project

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```
10 Toroidal 2D Cellular Automata
   11 Infinite 2D Cellular Automata
   Cellular Automata Base
1
theory CA-Base
 imports Main
begin
datatype cell = Zero \mid One
fun flip :: cell \Rightarrow cell where
flip\ One = Zero\ |
flip Zero = One
fun apply-t-times :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a where
apply-t-times f \ a \ \theta = a
apply-t-times f a (Suc n) = apply-t-times f (f a) n
end
\mathbf{2}
    Elementary Cellular Automata Base
theory Elementary-CA-Base
 imports CA-Base
begin
datatype neighbourhood = Nb cell cell cell
type-synonym rule = neighbourhood <math>\Rightarrow cell
fun apply-nb :: (cell \Rightarrow cell) \Rightarrow neighbourhood \Rightarrow neighbourhood where
apply-nb \ f \ (Nb \ a \ b \ c) = Nb \ (f \ a) \ (f \ b) \ (f \ c)
fun flip-nb :: neighbourhood <math>\Rightarrow neighbourhood where
flip-nb \ nb = apply-nb \ flip \ nb
fun sum-nb :: neighbourhood \Rightarrow nat where
sum-nb (Nb \ a \ b \ c) = count-list [a, b, c] One
2.1
      Basic Rule Properties
fun mirror :: rule \Rightarrow rule where
mirror \ r \ (Nb \ a \ b \ c) = r \ (Nb \ c \ b \ a)
```

12

12

13

13

```
definition amphichiral :: rule \Rightarrow bool where amphichiral r \equiv r = (mirror \ r)

fun complement :: rule \Rightarrow rule where complement \ r \ nb = flip \ (r \ (flip-nb \ nb))

definition totalistic :: rule \Rightarrow bool where totalistic \ r \equiv (\forall \ nb1 \ nb2 . \ sum-nb \ nb1 = sum-nb \ nb2 \longrightarrow (r \ nb1) = (r \ nb2))

2.2 Concrete rule examples definition null-rule :: rule where null-rule - = Zero

fun r110 :: rule where r110 \ (Nb \ One \ One \ One) = Zero \ | r110 \ (Nb \ One \ Zero \ One) = One \ | r110 \ (Nb \ One \ Zero \ One) = One \ | r110 \ (Nb \ One \ Zero \ Zero) = Zero \ |
```

end

3 Finite Elementary Cellular Automata Base

```
theory Finite-Elementary-CA-Base imports Elementary-CA-Base begin
```

r110 (Nb Zero One One) = One | r110 (Nb Zero One Zero) = One | r110 (Nb Zero Zero One) = One | r110 (Nb Zero Zero Zero) = Zero

3.1 Basis type of all finite elementary 1D CA

```
type-synonym state = cell\ list
\mathbf{datatype}\ CA = CA\ (State: state)\ (Rule: rule)
\mathbf{fun}\ inner-nbhds:: state \Rightarrow neighbourhood\ list\ \mathbf{where}
inner-nbhds\ (x\#y\#z\#[]) = (Nb\ x\ y\ z)\ \#\ []\ |
inner-nbhds\ (x\#y\#z\#zs) = (Nb\ x\ y\ z)\ \#\ (inner-nbhds\ (y\#z\#zs))\ |
inner-nbhds\ - = []
```

3.2 Simple properties for CA

```
definition width :: CA \Rightarrow nat where width ca = length (State ca)
```

definition wellformed :: $CA \Rightarrow bool$ where

```
wellformed ca \equiv (width \ ca \geq 3)

definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool \ where

uniform \ s \equiv length \ (remdups \ s) = 1

end
```

4 Bounded Elementary Cellular Automata

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{theory} \ \textit{Bounded-Elementary-CA} \\ \textbf{imports} \ \textit{Finite-Elementary-CA-Base} \\ \textbf{begin} \end{array}$

nbhds [] = [] |

fun $nbhds :: state \Rightarrow neighbourhood list$ **where**

4.1 Basic definitions of Finite Elementary Cellular Automata

```
nbhds (x\#[]) = [(Nb \ Zero \ x \ Zero)]
nbhds (x\#y\#[]) = [(Nb \ Zero \ x \ y), (Nb \ x \ y \ Zero)] \mid
nbhds\ (x\#xs) = ((Nb\ Zero\ x\ (hd\ xs))\ \#\ (inner-nbhds\ (x\#xs)))\ @\ [Nb\ (last\ (butlast\ (hd\ xs)))\ @\ [Nb\ (last\ (hd\ xs))\ (hd\ xs)]
xs)) (last xs) Zero]
fun update-CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA where
update-CA (CA s r) = CA (map r (nbhds s)) r
fun run-t-steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA where
run-t-steps ca \ n = apply-t-times update-CA \ ca \ n
4.2
        Properties
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
stable\ ca \equiv State\ (update-CA\ ca) = State\ ca
definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool (infixr \langle yields \rangle = 65) where
A yields s \equiv (\exists n. State (run-t-steps A n) = s \land n > 0)
definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca
fun garden-of-eden :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
garden-of-eden (CA s r) = (\neg(\exists s0. (CA s0 r) yields s))
fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
reversible (CA - r) = (\forall s. (\exists !s0. State (update-CA (CA s0 r)) = s))
theorem ca yields State (run-t-steps ca 1)
proof-
```

```
show ?thesis using yields-def by blast
qed
theorem t1: n>0 \implies ca \text{ yields } State \text{ (run-t-steps } ca \text{ n)}
 apply(simp add: yields-def)
 apply(rule exI)
 apply(rule\ conjI)
 \mathbf{apply}(\mathit{auto})
 done
definition orphan :: state \Rightarrow rule \Rightarrow bool where
orphan \ s0 \ r = (\forall \ sl \ sr. \ garden-of-eden \ (CA \ (
sl@s\theta@sr) r))
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class2\ r \equiv (\forall\ s.\ (\exists\ f.\ (CA\ s\ r)\ yields\ f \land loops\ (CA\ f\ r)))
lemma class1 ca \implies class2 ca
 using class1-def class2-def loops-def by auto
end
      Toroidal Elementary Cellular Automata
5
theory Toroidal-Elementary-CA
 imports Finite-Elementary-CA-Base
begin
fun nbhds :: state \Rightarrow neighbourhood list where
nbhds [] = [] |
nbhds (x\#xs) = ((Nb (last xs) x (hd xs)) \# (inner-nbhds (x\#xs))) @ [Nb (last xs) x (hd xs)]
(butlast xs)) (last xs) x
fun update-CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA where
update-CA (CA s r) = CA (map r (nbhds s)) r
fun run-t-steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA where
run-t-steps ca \ n = apply-t-times update-CA \ ca \ n
```

5.1 Basic CA Rule Examples

```
definition rule110 :: CA where rule110 \equiv CA [Zero, One, Zero] r110
```

5.2 Properties

```
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
stable \ ca \equiv State \ (update-CA \ ca) = State \ ca
definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool (infixr \langle yields \rangle 65) where
A yields s \equiv (\exists n. State (run-t-steps A n) = s \land n > 0)
definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca
fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
reversible (CA - r) = (\forall s. (\exists !s0. State (update-CA (CA s0 r)) = s))
theorem ca yields State (run-t-steps ca 1)
 show ?thesis using yields-def by blast
qed
theorem t1: n>0 \implies ca \text{ yields } State \text{ (run-t-steps } ca \text{ n)}
 apply(simp add: yields-def)
 apply(rule\ exI)
 apply(rule\ conjI)
  apply(auto)
  done
fun garden-of-eden :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
garden-of-eden (CA \ s \ r) = (\neg(\exists \ s0. \ State \ (update-CA \ (CA \ s0 \ r)) = s))
definition orphan :: state \Rightarrow rule \Rightarrow bool where
orphan \ s0 \ r = (\forall \ sl \ sr. \ garden-of-eden \ (CA \ (sl@s0@sr) \ r))
lemma garden-of-eden ca \Longrightarrow \neg reversible ca
 apply (metis garden-of-eden.elims(2) reversible.simps)
done
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
```

```
class2\ r \equiv (\forall\ s.\ (\exists\ f.\ (CA\ s\ r)\ yields\ f \land loops\ (CA\ f\ r))) lemma class1\ ca \Longrightarrow class2\ ca using class1\text{-}def\ class2\text{-}def\ loops\text{-}def\ } by auto end
```

6 Infinite Elementary Cellular Automata

```
theory Infinite-Elementary-CA imports Elementary-CA-Base begin  \begin{aligned} & \textbf{type-synonym} \ state = int \Rightarrow cell \\ & \textbf{datatype} \ CA = CA \ (State : state) \ (Rule : rule) \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & \textbf{fun} \ update\text{-}state :: CA \Rightarrow state \ \textbf{where} \\ & update\text{-}state \ (CA \ s \ r) \ n = r \ (Nb \ (s \ (n-1)) \ (s \ n) \ (s \ (n+1))) \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & \textbf{fun} \ update\text{-}CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA \ \textbf{where} \\ & update\text{-}CA \ (CA \ s \ r) = CA \ (update\text{-}state \ (CA \ s \ r)) \ r \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} & \textbf{fun} \ run\text{-}t\text{-}steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA \ \textbf{where} \\ & run\text{-}t\text{-}steps \ ca \ n = apply-t\text{-}times \ update\text{-}CA \ ca \ n \end{aligned}
```

6.1 Example CAs

```
definition state1 :: state where state1 s \equiv (if s = 0 then One else Zero)
definition rule110 :: CA where rule110 \equiv CA state1 r110
value State (run-t-steps rule110 5) (-3)
```

6.2 Properties

```
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where stable \ ca \equiv State \ (update\text{-}CA \ ca) = State \ ca definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool where uniform \ s \equiv \neg \ (surj \ s) definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool \ (infixr \ \langle yields \rangle \ 65) where A \ yields \ s \equiv (\exists \ n. \ State \ (run\text{-}t\text{-}steps \ A \ n) = s \land n > 0) definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca
```

```
fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
reversible (CA - r) = (\forall s. (\exists !s0. State (update-CA (CA s0 r)) = s))
fun garden-of-eden :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
garden-of-eden (CA \ s \ r) = (\neg(\exists \ s0. \ State \ (update-CA \ (CA \ s0 \ r)) = s))
lemma garden-of-eden ca \Longrightarrow \neg reversible ca
 by (metis\ garden-of-eden.elims(2)\ reversible.simps)
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class2 \ r \equiv (\forall \ s. \ (\exists \ f. \ (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land loops \ (CA \ f \ r)))
lemma class1 ca \implies class2 ca
 using class1-def class2-def loops-def by auto
6.3
        Concrete examples
definition zero-state :: state where
zero-state - \equiv Zero
{f lemma} uniform zero-state
  apply(simp add: zero-state-def uniform-def)
 apply(auto)
 done
end
      2D Cellular Automata Base
theory TwoDim-CA-Base
 imports CA-Base
begin
datatype \ neighbourhood = Nb \ (NorthWest:cell) \ (North:cell) \ (NorthEast:cell)
                          (West:cell)
                                         (Centre:cell)(East:cell)
                          (SouthWest:cell) (South:cell) (SouthEast:cell)
type-synonym rule = neighbourhood \Rightarrow cell
fun apply-nb :: (cell \Rightarrow cell) \Rightarrow neighbourhood \Rightarrow neighbourhood where
apply-nb\ f\ (Nb\ nw\ n\ ne\ w\ c\ e\ sw\ s\ se) = Nb\ (f\ nw)\ (f\ n)\ (f\ ne)\ (f\ w)\ (f\ c)\ (f\ e)\ (f\ e)
sw) (f s) (f se)
fun nb-to-list :: neighbourhood \Rightarrow cell \ list where
nb-to-list (Nb \ nw \ n \ ne \ w \ c \ e \ sw \ s \ se) = [nw, \ n, \ ne, \ w, \ c, \ e, \ sw, \ s, \ se]
```

```
fun list-to-nb :: cell list \Rightarrow neighbourhood where
list-to-nb [nw, n, ne, w, c, e, sw, s, se] = Nb nw n ne w c e sw s se
fun flip-nb :: neighbourhood <math>\Rightarrow neighbourhood where
flip-nb \ nb = apply-nb \ flip \ nb
fun sum-nb :: neighbourhood <math>\Rightarrow nat where
sum-nb nb = count-list (nb-to-list nb) One
fun complement :: rule \Rightarrow rule where
complement \ r \ nb = flip \ (r \ (flip-nb \ nb))
definition totalistic :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
totalistic r \equiv (\forall nb1 nb2. sum-nb nb1 = sum-nb nb2 \longrightarrow (r nb1) = (r nb2))
7.1
       Game of life
definition life :: rule  where
life ca = (case (Centre \ ca)) of
          One \Rightarrow (if (sum-nb \ ca) = 3 \lor (sum-nb \ ca) = 4
                   then One else Zero) |
          Zero \Rightarrow (if (sum-nb \ ca) = 3
                   then One else Zero))
end
8
     Finite 2D Cellular Automata Base
theory Finite-TwoDim-CA-Base
 imports TwoDim-CA-Base
begin
type-synonym state = cell list list
datatype CA = CA (State : state) (Rule : rule)
8.1
       Simple properties for CA
definition width :: state \Rightarrow nat where
width \ s \equiv length \ s
definition height :: state \Rightarrow nat where
height s = length (hd s)
```

definition int-width :: $state \Rightarrow int$ where

 $int\text{-}width \ s \equiv int \ (width \ s)$

```
definition int-height :: state \Rightarrow int where
int-height s \equiv int \ (height \ s)
definition widthCA :: CA \Rightarrow nat where
width CA \ ca = width \ (State \ ca)
definition heightCA :: CA \Rightarrow nat where
heightCA \ ca = height \ (State \ ca)
definition wellformed :: state \Rightarrow bool where
wellformed s \equiv (width \ s \geq 3) \land (height \ s \geq 3) \land (\forall i. length \ (s! \ (i \ mod \ (width \ s \geq 3))))
s))) = height s)
definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool where
uniform \ s \equiv length \ (remdups \ s) = 1
definition oneCentre :: state where
oneCentre \equiv [[Zero, Zero, Zero], [Zero, One, Zero], [Zero, Zero, Zero]]
definition toroidalBlinker :: state where
toroidalBlinker \equiv
 [replicate 5 Zero,
 [Zero, Zero, One, Zero, Zero],
 [Zero, Zero, One, Zero, Zero],
 [Zero, Zero, One, Zero, Zero],
 replicate 5 Zero]
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{boundedBlinker} :: \textit{state} \ \textbf{where}
boundedBlinker \equiv [
                   [Zero, One, Zero],
                   [Zero, One, Zero],
                   [Zero, One, Zero]
end
```

9 Bounded 2D Cellular Automata

```
theory Bounded-TwoDim-CA imports Finite-TwoDim-CA-Base begin  \begin{aligned} &\text{fun out-of-bounds} :: state \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow bool \text{ where} \\ &\text{out-of-bounds } s \ x \ y = (if \ x \geq int\text{-width} \ s \lor x < 0 \lor y \geq int\text{-height} \ s \lor y < 0 \ then \\ &\text{True else False}) \end{aligned}   \begin{aligned} &\text{fun } get\text{-cell} :: state \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow cell \text{ where} \\ &\text{get-cell } s \ x \ y = (if \ out\text{-of-bounds} \ s \ x \ y \ then \ Zero \ else \ s!(nat \ x)!(nat \ y)) \end{aligned}
```

```
fun get-nbhd :: state \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow neighbourhood where
\textit{get-nbhd s x y = \textit{list-to-nb} [\textit{get-cell s } (\textit{x}+\textit{i}) \ (\textit{y}+\textit{j}). \ \textit{j} \leftarrow \textit{rev} \ [-1..1], \ \textit{i} \leftarrow [-1..1]]}
fun nbhds :: state \Rightarrow neighbourhood list list where
nbhds\ s = (let\ h = (int\text{-}height\ s)-1\ in\ (let\ w = (int\text{-}width\ s)-1\ in
[[get-nbhd \ s \ x \ y. \ y \leftarrow [\theta..h]]. \ x \leftarrow [\theta..w]]))
fun update-CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA where
update-CA (CA s r) = CA (map (\lambda xs. map r xs) (nbhds s)) <math>r
fun run-t-steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA where
run-t-steps ca \ n = apply-t-times update-CA \ ca \ n
9.1
        Properties
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
stable\ ca \equiv State\ (update-CA\ ca) = State\ ca
definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool where
uniform \ s \equiv length \ (remdups \ (concat \ s)) = 1
definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool (infixr \langle yields \rangle 65) where
A yields s \equiv (\exists n. State (run-t-steps A n) = s \land n > 0)
definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca
fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
reversible (CA - r) = (\forall s. (\exists !s0. State (update-CA (CA s0 r)) = s))
fun garden-of-eden :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
garden-of-eden (CA \ s \ r) = (\neg(\exists \ s0. \ State \ (update-CA \ (CA \ s0 \ r)) = s))
lemma garden-of-eden ca \implies \neg reversible ca
  by (metis garden-of-eden.elims(2) reversible.simps)
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class2\ r \equiv (\forall\ s.\ (\exists\ f.\ (CA\ s\ r)\ yields\ f\ \land\ loops\ (CA\ f\ r)))
lemma class1 ca \implies class2 ca
  using class1-def class2-def loops-def by auto
end
```

10 Toroidal 2D Cellular Automata

```
theory Toroidal-TwoDim-CA
 imports Finite-TwoDim-CA-Base
begin
fun get\text{-}cell :: state \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow cell where
get\text{-}cell\ s\ x\ y = s!(nat\ x)!(nat\ y)
fun get-nbhd :: state \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow neighbourhood where
get-nbhd s x y = (let w = int-width s in (let h = int-height s in
list-to-nb [get-cell s ((x+i) \mod w) ((y+j) \mod h). j \leftarrow rev [-1..1], i \leftarrow [-1..1]))
fun nbhds :: state \Rightarrow neighbourhood list list where
nbhds\ s = (let\ h = (int\text{-}height\ s)-1\ in\ (let\ w = (int\text{-}width\ s)-1\ in
[[get-nbhd \ s \ x \ y. \ y \leftarrow [0..h]]. \ x \leftarrow [0..w]]))
fun update-CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA where
update-CA (CA \ s \ r) = CA \ (map \ (\lambda \ xs. \ map \ r \ xs) \ (nbhds \ s)) \ r
fun run-t-steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA where
run-t-steps ca n = apply-t-times update-CA ca n
10.1
          Properties
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
stable\ ca \equiv State\ (update-CA\ ca) = State\ ca
definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool where
uniform \ s \equiv length \ (remdups \ (concat \ s)) = 1
definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool (infixr \langle yields \rangle = 65) where
A yields s \equiv (\exists n. State (run-t-steps A n) = s \land n > 0)
definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca
fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
reversible (CA - r) = (\forall s. (\exists !s0. State (update-CA (CA s0 r)) = s))
fun garden-of-eden :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
garden-of-eden (CA s r) = (\neg(\exists s0. State (update-CA (CA <math>s0 r)) = s))
lemma garden-of-eden ca \Longrightarrow \neg reversible ca
 by (metis garden-of-eden.elims(2) reversible.simps)
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
```

```
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class2 r \equiv (\forall s. (\exists f. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land loops (CA \ f \ r)))
lemma class1 ca \Longrightarrow class2 ca
 using class1-def class2-def loops-def by auto
end
        Infinite 2D Cellular Automata
11
theory Infinite-TwoDim-CA
 imports TwoDim-CA-Base
begin
type-synonym state = int \Rightarrow int \Rightarrow cell
\mathbf{datatype} \ \mathit{CA} = \mathit{CA} \ (\mathit{State} : \mathit{state}) \ (\mathit{Rule} : \mathit{rule})
fun update-state :: CA \Rightarrow state where
update-state (CA s r) x y = r (Nb (s (x-1) (y+1)) (s x (y+1)) (s (x+1) (y+1))
                                (s (x-1) y) (s x y) (s (x+1) y)
                                (s(x-1)(y-1))(sx(y-1))(s(x+1)(y-1)))
fun update-CA :: CA \Rightarrow CA where
update-CA (CA s r) = CA (update-state (CA s r)) r
fun run-t-steps :: CA \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow CA where
run-t-steps ca \ n = apply-t-times update-CA \ ca \ n
         Properties
11.1
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where
stable \ ca \equiv State \ (update-CA \ ca) = State \ ca
```

```
definition stable :: CA \Rightarrow bool where stable \ ca \equiv State \ (update\text{-}CA \ ca) = State \ ca

definition uniform :: state \Rightarrow bool where uniform \ s \equiv \neg \ (surj \ s)

definition yields :: CA \Rightarrow state \Rightarrow bool \ (infixr \ (yields) \ 65) where A \ yields \ s \equiv (\exists \ n. \ State \ (run\text{-}t\text{-}steps \ A \ n) = s \land n > 0)

definition loops :: CA \Rightarrow bool where loops \ ca \equiv ca \ yields \ State \ ca

fun reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool where reversible :: CA \Rightarrow bool
```

fun garden-of-eden :: $CA \Rightarrow bool$ **where**

```
garden-of-eden (CA s r) = (\neg(\exists s0. State (update-CA (CA <math>s0 r)) = s))
lemma garden-of-eden ca \Longrightarrow \neg reversible ca
 by (metis garden-of-eden.elims(2) reversible.simps)
definition class1 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class1 r \equiv (\exists ! f. (\forall s. (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land uniform \ f \land stable (CA \ f \ r)))
definition class2 :: rule \Rightarrow bool where
class2 \ r \equiv (\forall \ s. \ (\exists \ f. \ (CA \ s \ r) \ yields \ f \land loops \ (CA \ f \ r)))
lemma class1 ca \implies class2 ca
 using class1-def class2-def loops-def by auto
11.2
          Concrete examples
definition one Centre :: state where
one Centre x y = (if x=0 \land y=0 \text{ then One else Zero})
\textbf{definition} \ \textit{blinker} :: \textit{state} \ \textbf{where}
blinker x y = (if x=0 \land (y=-1 \lor y=0 \lor y=1)
                then One else Zero)
definition lifeBlinker :: CA where
lifeBlinker \equiv \mathit{CA}\ blinker\ life
value State\ (run\text{-}t\text{-}steps\ lifeBlinker\ \theta)\ (\theta)\ (\theta)
```

end