



## Sardar Patel Institute of Technology

Bhavan's Campus, Munshi Nagar, Andheri (West), Mumbai-400058, India (Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

## End Semester Examination-JULY-2023

Max. Marks: - 100 Class: S.Y.B.TECH Course Code: - MA201

Name of the Course: Linear Algebra

**Duration: 3 Hours** Semester: 1 111

Branch: - ALL EXTO

## Instructions:

1) All Questions are Compulsory. 2) Assume suitable data if necessary.

Q No.		Max. Mks	C O	BL
Q.1	a) Apply Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process to transform the basis $S = \{(1, -1, 1), (1, 0, 1), (1, 1, 2)\}$ into an orthonormal basis.	8	4	3
	b) Check whether the set of all pairs of real numbers of the form $(1, x)$ with operations: $(1, y) + (1, y') = (1, y + y') \text{ and}$ $k(1, y) = (1, ky) \text{ is a vector space.}$	8	4	2
	c) Verify whether the following vectors are linearly independent or linearly dependent. $v_1 = (4, 5, 1)$ , $v_2 = (0, -1, -1)$ , $v_3 = (3, 9, 4)$ , $v_4 = (-4, 4, 4)$	6	4	2
	<ul> <li>oR</li> <li>If v<sub>1</sub> = (4,6,8), v<sub>2</sub> = (2,3,4), v<sub>3</sub> = (-2,-3,-4) are three vectors with initial points at the origin, find whether they are in the same line.</li> </ul>	6	4	2
	d) Find the basis of row space and column space for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 10 & 25 \\ 20 & 10 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	7	4	1
	e) Find the least square solution of $AX = B$ where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ , $B = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	.5	4	2

Q.5	a) Convert the matrix into reduced row echelon form and hence find its	8	1	3
	rank $ \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 10 & 7 \\ -4 & 4 & -8 & 4 \\ 4 & -1 & 14 & 6 \end{bmatrix} $ OR		*	
	a) Determine the solution of the following system of equations	8	1	3
	x + y - z + w = 0 $x - y + 2z - w = 0$			
	3x + y + z = 0			
3	b) Consider the network of three-one-way streets shown below.  x <sub>1</sub> , x <sub>2</sub> , x <sub>3</sub> indicate the traffic flow (in vehicles per hour) along the stretches of road AB, AC and CB. The other number indicates the traffic flow rates into and out of the intersections A, B and C.  Determine the amount of traffic between each of three intersections.	8	1	3

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