### 执行原生sql语句

1. 查询语句query() 返回一个二维数组信息
2. 添加、修改、删除 execute() 返回受影响的记录条数

$goods = D(“Goods”);

$sql = “select \* from sw\_goods”;

$rst = $goods -> query($sql);

$sql = “select goods\_category\_id,avg(goods\_price) from sw\_goods group by goods\_category\_id having avg(goods\_price)>1000”;

$goods -> query($sql);

$sql = “update sw\_goods set goods\_name = ‘htc\_two’ where goods\_id=100”;

$goods -> execute($sql);