ER diagram to Relational database Mapping



to relational database mapping steps

- O Mapping of Strong entity set
- O Mapping of Weak entity set
- O Mapping of 1:1 relationship type
- O Mapping of 1:N relationship type
- O Mapping of M:N relationship type
- O Mapping of multivalued attributes
- O Mapping of N-ary relationship type
- O Mapping Hierarchical Entities



For each strong entity type E, create a relation R that includes all simple attributes of E. Include only simple components of composite attribute



For each Weak entity set W with owner entity type E, Create a relation R that includes simple attributes and simple components of composite attributes of W. In addition include primary key of E.



O Merged relation approach
Merge the two entity types in a single relation.

O Cross-reference approach

Two entity types R and S, include primary key of R into S and primary key of S into R.



Two entity types R and S, If R is at 1 side and S is at N side then include primary key of R into S.

Mapping of M:N relationship type

For two entity types R and S, create 3 relations.

1 for R, 1 for S, and 1 for T which includes
primary key of R and S.



For each multivalued attribute, create a new relation R which includes multivallued attribute and primary key of that relation that consist of multivalued attribute.



For each N-ary relationship type R where n>2, create a new realtion S to represent R. Include foreign key attributes in S the primary keys of the relations that representing the participating entity types.





Mapping Hierarchical Entities

- O Create tables for all higher-level entities.
- O Create tables for lower-level entities.
- O Add primary keys of higher-level entities in the table of lower-level entities.
- O In lower-level tables, add all other attributes of lower-level entities.
- O Declare primary key of higher-level table and the primary key for lower-level table.
- O Declare foreign key constraints.

ER to relational database mapping for Hospital Management System