# Capstone Project The Battle of Neighbourhoods in Cologne: Kölsch

#### 1. Introduction and Problem

Cologne is the fourth-largest city in Germany and the largest in North Rhine-Westphalia, in many of the postcards you can recognize it because of its remarkable skyline with the Cologne Cathedral as the main character. I am not exaggerating when I say that cologne is one of the most fascinating cities I have the opportunity to visit and live in, so I can assure you that Cologne has a lot to offer, like its beautiful Parks, the Chocolate Museum where you can taste some of the best chocolates, the renowned Eau de Cologne perfume and all the many museums, art galleries and historic spots, but the most remarkable about Cologne is their joyful people, not for nothing Cologne is considered the Germany's capital of carnivals, and a Carnival will not be a Carnival without one of the treasures of Cologne, its famous Kölsch beer.

As one of the emblems of the city it is a must that you have to try a Kölsch and for that there are several places to consider apart from the restaurants, so for the travellers (who in some cases have few hours) it is important to know where are the places they can go in order to enjoy the experience of having a Kölsch, especially if they are interested in a non-tourist recommendation.

In order to help some tourists with their decision of having a Kölsch and find the appropriate neighbourhood to go depending on their preferences we are going to explore the different bar categories in the city to observe where people meet to have a beer using Foursquare.

# 2. Data Requirements

The final dataset consists of two parts:

• Cologne data regarding to their districts (boroughs) and neighbourhoods with their latitude and longitude.

#### https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Districts\_of\_Cologne

Although we can find information of interest about the districts of the city, we are only interested in the main table that contains the relation between the boroughs and the neighbourhoods.

#### Bars and German Restaurants in Cologne:

The Foursquare API will supply us with this information through all venues in the city and later we can get only the information we have interest on.

# 3. Methodology

## 3.1 Data Preparation

#### 3.1.1 Getting Cologne Boroughs and Neighbourhoods information

The first step is to extract the table regarding of the information about the City districts and city parts, as you can see this table contains a lot of information that we will not use.

	Мар	Coat	City district	City parts	Area	Population1	Pop. density	District Councils	Town Hall
(	) NaN	NaN	District 1 Köln- Innenstadt	Altstadt-Nord, Altstadt-Süd, Deutz, Neustadt-N	16.4 km²	127.033	7.746/km²	Bezirksksamt Innenstadt Brückenstraße 19, D-50	NaN
	NaN	NaN	District 2 Köln- Rodenkirchen	Bayenthal, Godorf, Hahnwald, Immendorf, Marien	54.6 km²	100.936	1.850/km²	Bezirksamt Rodenkirchen Hauptstraße 85, D-5099	NaN
:	NaN	NaN	District 3 Köln- Lindenthal	Braunsfeld, Junkersdorf, Klettenberg, Lindenth	41.6 km²	137.552	3.308/km²	Bezirksamt Lindenthal Aachener Straße 220, 509	NaN
;	NaN	NaN	District 4 Köln- Ehrenfeld	Bickendorf, Bocklemünd/Mengenich, Ehrenfeld, N	23.8 km²	103.621	4.348/km²	Bezirksamt Ehrenfeld Venloer Straße 419 – 421,	NaN
4	l NaN	NaN	District 5 Köln-Nippes	Bilderstöckchen, Longerich, Mauenheim, Niehl,	31.8 km²	110.092	3.462/km²	Bezirksamt NippesNeusser Straße 450,D- 50733 Köln	NaN

Before the last manipulating step, we obtain the data-frame showed below, this is was an important step in the scrapping of the data because we needed to split the information contain in each row of the Neighbourhoods column.

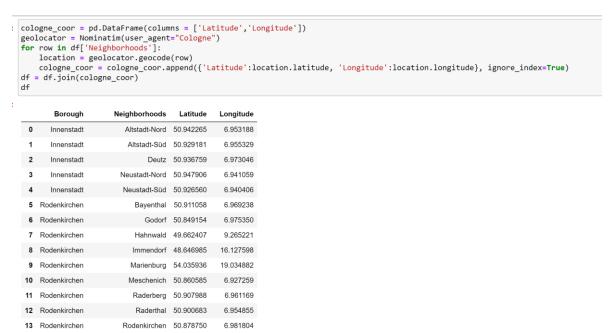
	Borough	Neighborhoods
0	Innenstadt	Altstadt-Nord, Altstadt-Süd, Deutz, Neustadt-N
1	Rodenkirchen	Bayenthal, Godorf, Hahnwald, Immendorf, Marien
2	Lindenthal	Braunsfeld, Junkersdorf, Klettenberg, Lindenth
3	Ehrenfeld	Bickendorf, Bocklemünd/Mengenich, Ehrenfeld, N
4	Nippes	Bilderstöckchen, Longerich, Mauenheim, Niehl,
5	Chorweiler	Blumenberg, Chorweiler, Esch/Auweiler, Fühling
6	Porz	Eil, Elsdorf, Ensen, Finkenberg, Gremberghoven
7	Kalk	Brück, Höhenberg, Humboldt/Gremberg, Kalk, Mer
8	Mülheim	Buchforst, Buchheim, Dellbrück, Dünnwald, Flit

After some final manipulation we obtain the below data-frame, here is already a relation between the boroughs (districts) and their neighbourhoods.

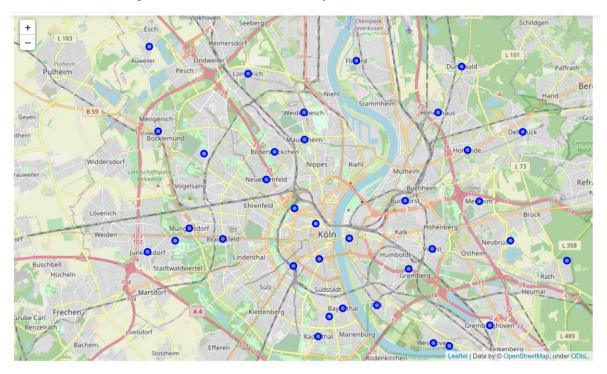
	Borough	Neighborhoods
0	Innenstadt	Altstadt-Nord
1	Innenstadt	Altstadt-Süd
2	Innenstadt	Deutz
3	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Nord
4	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Süd
5	Rodenkirchen	Bayenthal
6	Rodenkirchen	Godorf
7	Rodenkirchen	Hahnwald
8	Rodenkirchen	Immendorf
9	Rodenkirchen	Marienburg

#### 3.1.2 Getting coordinates of each neighbourhood

After getting the data-frame with the boroughs and neighbourhoods we can assign each one its latitude and longitude with the use of the Geopy Client.



Finally, in order to verify this information, we used folium. Here we can see the centre location of each neighbourhood with remarked by the blue bubble.



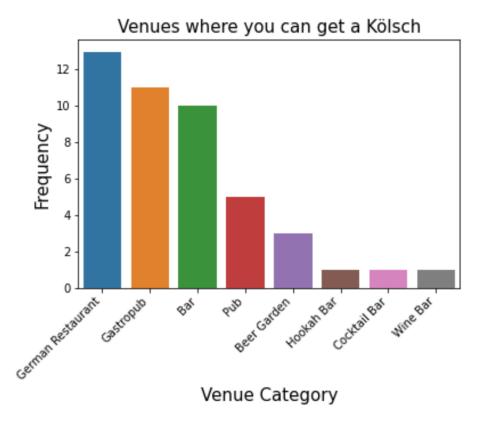
## 3.2 Exploration of the Cologne Neighbourhoods and Data

### 3.2.1 Venues collection using Foursquare

With the use of Foursquare API, we can get the Venues of each neighbourhood, the data frame below is an example of the first dataset that contains all venues of cologne but as we are only interested in venues where you can try a Kölsch we will manipulate it some more.

	Neighborhood	Neighborhood Latitude	Neighborhood Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Category
0	Altstadt-Nord	50.942265	6.953188	Excelsior Hotel Ernst	50.942222	6.956282	Hotel
1	Altstadt-Nord	50.942265	6.953188	KölnTourismus	50.941554	6.956278	Tourist Information Center
2	Altstadt-Nord	50.942265	6.953188	Kuchi Mami	50.941390	6.954036	Asian Restaurant
3	Altstadt-Nord	50.942265	6.953188	Punto Pasta	50.942301	6.955168	Italian Restaurant
4	Altstadt-Nord	50.942265	6.953188	Enoteca La Cantina	50.944522	6.955899	Gourmet Shop

As we explore the data, we identify that the venues where tourists will enjoy the best the experience of a Kölsch are the ones in the graph, where we can observe that the venue in first place are the German Restaurants where you definitely will find a Kölsch but also other specialties of the region, surprisingly in second place are the gastropubs that is not a German concept but where you will enjoy too the food of the city without losing the experience of a pub. Finally, in fourth and fifth place are our points of most interest, the bars and pubs. In the results chapter we will see how these venues distribute on the city and where can we go to experience each of one, if they are near the city or in the surroundings and other interesting insights. Our final data frame will only have the information about these venues.



On the other hand, we also check how many venues per neighbourhood we returned, we can see this information in the data frame below. This information will help us later in knowing where are the majority of the venues and how they are distributed.

	Neighborhood Latitude	Neighborhood Longitude	Venue	Venue Latitude	Venue Longitude	Venue Category
Neighborhood						
Altstadt-Süd	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dellbrück	2	2	2	2	2	2
Deutz	2	2	2	2	2	2
Finkenberg	2	2	2	2	2	2
Junkersdorf	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libur	1	1	1	1	1	1
Lindenthal	1	1	1	1	1	1
Longerich	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mauenheim	1	1	1	1	1	1
Merheim	3	3	3	3	3	3
Mülheim	4	4	4	4	4	4
Neuehrenfeld	2	2	2	2	2	2
Neustadt-Nord	3	3	3	3	3	3
Neustadt-Süd	6	6	6	6	6	6
Pesch	1	1	1	1	1	1
Poll	1	1	1	1	1	1
Raderberg	1	1	1	1	1	1
Wahnheide	1	1	1	1	1	1
Weiden	4	4	4	4	4	4
Weidenpesch	2	2	2	2	2	2
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## 3.3 Analyse each Neighbourhood

In order to categorize the venues, we create a one hot encoding data frame.

	Neighborhood	Bar	Beer Garden	Cocktail Bar	Gastropub	German Restaurant	Hookah Bar	Pub	Wine Bar
1	Neuehrenfeld	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Weidenpesch	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Poll	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Neustadt-Nord	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5	Weiden	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

The next step is to group the venues by neighbourhood by taking the mean of the frequency of occurrence of each category. This will help us to know which are the most common venues per neighbourhood. Like the example below.

```
---- Merheim----
                        freq
                venue
0
            Gastropub
                        0.67
   German Restaurant
1
                        0.33
2
                  Bar
                        0.00
3
         Beer Garden
                        0.00
4
        Cocktail Bar
                        0.00
```

The final result of this process will be a data frame with the information of the most common venue in each neighbourhood, since we are only analysing eight venue categories, we can put them all in the data frame.

	Neighborhood	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue
0	Altstadt-Süd	Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
1	Dellbrück German Gastropub Restaurant Gastropub		Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar	
2	Deutz	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
3	Finkenberg			Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
4	Junkersdorf	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar

## 3.4 Cluster Neighbourhoods

Finally, we cluster the neighbourhoods into 4 clusters, so that we can know how the venues are distributed and where we can find most f them depending on our preferences.

```
# set number of clusters
kclusters = 4

cologne_grouped_clustering = cologne_grouped.drop('Neighborhood', 1)

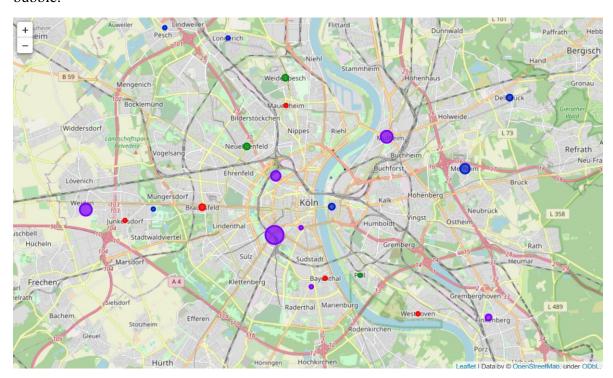
# run k-means clustering
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=kclusters, random_state=0).fit(cologne_grouped_clus
# check cluster labels generated for each row in the dataframe
kmeans.labels_[0:10]

array([1, 2, 2, 1, 0, 2, 2, 2, 0, 2])
```

We join our previous data frame with the common venues and the resulting clusters for each neighbourhood. We obtain the next data frame.

•	ndex	Borough	Neighborhoods	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	/th Most Common Venue	oth Most Common Venue
0	1	Innenstadt	Altstadt-Süd	50.929181	6.955329	1.0	Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
1	2	Innenstadt	Deutz	50.936759	6.973046	2.0	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
2	3	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Nord	50.947906	6.941059	1.0	Pub	Gastropub	Bar	Wine Bar	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
3	4	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Süd	50.926560	6.940406	1.0	Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Beer Garden
4	5	Rodenkirchen	Bayenthal	50.911058	6.969238	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
5	11	Rodenkirchen	Raderberg	50.907988	6.961169	1.0	Hookah Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
6	18	Lindenthal	Braunsfeld	50.936511	6.899183	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
7	19	Lindenthal	Junkersdorf	50.931753	6.855169	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
8	21	Lindenthal	Lindenthal	50.935935	6.871246	2.0	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
9	25	Lindenthal	Weiden	50.935679	6.832909	1.0	Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
0	30	Ehrenfeld	Neuehrenfeld	50.958512	6.924394	3.0	Gastropub	Beer Garden	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Bar

The last step is to map all this information with the use of folium. The different clusters are represented by the colours of the bubbles and the density of bars in the area by the size of the bubble.



## 3.4.1 Cluster 1 - Red

	Borough	Neighborhoods	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue
4	Rodenkirchen	Bayenthal	50.911058	6.969238	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
6	Lindenthal	Braunsfeld	50.936511	6.899183	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
7	Lindenthal	Junkersdorf	50.931753	6.855169	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
12	Nippes	Mauenheim	50.973039	6.946731	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
18	Porz	Wahnheide	50.859911	7.103522	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
19	Porz	Westhoven	50.898321	7.022011	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
20	Porz	Zündorf	50.865926	7.042982	0.0	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar

## 3.4.2 Cluster 2 – Purple

	Borough	Neighborhoods	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue
0	Innenstadt	Altstadt-Süd	50.929181	6.955329	1.0	Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
2	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Nord	50.947906	6.941059	1.0	Pub	Gastropub	Bar	Wine Bar	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
3	Innenstadt	Neustadt-Süd	50.926560	6.940406	1.0	Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Beer Garden
5	Rodenkirchen	Raderberg	50.907988	6.961169	1.0	Hookah Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
9	Lindenthal	Weiden	50.935679	6.832909	1.0	Bar	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden
15	Porz	Finkenberg	50.896965	7.062007	1.0	Pub	Wine Bar	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
23	Mülheim	Mülheim	50.961858	7.004074	1.0	Bar	Pub	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden

## 3.4.3 Cluster 3 – Navy Blue

	Borough	Neighborhoods	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue
1	Innenstadt	Deutz	50.936759	6.973046	2.0	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
8	Lindenthal	Lindenthal	50.935935	6.871246	2.0	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
11	Nippes	Longerich	50.997324	6.913713	2.0	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
14	Chorweiler	Pesch	51.001078	6.877718	2.0	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
16	Porz	Libur	50.838733	7.071327	2.0	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
21	Kalk	Merheim	50.950419	7.048598	2.0	Gastropub	German Restaurant	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar
22	Mülheim	Dellbrück	50.975921	7.074106	2.0	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Cocktail Bar	Beer Garden	Bar

#### 3.4.4 Cluster 4 – Green

	Borough	Neighborhoods	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue
10	Ehrenfeld	Neuehrenfeld	50.958512	6.924394	3.0	Gastropub	Beer Garden	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Cocktail Bar	Bar
13	Nippes	Weidenpesch	50.983000	6.946341	3.0	German Restaurant	Beer Garden	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Bar
17	Porz	Poll	50.912101	6.988889	3.0	Beer Garden	Wine Bar	Pub	Hookah Bar	German Restaurant	Gastropub	Cocktail Bar	Bar

#### 4. Results and Discussion

We can get some interesting insights from the cluster:

- Cluster 1: Here we will find the majority of the German restaurants, surprisingly al love them are in the surroundings of the city centre, so we can assume the people who visit these venues are the locals ones who inferring from the second venue are people looking for a more formal kind of place to enjoy their food and drinks.
- Cluster 2: We can find here our point of interest because the mainly venues that we can find here are the bars and pubs. Something really interesting is that most of them are in the neighbourhood of Neustadt-Süd where is the Zülpicher Strasse, a street and its surroundings like the University of Köln with a lot of offer in terms of bars, restaurants and clubs. With this point we can confirm that the clustering is working in a good way.
- Cluster 3: Most of the gastropubs are in this cluster. By the distribution we find them most in the surroundings of the city but some also in Deutz near from the TH Köln. The gastropubs are places where you can also enjoy food but without losing the experience of a pub but in a more formal way.
- Cluster 4: The tourist will find the beer gardens in this cluster, this is a traditional German concept, as an example is the famous Oktober Fest, of course that is the extreme example, but in general the idea is of having a beer in an open space, like a garden.

## 5. Conclusion

The information is one of the most valuable resources nowadays, as the example of the project we can get a lot of guidance in which decision to take depending of what we want and solve a problem. Imagine using all this information in order to solve most important problems, or as we have seen in recently months with the pandemic, that a lot of information has been gathered in order to know the development of it but also in terms of knowing what to do. As you can see this is an extreme example but what about making better decisions in our jobs from the information of the processes, this will be a great opportunity to launch our career and help others and our companies in achieving the objectives.