

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN'S

SARDAR PATEL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MUNSHI NAGAR, ANDHERI (WEST), MUMBAI – 400 058, India (Autonomous College Affiliated to University of Mumbai)

	End Semester (Special) Examination Aug 2023		
The second secon	Marks: 100 Duration: 3 hrs		
	Semester: I		
2000	se Code: MA501 Date: /8/2023		
	ect: Linear Algebra Time: –		
Instruc	ctions: (1) All questions are compulsory. (2) Use of scientific calculator is allowed.		
	(3) Assume any necessary data but justify the same.		
Q.N	(c) resume any necessary data out justify the same.		
1.	(a) Reduce the following matrix to row echelon form and find its rank.	Marks	CO
1		[5]	1
	0 -8 -6		
	$A = \begin{vmatrix} -2 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$		
	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -8 & -6 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$		
	(b) For what values of λ the system of equations	[15]	1
	$3x-y+4z=3$, $x+2y-3z=-2$, $6x+5y+\lambda z=-3$		
	has a unique solution? Find that unique solution.		
2.	Solve the following system		
	$3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 11$		
	$2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 = 11$		
	$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 14$		
	Use the initial guess $\overline{X}^{(0)} = 0$.		
	(a) use Jacobi's method (3 iterations only).	[10]	2
	(b) Use Gauss Seidel method (3 iterations only).	[10]	2
3.	(a) Assign and I to Colonial to		
٥.	(a) Assign each letter of the alphabet (A-Z) to a number (1–26) and space to 0. Encod	e [8]	3
	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$		
	the message MY NAME IS VED using the encoding matrix [1 1]. Find the		
	corresponding decoding matrix. Verify that this decoding matrix correctly decodes the	e	
	message.	9	
	$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		
	(b) Show that matrix $\begin{vmatrix} A = \\ 1 - 2 \end{vmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. Find its diagonal formula	[12]	5
	(b) Show that matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. Find its diagonal form and transforming matrix.		
	manoroning matrix.		



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(a) one it that following vectors are linearly dependent and find relations		
(a) Show that following vectors are linearly dependent and find relation between them. $X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^T$ $X_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T$ $Y_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 & 5 \end{pmatrix}^T$	[8]	4
transformation Al. \mathcal{C} 1.1.	[12]	4
	[12]	+
(a) Solve the following system of differential equations using diagonalization. $\frac{dy_1}{dt} = -3y_1 - 2y_2 + 2y_3$	[10]	6
$\frac{dy_2}{dt} = 2y_2$		
(b) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the matrix A^{50} .	[10]	6
(c) Given the following link Matrix of a digraph with vertices A, B and C	[10]	6
From		
A B C		
$A\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		
$M = IOB \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$		
Which vertex has maximum page rank.		
	$X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^T$, $X_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T$, $X_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -5 \end{pmatrix}^T$ (b) Show that the function T: $\mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by $T(a, b, c) = (a, b)$ is a linear transformation. Also find the rank and nullity of T. Attempt any TWO. (a) Solve the following system of differential equations using diagonalization. $\frac{dy_1}{dt} = -3y_1 - 2y_2 + 2y_3$ $\frac{dy_2}{dt} = 2y_2$ $\frac{dy_3}{dt} = -4y_1 - y_2 + 3y_3$ (b) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the matrix A^{50} . (c) Given the following link Matrix of a digraph with vertices A, B and C. From	$X_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^T$, $X_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T$, $X_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -6 & -5 \end{pmatrix}^T$ (b) Show that the function T: $\mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by T(a, b, c) = (a, b) is a linear transformation. Also find the rank and nullity of T. Attempt any TWO. (a) Solve the following system of differential equations using diagonalization. $\frac{dy_1}{dt} = -3y_1 - 2y_2 + 2y_3$ $\frac{dy_2}{dt} = 2y_2$ $\frac{dy_3}{dt} = -4y_1 - y_2 + 3y_3$ (b) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the matrix A^{50} . (c) Given the following link Matrix of a digraph with vertices A, B and C. From $A B C$ $A \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ C \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ $C \begin{bmatrix} 10 \end{bmatrix}$

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