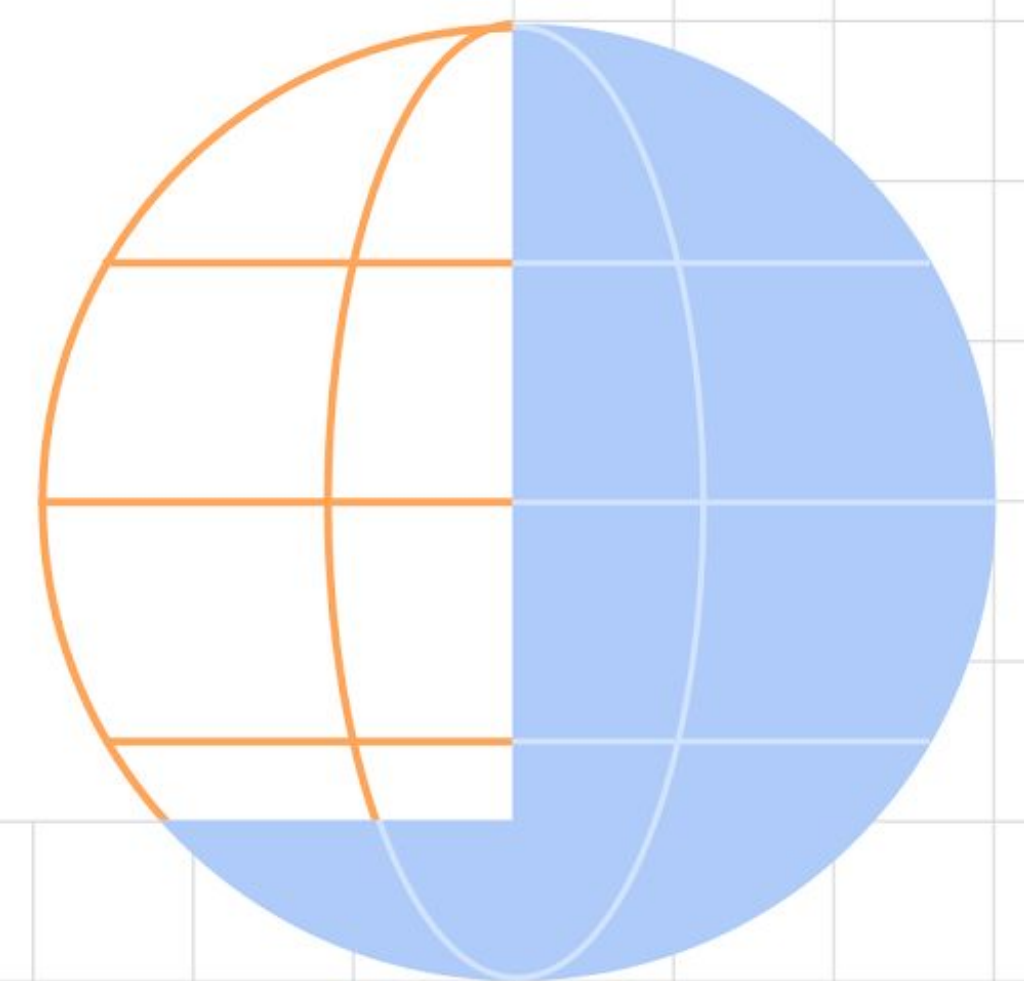


Exploring Jetpack Compose

Diving into the framework



Contents

Things we'll talk about

- What is Compose?
- Compose Basics
- State handling
- Complex composables
- Advanced Compose

What is Jetpack Compose?

What is Jetpack Compose?

The idea behind the framework

Jetpack Compose is a new and **fully declarative** way to design and render Android user interfaces.

It relies on **composable functions**, **modifiers** and **reacting to state changes** to display beautiful, material-design-inspired UI **using Kotlin!**

Well how is this better?

Straightforward benefits

Things you get right off the bat

You **no longer have to write XML** to produce the UI spec you're given!

You can have both **business logic & the UI in Kotlin!**

New, updated and decoupled framework where everything is a function!

Just call **setContent()** and that's it!

Less talk more code! :]

Composable functions


```
@Composable  
fun MyComposable() {  
    Text(text = "Compose is so awesome!")  
}
```


Basic Composables

Previewing compose
elements

Previews without running the app

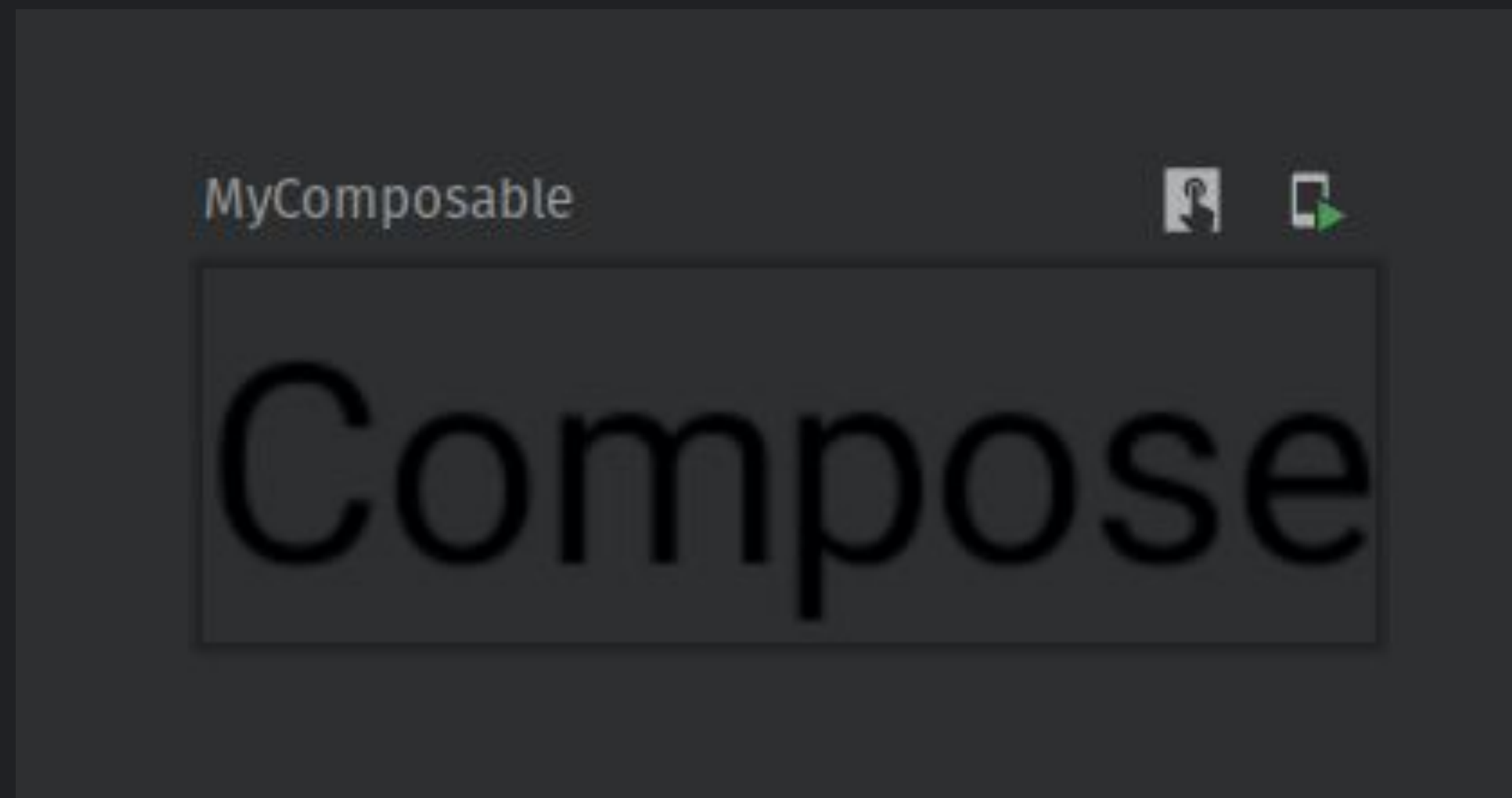
Android Studio features for Compose

Jetpack Compose lets you add **@Preview** to all your composables, to see what the elements would look like when you run the app.

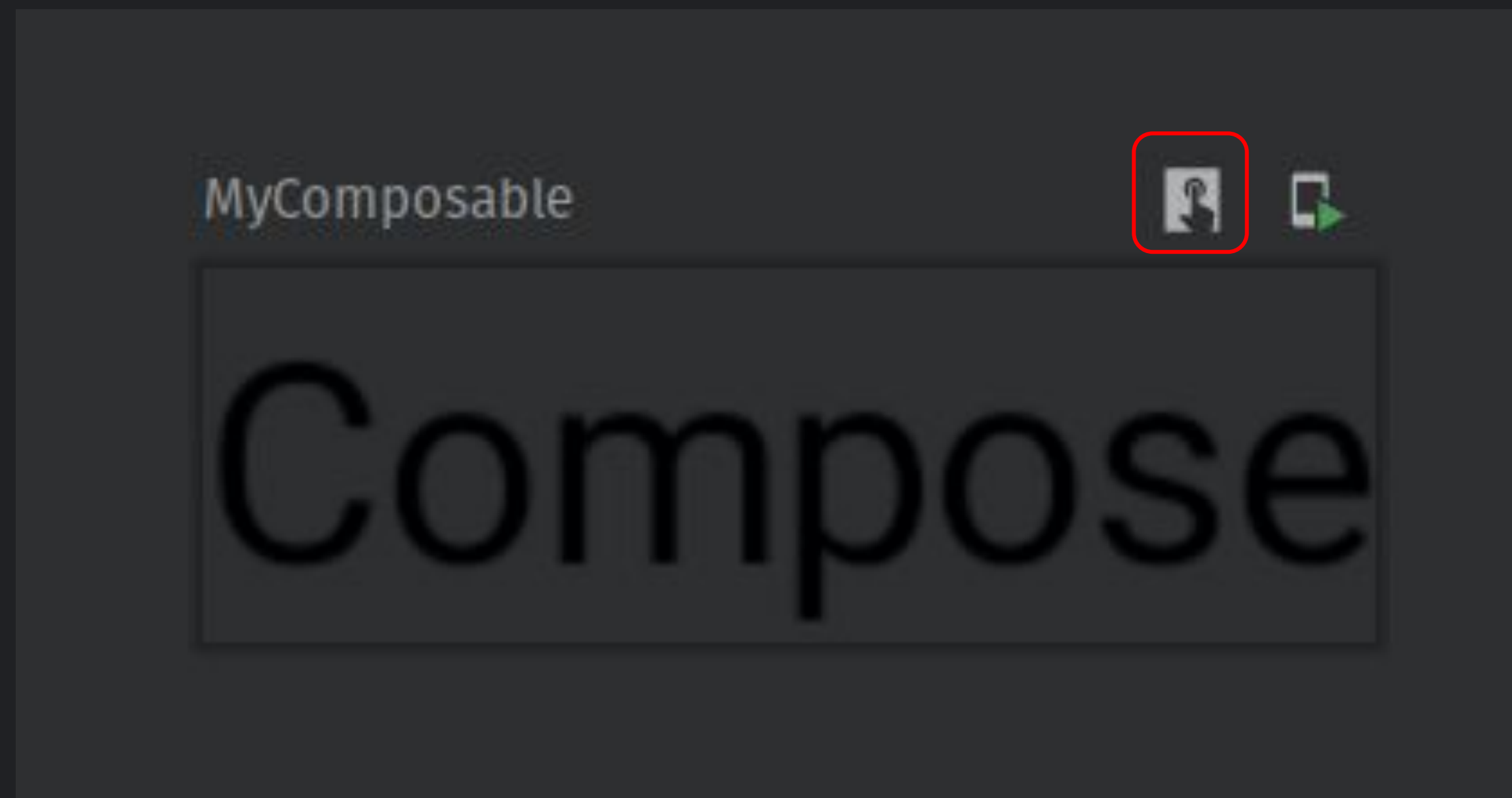
Without running the app.

You can also **interact with the elements** - like clicking it.

```
@Preview
@Composable
fun MyComposable(text: String = "Compose") {
    Text(text = text)
}
```



```
@Preview
@Composable
fun MyComposable(text: String = "Compose") {
    Text(text = text)
}
```



Compose Containers/Layouts

MyComposable



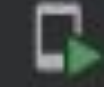
Compose

MyComposable



ComposeComposeCompose

MyComposable



Compose
Compose
Compose

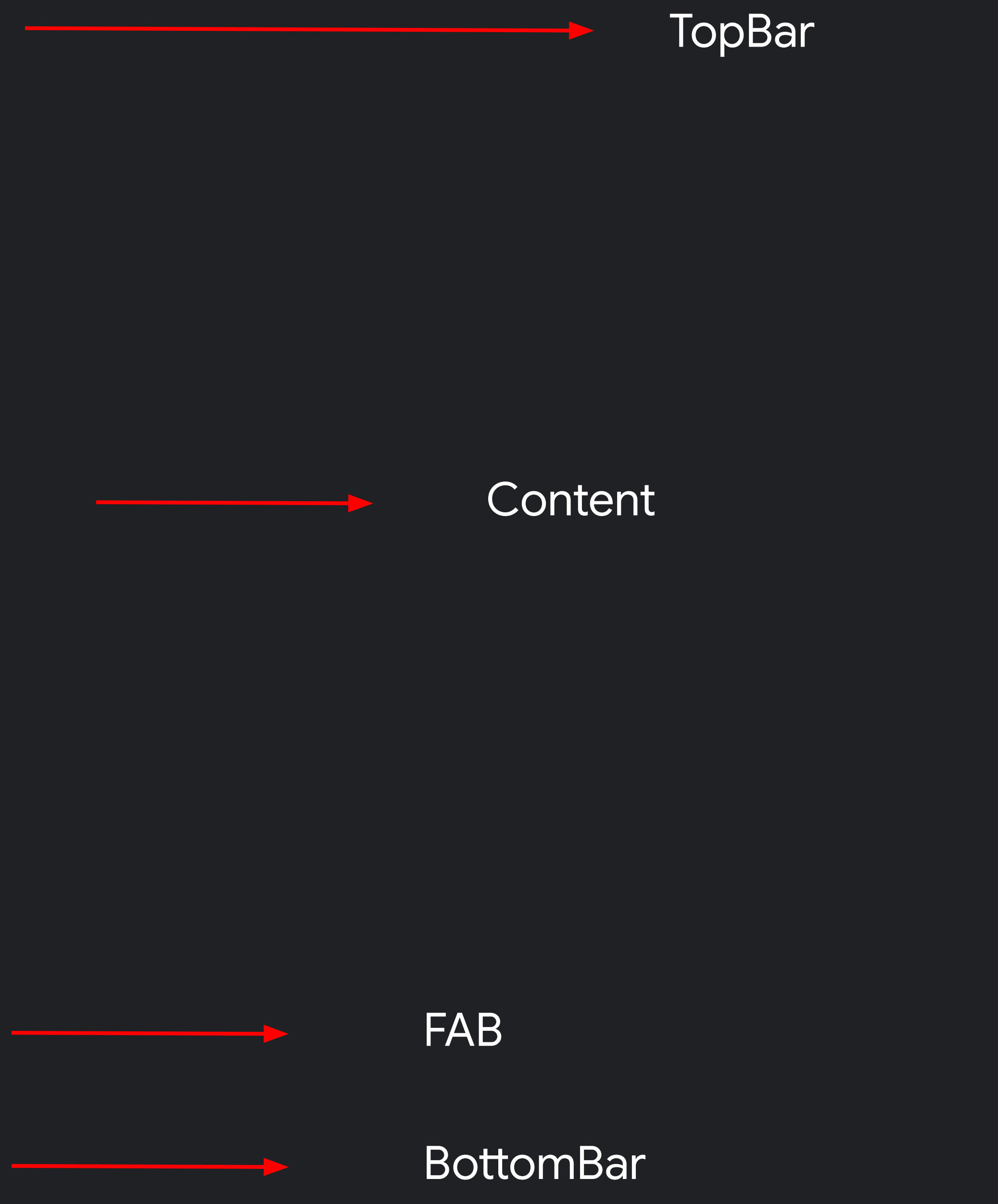
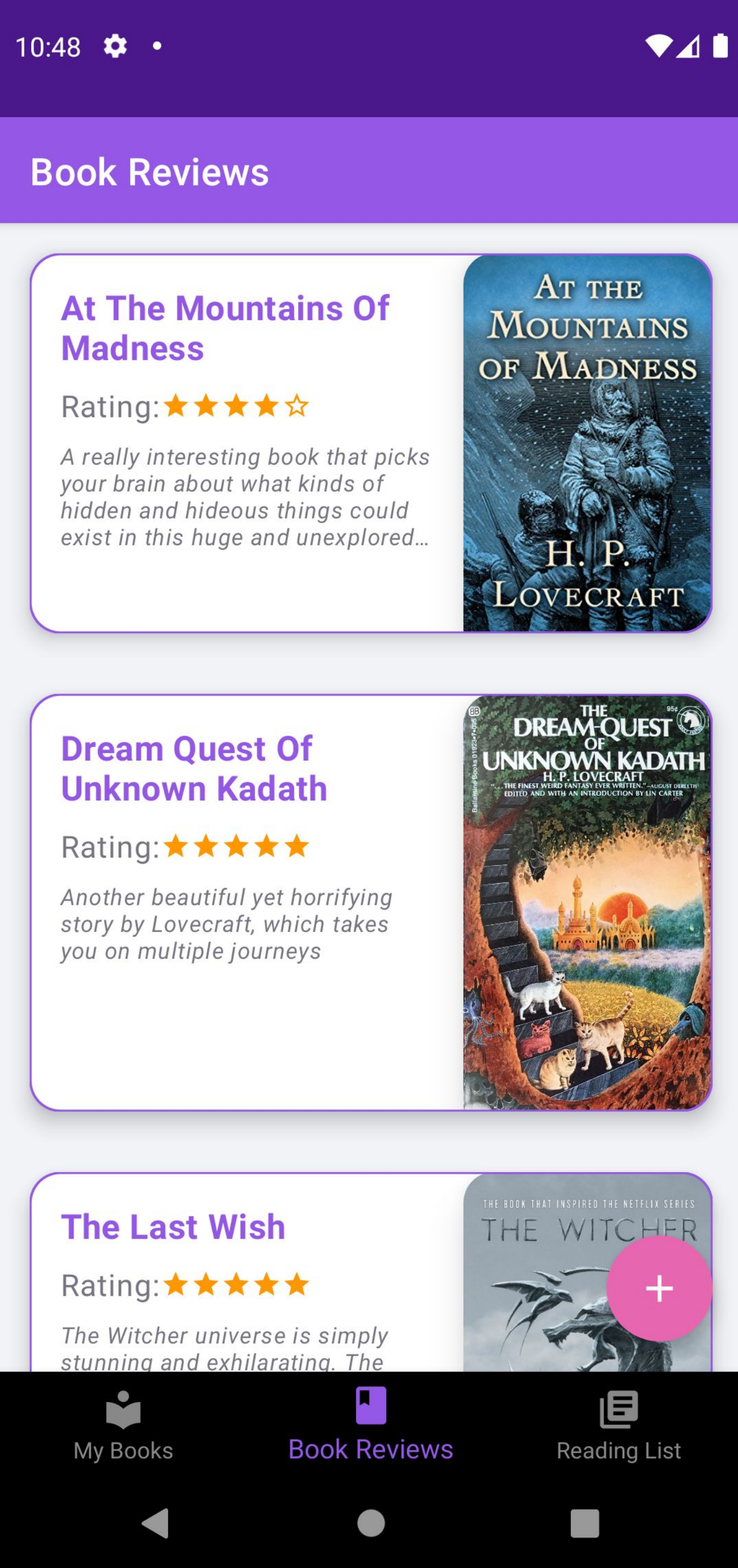
Complex/Beautiful
Composables

Building Complex UI

Styling & combining composables

You can style specific UI components through **modifiers**, or you can **apply themes** across entire Compose trees.

Modifiers are styling functions you can **chain** & that **respect the chain order**. Background, alignment, size, padding, clickability...




```
@Composable
fun MainScreen() {
    Scaffold(
        topBar = { MainTopBar() },
        bottomBar = {
            BottomNavigation {
                BottomNavigationItem(icon, label, selected, onClick),
                BottomNavigationItem(icon, label, selected, onClick),
                BottomNavigationItem(icon, label, selected, onClick)
            }
        },
        floatingActionButton = { MainScreenFloatingAction() }
    ) { // content
        MainScreenContent()
    }
}
```

Row - Content | Image

At The Mountains Of Madness

Rating: ★★★★★

A really interesting book that picks your brain about what kinds of hidden and hideous things could exist in this huge and unexplored...



LazyRow - 5 Icons

Row - Text | Rating Icons

Column - Text | Rating | Description

@Composable

```
fun BookReviewItem(
    bookReview: BookReview,
    onItemClick: (BookReview) -> Unit,
    onLongItemTap: (BookReview) -> Unit
) {
    Card(
        elevation = 8.dp,
        border = BorderStroke(1.dp, MaterialTheme.colors.primary),
        shape = RoundedCornerShape(16.dp),
        modifier = Modifier
            .wrapContentSize()
            .padding(16.dp)
            .combinedClickable(
                onClick = { onItemClick(bookReview) },
                indication = null,
                onLongClick = { onLongItemTap(bookReview) }
            )
    ) {}
}
```

```
Row(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize()) {  
    Spacer(modifier = Modifier.size(16.dp))  
  
    Column(  
        modifier = Modifier  
            .weight(0.6f)  
            .fillMaxHeight()  
    ) {  
        Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(16.dp))  
  
        Text(  
            text = bookReview.book.name,  
            color = MaterialTheme.colors.primary,  
            fontSize = 18.sp,  
            fontWeight = FontWeight.Bold  
        )  
  
        Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(8.dp))  
    }  
}
```

...

 Book Title

```
Row {  
    Text(  
        text = stringResource(id = R.string.rating_text),  
        color = MaterialTheme.colors.onPrimary  
    )
```

```
    RatingBar(  
        range = 1..5,  
        currentRating = bookReview.review.rating,  
        isSelectable = false,  
        isLargeRating = false  
    )  
}
```



Rating

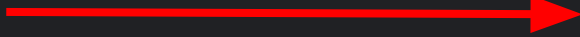
```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(8.dp))
```

...

```
Text(  
    text = bookReview.review.notes,  
    fontSize = 12.sp,  
    modifier = Modifier.fillMaxSize(),  
    overflow = TextOverflow.Ellipsis,  
    fontStyle = FontStyle.Italic,  
    maxLines = 4,  
    color = MaterialTheme.colors.onPrimary  
)
```

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.height(16.dp))
```

```
}  Column end
```

 Description

```
Spacer(modifier = Modifier.width(16.dp))
```

```
Card(
```

```
    modifier = Modifier.weight(0.4f),
```

```
    shape = RoundedCornerShape(
```

```
        topRight = 16.dp,
```

```
        topLeft = 16.dp,
```

```
        bottomLeft = 0.dp,
```

```
        bottomRight = 16.dp
```

```
    ),
```

```
    elevation = 16.dp
```

```
) {
```

```
    Image(
```

```
        painter =
```

```
            rememberImagePainter(bookReview.review.imageUrl),
```

```
        contentScale = ContentScale.FillWidth
```

```
    )
```

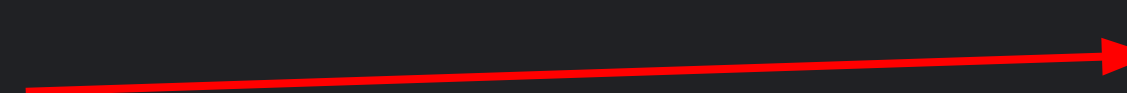
```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



Image Card Shape



Coil powered Image

Row - Content | Image

At The Mountains Of Madness

Rating: ★★★★★

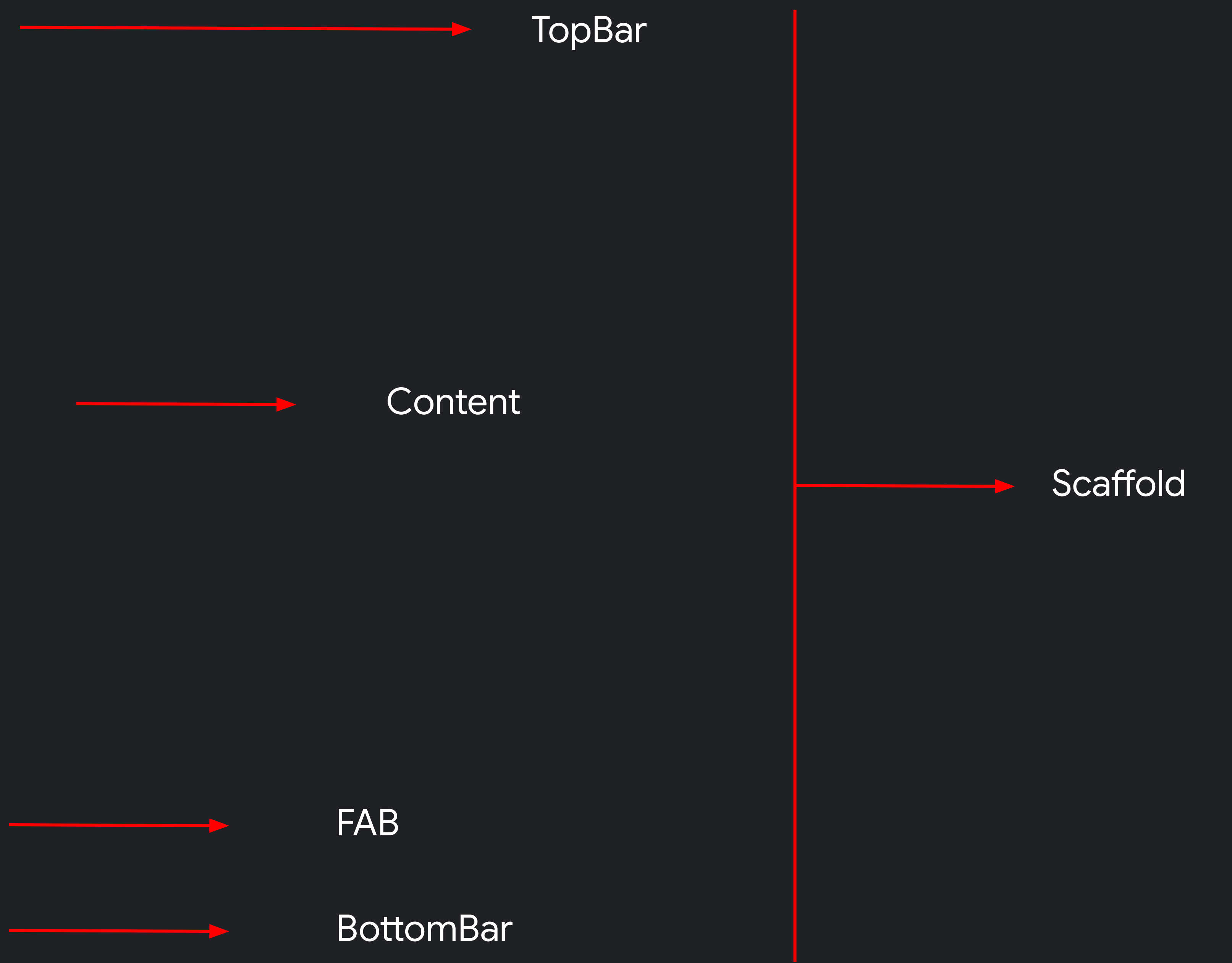
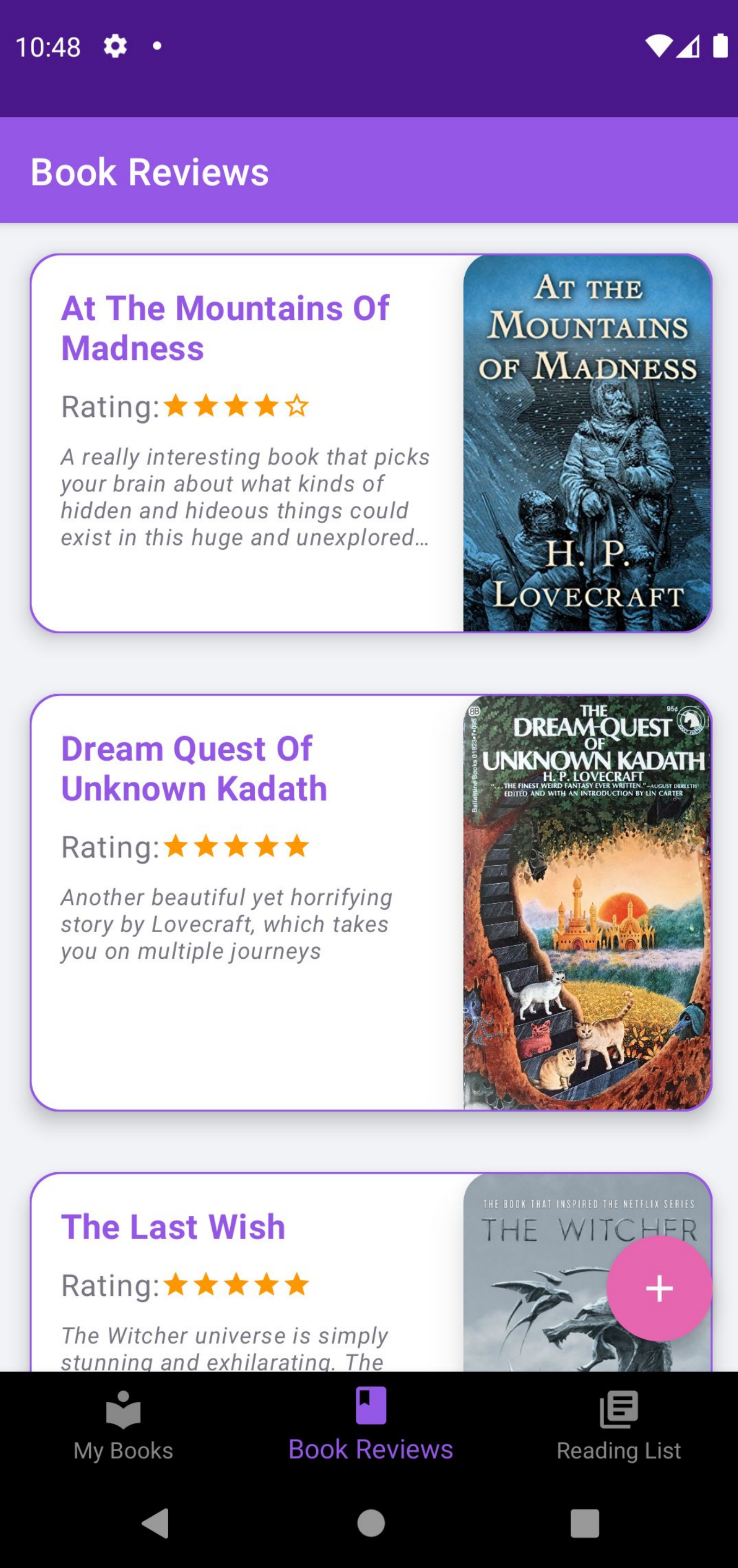
A really interesting book that picks your brain about what kinds of hidden and hideous things could exist in this huge and unexplored...



LazyRow- 5 Icons

Row - Text | Rating Icons

Column - Text | Rating | Description



Building Lists/Dynamic Composables

Building Lists

Dynamic Composables are just Composables

Building lists and dynamic components is as easy as calling a **for-loop** or using one of the predefined “lazy components”.

LazyColumn - building **vertical** lists.

LazyRow - building **horizontal** lists.

```
@Composable
fun BookReviewsList(
    bookReviews: List<BookReview>,
    onItemClick: (BookReview) -> Unit,
    onLongItemTap: (BookReview) -> Unit
) {

    LazyColumn {
        items(bookReviews) { bookReview ->
            BookReviewItem(bookReview, onItemClick, onLongItemTap)
        }
    }
}
```

```
@Composable
@Preview
fun MyComposable(items: List<Data>) {
    for (item in items) {
        MyItem(item)
    }
}
```

Adding state

State Handling

The most important thing about UI

Compose allows you to easily listen to and **remember** the state of your components.

Using **remember()** you create State objects that store data within the component lifecycle.

It's also important to know that Compose doesn't work without state - **forces declarative programming.**

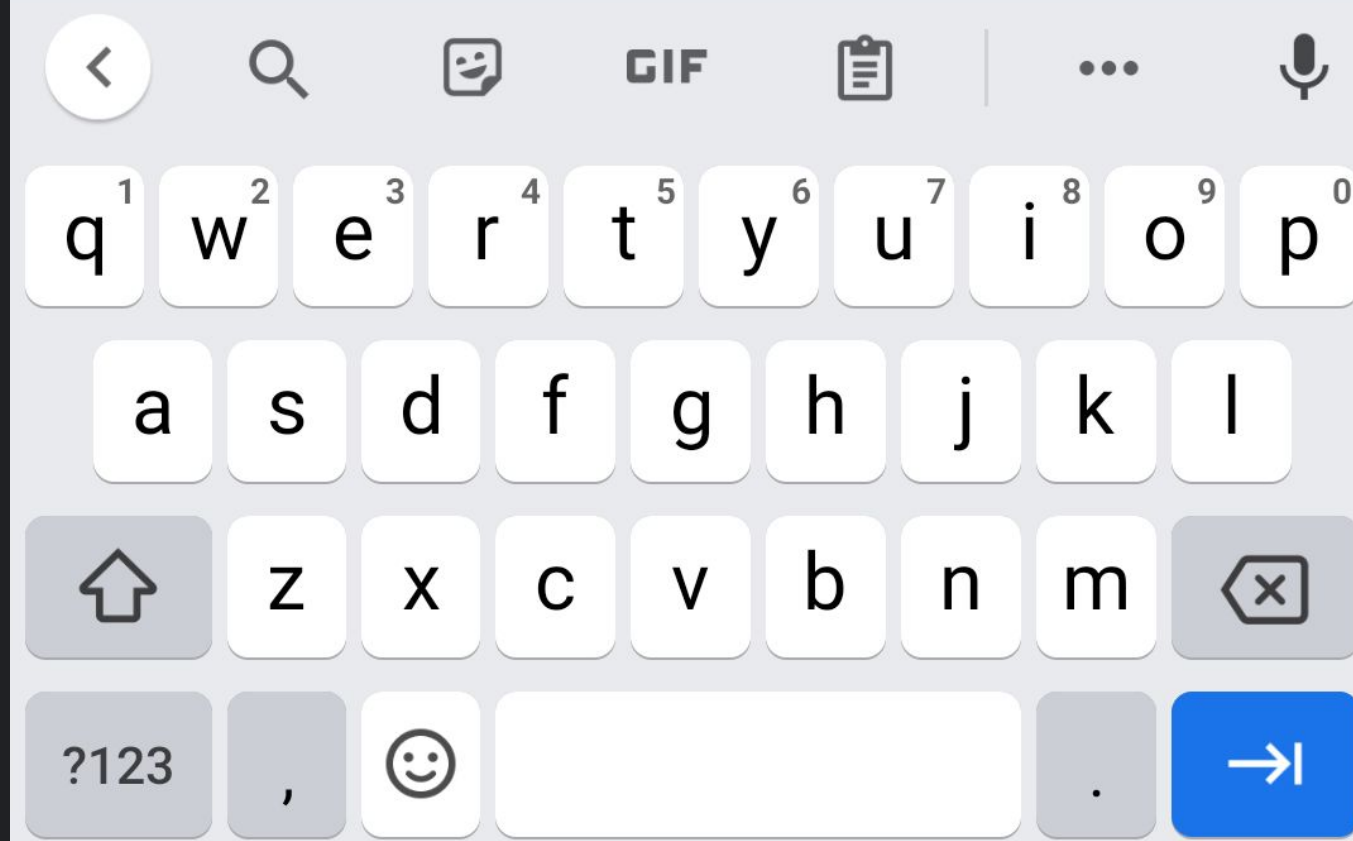
Reading Lists

Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

Create a new reading list

Reading list name

Add reading list



Typing



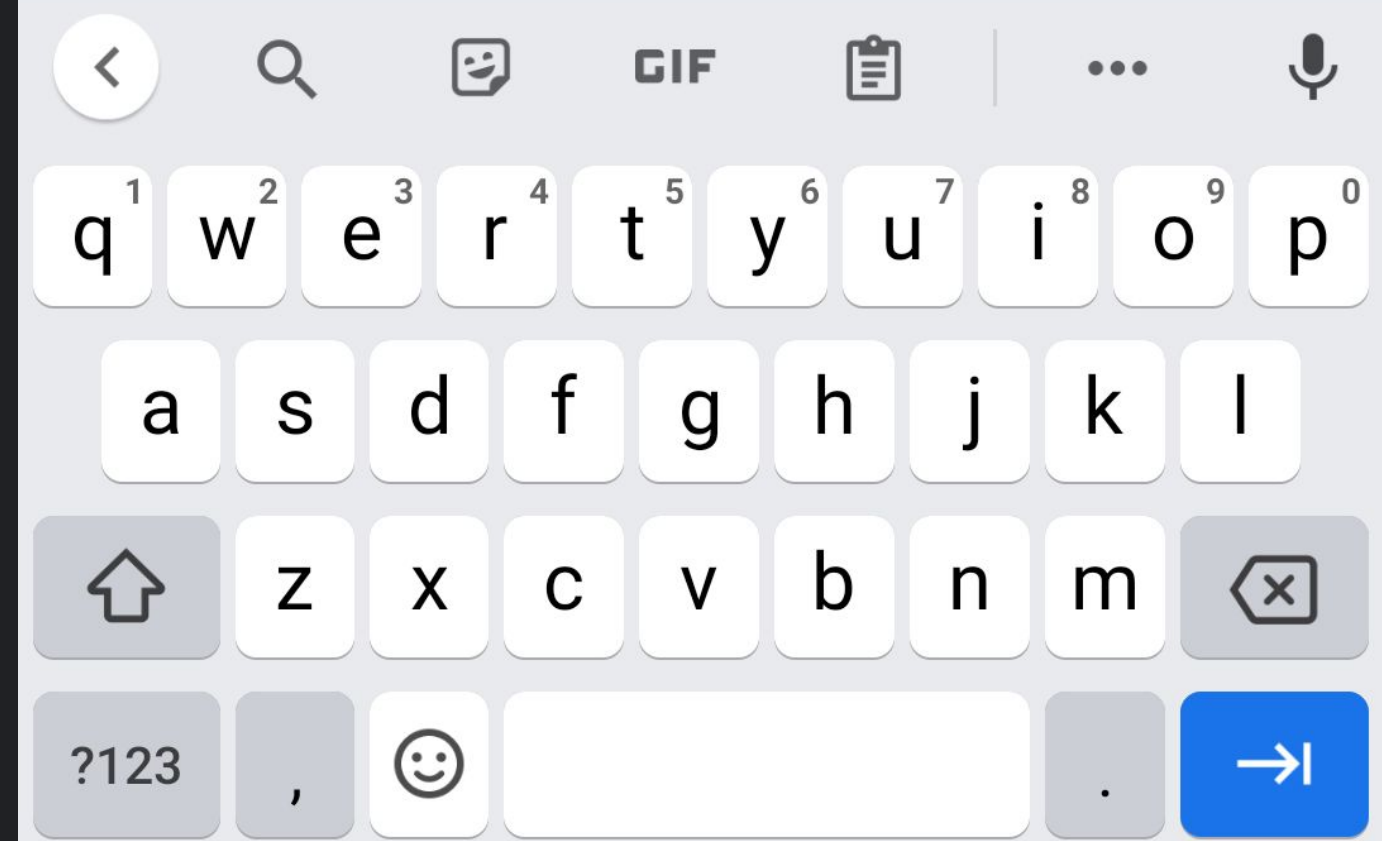
Reading Lists

Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

Create a new reading list

Reading list name

Add reading list



```
@Composable
fun AddReadingList(
    onAddList: (String) -> Unit,
    onDismiss: () -> Unit
) {
    val inputState = remember { mutableStateOf("") }
}
```

```
@Composable
fun AddReadingList(
    onAddList: (String) -> Unit,
    onDismiss: () -> Unit
) {
    val inputState = remember { mutableStateOf("") }

    ....
    InputField(
        value = inputState.value,
        isValid = inputState.value.isNotEmpty(),
        onStateChanged = { newValue -> inputState.value = newValue }
    )

    ActionButton(
        isEnabled = inputState.value.isNotEmpty(),
        onClick = { onAddList(inputState.value) }
    )
}
}
```



```
@Composable
fun AddReadingList(
    onAddList: (String) -> Unit,
    onDismiss: () -> Unit
) {
    val inputState = remember { mutableStateOf("") }

    ....
    InputField(
        value = inputState.value,
        isValid = inputState.value.isNotEmpty(),
        onStateChanged = { newValue -> inputState.value = newValue } // state change
    )

    ActionButton(
        isEnabled = inputState.value.isNotEmpty(),
        onClick = { onAddList(inputState.value) }
    )
}
}
```

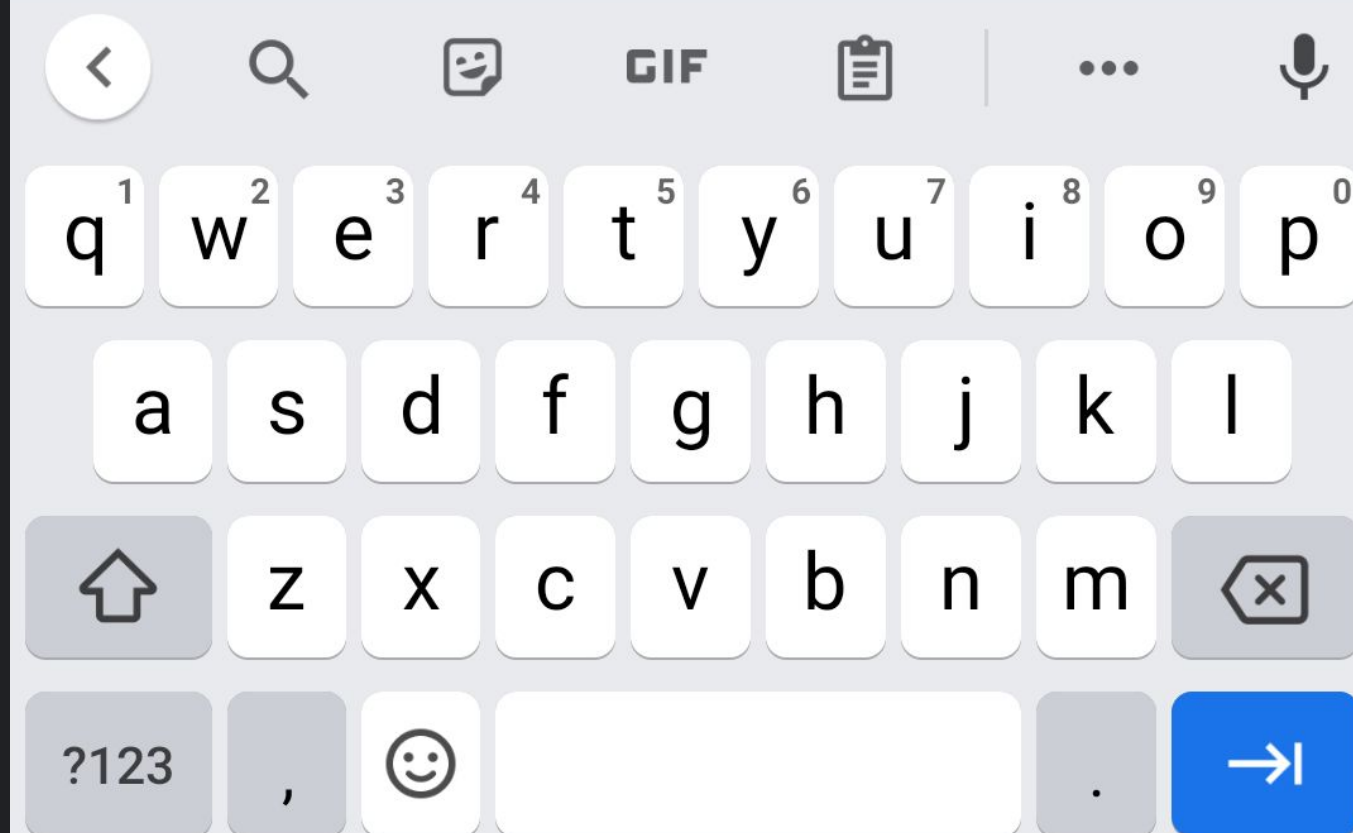
Reading Lists

Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

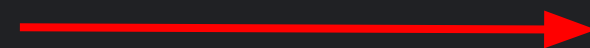
Create a new reading list

Reading list name

Add reading list



Typing



Reading Lists

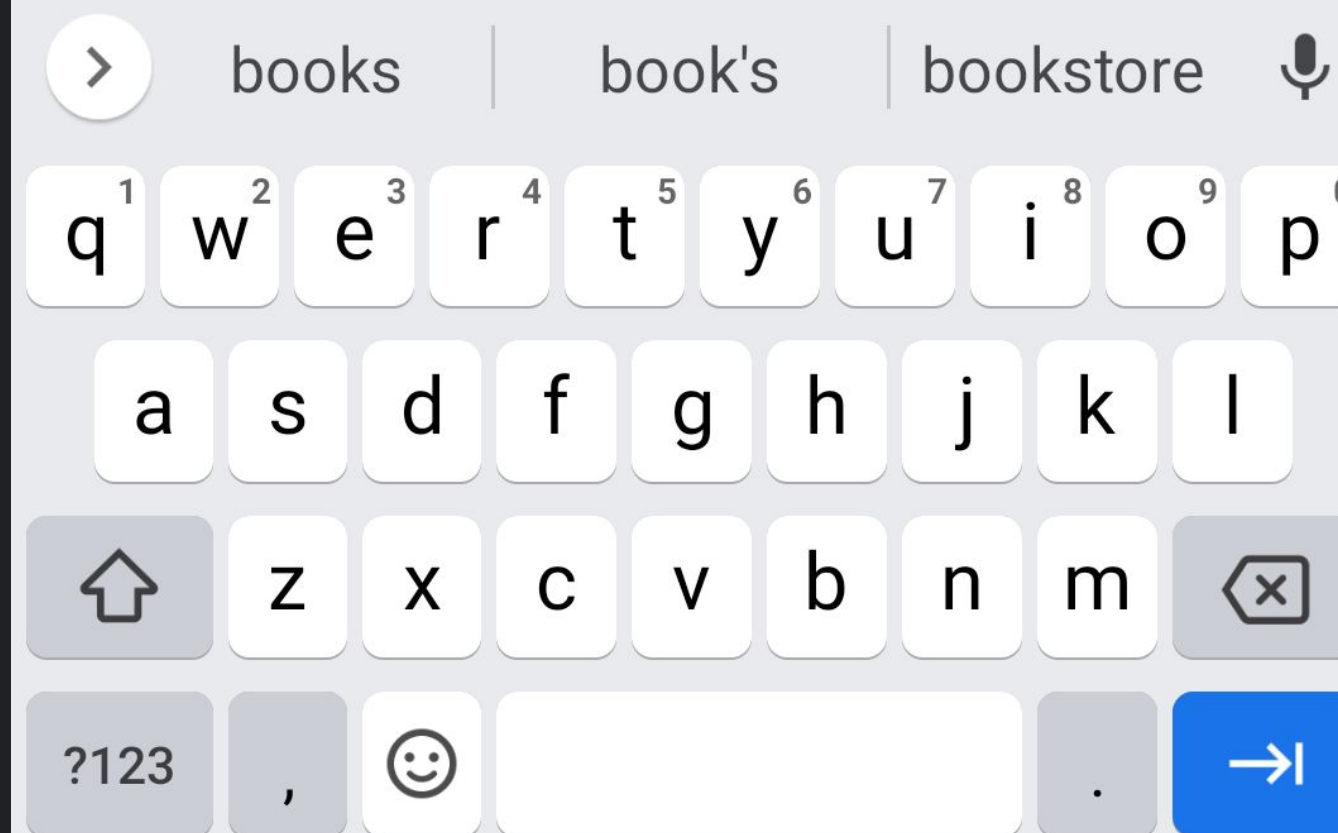
Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

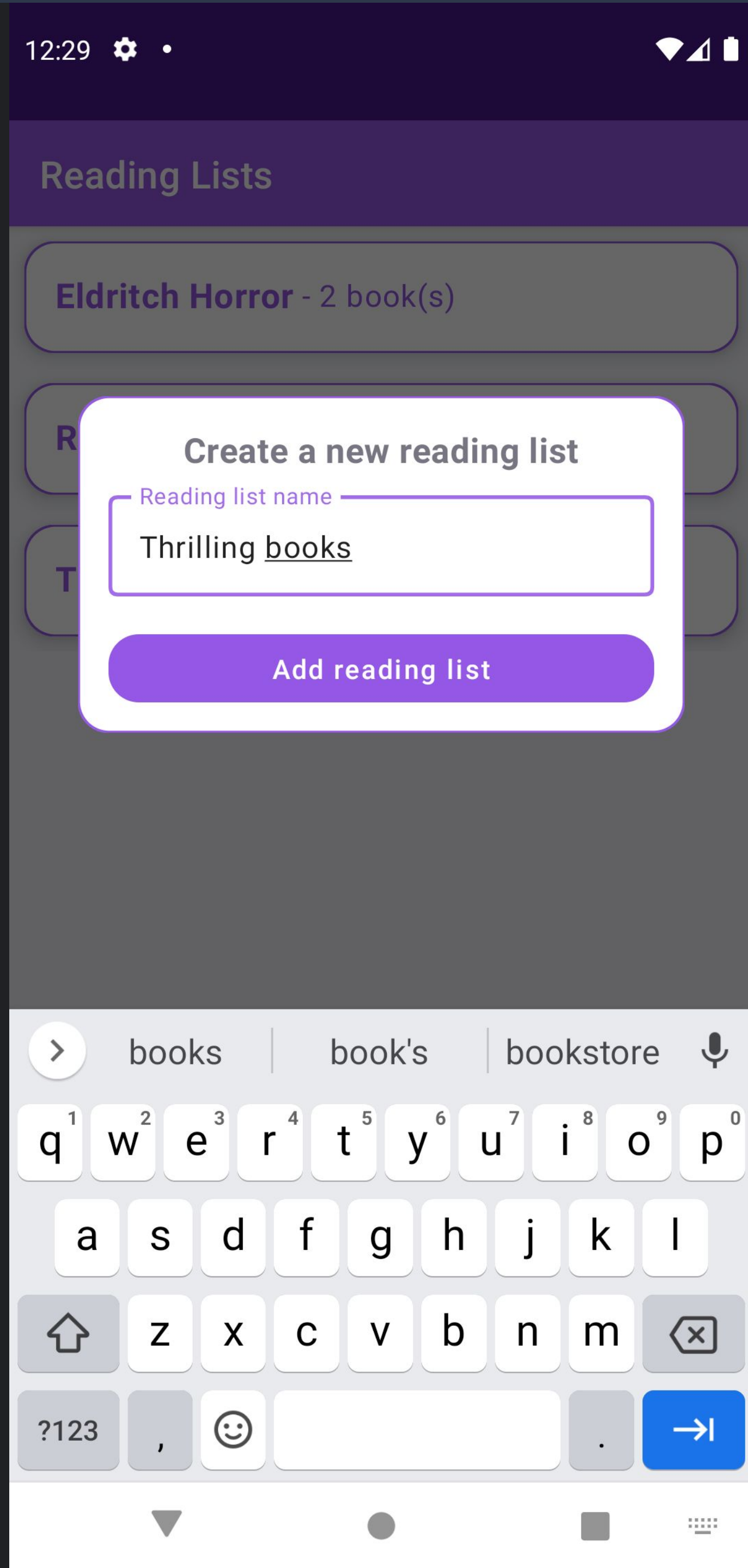
Create a new reading list

Reading list name

Thrilling books

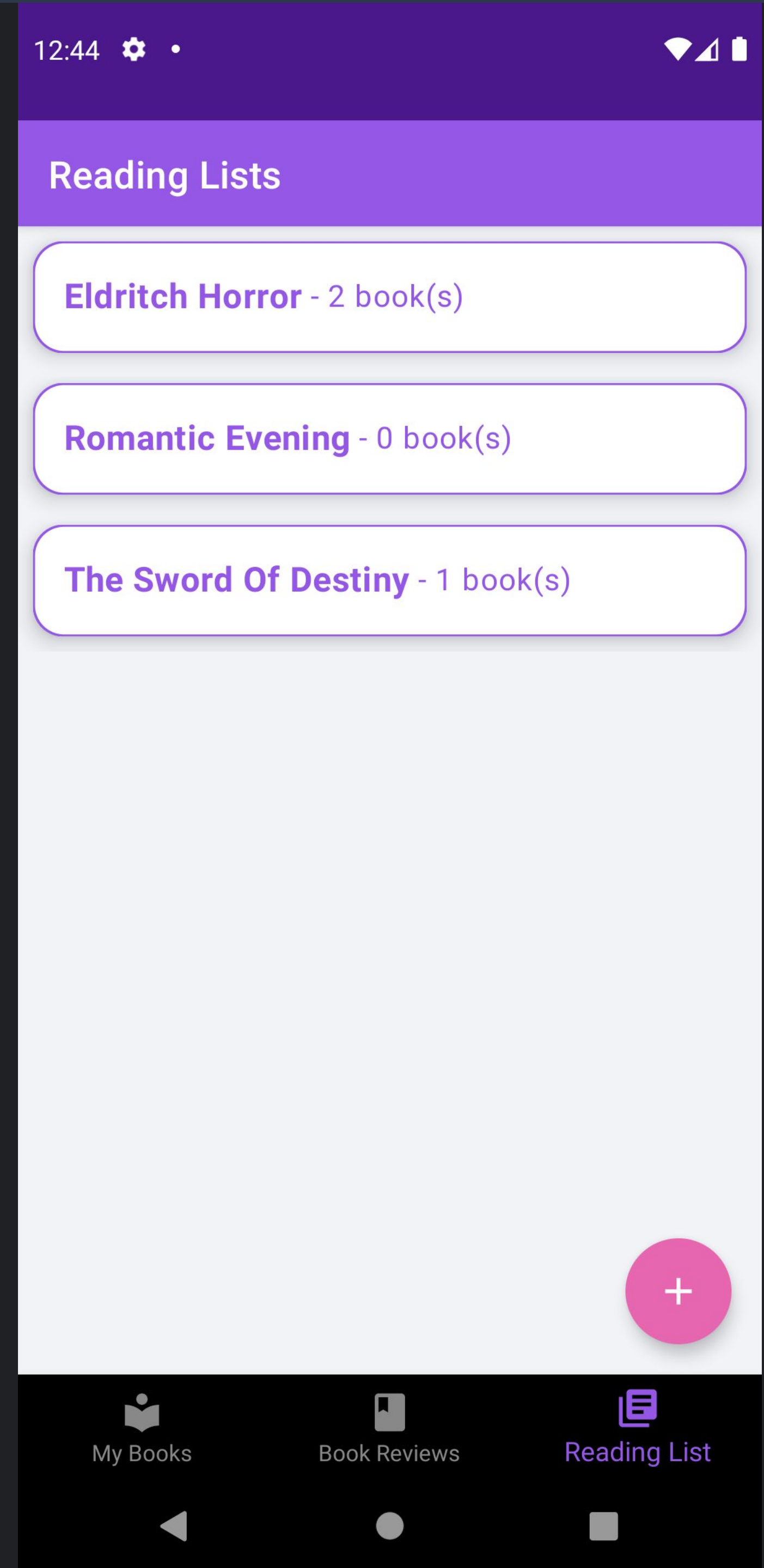
Add reading list





Without observing
the state properties

Add list



Reading Lists

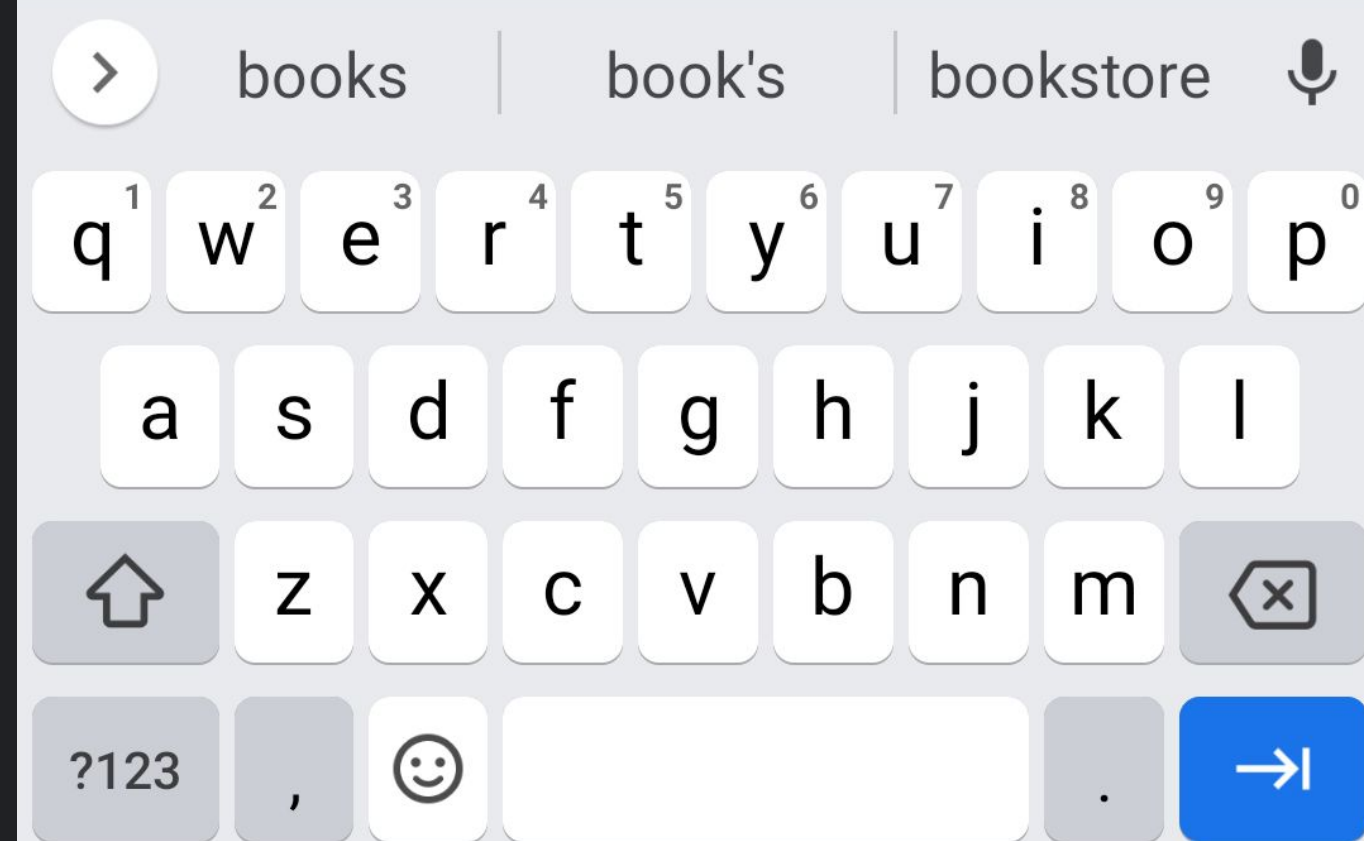
Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

Create a new reading list

Reading list name

Thrilling books

Add reading list



Using remember()
for list items

Add list



Reading Lists

Eldritch Horror - 2 book(s)

Romantic Evening - 0 book(s)

The Sword Of Destiny - 1 book(s)

Thrilling Books - 0 book(s)




My Books


Book Reviews


Reading List

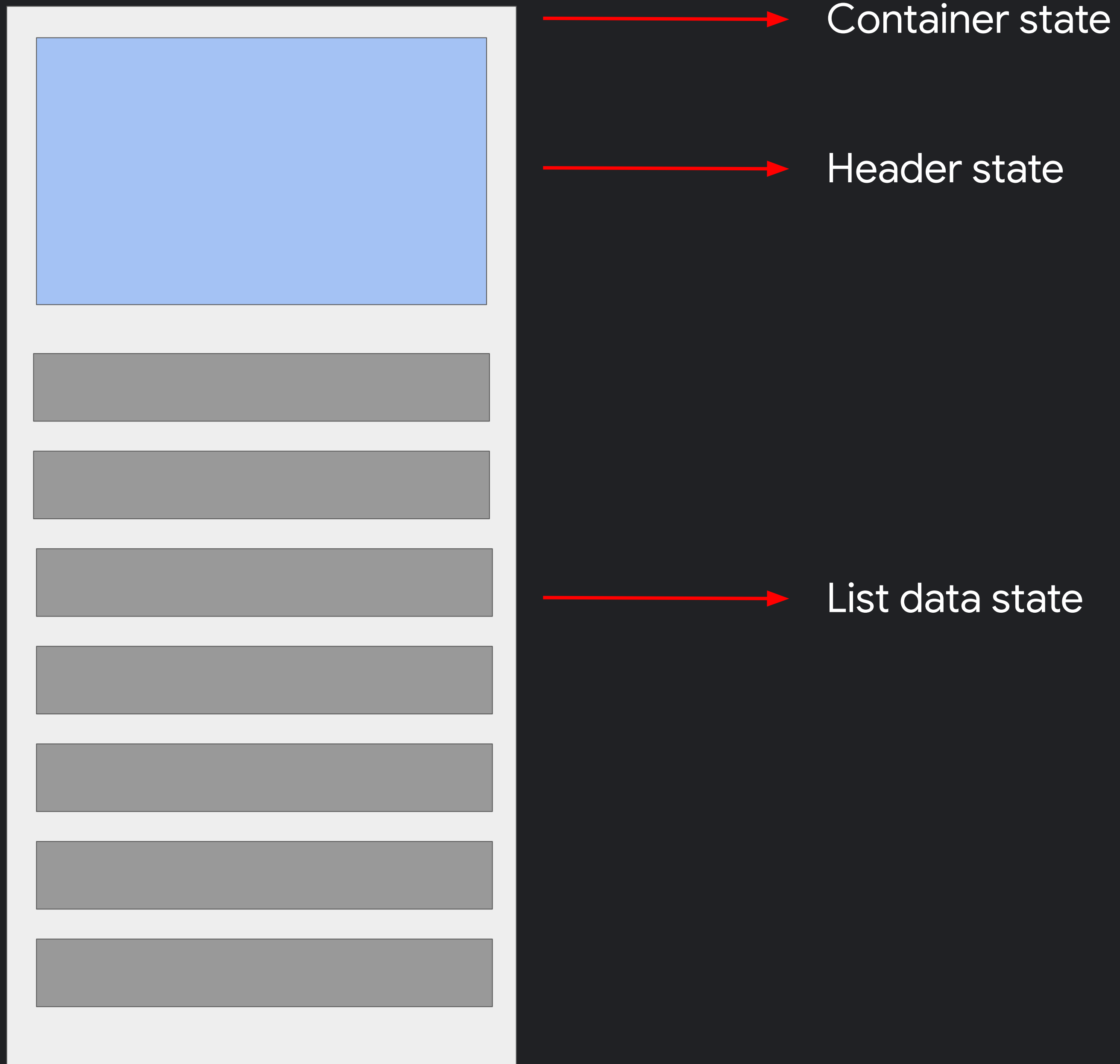
What happens when state
changes?

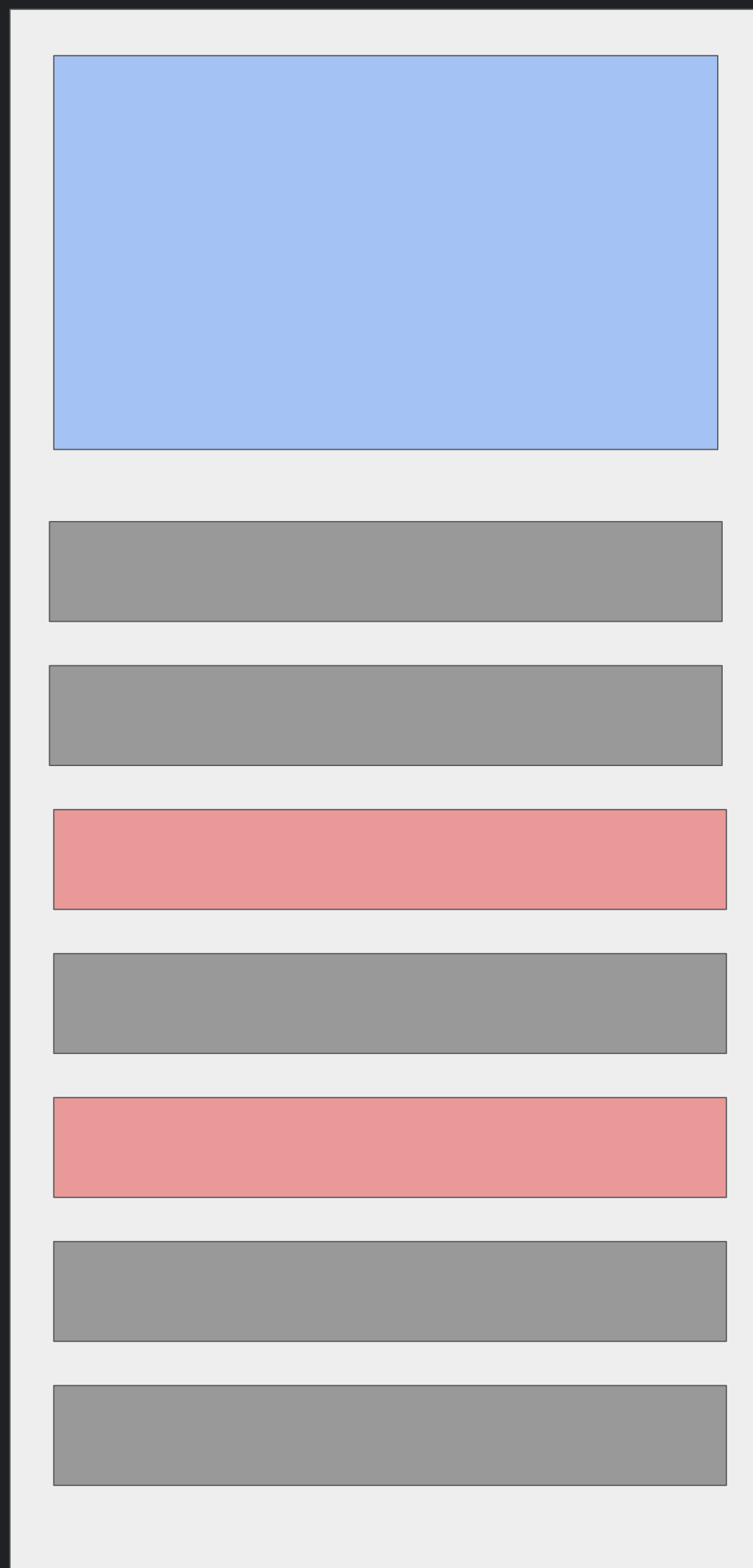
State Handling

State tends to change

If the state changes, the UI re-draws itself in a smart way, applying minimal changes to match the new state.

This process is called **recomposition**.

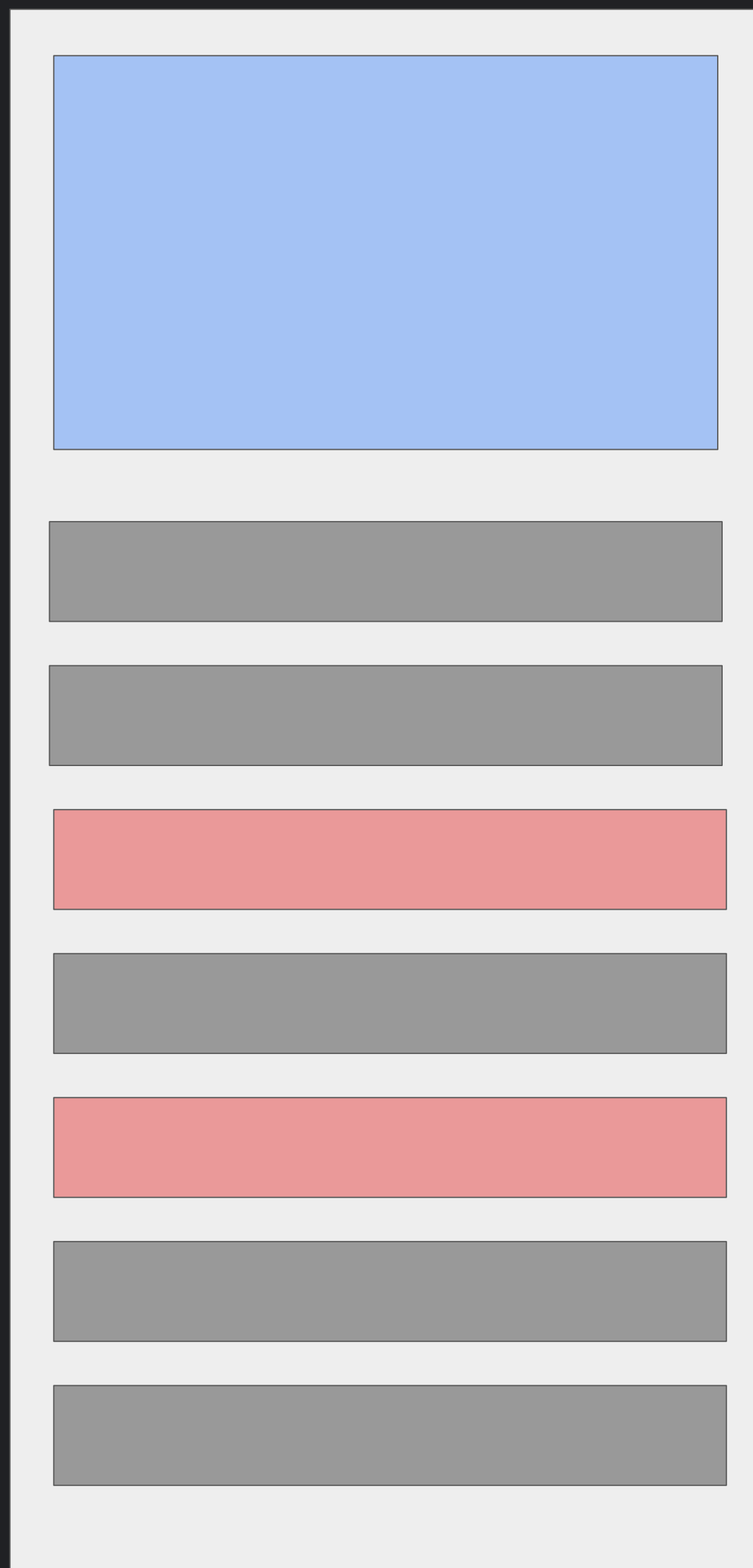




→ Container - no changes

→ Header - no changes

→ List state - changed



Container - doesn't
re-draw



Header - doesn't
re-draw



List - recomposed



Compose is pretty big!

Here are the main items to *remember*

- **Build your UI based on state:** represent the state within the UI. If the state changes, the UI reflects that.
- **Start small:** You can slowly integrate Compose in your XML powered apps. When building components, deconstruct them into smaller parts.

Resources

Everything you need to check out to master Compose

- [GitHub repo example](#)
- [Jetpack Compose course](#)
- Ping me if you have any questions!

Questions?

Google Developers



Thank You!