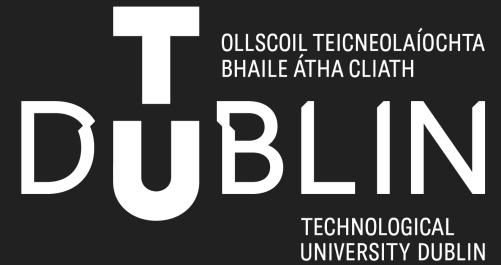


Stegomalware

Report Presentation



“Metadata” of the project

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Course

- Digital Forensics and Cyber Security (TU863/Y3)
- Module: Computer and Network Forensics

Submission date: 07/12/2025

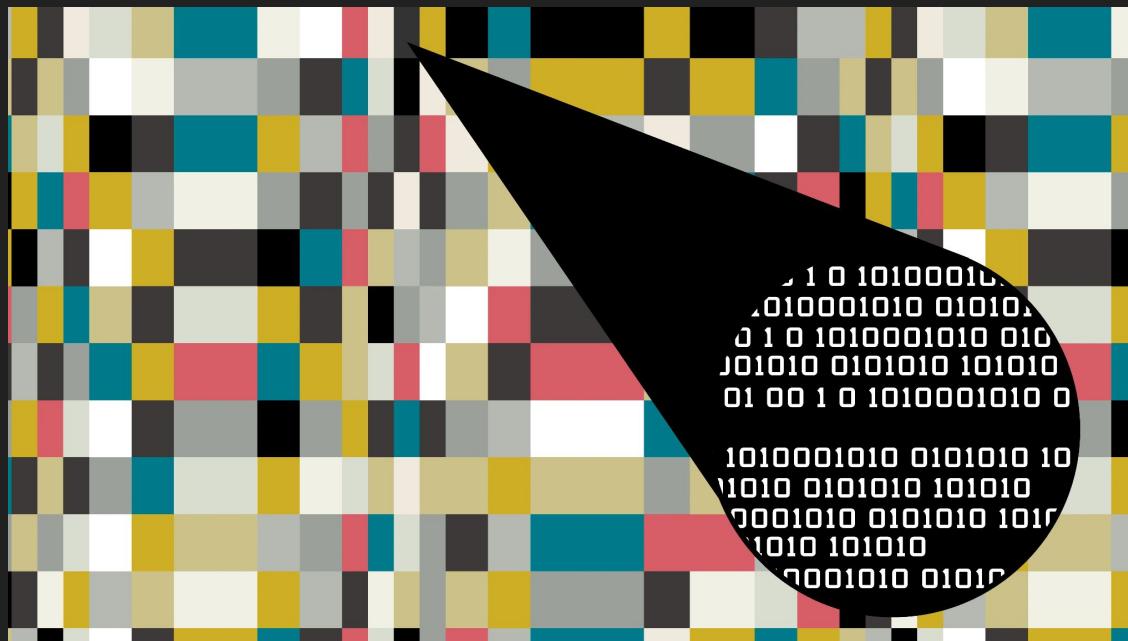
Introduction

Introduction

- Case Studies
- Experiment
- Steganalysis
- Mitigation

**Analysis of how malware uses
steganography techniques and
how those can be mitigated.**

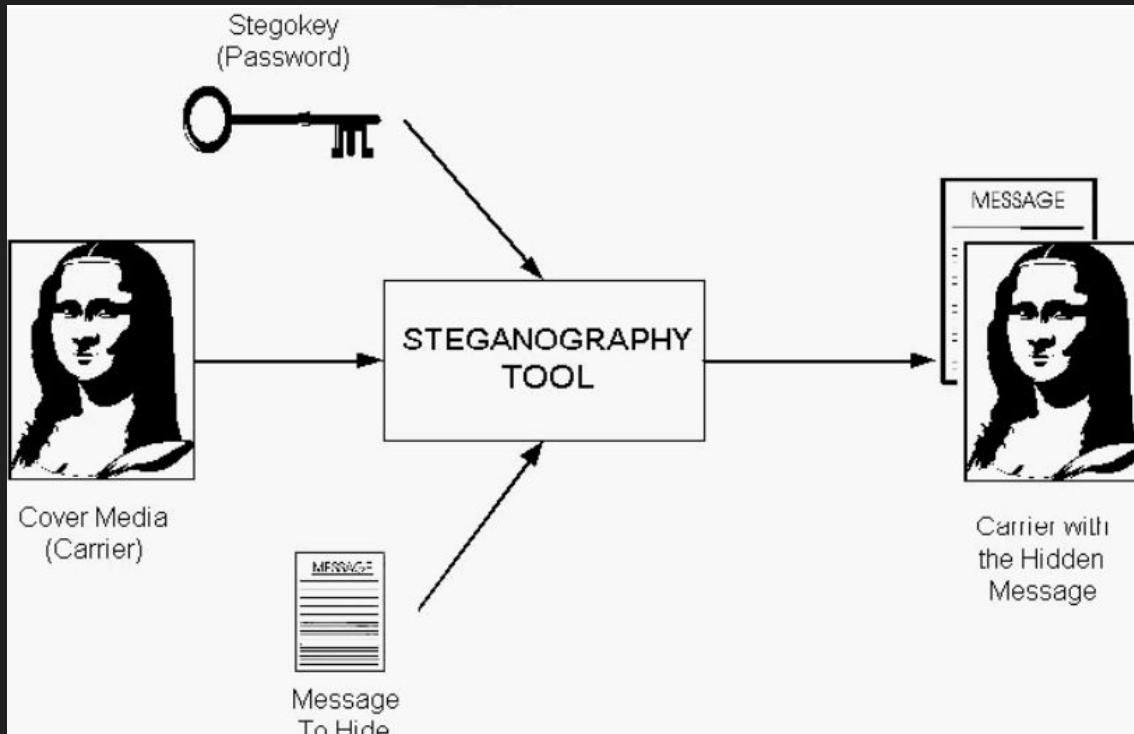
Background: How Steganography Actually Works and Why It's a Nightmare for Forensics



```
1 0 10100010  
.0100001010 010101  
0 1 0 1010001010 010  
01010 0101010 101010  
01 00 1 0 1010001010 0  
  
1010001010 0101010 10  
1010 0101010 101010  
0001010 0101010 101  
1010 101010  
0001010 010101
```

image taken from <https://www.wired.com/story/steganography-hacker-lexicon/>

Steganalysis: The Uphill Battle of Detection



Case Studies

- Case Study 1 – Stegoloader
- Case Study 2 – The "ClickFix" Campaign

Case Study 1 – Stegoloader

camouflage its primary executable code among legitimate-looking PNG images

- discovered in 2013 by Dell SecureWorks CTU

Case Study 1 – Stegoloader

Technical Analysis

- deployment module
- main module
- optional add-on modules

Case Study 1 – Stegoloader

Technical Analysis

- ✓ deployment module
- ✓ main module
- optional add-on modules
 - Pony Password Stealer
 - Geolocation Module
 - Recent Documents Module
 - IDA-Related Module

Case Study 1 – Stegoloader

Indicators of Compromise (How to notice Stegoloader?)

- Network Traffic: HTTP GET/POST requests
- File Hashing
- Filenames

Case Study 1 – Stegoloader

Conclusion

Case Study 2 – The "ClickFix" Campaign

- Appeared late 2024 – major threat by 2025
- Malware hidden inside everyday images
- Uses fake software error messages
- Steganography + social engineering

The Hook: Fake Error Messages

- Looks like Chrome or Word errors
- Uses real logos and wording
- Tells users to press **Win + R**
- User unknowingly launches malware

How the Malware is Hidden

- Uses **mshta.exe** → **JScript** → **PowerShell**
- No files saved to disk (file-less attack)
- Malware hidden in **PNG or SVG images**
- Code hidden in **red pixel values**

What Happens to the Victim

- Encrypted code rebuilt in memory
- Injects into trusted processes
- Runs **LummaC2 / Rhadamanthys**
- Steals passwords, cookies, crypto

Why ClickFix is Dangerous

- No phishing, no attachments
- Bypasses many security tools
- Targets **human trust**
- Shows steganography is now mass-used

Another Example – AdGholas

bought real ad space on trustworthy websites and used image-based steganography to hide malicious JavaScript inside banner ads

Primary Research

Primary Research — Experiment

Simulation of Steganographic Payload Delivery

- Experiment A: The "Append" Method (Overlay Steganography)
- Experiment B: The “Embedding” Method (Steghide)

X5O!P%@AP[4\PZX54(P^)7CC)7}\$\$EICAR-STANDARD-ANTIVIRUS-TEST-FILE!\$H+H*

EICAR String

Experiment A: The "Append" Method

Overlay Steganography

Experiment A: The "Append" Method

Procedure

- bash: cat image.jpg eicar.com.txt > infected_image_append.jpg
- cmd: copy /b image.jpg + eicar.com.txt infected_image_append.jpg

Experiment A: The "Append" Method

Results

- Visual Inspection: The image is not corrupted
- Forensic Analysis: At the very bottom of the file → the plaintext EICAR string

Experiment A: The "Append" Method

Hexadecimal Inspection

- JPEG ends with the byte sequence **FF D9**

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	0123456789ABCDEF	ICDEF0123456789ABCDEF
001A1523	12	DD	DB	DA	F5	AA	FE	A1	E0	FD	B5	B9	19	BD	0B	15	05	F0	30	9A	5E	31	D0	2E	A2	DC	A5	47	B60.^1....G.	
001A1540	DC	8B	56	FC	0B	0C	6F	9D	F8	9F	12	DC	FF	00	3C	01	C9	59	8D	B7	35	38	5A	5C	47	1C	55	B0	BD	..V...o...<..Y..58Z\G.U..	
001A155D	15	16	6C	25	B1	55	79	D8	51	D0	6F	54	3D	CD	B8	1F	3D	B5	BA	BB	EC	BE	97	D9	DE	AA	2C	85	0C	..1%Uy.Q.oT=...=.....	
001A157A	34	3A	0D	E3	A1	B5	00	12	F2	F4	71	56	C3	2B	9C	ED	8B	AD	CD	44	B8	D4	BB	37	E8	F7	D7	7E	4:.....qV.+.....D...7...~		
001A1597	0A	C1	F2	AD	C4	7C	07	53	D7	FD	BA	5D	16	26	B1	D5	47	1E	2A	3A	28	F3	BC	12	C2	9E	72	F3	15.....[.S..].&..G.*:(....r.		
001A15B4	45	B0	5C	8B	F2	D7	19	74	BE	36	3E	0D	F6	DF	05	95	F8	03	42	E8	1F	20	70	16	A5	2C	71	B8	8B	E.\....t.6>.....B..p...,q..	
001A15D1	05	2C	74	2A	7E	70	71	51	68	16	C5	C7	45	82	D2	E3	C5	74	5E	39	2F	86	21	EA	EF	1E	F3	E8	C2	,,t^~pqQh...E....t^9/!.	
001A15EE	09	7A	AC	8E	F1	B6	F5	7B	0D	FC	53	CC	F1	45	BD	0A	2A	3A	38	B5	39	E3	15	95	A2	C1	62	F3	5D	.z....({.S..E..*:8.9....b.]	
001A160B	58	D6	BB	33	4B	72	EF	C1	BF	70	78	CE	0B	C7	98	E2	38	2D	82	A2	96	CF	CC	BD	AB	E3	6B	96	11	X..3Kr...px....8.....k..	
001A1628	CB	51	C5	83	C1	69	7A	07	A2	BC	6F	D2	DB	6B	9A	30	7C	33	9A	DC	68	28	28	70	3A	9F	0D	6C	7B	.Q..iz...o..k.0 3..h((p:..1(
001A1645	BC	47	3C	47	8A	97	19	F9	97	34	78	AC	1E	8F	CD	1D	55	1C	71	D1	6E	7D	C3	E9	97	11	71	4E	BB	.G<G....4x....U.q.n)....qN.	
001A1662	F6	C6	87	AB	5C	27	1D	1E	D5	04	51	C7	47	1C	5A	06	56	B5	55	5C	72	F5	5C	45	07	00	70	45	7C\'.Q.G.Z.V.U\r.\E..pE]	
001A167F	F6	AF	B5	1B	9E	B5	17	5A	77	3E	5B	31	FF	00	BA	38	86	B5	47	8B	C3	C5	1E	06	F2	F4	78	2C	16Zw>[1....8..G.....x..	
001A169C	B1	93	F4	D3	0D	56	8B	69	3D	05	B5	DF	75	FD	86	DB	5C	71	98	B5	FE	04	B5	56	08	45	47	83	8AV.i=...u..\q.....V.EG..	
001A16B9	58	1A	7C	63	E7	27	2D	17	A9	3A	DF	A7	5F	C1	CF	5F	9A	38	CE	2B	AB	88	B1	63	0B	55	43	X. c.'-...._8.....8.c.UC			
001A16D6	73	15	04	14	11	A9	6B	51	C1	A9	C7	A1	F6	4F	B3	3B	AF	2D	D3	0F	48	1C	97	2D	95	F2	67	FA	9E	s.....kQ....O.;.-.H.-.g..	
001A16F3	63	8E	3D	17	96	C1	51	57	F3	16	B7	4F	11	9C	16	37	8E	3D	83	8F	78	79	77	E0	BE	95	E4	B2	BD	c.=....QW....O....7.=..xyw.....	
001A1710	57	5D	7E	29	E7	D8	F4	36	DA	E2	8E	58	E3	E7	17	82	C5	6A	78	11	6D	8F	43	D7	6C	56	7F	1D	1D	W]~)...6...X.....jx.m.C.lV...	
001A172D	A5	F9	6F	1B	7A	3D	BA	D7	C0	7B	AD	82	E5	BF	F9	17	FB	8E	AB	43	C3	C4	BC	B9	D8	EA	F8	06	2C	..o.z=....({.....C.....,	
001A174A	40	E3	1E	11	B6	EB	52	FD	B9	E5	AF	43	35	B7	79	E6	2A	A1	8B	C2	F2	D8	2A	3A	2D	47	86	4F	29	@.....R....C5.y.*.....*:-(G.O)	
001A1767	62	BD	54	FE	B6	DE	5F	D1	1F	28	72	9F	21	55	0D	9E	23	8B	B9	B5	7C	C1	D7	BD	B6	C5	6C	54	58	b.T._..._(r.!U.#...lTX	
001A1784	AA	5A	5B	1B	4B	70	AD	A5	F1	EF	C9	34	7E	8A	70	BC	14	42	BF	6D	1E	0B	05	46	23	D7	E2	0B	45	Z.[.Kp.....4~.p..B.m..F#....E	
001A17A1	55	AE	F9	3C	55	2F	C2	5B	07	4B	7A	3D	E0	D2	DC	85	57	B2	FB	9F	5A	74	3F	4A	34	71	D1	6C	F1	U..<U/.[.Kz=....W...Zt?J4q.l.	
001A17BE	B3	C4	78	2C	AF	E9	0F	27	8A	AD	A2	C2	FB	ED	57	C1	59	DF	8F	7E	D9	F0	DE	95	D9	AA	78	D2	F1	..x,...'.....W.Y..~.....x..	
001A17DB	58	38	E8	6F	47	57	16	F7	CD	F1	D6	7C	C5	4B	69	B7	0D	EA	7A	57	2E	DD	BD	05	C5	3C	C7	1D	X8.oGW..... ..Ki...zW.....<..		
001A17F8	19	8F	5B	18	78	C9	6F	1A	1E	C7	C1	43	53	E8	95	46	D5	B4	64	BA	AB	77	57	E1	BE	C3	CC	75	74	[..x.o...CS..F..d..wW...ut	
001A1815	54	5D	1A	EB	0E	A1	CF	B5	2F	C4	5C	8B	FA	E8	ED	9F	FE	F0	74	54	5B	SE	EA	4B	0F	14	75	B6	T]...../\.....tt[^..K.u..		
001A1832	FB	E9	51	54	D1	E9	19	2F	48	BF	22	DC	77	D1	33	47	54	28	F4	DA	AB	37	BD	FA	B3	E3	8E	01	CE	..QT.../H."..w.3GT(. .7.....	
001A184F	FE	8E	EB	7E	0D	BB	CB	3C	3C	55	EA	53	C6	4E	0B	45	C4	5D	1F	9E	00	AA	E6	2E	45	E2	EA	2D	17~...<<U.S.N.E.].....E.-.	
001A186C	66	86	FB	45	CE	B7	42	8E	0A	29	E3	D6	AF	A9	43	0F	5C	75	BE	7D	BA	EB	D6	F9	5F	45	F6	5F	4A	f..E..B..)....C.\u.)...._E.._J	
001A1889	EB	7C	51	C5	57	B1	D5	D2	F6	CA	F1	E9	5E	CB	6F	64	35	B6	DB	9F	44	55	5A	D8	CD	C5	95	E9	73	.Q.W.....^..od5...DUZ....s	
001A18A6	ED	8E	5A	0E	75	F8	37	C2	DD	C2	D6	BD	35	55	C5	AA	D2	FA	FC	6C	3E	B5	F1	17	29	F3	07	5C	73	..Z.u.7....5U....1>....)\s	
001A18C3	58	DA	0A	5B	7A	ED	4C	71	E0	EA	A7	8C	3C	EC	BC	B4	51	69	F1	90	EE	94	7C	1B	F4	23	15	CA	B5	X..[.Lq....<..Qi.... ..#...	
001A18E0	2D	5B	50	D1	70	2D	BA	D8	1E	C0	D0	6D	3B	0F	0D	9A	2A	38	F7	2C	14	58	2D	3E	23	CD	76	4F	96	-[P.p.....m;....*8.,.X->#.vo.	
001A18FD	78	4B	7D	B8	37	A9	EE	07	1D	E5	6C	AD	CE	30	D4	C3	C6	51	88	AA	E7	8D	2B	62	A2	96	B4	58	xK).7.....1..0....Q....+b...X		
001A191A	28	B9	8A	5B	D8	AF	17	3A	FD	91	FD	EE	BF	A3	79	8E	AA	8B	4A	D1	E6	B7	B7	50	B1	F8	F5	6B	F4	(..[.....Y....J....P....k.	
001A1937	6A	0E	50	A5	E8	B8	2B	52	C6	D2	FC	87	D5	AA	78	A2	9F	6D	3C	E9	5A	D6	2F	7D	FA	57	D3	3E	2D	j.P...+R.....x..m<.Z./).W.>-.	
001A1954	BA	DB	56	DC	FB	69	BF	0C	6B	14	B7	04	76	67	43	A9	D8	77	3E	33	A7	8D	7D	A3	A3	E9	9F	4C	39X5!P%@AP[4.PZX54(P^)7CC	
001A1971	97	96	A7	FF	D9	58	35	4F	21	50	25	40	41	50	5B	34	5C	50	5A	58	35	34	28	50	5E	29	37	43	43)7)\$EICAR-STANDARD-ANTIVIRUS-TEST-FILE!\$H+H*	
001A198E	29	37	7D	24	45	49	41	52	2D	53	54	41	4E	44	41	52	44	2D	41	4E	54	49	56	49	52	55	53	2D	Ready		
001A19AB	54	45	53	54	2D	46	49	4C	45	21	24	48	2B	48	2A																Cursor: 001A1976 Caret: 001A198A Sel: -00000044 OVR: MOD: READ ..

Experiment B: The "Embedding" Method

Steghide

Experiment B: The "Embedding" Method

Procedure

- `steghide embed -cf image.jpg -ef eicar.com.txt -sf infected_image_steghide.jpg`

Experiment B: The "Embedding" Method

Results

- Visual Inspection: No visual degradation or "noise" is visible
- Forensic Analysis (Text): The EICAR string cannot be found through a search
- Forensic Analysis (Statistic): High entropy

Experiment B: The "Embedding" Method

Shannon Entropy Analysis

- JPEG – Compressed file format (high entropy)
- JPEG + Encrypted message inside – not a big difference in entropy

```
[kali㉿kali)-[~]
```

```
$ ent image.jpg
```

Entropy = 7.982565 bits per byte.

Optimum compression would reduce the size
of this 1710454 byte file by 0 percent.

Chi square distribution for 1710454 samples is 42523.94, and randomly
would exceed this value less than 0.01 percent of the times.

Arithmetic mean value of data bytes is 128.6775 (127.5 = random).

Monte Carlo value for Pi is 3.100573533 (error 1.31 percent).

Serial correlation coefficient is 0.011204 (totally uncorrelated = 0.0).

```
[kali㉿kali)-[~]
```

```
$ ent infected_image_steghide.jpg
```

Entropy = 7.837678 bits per byte.

Optimum compression would reduce the size
of this 1877374 byte file by 2 percent.

Chi square distribution for 1877374 samples is 454830.12, and randomly
would exceed this value less than 0.01 percent of the times.

Arithmetic mean value of data bytes is 115.7764 (127.5 = random).

Monte Carlo value for Pi is 3.441652951 (error 9.55 percent).

Serial correlation coefficient is 0.010441 (totally uncorrelated = 0.0).

```
[kali㉿kali)-[~]
```

```
$ _
```

Experiment B: The "Embedding" Method

Comparative Analysis

Feature	Method A: Appending	Method B: Embedding
Complexity	Low (Native OS commands)	High (Requires specialized algorithms)
Visual Impact	None (Image looks normal)	None (Image looks normal)
Forensic Trace	High (Visible in text editor/Hex)	Low (Encrypted and scattered)
Detection	Easily caught by standard AV	Requires entropy analysis or specific keys

Detection Efficacy Analysis

Sample A (Append Method)

Detection Rate: High (9/61 engines)

A screenshot of a security analysis interface. On the left, there's a circular "Community Score" meter with a red needle pointing to the number 9, with the text "/ 61" below it. To the right, a file analysis card shows the following details:

- 9/61 security vendors flagged this file as malicious
- File name: 693decdb85edee6d73b11cb5070bbfb94b579036f89468e92c432a9bc533c588 infected_image_append.jpg
- Type: jpeg
- Size: 1.63 MB
- Last Analysis Date: a moment ago

Sample B (Embedding Method)

Detection Rate: Zero (0/60 engines)

A screenshot of a security analysis interface. On the left, there's a circular "Community Score" meter with a green needle pointing to the number 0, with the text "/ 61" below it. To the right, a file analysis card shows the following details:

- No security vendors flagged this file as malicious
- File name: a1e5a49af2494316f6e3e83d8aac1db6887d6d97852e5cd713e9b1fe229add76 infected_image_steghide.jpg
- Type: jpeg
- Size: 1.79 MB
- Last Analysis Date: a moment ago

Detection Efficacy Analysis

Summary of Findings

Metric	Method A: Appending	Method B: Embedding
Visual Stealth	High (Invisible to eye)	High (Invisible to eye)
Forensic Signature	Obvious: Trailing data after FF D9	Subtle: High Shannon Entropy
Antivirus Detection	Detected immediately	Completely Evaded
Threat Level	Low	High

Conclusion of Primary Research

- ✗ Append — Bad
- ✓ Embedded — Goood

Steganalysis and Steganography Mitigation

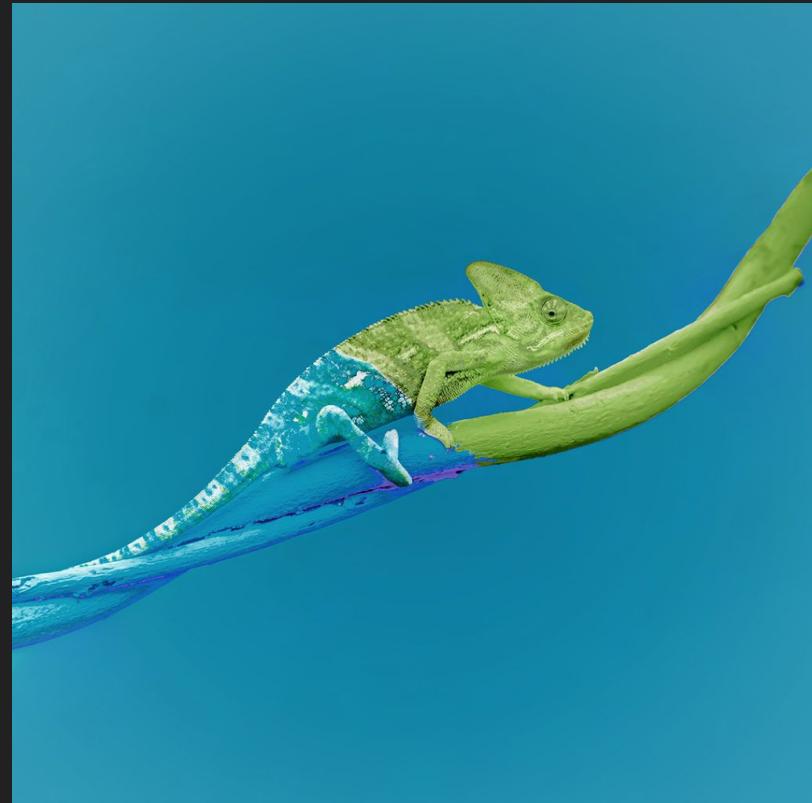
Steganalysis and Steganography Mitigation

- Just a node in modular malware.
- Diverse techniques and new ones are appearing.
- Comes in many forms, not only media.
- Is a form of covert channels.



Forms of Steganography

- Object
 - media files
- Platform
 - local channels
 - network channels



Techniques of Steganography

Appending methods (🟡): slack space, chunk allocation

Embedding methods (😊): LSB, F5, Spread-spectrum, RGB manipulation

Detection of Steganography

Signature

- Compares to known signatures
- Only researched algorithms
- Differ in parameters being compared and datasets

Statistical

- Compares to “clean” datasets
- Most algorithms, even new ones
- Differ in parameters being compared

Machine Learning: combines ideas from both

Mitigation Techniques

Media compression/overriding

Blind, modifies even clean data, in some cases inefficient or inapplicable.



Mitigation Techniques

Detection + Mitigation (filtration)

- Leaves media as it is
- Applicable to all forms of steganography
- Most products rely on this logic



Steganography Mitigation Products

Local Dynamic

- **TaintDroid (data labeling)**
- **XManDroid (policy-based)**

Network

- **Snort (cisco open-source)**

Local Static

- **CHEX (vulnerability detection)**

Conclusion

- Steganography now used in real-world attacks
- ClickFix & Stegoloader bypass disk-based detection
- Encrypted image payloads reduce forensic visibility
- Future defense: detection + mitigation via machine learning

Q/A

Any questions?

References

1. Caviglione, L. & Mazurczyk, W. 2022. ‘Never mind the malware, here’s the stegomalware’, *IEEE Security & Privacy*, 20(5), pp. 101-106.
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3. Mazurczyk, W. and Caviglione, L. 2014. ‘Steganography in modern smartphones and mitigation techniques’, *IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials*, 17(1), pp. 334–357.