

Rețele de Calculatoare

Transportul datelor în rețelele de calculatoare

Sumar al laboratorului

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Rutarea

Statică
Dinamică

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Rutarea dinamică

RIP
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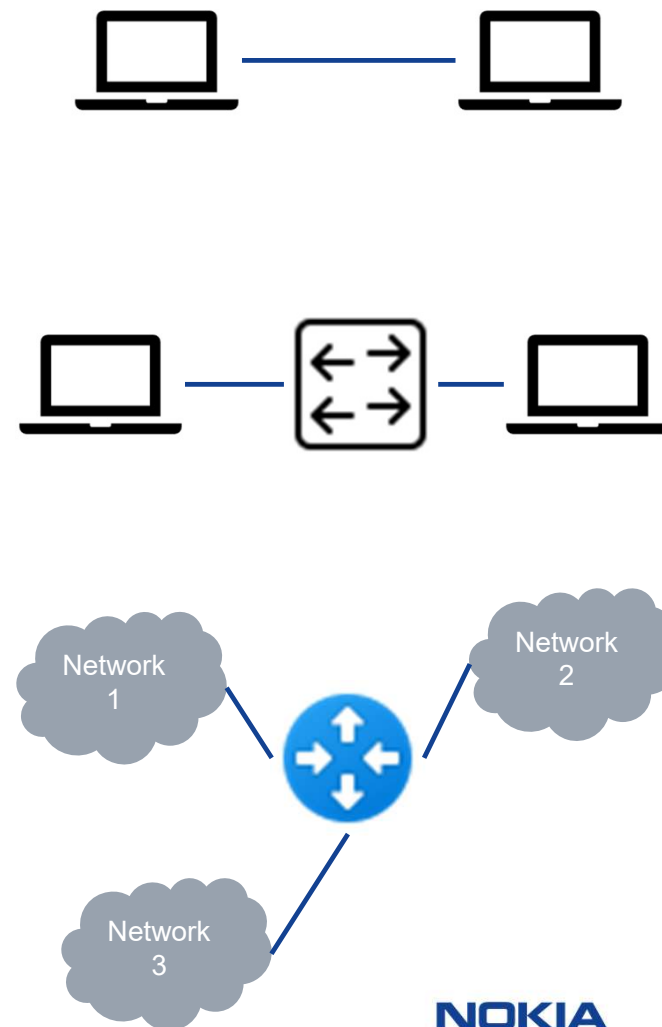
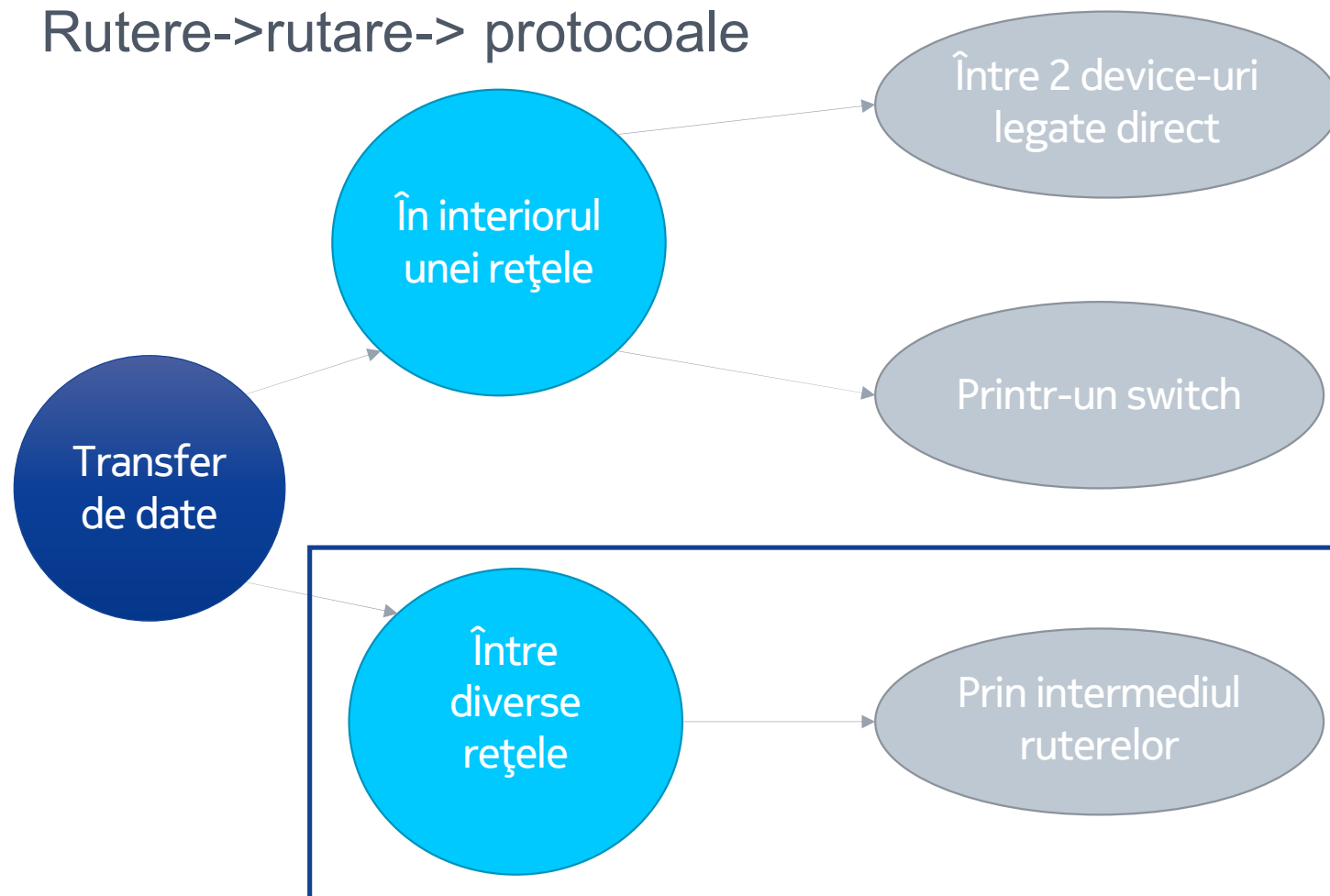
Verificarea conexiunii

Ping
Traceroute



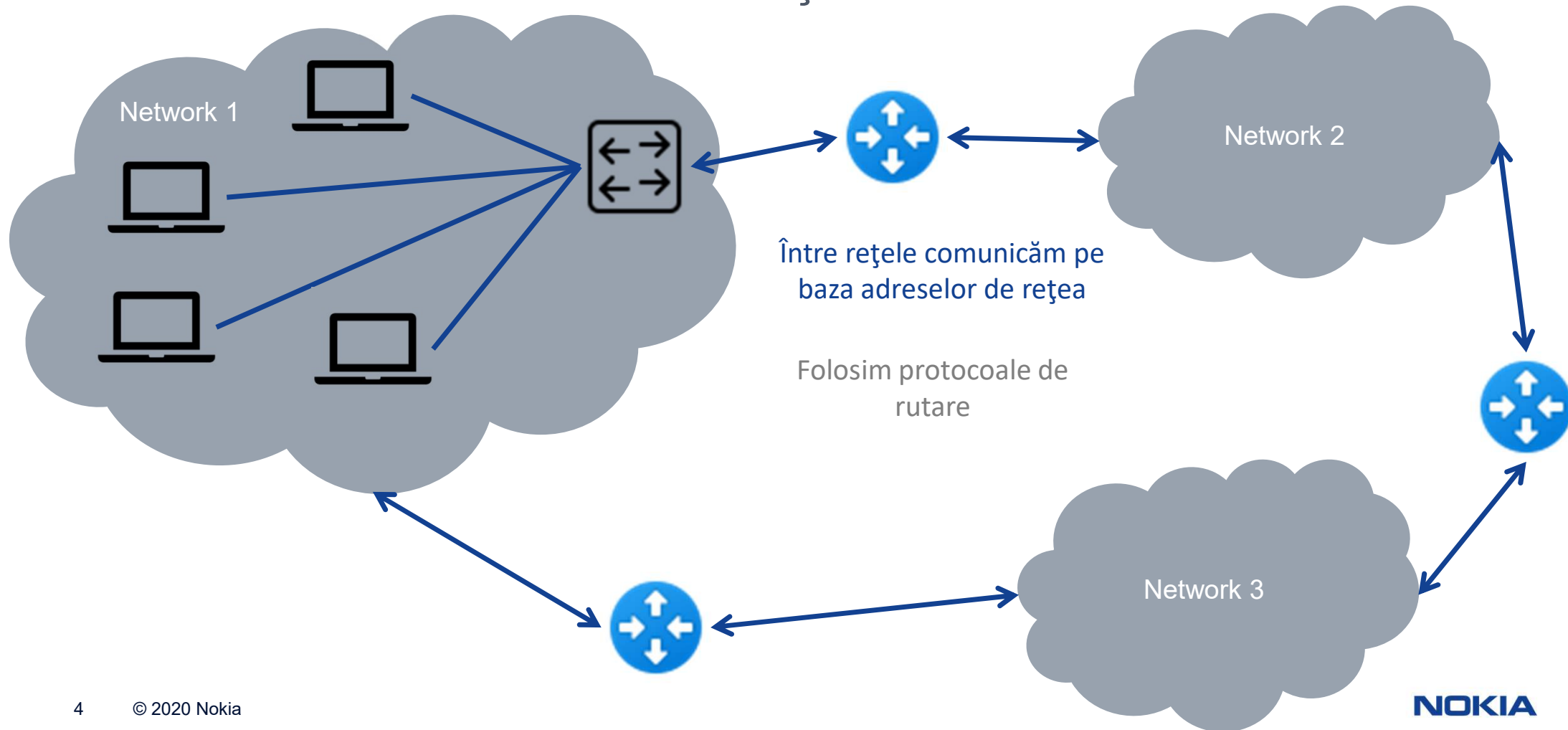
Unde transportăm datele

Rutare->rutare-> protocoale



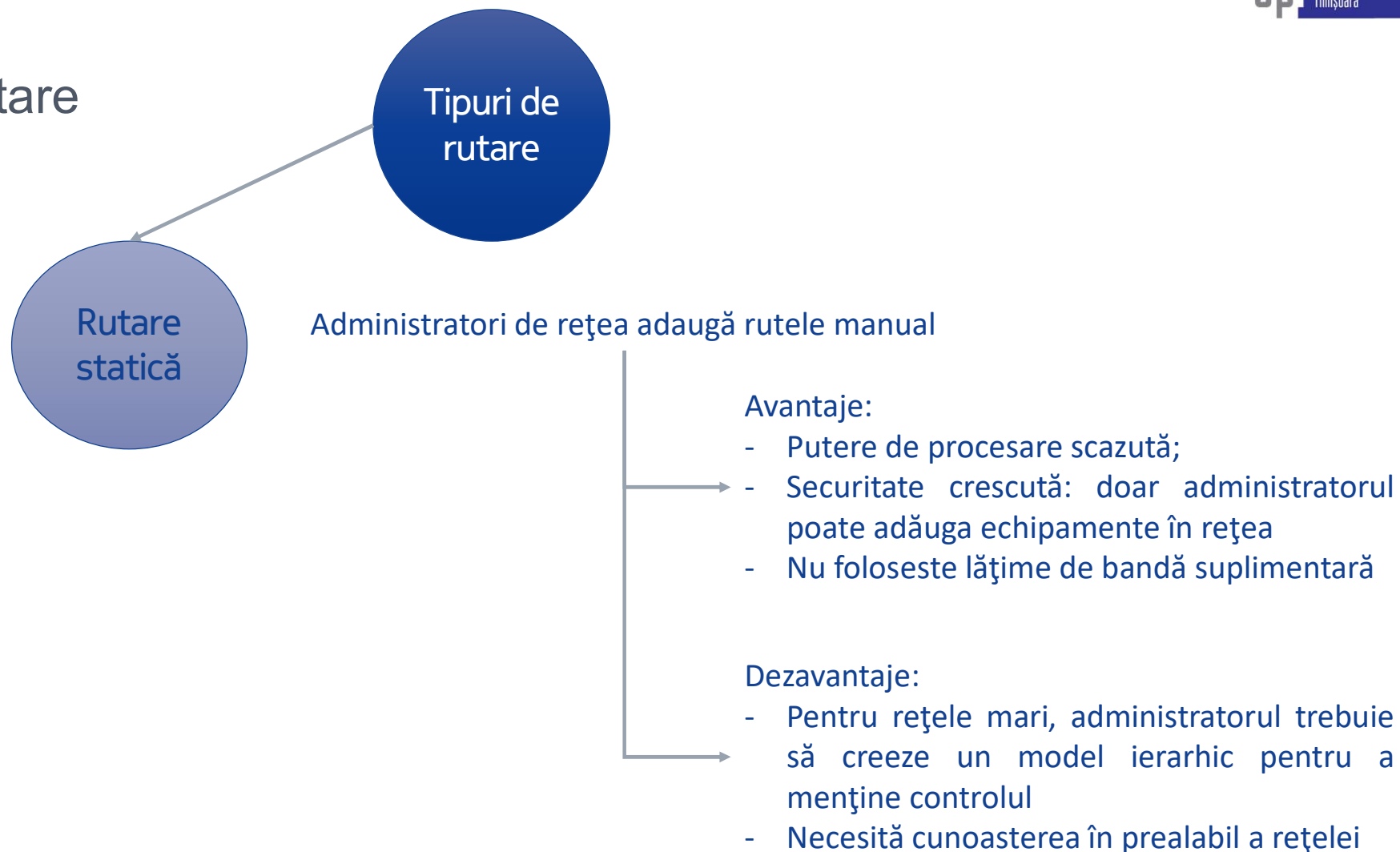
Cum transportăm datele

Protocoloale de rutare -> adrese de rețea



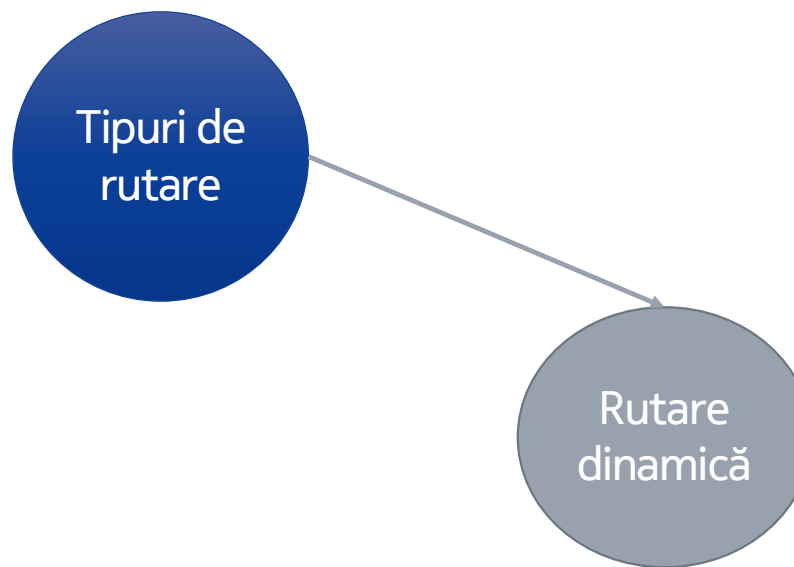
Rutarea

Tipuri de rutare



Rutarea

Tipuri de rutare



Ruterele își transmit
singure tabelele de rutare

Avantaje:

- Ușor de configurat
- Eficiență crescută în selectarea drumului cel mai bun

Dezavantaje:

- Consum ridicat de lățime de bandă
- Securitate scăzută

Rutarea

Tipuri de rutare

Algoritmi
dinamică

în rutarea

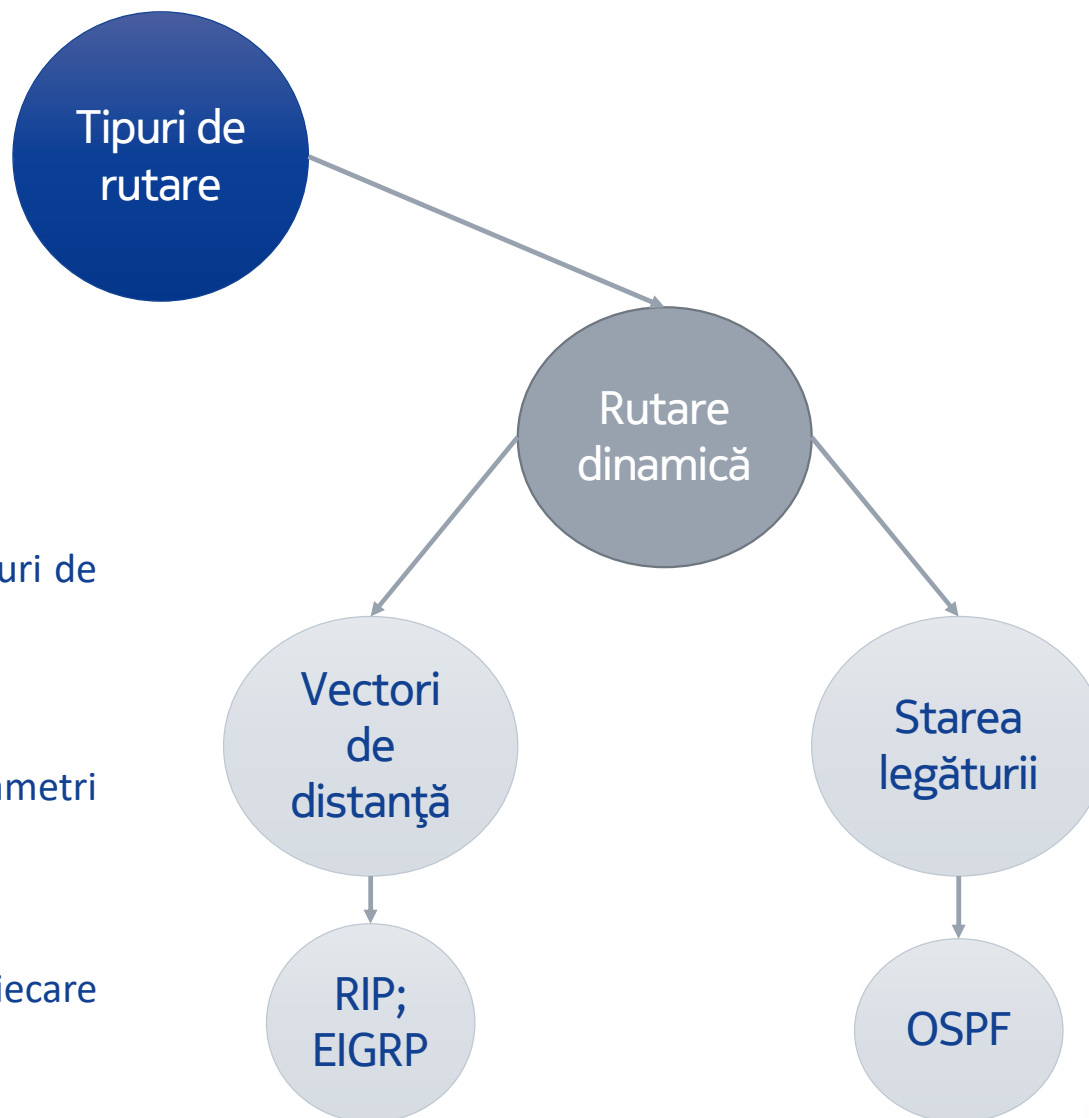
Vectori de distanță:

Ține cont de numărul de hop-uri de la sursă la destinație

Starea legăturii (Link-state):

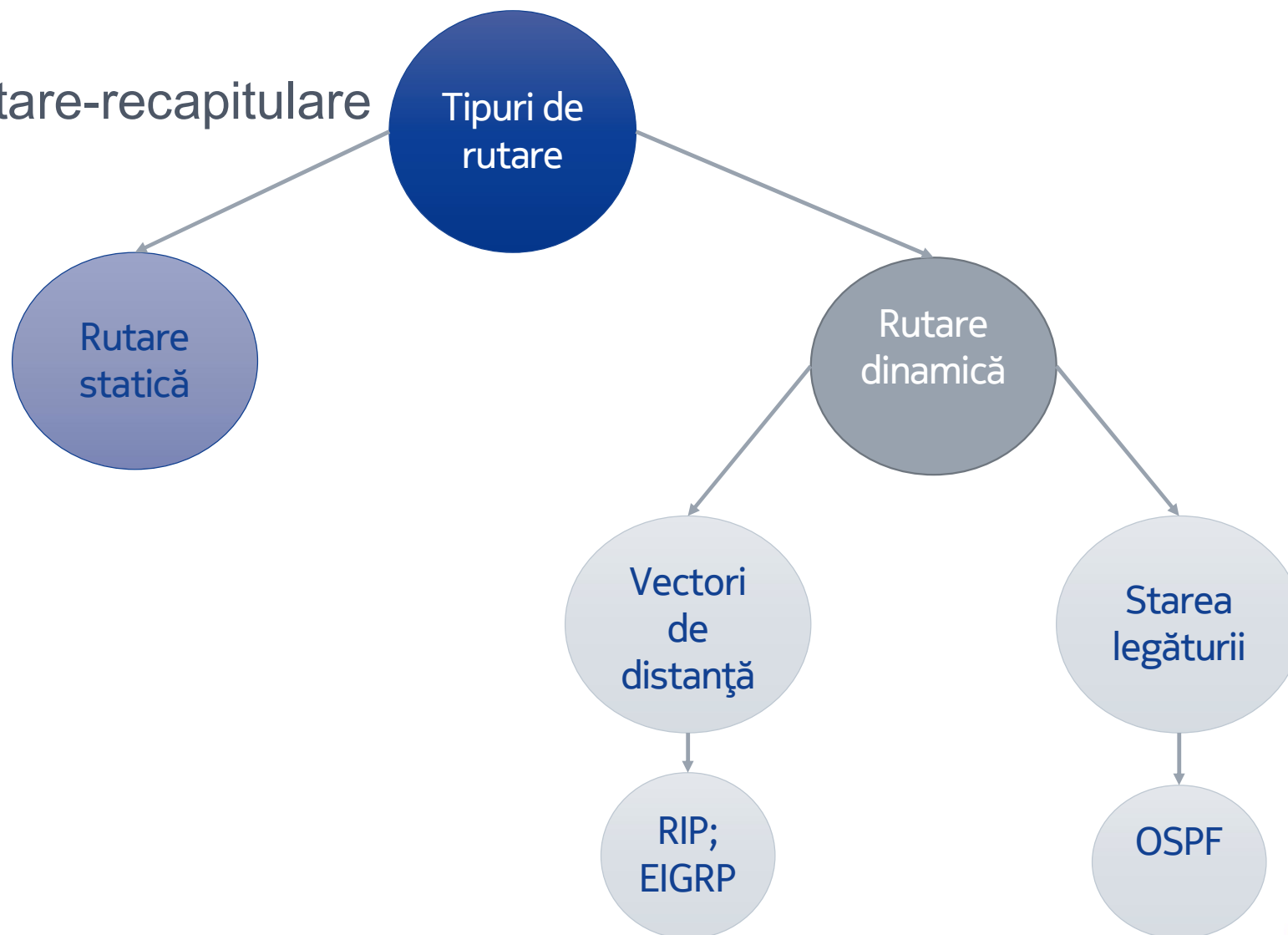
Ține cont de o serie de parametri printre care:

- Numărul de hop-uri;
- Încărcarea rețelei;
- Viteza de transfer pe fiecare tronson;
- Etc.



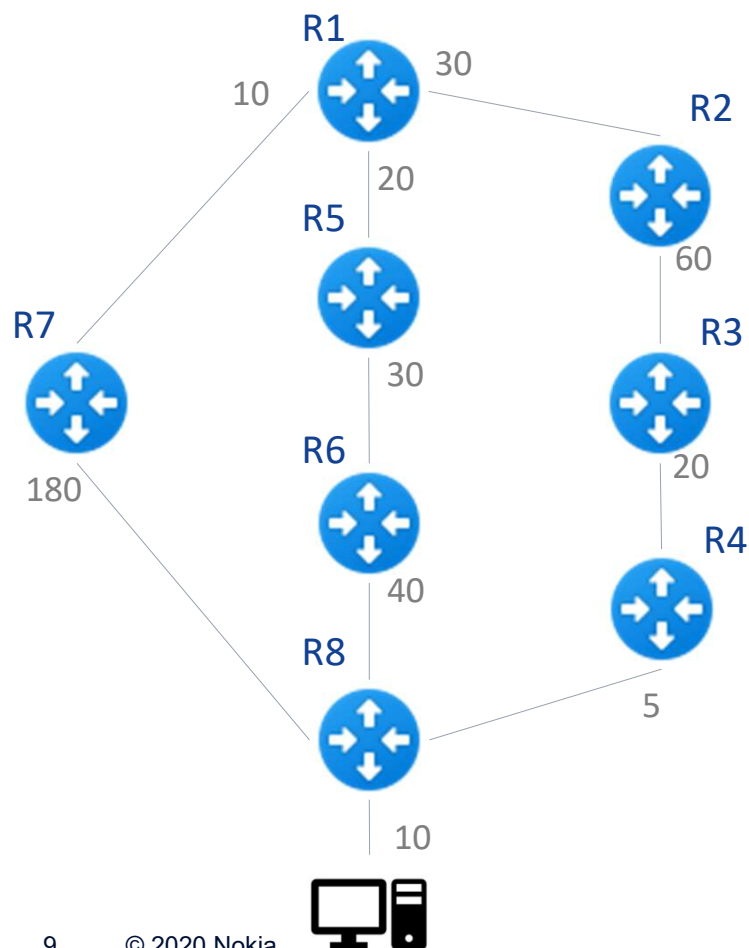
Rutarea

Tipuri de rutare-recapitulare



Rutare dinamică

Rip vs OSPF



RIP – Routing Information Protocol

RIP – ia în calcul doar numărul de hop-uri de la sursă la destinație

OSPF – Open Shortest Path First

OSPF – ia în calcul un “cost” al legăturii ce ține cont de mai mulți parametri (trecute cu gri în figură)

Ruta	Localizare	Cost cumulat OSPF
R1-R7-R8	Stanga	10+180+10=200
R1-R5-R6-R8	Mijloc	20+30+40+10=100
R1-R2-R3-R4-R8	Dreapta	30+60+20+5+10=125

Astfel:

- Dacă am folosi protocolul RIP am parcurge calea din stânga
- Dacă folosim OSPF folosim calea din mijloc

Sursa:

<https://www.ciscopress.com/articles/article.asp?p=2262897&seqNum=5>

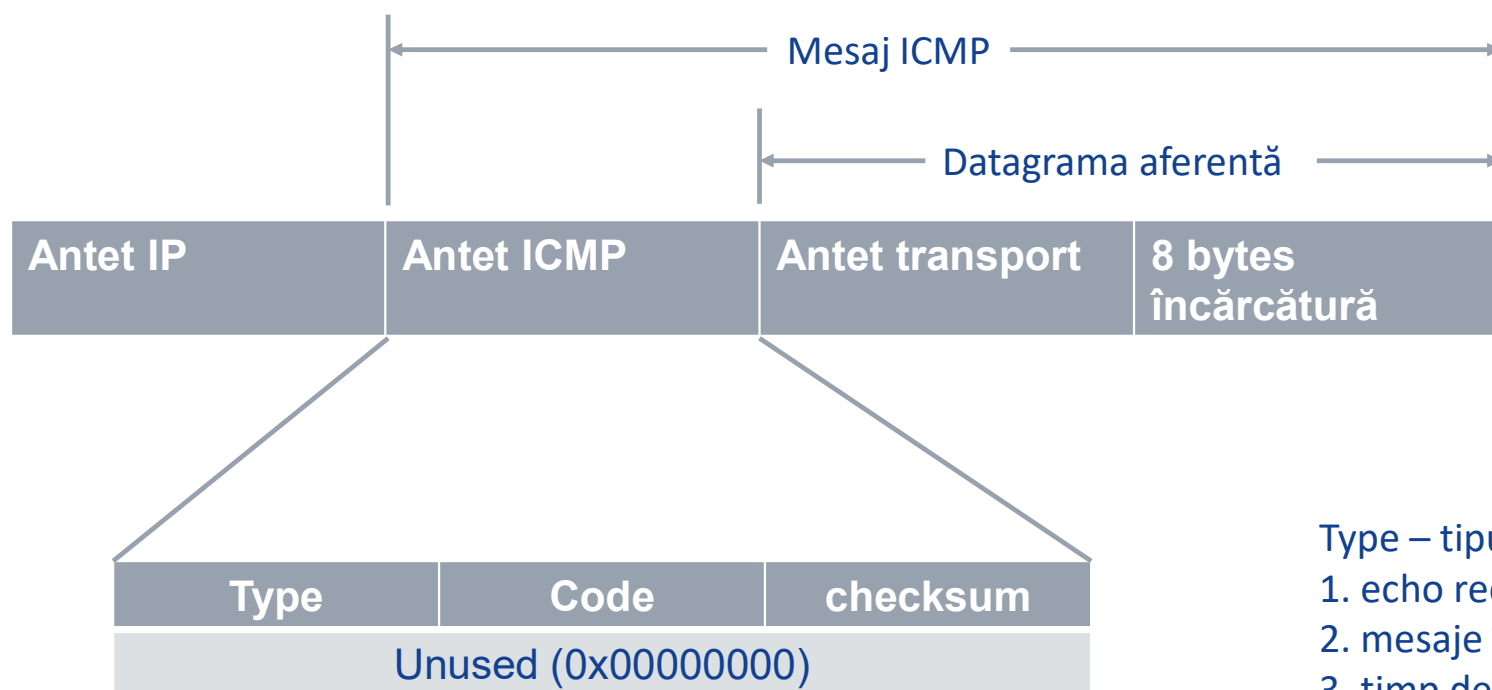
NOKIA

Verificarea conexiunii

Protocolul ICMP

ICMP – Internet Control Message Protocol

Protocol în subordinea stratului
Internet din stivă TCP/IP



Type – tipul mesajului transmis:

1. echo request sau reply (exemplu ping)
2. mesaje între rutere,
3. timp depășit (TTL-ul depășit în tranziții)

Verificarea conexiunii

Comanda Ping

ping *ip-address* - rolul acestei comenzi este de a determina dacă o adresă IP indicată este accesibilă sau nu.

Comanda ping trimite un pachet (echo request packet) către adresa IP specificată și așteaptă un răspuns (echo reply).

```

C:\Users\cmisici>ping 216.58.207.132

Pinging 216.58.207.132 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=43ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=42ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=43ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=48ms TTL=53

Ping statistics for 216.58.207.132:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 42ms, Maximum = 48ms, Average = 44ms
    
```

```

C:\>ping 10.10.10.10

Pinging 10.10.10.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
    
```

```

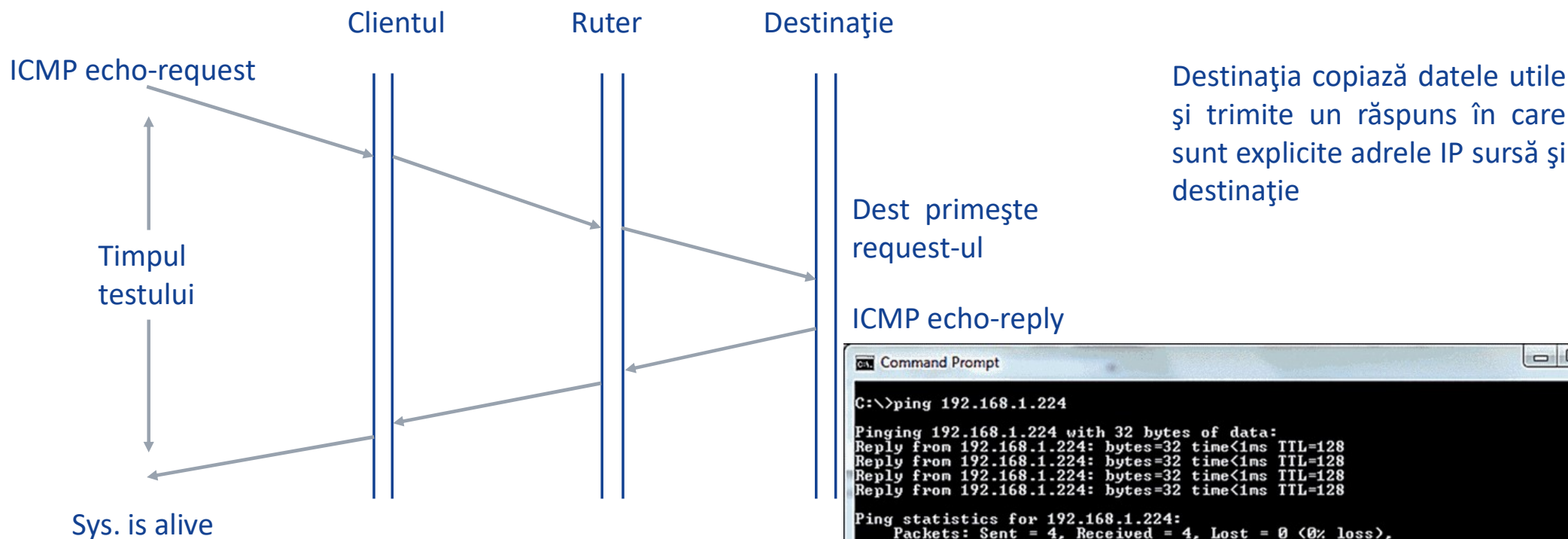
C:\Users\cmisici>ping www.google.com

Pinging www.google.com [216.58.207.132] with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=43ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=43ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=38ms TTL=53
Reply from 216.58.207.132: bytes=32 time=40ms TTL=53

Ping statistics for 216.58.207.132:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 38ms, Maximum = 43ms, Average = 41ms
    
```

Verificarea conexiunii

Comanda Ping



```

C:\>ping 192.168.1.224

Pinging 192.168.1.224 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.224: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.224: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.224: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.224: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.224:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
  
```

Verificarea conexiunii

Comanda Ping

No	Day Time	Source	Destination	Length	Protocol	Info
53	6.692	192.168.1.6	www.google.com	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, seq=6/1536, ttl=128 (reply in 54)
54	6.704	www.google.com	192.168.1.6	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001, seq=6/1536, ttl=55 (request in 53)
70	7.700	192.168.1.6	www.google.com	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, seq=7/1792, ttl=128 (reply in 71)
71	7.721	www.google.com	192.168.1.6	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001, seq=7/1792, ttl=55 (request in 70)
84	8.719	192.168.1.6	www.google.com	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, seq=8/2048, ttl=128 (reply in 85)
85	8.731	www.google.com	192.168.1.6	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001, seq=8/2048, ttl=55 (request in 84)
89	9.750	192.168.1.6	www.google.com	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) request id=0x0001, seq=9/2304, ttl=128 (reply in 90)
90	9.768	www.google.com	192.168.1.6	74	ICMP	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001, seq=9/2304, ttl=55 (request in 89)

Comanda ping
văzută în Wireshark

Detalierea primului
cadru ping

```
> Frame 53: 74 bytes on wire (592 bits), 74 bytes captured (592 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_8c:ce:77 (5c:e0:c5:8c:ce:77), Dst: BestItWo_56:14:c0 (00:1e:a6:56:14:c0)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.6 (192.168.1.6), Dst: www.google.com (172.217.167.132)
> Internet Control Message Protocol
  Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request) 8 means ICMP request
  Code: 0 Always 0 for ICMP request and reply
  Checksum: 0x4d55 [correct]
  [Checksum Status: Good]
  Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001) We will match this identifier number with ICMP reply.1/256
  Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
  Sequence number (BE): 6 (0x0006) We will match this sequence number with ICMP
  Sequence number (LE): 1536 (0x0600) reply for this ICMP request.
  [Response frame: 54] 6/1536
  Data (32 bytes) Data 32 bytes
```


Verificarea conexiunii

Comanda Traceroute

- ***tracert ip-address*** — returnează calea parcursă de pachetul transmis de la dispozitivul nostru până la destinație.
- Exemplu:

```
C:\>tracert google.com

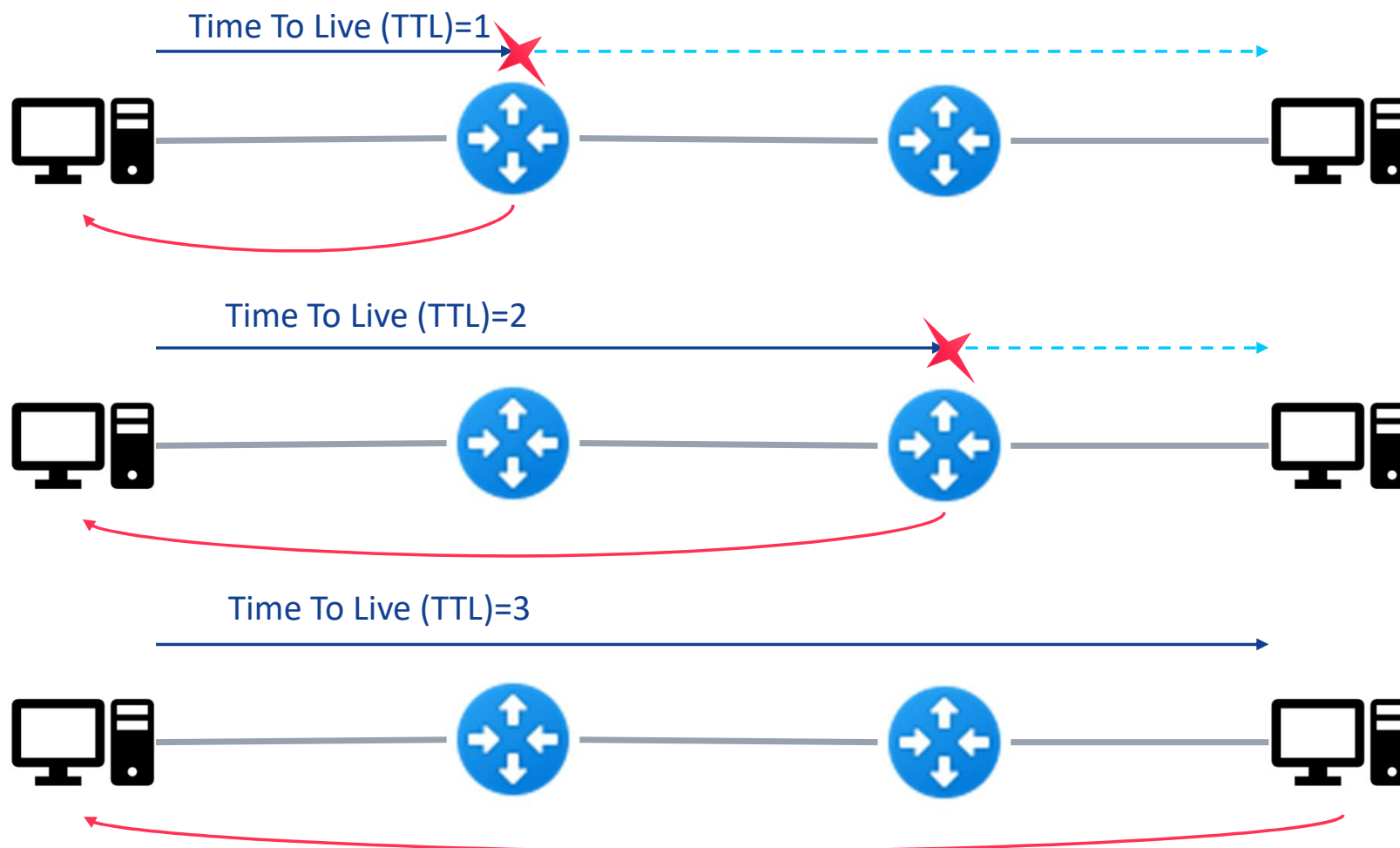
Tracing route to google.com [216.58.209.206]
over a maximum of 30 hops:

  1    4 ms    3 ms    3 ms  192.168.5.1 [192.168.5.1]
  2    *      *      *      Request timed out.
  3    6 ms    5 ms    8 ms  10.0.0.1 [10.0.0.1]
  4    5 ms    8 ms    6 ms  10.128.5.1 [10.128.5.1]
  5   16 ms   13 ms   13 ms  10.220.128.52 [10.220.128.52]
  6   13 ms   14 ms   13 ms  213-154-130-234.rdsnet.ro [213.154.130.234]
  7   12 ms   13 ms   12 ms  74.125.242.225
  8   12 ms   10 ms   11 ms  72.14.236.121
  9   12 ms   13 ms   13 ms  bud02s22-in-f206.1e100.net [216.58.209.206]

Trace complete.
```

Verificarea conexiunii

Comanda Traceroute





That's all for today, see you at the exam!