



Resource Software Solution

Flutter

Training Assignments

Animations

Overview

What you'll learn

- Implicit animations
- Explicit animations

Tasks

1. Implicit animations

+ UI using an implicitly animated widget called **AnimatedOpacity**

The following lab shows how to add a fade-in effect to existing UI using an implicitly animated widget called **AnimatedOpacity**. It consists of a Material App home screen containing:

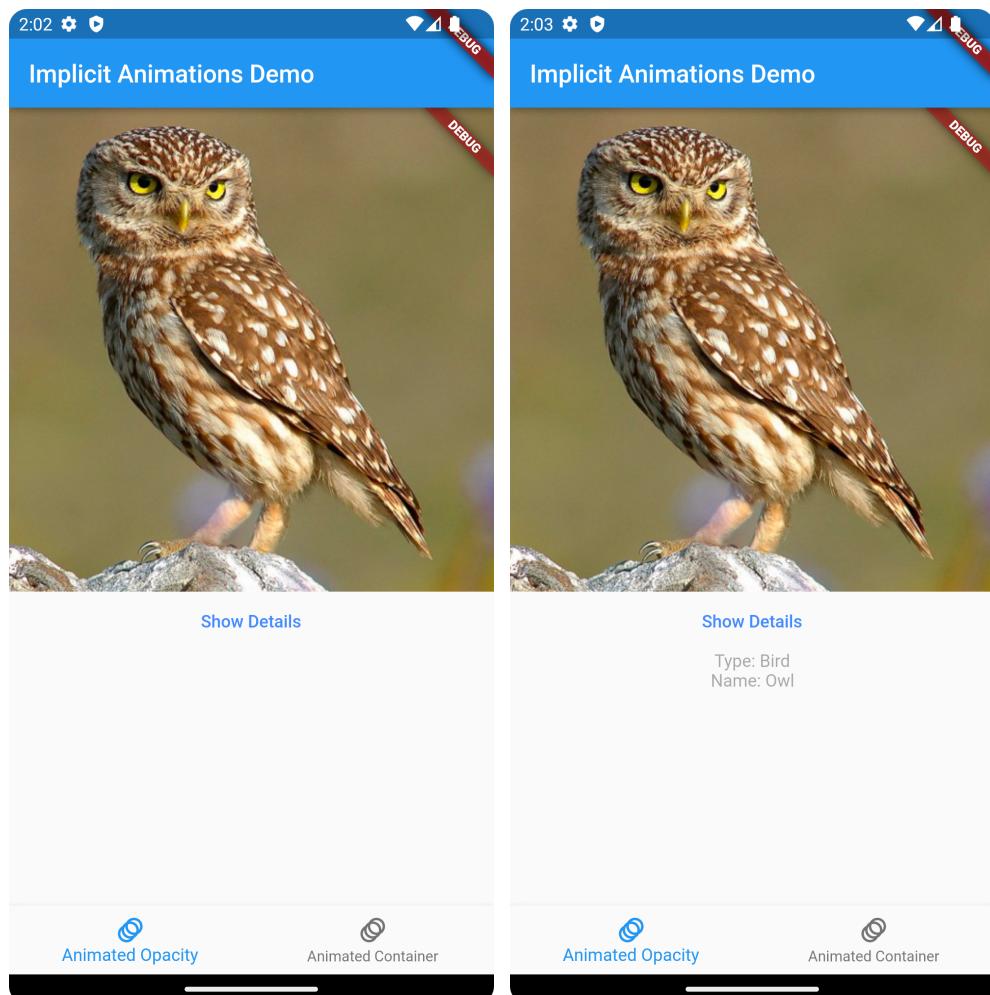
- A photograph of an owl.
- One **Show details** button that does nothing when clicked.
- Description text of the owl in the photograph.

```
class _FadeInAnimation extends StatefulWidget {
  const _FadeInAnimation({super.key});

  @override
  State<_FadeInAnimation> createState() => _FadeInAnimationState();
}

class _FadeInAnimationState extends State<_FadeInAnimation> {
  double opacity = 0;

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Column(
      children: [
        SizedBox(
          child: Image.asset('images/owl.png'),
        ), // SizedBox
        TextButton(
          onPressed: () {
            setState(() {
              opacity = 1;
            });
          },
          child: const Text(
            'Show Details',
            style: TextStyle(color: Colors.blueAccent),
          ), // Text
        ), // TextButton
        AnimatedOpacity(
          opacity: opacity,
          duration: const Duration(seconds: 4),
          child: Column(
            children: const [
              Text('Type: Bird'),
              Text('Name: Owl'),
            ],
          ), // Column
        ) // AnimatedOpacity
      ],
    );
  }
}
```



+ Using the AnimatedContainer widget

```
class AnimatedContainerDemo extends StatelessWidget {
  const AnimatedContainerDemo({super.key});

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return const MaterialApp(
      home: _MyAnimatedContainer(),
    ); // MaterialApp
  }
}

class _MyAnimatedContainer extends StatefulWidget {
  const _MyAnimatedContainer({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

  @override
  State<_MyAnimatedContainer> createState() => _MyAnimatedContainerState();
}

class _MyAnimatedContainerState extends State<_MyAnimatedContainer> {
  late double margin;
  late double borderRadius;

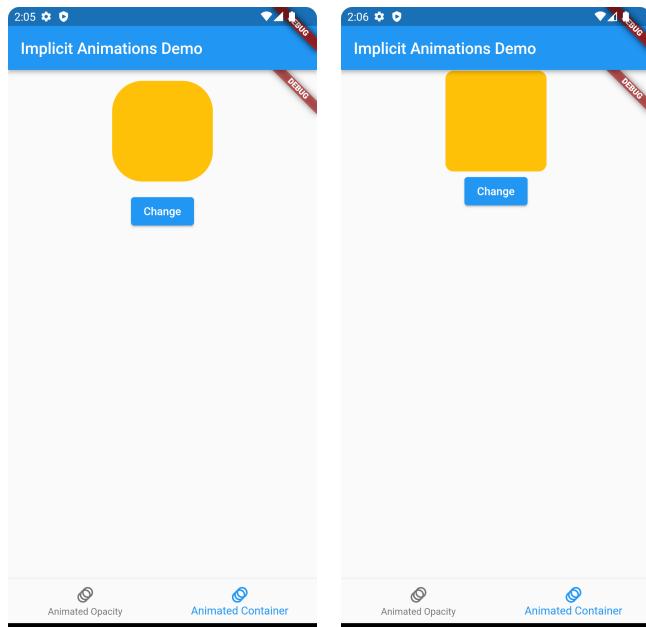
  @override
  void initState() {
    super.initState();
    margin = _randomMargin();
    borderRadius = _randomBorderRadius();
  }
}
```

```
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      body: Center(
        child: Column(
          children: [
            AnimatedContainer(
              width: 128,
              height: 128,
              margin: EdgeInsets.all(margin),
              decoration: BoxDecoration(
                color: Colors.amber,
                borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(borderRadius),
              ), // BoxDecoration
              duration: const Duration(milliseconds: 400),
            ), // AnimatedContainer
            ElevatedButton(
              onPressed: () {
                setState(() {
                  margin = _randomMargin();
                  borderRadius = _randomBorderRadius();
                });
              },
              child: const Text('Change')
            ), // ElevatedButton
          ],
        ), // Column
      ), // Center
    ); // Scaffold
  }

  double _randomMargin() {
    return Random().nextDouble() * 64;
  }

  double _randomBorderRadius() {
    return Random().nextDouble() * 64;
  }
}
```

Run the app



2. Explicit animations

+ Code

```
class _MyHome extends StatefulWidget {
  const _MyHome({Key? key}) : super(key: key);

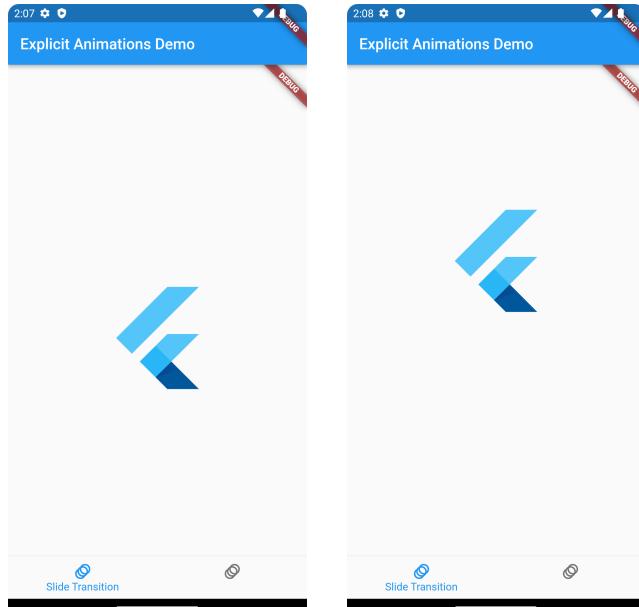
  @override
  State<_MyHome> createState() => _MyHomeState();
}

class _MyHomeState extends State<_MyHome> with SingleTickerProviderStateMixin {
  late final AnimationController _controller = AnimationController(
    vsync: this,
    duration: const Duration(seconds: 2),
  )..repeat(reverse: true); // AnimationController

  late final Animation<Offset> _offsetAnimation = Tween<Offset>(
    begin: Offset.zero,
    // Offset(double dx, double dy)
    // The first argument sets dx, the horizontal component,
    // and the second sets dy, the vertical component.
    end: const Offset(0, 1.5),
  ).animate(CurvedAnimation( // Tween
    parent: _controller,
    curve: Curves.elasticIn,
    reverseCurve: Curves.easeOutCirc
  );

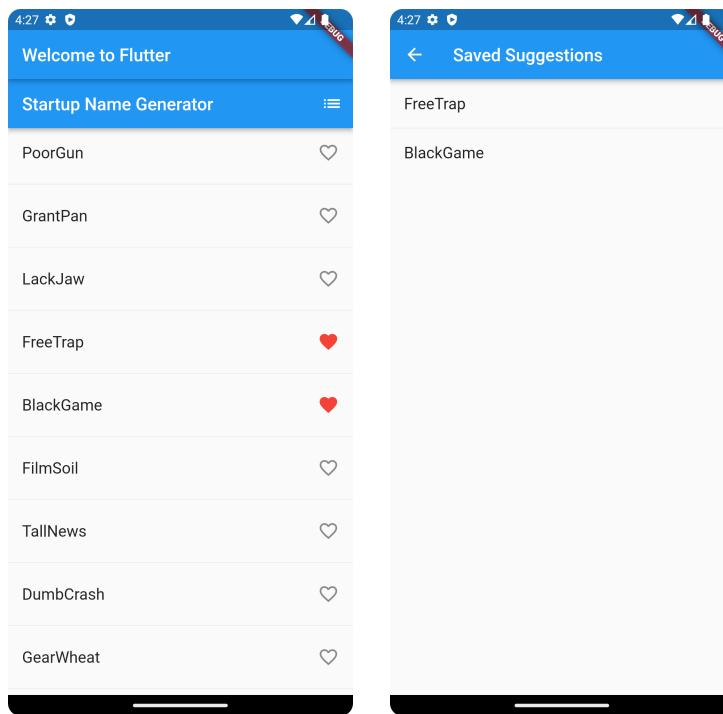
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      body: Center(
        child: SlideTransition(
          position: _offsetAnimation,
          child: const Padding(
            padding: EdgeInsets.all(8),
            child: FlutterLogo(
              size: 150,
            ), // FlutterLogo
          ), // Padding
        ), // SlideTransition
      ), // Center
    ); // Scaffold
  }
}
```

+ Run the app



Extra tasks

Task: Use **SlideTransition** to animate when navigating

**Tips**

```
// Navigate to a new screen
Route _createRoute() {
  return PageRouteBuilder(
    pageBuilder: (context, animation, secondaryAnimation) =>
        DetailsScreen(saved: _saved, biggerFont: _biggerFont),
    transitionsBuilder: (context, animation, secondaryAnimation, child) {
      const begin = Offset(0.0, 1.0);
      const end = Offset.zero;
      const curve = Curves.ease;

      var tween =
        Tween(begin: begin, end: end).chain(CurveTween(curve: curve));

      return SlideTransition(
        position: animation.drive(tween),
        child: child,
      ); // SlideTransition
    },
  ); // PageRouteBuilder
}
```

--THE END--