Assignment 4

(may be done by a team of at most two students)
Assigned: Thursday, October 31
Due: Friday, Nov 15 (11:59 pm), for Parts 1 and 2

Part 1: Concurrent Tree Insertion

Refer to file ParTreeInsert.java whose main method creates and starts five concurrent threads, each of which inserts five random integers into a tree, and finally prints out all values in the tree. The code as given invokes the standard Tree.insert method, which is not thread-safe, meaning that it is not suited for concurrent insertion of values into the tree, as values will be dropped from the tree due to the lack of any synchronization — as can be observed from the object diagram.

A preliminary solution to this problem is to declare insert as a Java synchronized method. Doing so will solve the problem of dropped values, but this solution is not desirable because it sacrifices concurrency – essentially, all values are now inserted sequentially into the tree.

Your task in Part 1 is to write a subclass ParTree of class Tree with a thread-safe definition of insert(n), i.e., it preserves the basic logic of Tree.insert, but permits concurrent insertion of values into the tree, with no dropped values. Concurrent insertion into disjoint subtrees as well as concurrent insertion at different nodes along any path from the root to a leaf should be allowed. To meet these objectives:

- 1. Do not declare ParTree.insert(n) as a synchronized method.
- 2. Define two synchronized methods in class ParTree, called lock() and unlock(), using which ParTree.insert(n) can ensure that one thread at a time is accessing any given ParTree object, but other ParTree objects can be accessed concurrently by other threads.
- 3. Call the lock() and unlock() methods from ParTree.insert(n) in such a way that any ParTree object is locked for as short a duration as possible.
- 4. Define lock() and unlock() using Java's wait-notify constructs. Their definitions are similar to other wait-notify examples discussed in the lectures.

Run ParTreeInsert.java to completion after replacing the instruction 'new Tree(5000)' but 'new ParTree(5000)' in class ParTreeInsert, and proceed as follows:

- 1. Check the JIVE object diagram to make sure that it does not have any dropped values, and check the console output to make sure that the printed values are in ascending order.
- 2. Bring up the JIVE Search window, choose the *Object Created* option, enter 'ParTree' for the class name, and press *Search*. There should be 26 entries in the Search Results window for the given test case.
- 3. Step through the search results one by one, observing the object diagram (using the 'Objects' option) at each step, until you locate at an object diagram showing maximal concurrency, i.e., where there is a maximum number of active threads in disjoint subtrees and also a maximum number of active threads at different nodes along a path in the tree. There could be more than one such diagram; choose any object diagram with maximal concurrency.
- 4. Save the chosen object diagram from step 3 in a file called A4 obj.png.

What to Submit. Prepare a top-level directory named A4_Part1_UBITId1_UBITId2 if the assignment is done by a team of two students; otherwise, name it as A4_Part1_UBITId if the assignment is done solo. (Order the UBITIds in alphabetic order, in the former case.) In this directory, place your ParTreeInsert.java and A4_obj.png. Compress the directory and submit the compressed file using the submit_cse522 command. Only one submission per team is required.

Part 2: To be assigned

End of Assignment 4 Part 1

Using the JIVE Search Window

Click in the source code window and do Ctrl-h in order to bring up the JIVE Search Window. Alternatively, from Eclipse's Search menu, select the first entry, also called Search. Then select the JIVE Search tab from the menu of tabs presented.

For Part 1, choose the *Object Created* query option, enter 'ParTree' for the class name, and press *Search*. There should be 26 entries in the Search Results window for the given test case.

The search results are shown in under the *Search tab* located near the Console. If the results are not being shown as a table, use the inverted triangle menu located third from the right, and choose the *Show as List* option.

Using the two solid yellow arrows (called *Show Next Match* and *Show Previous Match*) in order to cycle through the results. Observe the object diagram (in the *Objects* mode) and save the diagram with maximal concurrency.