## **Running python**

If you already have python3 on your machine, you can directly move on to the Questions sections.

# Check if you already have python

- Linux (Ubuntu, Debian, ...) : Open a terminal, input python3
- Windows: Open the Start menu, write python
- MacOS: Open a terminal, input python3

## **Installing Python**

The first step into programming is to get Python installed on your Virtual Machine (VM). You will need two things:

- Python itself
- An IDE (Interactive Development Environment)

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### **Ubuntu (Linux)**

### python3

By default, Python is already installed. In this tutorial however, we will use Python3 whenever possible. You can install it from a terminal window (ctrl + Alt + T) with:

```
sudo apt-get install python3
```

If you are using our VM, you already have python, this is in case you ever need to install it.

To check whether everything worked, type:

python3

This will take you to the interactive console.

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#### **Code editor**

If you open a terminal and type gedit. It will open the text editor gedit.

As a text editor, it is fine to start with **gedit**. Please make sure to change tabs to spaces via *Edit -> Preferences -> Editor -> tick 'Insert spaces instead of tabs'* (Want to learn more about this?).

Later, we will use a text editor with more features that will be helpful for python code writing.

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### Question

Which python version are you running?

Check your python version by typing (in the terminal):

python3 --version

You should see something like Python 3.6.7.

It is important that your python version is superior to 3.5 at least.

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#### **On Windows**

A convenient way to install Python, an editor and many additional packages in one go is **Anaconda**, a Python distribution with many pre-installed packages for scientific applications.

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