



RSA Algo. overview:

RSA is named after Rivest, Shamir, Adleman is a widely used asymmetric cryptography technique. It relies on the mathematical difficulty of factoring large prime no.s, making it a secure method for encrypting & decrypting data.

Key Concepts:

→ Asymmetric Cryptography: RSA uses a pair of key.

Public key: Used for encryption & can be shared openly

Private key: Used for decryption, kept secret

→ Key Generation:

Select 2 large prime no.s p & q

Compute $n = p * q$

Calculate $\phi(n) = (p-1) * (q-1)$

Choose e such that $1 < e < \phi(n)$ & $\text{GCD}(e, \phi(n)) = 1$

Determine d such that $d * e = 1 \text{ mod } \phi(n)$

→ Encryption: Convert plaintext message (M) into integer
Compute the ciphertext using $C = M^e \text{ mod } (n)$

→ Decryption:

Compute M using $M = C^d \text{ mod } (n)$

Applications: 1) Secure data transmission

2) Digital Signatures & key exchange protocols.