



**Sardar Patel Institute of Technology**  
 Bhavan's Campus, Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400058, India  
 (Empowered Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

**MID Semester Examination**

OCTOBER 2023

Max. Marks: 30

Class: TE ELECTRONICS & TELECOMMUNICATION

Course Code: EC303

Name of the Course: Digital Signal Processing

Duration: 60 Min

Semester: V

Branch: EXTC - T.E.

**Instruction:**

- (1) All questions are compulsory.
- (2) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.
- (3) Draw neat diagram.
- (4) Assume suitable data if necessary, with justification.

		Max. Marks	CO
Q.1	Attempt the following Short Answer Questions.		
	a) Let $x(t) = 10.2 \cos(100t) + 2.80 \cos(120t) - 15 \sin(250t)$ . If $x(t)$ is sampled with Sampling frequency $F_s = 200$ Hz, What will be Discrete Time Signal $x[n]$ at $n=0$ ?	1	CO1
	b) Consider $x_1[n]$ is periodic with period = 4 and $x_2[n]$ is periodic with period = 6. . Let $x[n] = x_1[n] + x_2[n]$ . What will be the period of $x[n]$ ?	1	CO1
	c) Let $x[n]$ be the finite duration real valued sequence of length 8. Its corresponding DFT $X[k]$ is as given below: $X[k] = \{ (1), (4 + j2), (6 + j4), (2j), (6), (-2j), (6 - j4), (4 - j2) \}$ A new sequence $p[n]$ of length 8 is defined as $p[n] = 0.5 \{x[n] + x[-n]\}$ Find $P[k]$ i.e. DFT of $p[n]$ without performing DFT/ IDFT operations.	1	CO2
	d) Let $x[n] = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 \}$ . Compute $\sum_{n=0}^5  X[k] ^2$	1	CO2
	e) Let $x[n]$ be a 8 pt sequence. How will you arrange the sequence for applying it as input to DIT-FFT flowgraph?	1	CO2
Q.2	Consider a Continuous time signal band limited to 3.4 KHz is sampled with sampling frequency of 8KHz. The samples thus obtained are converted to frequency domain using Fourier Transform. a) How many real multiplications and real additions will be required to per second if DFT is used? b) How many real multiplications and real additions will be required to per second if FFT is used by converting the sample count N per second to a radix 2 number?	5	CO2

<b>Q.3</b>	Consider the finite length sequence $x[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-5]$ (a) Find 10-point DFT of $x[n]$ [ 3 Marks] (b) Find the sequence that has a DFT $P[k] = W_N^{-5k} X[k]$ where $X[k]$ is 10-point DFT of $x[n]$ . [2 Marks]	5	CO2
<b>Q.4</b>	Given $x[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n-1] + 3\delta[n-2] + 2\delta[n-3]$ and $x[n] = \delta[n] + 4\delta[n-2]$ Find Circular Convolution using FFT-IFFT.	5	CO2
<b>Q.5</b>	Let $x[n] = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and the corresponding DFT $X[k] = \{A, B, C, D\}$ . Let $q[n] = \{a, 0, 0, b, 0, 0, c, 0, 0, d, 0, 0\}$ Find $P[k]$ using $X[k]$ .	5	CO2
<b>Q.6</b>	Given $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) + 3^n u(-n-1)$ . Find the Energy of signal $x[n]$ .	5	CO1