Koski), Koivula & Korpela Family" fonds we
 looked at as part of the questions for Task 6a and 6b.
- There will be a new link in the "Explore" section of the right-hand menu next to the toplevel description, called "Inventory" - click on it
- AtoM will take you to the inventory list, which can be used to browse lower-level descriptions in a table-based view.

6c Questions:

- What happens when you click on one of the blue column header titles in the Inventory list? What if you click it more than once?
- How might a list like this be useful to a researcher? How does it differ in use from returning to the top-level description and clicking the "Browse as list" option in the righthand context menu instead?

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Task #7 - Manage Users, Groups, and Permissions

Description: AtoM allows you to customize permissions for users, or groups of users, in a highly granular manner. This exercise will introduce you to AtoM's permission module as we create a new group, add a new user to that group, and then add some custom permissions.

Relevant documentation:

- Managing users and groups documentation
- Editing permissions documentation

Task:

- Open the Admin menu in the AtoM header bar (the gears icon) and click on "Groups". AtoM will redirect you to the Groups view page.
- Click on the "Add new" button in the button block at the bottom of the page. AtoM will take you to an edit template for a new user group.
- Name the group "Volunteers." You can add a description if you wish, but it's not necessary. Click the "Create" button in the button block when you are done. AtoM will save your new group, and take you to the view page for the Volunteers group.
- There are tabs above the group name and description click on the "Archival description permissions" tab. AtoM will reload the page and display the default permissions settings for archival descriptions assigned to the new Volunteers group.
- Click on the Edit button in the button block at the bottom of the page. AtoM will reload the page in edit mode. Now we'll edit the permissions settings in the "All archival descriptions" section.
- Mark the following settings to "Deny." Set all others in this section to "Grant":
 - Delete
 - Publish
- Click on the header to open the "Permissions by Archival institution" section, and then click the "Add archival institution" link. AtoM will open a modal with an autocomplete drop-down. Start typing "University of British Columbia," and select the University of British Columbia Archives when it appears. AtoM will add a new permissions configuration section for the UBC Archives.
- For the UBC Archives, change all permissions to "Deny"

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- Click the Save button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will save your changes and reload the page in View mode.
- Now let's customize the taxonomy permissions. We don't want our volunteers to be creating new taxonomy terms (such as Subject, Place, and Genre access points) on the fly we want them to use the existing controlled values. Click the "Taxonomy permissions" tab at the top of the page. When the page reloads showing the Taxonomy permissions view page, click the Edit button at the bottom of the view page.
- Change all Taxonomy permissions for the Volunteers group to "Deny" and then save your changes
- Now we're ready to add a user to our new group. Open the Admin tab in the AtoM header (the gear icon), and select "Users". AtoM will take you to the Users view page. In the button block at the bottom of the page on the User view page, click the "Add new" button. AtoM will open a new edit page for creating user accounts.
- Let's create a new volunteer, called volunteer1. Enter the following:

Username: Volunteer1

Email: volunteer1@example.com

Pass: volunteer1

- In the Access control area, start typing "volunteer" into the autocomplete drop-down field, and then select the volunteers group when it appears in the drop-down.
- When you're ready, click on the "Create" button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will reload the page in view mode now we have a new User group called "volunteers," with a new user, "volunteer1," added to this group. Users in this group can create new descriptions, but they can't update them after creation, publish them, or delete them. When creating descriptions, they can only use existing taxonomy terms, and they shouldn't be able to save new terms created "on the fly" (such as subject or place access points) as we did in Task #2.

Questions:

- Log out, and then log back in as the new volunteer1 user. What's different? Can you delete a description?
- What happens when you try to access a description held by the UBC Archives? (example: "Bitter Paradise: The Sell-out of East Timor" fonds)
- Try logging back in with the demo account, and make some changes to figure out how they affect the volunteer. For example, what happens if you leave the volunteer the ability

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to update descriptions, but remove the ability to view drafts? Make the changes and then log in as volunteer1 and try.

Task #8 - Working with static pages and menu items

Description: AtoM includes a Static pages module where users can add new blank pages and then customize the content with text or HTML and in-line CSS. Additionally, all of the menus in AtoM are customizable so you can add or delete items from each menu, and change their path or display name. In the following exercises, we will create a new static page and then add it the Quick links menu in the AtoM header bar (the **i** icon).

Relevant documentation:

- Manage static pages documentation
- Manage menus documentation

Task 8a - Creating a new static page

- Open the Admin menu in the AtoM header bar (the Gears icon), and click on "Static pages." AtoM will redirect you to the Static pages module.
- Click the "Add new" button in the button block at the bottom of the page listing the current Static pages. AtoM will reload the page and display an edit template to add a new Static page.
- Let's add some data:
 - In the "Title" field, give your page a title this will be the display text for the page.
 - o In the "Slug" field, we will create a slug (or permalink) for the page this is the unique part of the URL. Because it will be part of a URL, it should not include spaces (use dashes instead), special characters, or capitalization. Here's an example: If your new static page is called "Help With Searching!" then you might use help-with-searching as your slug.
 - **Note**: Slugs must be unique in AtoM. If you use a slug that is already in use elsewhere in the application, AtoM will append a dash and an incremental number to the end of your chosen slug. We're going to need to know the slug when we add it to a menu in task 8b, so make sure you check after saving!

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- The "Content" field is where we can add either raw text, or use HTML and inline CSS to style our content. Try it out! We've included some samples of what you can try in our documentation here: <u>Styling static pages</u>.
- You can always save the page to preview the results, and then re-enter Edit mode (by clicking on the "Edit" button) to continue editing. When you are satisfied, save your page. AtoM will take you to a view page where you can review your work.

8a Questions:

- How might you use Static pages in your institution?
- Can you embed a YouTube video into your static page? What about a map? An image from the internet?
- The AtoM home page is just a special type of Static page, with additional side menus added. Try customizing your home page using these same techniques.

Task 8b - Add a Static page to the Quick links menu

We've created a new static page in exercise 8a, but right now, no one can find it unless they know the URL. Let's add it to the Quick links menu (the i icon in the the AtoM header bar).

- Click on the Admin menu (the gears icon) in the AtoM header bar to open it, and select "Menus." AtoM will reload the page and display the Menu module.
- Scroll down to the bottom of the page, and click on the "Add new" button. AtoM will open a new Menu edit page.
- Let's add some data:
 - o In the "Name" field, we want to add an internal field name for our menu item. This internal name will not be visible to users we'll add a Label later for that. The name should not have any spaces or special characters in it if you return to the Menu page, you'll see that we've typically used what is sometimes known as camelCase writing out the title with no spaces. For example, if my static page was called "Help With Searching!" and now I want to make a menu link for it, I might add the name as helpWithSearching
 - o In the "Label" field, add the display title that you want users to see in the menu
 - The "Parent" drop-down menu allows us to select the top-level menu to which we want to add our new menu item. It is a hierarchical representation of the menus

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and their child options. Scroll down until you see the option for "-quickLinks" and select it.

- The "Path" field is where we'll need to know the slug from our static page. We'll add a / slash character before our slug to separate it from the base URL of the AtoM site so if the slug of your static page was help-with-searching then add /help-with-searching to the Path field.
- The "Description" field is not mandatory it's mainly useful to remind yourself or a future administrator what the menu item is, and what it is used for. Add a description if you wish.
- When you're done, click the "Create" button at the bottom of the page. AtoM will return you to the Menu list page. You should now see a new menu item under the Quick links menu, and clicking it should take you to the static page we created in Task 8a.

8b Questions:

- Based on what you've learned, see if you can figure out how to do the following:
 - o Change the "Archival institutions" link in the Browse menu to read "Repositories"
 - Remove the "Function" link from the Add menu and the "Functions" link from the Browse menu

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Conclusion

Thank you for participating in the AtoM 101 training session! There is plenty more to explore in AtoM! Consider exploring the following on your own:

- Setting up a local test instance and mastering the command-line tools in AtoM –
 we have a <u>10 video tutorial series</u> on YouTube to get you started!
- Did you know that you can edit the slug/permalink of an archival description?
 Learn how to try it out here
- Learn more about working with the actionable PREMIS <u>Rights module</u>
- AtoM can act as an OAI repository, exposing DC XML to harvesters using OAI-PMH. Learn more here!
- There's plenty more still... keep exploring!

If you have questions, or want to connect with other AtoM users, check out the <u>AtoM User</u> <u>Forum</u>.

To explore some example AtoM sites currently used in production, see our <u>Users list</u>

Feel free to get in touch with us at Artefactual as well!

www.artefactual.com info@artefactual.com @accesstomemory

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