

→ Report on substitution ciphers:

Introduction

In this technique each letter in plaintext is systematically replaced with another letter.

Types:

- Caesar cipher
 - Monoalphabetic cipher
 - Playfair cipher
 - Hill cipher
 - Polyalphabetic cipher
- Caesar Cipher: Each letter in plaintext is shifted by fixed no. of positions in the alphabet. It's simple but not secure.
- Hill Cipher: It encrypts blocks of plaintext using matrix multiplication with a key matrix. It requires key matrix to be invertible for decryption. Offers enhanced security over simple substitution ciphers.
- Monoalphabetic cipher: It replaces each letter in the plaintext with a fixed letter from a substitution alphabet. Vulnerable to frequency analysis.
- Playfair cipher
Encrypts a pair of letters using 5×5 matrix derived from a keyword. More secure than

simple substitution methods due to use of digraphs & matrix based encryption.

Polyalphabetic cipher:

Uses multiple substitution alphabets determined by a key, encrypting each letter with a different alphabet. Enhances security by reducing susceptibility to frequency analysis.