

# Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan's SARDAR PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY An Autonomous Institute Affiliated To University Of Mumbai Munshi Nagar, Andheri (W) Mumbai 400 058

# **C.I.T.L. EXPERIMENT 10**

**Topic: Inventory Management System** 

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#### Aim:

Use docker-compose to run a multi-container web application

#### **Problem Statement:**

Develop an inventory management system for a retail store that efficiently tracks and manages the inventory of products. The system should provide real-time updates on stock levels, generate alerts for low stock items, enable easy addition and removal of products, and offer insights into sales trends to optimize restocking decisions.

#### Theory:

#### Containerization and Docker

Containerization is a lightweight virtualization technology that allows developers to package software applications and their dependencies into self-contained units called containers. Containers are isolated from each other, making them highly portable and scalable. Docker is the most popular containerization platform, providing a comprehensive set of tools for building, running, and managing containers.

## Multi-Container Web Applications

Web applications often consist of multiple components, such as a web server, a database, and a cache. Traditionally, these components would be deployed on separate servers, which can be complex to manage and scale. Containerization offers a more efficient and flexible solution for deploying multi-container web applications.

### Docker Compose

Docker Compose is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications. It simplifies the process of managing multiple containers, allowing developers to start, stop, and update all containers in a stack with a single command. Docker Compose also handles networking and dependency management between containers.

#### Running a Multi-Container Web Application with Docker Compose

To run a multi-container web application with Docker Compose, you typically follow these steps:

- Create a docker-compose.yml file: This file defines the services that make up your application, specifying their images, ports, volumes, and other configuration options.
- **Build the application images:** If you have Dockerfiles for your application components, you need to build them before running Docker Compose.
- **Start the application:** Run the docker-compose up command to start all the containers defined in the docker-compose.yml file.

Docker Compose will handle the communication and dependency management between the containers, allowing your web application to run seamlessly.

## Benefits of Using Docker Compose for Multi-Container Web Applications

- Docker Compose offers several benefits for running multi-container web applications:
- Simplified deployment and management: With Docker Compose, you can start, stop, and update all containers in your application with a single command.
- Portable and scalable: Docker Compose applications can be easily deployed across different environments, from local development machines to production servers.
- Isolated and secure: Containers are isolated from each other, making them more secure and preventing conflicts between applications.
- Resource-efficient: Containers share the host machine's kernel, making them more resource-efficient than traditional virtualization technologies.

## **Screenshots:**

# docker-compose.yml file

```
docker-compose.yml X
docker-compose.yml
       version: '3'
       services:
         server:
           image: "server_image"
           ports:
             - "8000:8000"
           networks:
           - inventory
 11
 12
         client:
           image: "client image"
 13
           ports:
            - "3000:3000"
 15
           depends on:
             - server
           networks:
 18
             - inventory
 19
 21
 22
       networks:
         inventory:
           driver: bridge
```

#### **Docker compose configuration**

```
Windows PowerShell
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new> docker-compose config
name: inventorymanagementnew
services:
  client:
    depends_on:
      server:
        condition: service_started
        required: true
    image: client_image
    networks:
      inventory: null
    ports:
      - mode: ingress
        target: 3000
        published: "3000"
        protocol: tcp
  server:
    image: server_image
    networks:
      inventory: null
    ports:
      - mode: ingress
        target: 8000
        published: "8000"
        protocol: tcp
networks:
  inventory:
    name: inventorymanagementnew_inventory
    driver: bridge
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new>
```

#### Running docker-compose.yml file thus running a multiple container application

#### Multiple containers running

```
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new> docker ps
CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES

05355421dbf5 client_image "docker-entrypoint.s..." 5 minutes ago Up 5 minutes 0.0.0.0:8000->3000/tcp inventorymanagementnew-client-1
c31fad48f432 server_image "docker-entrypoint.s..." 5 minutes ago Up 5 minutes 0.0.0.0:8000->8000/tcp inventorymanagementnew-server-1
```

#### **Containers stopped**

```
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new> docker stop 05355421dbf5
05355421dbf5
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new> docker stop c31fad48f432
c31fad48f432
PS E:\Projects\Inventory Management new>
```

#### **Conclusion:**

Docker Compose is a valuable tool for simplifying the development and management of multi-container web applications. It provides a straightforward way to define, run, and scale complex application stacks, offering numerous advantages over traditional deployment methods. By leveraging Docker Compose, developers can streamline their workflow, enhance portability, improve resource utilization, and strengthen application security.