

Sardar Patel Institute of Technology Bhavan's Campus, Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400058, India

(Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

Mid Semester Examination March 2019

Max. Marks: 20 Class: S.E COMP/IT

Course Code: CE41/IT41

Duration: 60Mins

Semester: IV Branch: Computer/IT

Name of the Course: Design and Analysis of algorithms

(1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Draw neat diagrams.

(3) Assume suitable data if necessary.

| Q.1 | 1. Define Asymptotic notation Ω with suitable diagram. | Max. Mark | |
|-----|--|--------------|-----|
| | 2. If all the classes is | 1 | CC |
| | 2. If all the elements in an input array are equal for example {5,5,5,5,5,5}, What will be the running time of the Insertion sort algorithm? a. O(2 ⁿ) b. O(n^2) c. O(n) d. None of the above | 1 | СО |
| | 3. State True or False and justify. Dijkstra's algorithm may not terminate if the graph contains negative-weight edges. | 1 | CO |
| | 4. What is the time complexity of Huffman Coding? a O(n) b. O(n log n) c.O(n (log n) ²) d.O(n ²) | 1 | CO4 |
| | 5. Strassen's algorithm needs number of multiplications to multiply two 2×2 matrices. a. 8 b.9 c.7 d.3 | 1 | CO2 |
| Q.2 | Solve the following require | | |
| | Solve the following recurrence equation using recursion tree method. $T(n) = T(n/3) + T(2n/3) + O(n).$ State all the | 5 | CO1 |
| | justify. master method and | 5 | CO1 |
| | i. $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n2$ ii. $T(n) = T(n/2) + n(2 - \cos n)$ | | ¥. |

| Q.3 | Apply suitable algorithmic strategy to solve given problem. A thief enters a house for robbing it. He can carry a maximal weight of 60 kg into his bag. There are 5 items in the house with the following weights and values. What items should thief take if he can even take the fraction of any item with him, to maximize profit. | m. 5 | |
|-----|---|------|-----|
| | (w1, w2, w3, w4, w5) = (5, 10, 15, 22, 25) (p1, p2, p3, p4, p5) = (30, 40, 45, 77, 90). | | |
| | OR Solve the following problem to obtain minimum spanning tree using Prim's algorithm. Show all intermediate steps. And state the time complexity of prims algorithm. Consider node number 1 as start vertex. | 5 | CO4 |
| | $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| Q.4 | Analyze the time complexity of Quicksort for all cases by specifying recurrence equations and justify it. | 5 | CO2 |