



Practice Exam #1

Name: _____

Total: ___/36

Simplify all fractions. All numerical answers must be expressed to 3 sig. dig. unless otherwise specified.

1. Integrate $y = \int (5x^{7/4} - 9x - \pi) dx$ [3 marks]

2. Integrate $y = \int \frac{6x^2 + 2}{(4x^3 + 4x + 7)^3} dx$ [3 marks]

3. Integrate $y = \int \frac{3x^5 - 9x^{-3} + \sqrt{x}}{4x^2} dx$ [3 marks]

4. Find the equation of the curve whose slope is $2(x^2 + 1)^2$ and passes through $(-1, -2)$

5. At the end of graduation ceremonies, a student throws his cap jubilantly into the air. The cap is thrown **UPWARDS** at 10 m/s from a height of 3 meters. What is the velocity of the cap as it hits the ground ? Use $a_g = -9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ [5 marks]

6. A current $i = \frac{t}{\sqrt{t^2 + 2}}$, in μA , is sent through an electric dryer circuit containing a previously uncharged $4\mu F$ capacitor. Find the capacitor voltage, $v_C(t)$. **[4 marks]**

7. Approximate the integral $y = \int_{4.0}^{6.4} \frac{50}{5x+4} dx$ using the **Trapezoid Rule** with $n = 4$. Give your final answer to three significant digits. **[3 marks]**

8. Evaluate $\int_2^5 6\sqrt[4]{x} dx$ Show intermediate calculations, as well as final answer. [3 marks]
9. Find the area bounded by $y = 3 - x^2$ and $y = -1$. Show the sketch with the appropriate area shaded, and significant points found. Then, using definite integrals, find the area. [5 marks]
10. Given $z = 4\sin(2x) - 5x^2y^4 + 3e^{-2y}$, find the partial derivative $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ [3 marks]



Practice Exam #1 - Detailed Answers

Name: _____

Total: ___/36

Simplify all fractions. All numerical answers must be expressed to 3 sig. dig. unless otherwise specified.

1. Integrate $y = \int (5x^{1/4} - 9x - \pi) dx$ [3 marks]

$$= 5x^{1/4} \cdot \frac{4}{11} - 9x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \pi x + K$$

$$= \frac{20}{11}x^{1/4} - \frac{9}{2}x^2 - \pi x + K$$

2. Integrate $y = \int \frac{6x^2 + 2}{(4x^3 + 4x + 7)^3} dx$ [3 marks]

$$\frac{1}{2} = \int (4x^3 + 4x + 7)^{-3} \underline{2(6x^2 + 2) dx}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int u^{-3} du = \frac{1}{2} u^{-2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + K$$

$$= \frac{-1}{4} (4x^3 + 4x + 7)^{-2} + K$$

$$u = 4x^3 + 4x + 7$$

$$du = (12x^2 + 4) dx$$

$$du = 2(6x^2 + 2) dx$$

3. Integrate $y = \int \frac{3x^5 - 9x^{-3} + \sqrt{x}}{4x^2} dx$ [3 marks]

$$= \int \frac{3x^5}{4x^2} - \frac{9x^{-3}}{4x^2} + \frac{1x^{1/2}}{4x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \int x^3 - \frac{9}{4} \int x^{-5} + \frac{1}{4} \int x^{-3/2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{16}x^4 + \frac{9}{16}x^{-4} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} + K$$

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4. Find the equation of the curve whose slope is $2(x^2 + 1)^2$ and passes through $(-1, -2)$

$$m_{tan} = y' = 2(x^2 + 1)^2$$

[4 marks]

$$= 2(x^4 + 2x^2 + 1)$$

$$= 2x^4 + 4x^2 + 2$$

$$y = \int (2x^4 + 4x^2 + 2) dx$$

$$y = \frac{2}{5}x^5 + \frac{4}{3}x^3 + 2x + K$$

$$-2 = -\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{3} + -2 + K$$

$$1.73 = \frac{26}{15} = K$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{2}{5}x^5 + \frac{4}{3}x^3 + 2x + 1.73$$

5. At the end of graduation ceremonies, a student throws his cap jubilantly into the air. The cap is thrown **UPWARDS** at 10 m/s from a height of 3 meters. What is the velocity of the cap as it hits the ground? Use $a_g = -9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$

[5 marks]

$$S \uparrow a = -9.81$$

$$V \uparrow a \uparrow v = \int -9.81 dt$$

$$v = -9.81t + K, \quad \text{at } t=0 \quad v = +10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$10 = 0 + K, \quad K_1 = 10$$

$$\therefore v = -9.81t + 10$$

$$S = \int (-9.81t + 10) dt$$

$$S = -4.905t^2 + 10t + K_2 \quad \text{at } t=0, ht = s = 3$$

$$3 = 0 + 0 + K_2 \quad K_2 = 3$$

$$S = -4.905t^2 + 10t + 3$$

At ground, $ht = s = 0$; find t

$$0 = -4.905t^2 + 10t + 3 \quad (\text{Quadratic}) \quad t > 0$$

$$t = 2.304 \text{ seconds}$$

$$V \Big| = \boxed{-12.6 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$t = 2.304$$

6. A current $i = \frac{t}{\sqrt{t^2 + 2}}$, in μA , is sent through an electric dryer circuit containing a previously uncharged $4\mu F$ capacitor. Find the capacitor voltage, $v_c(t)$. [4 marks]

$$V_c = \frac{1}{C} \int i dt = \frac{1 \mu A}{4 \mu F} \int (t^2 + 2)^{-1/2} dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \int (t^2 + 2)^{-1/2} \cancel{2t dt}$$

$$du = 2t dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int u^{-1/2} du = \frac{1}{8} u^{1/2} * \frac{2}{1} + K$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{(t^2 + 2)} + K$$

$$\text{at } t=0, V_c=0$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2} + K$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = K$$

$$-0.354 = K$$

$$\therefore V_c = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{t^2 + 2} - 0.354$$

7. Approximate the integral $y = \int_{4.0}^{6.4} \frac{50}{5x+4} dx$ using the **Trapezoid Rule** with $n = 4$. Give your final answer to three significant digits.

$$\Delta x = \frac{6.4 - 4}{4} = 0.6$$

$$f(4) = \frac{50}{24} = 2.083 * 1$$

$$f(4.6) = 1.852 * 2$$

$$f(5.2) = 1.667 * 2$$

$$f(5.8) = 1.515 * 2$$

$$f(6.4) = 1.389 * 1$$

$$\sum = 13.54$$

$$y_{\text{TRAP}} = \frac{\Delta x}{2} * \sum_{\text{pattern}} = \frac{0.6}{2} * 13.54$$

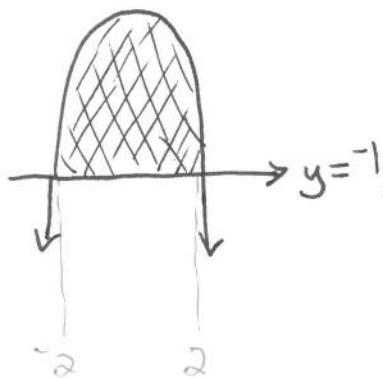
$$= 4.06$$

8. Evaluate $\int_2^5 6\sqrt[4]{x} dx$ Show intermediate calculations, as well as final answer. [3 marks]

$$\int_2^5 6x^{1/4} dx = 6x^{5/4} * \frac{4}{5} \Big|_2^5 = \frac{24}{5} x^{5/4} \Big|_2^5$$

$$= [35.888] - [11.416] = \boxed{24.5}$$

9. Find the area bounded by $y = 3 - x^2$ and $y = -1$. Show the sketch with the appropriate area shaded, and significant points found. Then, using definite integrals, find the area. [5 marks]



$$y = y$$

$$3 - x^2 = -1$$

$$0 = x^2 - 4$$

$$0 = (x+2)(x-2) \quad x = -2, 2$$

$$A = \int_{-2}^2 (3 - x^2) - (-1) dx$$

$$= \int_{-2}^2 (4 - x^2) dx = 4x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \Big|_{-2}^2$$

$$= \left[\frac{16}{3} \right] - \left[-\frac{16}{3} \right] = \frac{32}{3} = \boxed{10.\overline{6} \text{ sq. units}}$$

10. Given $z = 4\sin(2x) - 5x^2y^4 + 3e^{-2y}$, find the partial derivative $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ [3 marks]

$$z = 4\sin(2x) - \boxed{5y^4}x^2 + \boxed{3e^{-2y}}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 8\cos(2x) - 10y^4x + 0$$