

Sample Solutions Tutorial 4 - Matrices (2)

Q1

$$A^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & -3 \\ 6 & 8 & 0 \\ 9 & -12 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2

$$(i) AA^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 9 \\ 7 & 8 & -12 \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 7 & -3 \\ 6 & 8 & 0 \\ 9 & -12 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (1 \times 1) + (6 \times 6) + (9 \times 9) & (1 \times 7) + (6 \times 8) + (9 \times -12) & (1 \times -3) + (6 \times 0) + (9 \times 1) \\ (7 \times 1) + (8 \times 6) + (-12 \times 9) & (7 \times 7) + (8 \times 8) + (-12 \times -12) & (7 \times -3) + (8 \times 0) + (-12 \times 1) \\ (-3 \times 1) + (0 \times 6) + (1 \times 9) & (-3 \times 7) + (0 \times 8) + (1 \times -12) & (-3 \times -3) + (0 \times 0) + (1 \times 1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 118 & -53 & 12 \\ -53 & 257 & -21 \\ 12 & -21 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(ii) BB^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (1 \times 1) & (1 \times -3) & (1 \times 0) \\ (-3 \times 1) & (-3 \times -3) & (-3 \times 0) \\ (0 \times 1) & (0 \times -3) & (0 \times 0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 & 0 \\ -3 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(iii) CC^T = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (3 \times 3) + (4 \times 4) & (3 \times -3) + (4 \times 0) \\ (-3 \times 3) + (0 \times 4) & (-3 \times -3) + (0 \times 0) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 25 & -9 \\ -9 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

They are all square symmetric matrices.

Q3. $2 \times 2: I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 3: I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Q4 (i) $\det A = ad - bc = (1)(-1) - (2)(0) = -1$

(ii) $\det B = ad - bc = (3)(2) - (4)(5) = 6 - 20 = -14$

(iii) $\det C = ad - bc = (2)(2) - (-1)(3) = 4 + 3 = 7$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det B} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{-14} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{14} & \frac{4}{14} \\ \frac{5}{14} & -\frac{3}{14} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{7} & \frac{2}{7} \\ \frac{5}{14} & -\frac{3}{14} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det C} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{7} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{7} & \frac{1}{7} \\ -\frac{3}{7} & \frac{2}{7} \end{bmatrix}$$

Q5

$$\det A = a_{31} c_{31} + a_{32} c_{32} + a_{33} c_{33}$$

\downarrow
 $a_{32} = 0$, Hence for

$$\det A = a_{31} c_{31} + a_{33} c_{33}$$

For a_{31} : sub-matrix $= \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 10 - 3 = 7$
 $\Rightarrow M_{31} = 7$, $i+j = 3+1 = 4$ which is even
 $\Rightarrow C_{31} = 7$

For a_{33} : submatrix $= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - 8 = -7$
 $\Rightarrow M_{33} = -7$, $i+j = 3+3 = 6$ which is even
 $\Rightarrow C_{33} = -7$

$$\det A = (6)(7) + (2)(-7) = 42 - 14 = 28.$$

OR

1	2	3	1	2	3
4	5	6	4	1	5
6	6	2	6	0	2

$(1 \times 1 \times 2) + (2 \times 5 \times 6) + (3 \times 4 \times 0) = 62$
 $(6 \times 1 \times 3) + (6 \times 5 \times 1) + (2 \times 4 \times 2) = 34 -$

28

Q6 (1)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 5 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} C^T$$

$$a_{11}: M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - 4 = -3$$

$$C_{11} = -3$$

$$a_{12}: M_{12} = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -5 + 6 = -1$$

$$C_{12} = 1$$

$$a_{13}: M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 10 + 3 = 13$$

$$C_{13} = 13$$

$$\det A = (2)(-3) + (-3)(1) + (1)(13)$$

$$= -6 - 3 + 13 = -26$$

$$a_{21}: M_{21} = \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 - 2 = 1$$

$$C_{21} = -1$$

$$a_{22}: M_{22} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -2 - 3 = -5$$

$$C_{22} = -5$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 13 \\ -1 & -5 & 13 \\ -5 & 1 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{23}: M_{23} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 + 9 = 13$$

$$C_{23} = -13$$

$$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & -5 & 1 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{31}: M_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -6 + 1 = -5$$

$$C_{31} = -5$$

$$a_{32}: M_{32} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4 - 5 = -1$$

$$C_{32} = 1$$

$$a_{33}: M_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 5 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = -2 + 15 = 13$$

$$C_{33} = 13$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{-26} \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & -5 & 1 \\ 13 & 13 & 13 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/26 & 1/26 & 5/26 \\ -1/26 & 5/26 & -1/26 \\ -13/26 & 13/26 & 13/26 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/26 & 1/26 & 5/26 \\ -1/26 & 5/26 & -1/26 \\ -1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q6(i) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det A} C^T$

a_{11} : $M_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 6 + 3 = 9$
 $C_{11} = 9$

a_{12} : $M_{12} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -3 \\ 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -9 + 6 = -3$
 $C_{12} = 3$

a_{13} : $M_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3 + 4 = 7$
 $C_{13} = 7$

a_{21} : $M_{21} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 - 1 = -4$
 $C_{21} = 4$

a_{22} : $M_{22} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 - 2 = -5$
 $C_{22} = -5$

a_{23} : $M_{23} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 - 2 = -1$
 $C_{23} = 1$

* a_{31} : $M_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = -2 - 3 = -5$
 $C_{31} = -5$

a_{32} : $M_{32} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 - 3 = -6$
 $C_{32} = 6$

* a_{33} : $M_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 + 2 = -1$
 $C_{33} = -1$

$\det A = (1)(9) + (1)(3) + (1)(6)$
 $= 9 + 3 + 7 = 19$

$C = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & -5 & 1 \\ -1 & 6 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$

$C^T = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 4 & -1 \\ 3 & -5 & 6 \\ 7 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$

$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{19} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 4 & -1 \\ 3 & -5 & 6 \\ 7 & 1 & -5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9/19 & 4/19 & -1/19 \\ 3/19 & -5/19 & 6/19 \\ 7/19 & 1/19 & -5/19 \end{bmatrix}$