Financial Econometrics Prof Olivier Scaillet TA Paola Pederzoli

## TP 3 Asymptotic Properties

## Law of Large Numbers

- 1. Simulate 1000 observations of the laws  $\mathcal{U}[0,6]$  and  $\mathcal{N}(3,5)$ .
- 2. For both series, plot the mean as a function of the sample size n.  $(n=1,2,\ldots,1000)$
- 3. Repeat the procedure for the unbiased variance.

## Central Limit Theorem

Remember that the central limit theorem establishes that if  $Y_t$  is i.i.d. with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ , then

$$\sqrt{T}(\overline{Y}_T - \mu) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2),$$

where  $\overline{Y}_T$  is the sample mean.

- 1. For the laws  $\mathcal{U}[0,6]$  and  $\mathcal{N}(3,5)$ , generate 100 samples of 1000 observations. Then, for each sample, compute the mean on 20, 50, 100, 500 and 1000 observations.
- 2. For each law and each sample size, estimate the density of the sample mean. Compare the densities on a graph, adding the asymptotic normal distribution.

How many observations do we need in order to obtain good estimates of the parameters and be able to draw correct confidence intervals?