EXPERIMENT 8: Performing CRUD Operations on Apache Hive

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1) Create Table cricket_matches

a) Query:

```
CREATE TABLE cricket_matches (
    match_id INT,
    team1 STRING,
    team2 STRING,
    match_date DATE,
    venue STRING,
    result STRING
);
```

2) <u>Insert into table cricket_matches</u>

a) Query:

```
INSERT INTO cricket_matches VALUES
(1, 'India', 'Australia', '2024-03-25', 'Melbourne Cricket Ground', 'India
won by 50 runs'),
(2, 'England', 'New Zealand', '2024-03-26', 'Lord''s Cricket Ground', 'New
Zealand won by 3 wickets'),
(3, 'South Africa', 'Pakistan', '2024-03-27', 'Wanderers Stadium', 'Match
```

3) Select Data from table cricket matches

a) Query:

4) Alter Table cricket_matches

a) Query:

```
ALTER TABLE cricket_matches
ADD COLUMNS (winning_team STRING);
```

```
hive> ALTER TABLE cricket_matches
> ADD COLUMNS (winning_team STRING);
OK
Time taken: 0.288 seconds
hive>
```

5) Update Table cricket matches

a) **Query**:

```
INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE cricket_matches
```

```
SELECT match_id, team1, team2, match_date, venue, result,

CASE

WHEN result LIKE '%India%' THEN 'India'

WHEN result LIKE '%New Zealand%' THEN 'New Zealand'

WHEN result LIKE '%South Africa%' THEN 'South Africa'

ELSE 'Unknown'

END AS winning_team

FROM cricket_matches;
```

6) Delete Data from table cricket matches

a) Query:

```
CREATE TABLE cricket_matches_new AS
SELECT *
FROM cricket_matches
WHERE match_id <> 1;

DROP TABLE cricket_matches;

ALTER TABLE cricket_matches_new RENAME TO cricket_matches;
```

```
hive> CREATE TABLE cricket_matches_new AS

> SELECT *

> FROM cricket_matches

> WHERE match_id <> 1;
Query ID = hadoop_20240327001528_ffc425d3-98ad-4274-9ef4-43bc1262f0e1
Total_jobs = 3
Launching_job 1 out of 3
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
Job running in-process (local Hadoop)
2024-03-27_001:513_08_35 stage-1 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2024-03-27_001:513_08_35 stage-1 map = 100%, reduce = 0%
Ended_job = job_local95671708_0003
Stage-4 ls selected by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Moving data to directory hdfs://localhost:9000/user/hive/warehouse/.hive-staging_hive_2024-03-27_00-15-28_848_5880250105311322040-1/-ext-10002
Moving data to directory hdfs://localhost:9000/user/hive/warehouse/cricket_matches_new
MapReduce_Dobs_Launched:
Stage-51age-1: HDFS_Read: 852_HDFS_Write: 881_SUCCESS
Total_MapReduce CPU_Time_Spent: 0 msec
OK
Time_taken: 4.133_seconds
hive>

> DROP_TABLE_cricket_matches;
OK
Time_taken: 1.34_seconds
hive>

> ALTER_TABLE_cricket_matches_new_RENAME_TO_cricket_matches;
OK
Time_taken: 0.119_seconds
hive>

> ALTER_TABLE_cricket_matches_new_RENAME_TO_cricket_matches;
OK
Time_taken: 0.119_seconds
hive>
```

7) Show all tables in Database

a) Query:

```
show tables;
```

```
hive> show tables;
OK
cricket_matches
Time taken: 0.042 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

8) Load Data from CSV file

cricket_players.csv:

```
1,Player1,India
2,Player2,Australia
3,Player3,England
```

a) Query:

i) First Create Table

```
CREATE TABLE cricket_players (
    player_id INT,
    player_name STRING,
    country STRING
);
```

ii) Then copy the csv file to hadoop file system

hadoop fs -put /path/to/players.csv /user/hive/warehouse/cricket_players/

iii) Load Data into hive table

LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/hive/warehouse/cricket_players/players.csv' INTO
TABLE cricket_players;