

CITA HATI MATH CLUB

CITA HATI STUDENT MATH OLYMPIADS



1st Edition

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(Paper E)

September 27th 2025

Instructions

- Parts A through C are multiple choice questions.
- No discussion of the questions and answers until after the test.
- There are 20 multiple choice questions and 5 short-answer questions in total.
- Each question in part A is worth 3 points.
- Each question in part B is worth 4 points.
- Each question in part C is worth 5 points.
- Each participant will get their score and rating after a period of time after the test.
- Note that this test may be harder than the actual SEAMO test.
- Nice Try – 3 Pts
- Honorable Mention Cutoff – 11 Pts
- Bronze Cutoff – 22 Pts
- Silver Cutoff – 38 Pts
- Gold Cutoff – 48 Pts

PART A

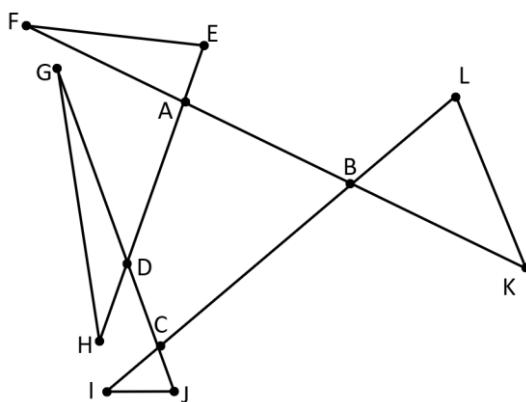
(+3 For Correct Answers, +0 For Wrong/Empty Answers)

1. It is known that there are prime numbers p, q , such that they fulfill

$$2025q + 7p = 6089$$

$$2025p + 7q = 4071$$

Find the value of $(p + q)^p$



3. Determine the value of the digits of $p + q$, if

$$\frac{q! - p}{q!} = \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{2}{3!} + \cdots + \frac{2024}{2025!}$$

$$(\log_a a^a + \log_b b^b)(\log a \log b) = 2 \log^2 a + 3 \log^2 b$$

- (A) 32 (B) 35 (C) 30 (D) 36 (E) 42

5. Let the sum of $n + 1$ consecutive integers be equal to $10m$ and be denoted as S_{n+1} , and the sum of the first n consecutive integers be equal to $4m$. Hence if the value of the first consecutive integer in S_{n+1} is 21, find the value of n

- (A) 25 (B) 27 (C) 28 (D) 35 (E) 29

6. It is known that in the country of *CHMC*, all license plates are in the form of *ABC123*, where *ABC* is any word made of 3 letters, and 123 are the numbers from 100 to 999. The president of the country of *CHMC*, Kenzo, has a car license plate with the word in *ABC* and the number in 123 being palindromes. Hence if the number of possible license plates that Kenzo can have can be expressed as $a^p b^q (c)$, find $a + b + c$.

Note : A palindrome is a sequence of letters or words that are read the same backwards and forwards, examples : 121, 222, ABA, ZZZ.

- (A) 70 (B) 74 (C) 75 (D) 78 (E) 76

7. Find the sum of all integer bases $b > 9$, for which 17_b is a divisor of 97_b .

- (A) 70 (B) 72 (C) 73 (D) 65 (E) 68

8. Let $f(x) = x^2(1 - x)^2$, find the value of

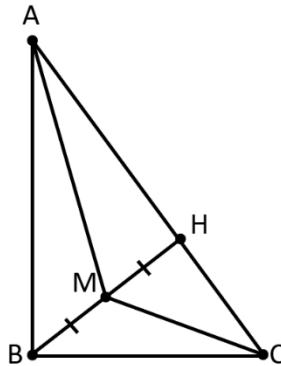
$$f\left(\frac{1}{2019}\right) - f\left(\frac{2}{2019}\right) + f\left(\frac{3}{2019}\right) - \dots + f\left(\frac{2017}{2019}\right) - f\left(\frac{2018}{2019}\right) + f\left(\frac{2019}{2019}\right)$$

- (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) -1 (D) 0.5 (E) -0.5

9. Determine the remainder when $2025^{(2030^{2025}+3)} + 2025$ is divided by 11.

- (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 4 (D) 5 (E) 6

10. In a triangle ΔABC , $\angle ABC = 90^\circ$. Let BH be the altitude of B to AC . Draw line BH and midpoint M , then draw AM and MC . It is also known that $\angle ACB = 60^\circ$, and $AB = \sqrt{3}$. Hence find $\left(\frac{AM}{MC}\right)^2$.



- (A) $\frac{37}{7}$ (B) $\frac{38}{7}$ (C) $\frac{39}{7}$ (D) $\frac{40}{7}$ (E) 6

PART B

(+4 For Correct Answers, +0 For Wrong/Empty Answers)

11. Determine the simplified value of the following expression.

$$(3 + 2)(3^2 + 2^2)(3^4 + 2^4) \cdots (3^{2048} + 2^{2048})$$

- (A) $\frac{3^{4080} - 1}{2^{4080}}$ (B) $\frac{3^{4096} + 1}{2^{4096}}$ (C) $\frac{3^{4096} - 1}{2^{4096}}$ (D) $\frac{3^{2096} + 1}{2^{2096}}$ (E) 5^{4096}

12. It is known that $a - \frac{1}{b} = 1$, $b - \frac{1}{c} = 1$, and $c - \frac{1}{a} = 1$. Find the value of $a + b$, when
$$(2b - 2)(a - 2) + 2 = 2(2a - 2)(2 - b)$$

- (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 3 (D) 1 (E) 2

13. For a function $f_q(x)$, it is defined that $f_q(250) = f_{q-1}(250 - q)$. Hence find the sum of digits of $f_{20}(x)$, given that $f_0(x) = 2x^2 + 3x + 1$.

- (A) 8 (B) 10 (C) 6 (D) 2 (E) 9

14. Given that $x + \frac{1}{x} = 1$, find the number of trailing zeroes from the given sum.

$$\left| \sum_{k=1}^{2025} x^{2^k} + \frac{1}{x^{2^k}} \right| !$$

Note : $n! = 1 \times 2 \times \dots \times n$, and $|x|$ is the absolute value of x .

- (A) 504 (B) 500 (C) 405 (D) 410 (E) 505

15. It is known that 99900009 is a product of 4 consecutive odd numbers. Hence find the sum of squares of these odd numbers.

- (A) 4000 (B) 4002 (C) 4001 (D) 5000 (E) 40,000
0 0 0 0 30

16. For a triangle ΔDEF , it is known that $DE = 4$, $EF = 5$, and $DF = 7$. Hence if $2 \sin F : 3 \sin E : 4 \sin D = m:n:p$, find $m + n + 2p$.

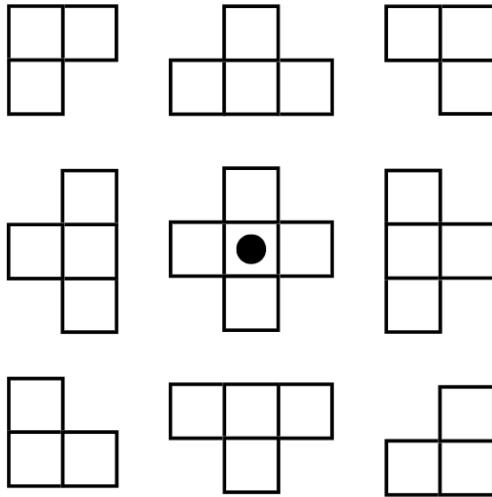
- (A) 67 (B) 68 (C) 79 (D) 69 (E) 65

17. If the value of $xyz = 1$, find the value of the given expression

$$\left(\frac{1}{1+x+\frac{1}{y}} + \frac{1}{1+y+\frac{1}{z}} + \frac{1}{1+z+\frac{1}{x}} \right)^2$$

- (A) 4 (B) 9 (C) 1 (D) 2 (E) 64

18. It is known that the given arrangement of domino's will be rotated 90° 4 times about the central point (black circle). Kenzo decides to color 9 of the domino squares as purple, Kenzo then denotes a specific coloring as *sigma* when that coloring is the same across all rotations of the domino arrangement. Evaluate the last two digits of the positive difference between the amount of *non-sigma* colorings and *sigma* colorings.



- (A) 68 (B) 88 (C) 21 (D) 22 (E) 24

19. Find the value of $ax^5 + by^5$ if the real numbers a, b, x, y satisfy the following system of equations

$$\begin{aligned} ax + by &= 3 \\ ax^2 + by^2 &= 7 \\ ax^3 + by^3 &= 16 \\ ax^4 + by^4 &= 42 \end{aligned}$$

- (A) 20 (B) 42 (C) 44 (D) 46 (E) 48

20. In an acute angled triangle ΔABC , $AB = \sqrt{30}$, $BC = \sqrt{15}$, and $AC = \sqrt{6}$. There exists a point D for which AD bisects BC and $\angle ADB$ is a right angle. Evaluate $M + N$.

$$\frac{\text{Area}(\Delta ADB)}{\text{Area}(\Delta ABC)} = \frac{M}{N}$$

- (A) 55 (B) 75 (C) 65 (D) 45 (E) 35

PART C

(+5 For Correct Answers, +0 For Wrong/Empty Answers) (All answers are integers)

21. What are the two last digits from $1! + 2! + \dots + 2025!$

22. Let x, y be non-negative integers such that $2^6 + 2^x + 2^{3y}$ is a perfect square that is less than 10,000. Hence find the value of $2(x + y)$.

23. There exists a triangle ABC , with $\angle ABC = 60^\circ$. O is the circumcenter and H is the orthocenter of the triangle. D is a point on BC such that $BD = BH$. E is a point on AB such that $BE = BO$. If $BO = 1$, and the area of $BDE = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{b}$, find $a^b + b$.

24. Find the sum of the ordered pairs of (x, y) of positive integers which satisfy the following equation : $x^3 + y^3 = x^2 + 18xy + y^2$

25. Determine the value of $a + b + c$, with $S = a\frac{b}{c}$, given that

$$S = \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2}} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2}} + \dots + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{2024^2} + \frac{1}{2025^2}}$$

-This is the end, hold your breath and count to 10...-