

**Team name:** “QWERTY” LAB9

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# Test Cases

## Unit Testing

- Classes to test: `User`, `UserTest`, etc.
- Objects to update: any logic classes impacted by new requirements.
- Strategy: PHPUnit automation to cover methods like `getUsername()`, `getEmail()`, etc.

## UI Testing

- Features: basic navigation, minimal clicks, and error recoverability.
- Enhancements: data-entry forms must provide clear test hooks for automated checks.

## Requirements Testing

- Completed: core user functionality (displaying user info, database connectivity).
- Pending: additional form validation, user roles, and security checks.

## Basis Path Test Calculations

- Determine the cyclomatic complexity per method (count decisions and loops).
- Plan test paths covering each branch (if conditions, loop boundaries).

## Equivalence Partition Test Calculations

- Identify input ranges for user data (valid email format, username length, etc.).
- Group partitions (valid vs. invalid) and create representative tests.

## Validation Tests

- Custom rules for fields (no blank usernames, valid email patterns, etc.).
- Verify error messages for malformed or missing inputs.

# Unit Testing

- **Classes to Test:**

- **User** class - For user management functionality
- **Database** class - For database operations
- **Validation** class - For input validation logic
- **Authentication** class - For login/logout functionality

**Objects to Update:**

- Database connection objects need updates to accommodate transaction handling
- User object requires expansion to support additional profile fields
- Form handlers need additional validation methods

**Testing Strategy:**

- Create test cases for each public method in our classes
- Focus on testing boundary conditions and exception handling
- Implement mock objects to isolate units from external dependencies

# UI Testing

- **Currently Implemented Features:**

- Basic navigation structure
- Form submission and feedback
- Error message display

- **Features Needing Enhancement:**

- Add consistent ID attributes to all interactive elements for test automation
- Implement ARIA attributes for accessibility testing
- Create consistent error handling patterns across all forms
- Add data-testid attributes to critical UI components
- Ensure all forms have proper tabindex attributes

- **Testing Focus Areas:**

- Navigation efficiency (minimize clicks to complete common tasks)
- Form completion time and error recovery
- Responsive design across different viewport sizes
- Browser compatibility (Chrome, Firefox, Safari)

# Requirements Testing

- **Completed Requirements:**

- User registration functionality
- Basic authentication (login/logout)

- User profile display
- Database connectivity and CRUD operations
- Basic security measures (password hashing)
- **Pending Requirements:**
  - Role-based access control
  - Advanced input validation
  - Password recovery workflow
  - User activity logging
  - Session timeout handling

## Basis Path Test Calculations

### 1. User Authentication Method:

- Control flow graph nodes: Entry → Check credentials → Validate input → Query database → Check password → Create session/Return error → Exit
- Edges = 7, Nodes = 6
- Cyclomatic complexity =  $E - N + 2 = 7 - 6 + 2 = 3$
- Independent paths to test:
  1. Valid credentials path
  2. Invalid username path
  3. Invalid password path

### 2. User Registration Method:

- Control flow graph with validation branches increases complexity
- Estimated cyclomatic complexity: 5
- Key paths to test include duplicate email handling, password strength validation, and successful registration

## Equivalence Partition Test Calculations

### 1. Email Field:

- Valid partition: properly formatted emails (test@example.com)
- Invalid partitions:
  - Missing @ symbol (testexample.com)
  - Missing domain (test@.com)
  - Invalid characters (!test@example.com)
  - Empty string ("")

### 2. Password Field:

- Valid partition: 8+ characters with mixed case, numbers, and symbols
- Invalid partitions:
  - Too short (less than 8 characters)
  - Missing uppercase letters
  - Missing numbers
  - Missing special characters

- Common passwords ("password123")
- 3. **Age Field:**
  - Valid partition: 18-120
  - Invalid partitions:
    - Under 18
    - Over 120
    - Non-numeric input

## Validation Tests

- **Username Validation:**
  - Must be 3-20 characters
  - Alphanumeric characters only (plus underscore and hyphen)
  - Must not start with a number
  - Cannot contain spaces
  - Must be unique in database
- **Email Validation:**
  - Must conform to RFC 5322 format
  - Domain must include valid TLD
  - Must be unique in database
  - Maximum length of 254 characters
- **Password Validation:**
  - Minimum 8 characters
  - At least one uppercase letter
  - At least one lowercase letter
  - At least one number
  - At least one special character
  - Cannot match username or email
  - Cannot be a common password (from known list)
- **Form Submission Validation:**
  - CSRF token verification
  - Honeypot fields to detect bots
  - Rate limiting to prevent brute force attempts
  - Input sanitization before processing

Each validation rule will have corresponding error messages that clearly explain the issue and how to resolve it. All validation will be performed both client-side (for immediate feedback) and server-side (for security).

## Source Code:

GitHub Repository: <https://github.com/DanyilT/WebDev-Project>