

Bibliographic analysis

D. Maltseva, V. Batagelj

Goals

Bibliographic

Problems

with Data

Tools

Conversion

Analysis of bibliographic networks

Daria Maltseva, Vladimir Batagelj

NRU HSE Moscow, IMFM Ljubljana, and IAM UP Koper

Methodological Seminar, Tomsk State University June, 10, 2019



Outline

Bibliographic analysis

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- 1 Transforming bibliographic data into networks
 - Goals, research questions, and theory
 - Bibliographic data:
 - Structure of bibliographic data
 - Bibliographic databases and data collection
 - Networks from bibliographic data
 - Problems associated with bibliographic data collection
 - Tools for collection and maintenance of bibliographic data
 - Conversion to networks
- 2 Analyzing bibliographic networks
 - Collaboration among authors
 - Citation among authors / journals
 - Co-citation among authors / journals
 - Keywords co-occurence





Goals, research questions, and theory

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Goals: Study of social and cognitive structure of different scientific fields.

Research questions:

- How do scientists collaborate with each other? How different groups of scientists relate to each other?
 - ightarrow Co-authorship, co-citation network analysis
- How the certain fields in science develop trough time?
 - → Citation network analysis
- What is the topic structure of the scientific filed?
 - → Co-occurrence key words analysis

Different levels (authors, institutions, countries) and units (publications, journals) of analysis.



Goals, research questions, and theory

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Theoretical background:

- The "philosophical" grounds of the field go back to the works of the sociologist R. Merton and the historians of science D. de Sola Price and G. Small.
- E. Garfield the first scientific citation index Science Citation Index (SCI) [Garfield, 1972]. Since its creation, the citation analysis has grown into an independent research field [Wilson, 1999, Bar-Ilan, 2008]
- D. Crane (Crane 1972) introduced the notion of "invisible college" a core group of scientists who collaborated with each other and generated a disproportionate volume of new ideas and showed that internal social structure of the scientific community influences the development of the ideas, and study of informal social and communication structures can bring important results for understanding the modern development of scientific disciplines.



Bibliographic data: some examples

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Survey Papers

Granovetter, M. (1983). The strength of weak ties: A network theory revisited. Sociological theory, 201-233.

Albert, R., & Barabási, A. L. (2002). Statistical mechanics of complex networks. Reviews of modern physics, 74(1), 47.

Batagelj V., Ferligoj A., Squazzoni F. The emergence of a field: a network analysis of research on peer review. Scientometrics, 113(1), 503-532.

Books

White, Harrison C. Identity and Control: How Social Formations Emerge (Second Edition). PRINCETON; OXFORD: Princeton University Press, 2008.

Burt R. S. Structural holes: The social structure of competition. -- Harvard university press, 2009.

Batagelj, Vladimir, Andrej Mrvar, and Wouter de Nooy. "Exploratory social network analysis with Pajek." (2008).



Bibliographic data: some examples

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Survey bibliographies:

- 1 Web survey bibliography
- 2 Bibliography of Research Methods Texts
- 3 A survey and annotated bibliography of multiobjective combinatorial optimization
- 4 Community detection in graphs

Book bibliography:

- 1 Handbook of Product Graphs, Second Edition
- 2 Computational Geometry

Bibliography of scientific community:

- 1 Bibliography on Self-Organizing Map (SOM) method
- 2 Computational Geometry Bibliographies
 - TUG bibliography archive





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```
references, typically used together with the LaTeX document preparation system).
 @Article{int:Mizuno1,
   author =
                   "S. Mizuno".
                   "An \{0(n^{3}L)\} algorithm using a sequence for
   title =
                  linear complementarity problems",
   iournal =
                   "Journal of the Operations Research Society of Japan".
   volume =
                   "33".
                   "1990",
   year =
   pages =
                   "66--75".
 @InCollectionfint:Vorst1.
    author =
                   "{J. G. G. van de} Vorst".
                   "An attempt to use parallel computing in large scale
   title =
                  optimisation",
   booktitle =
                   "Logistics, Where Ends Have to Meet": Proceedings of
                   the Shell Conference on Logistics in Apeldoorn, The
                   Netherlands, November 1988",
                   "{C. F. H. van} Riin",
   editor =
   vear =
                   "1989".
                   "112--119",
   pages =
   publisher =
                   "Pergamon Press".
   address =
                   "Oxford, United Kingdom",
```

Records from BiBTeX (reference management software for formatting lists of



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```
Records from DBLP (online database database of a computer science bibliography).
```

```
<article mdate="2004-01-15" key="journals/arscom/BeinekeGL97">
 <author>Lowell W. Beineke</author>
 <author>Wayne Goddard</author>
 <author>Marc J. Lipman</author>
 <title>Graphs with Maximum Edge-Integrity.</title>
 <vear>1997
 <volume>46</volume>
 <iournal>Ars Comb.</iournal>
 <url>db/journals/arscom/arscom46.html#BeinekeGL97</url>
 </article>
 <inproceedings mdate="2004-12-09" kev="conf/sigcse/BermanD96">
 <author>A. Michael Berman</author>
 <author>Robert C. Duvall</author>
 <title>Thinking about binary trees in an object-oriented world.</title>
 <pages>185-189</pages>
 <year>1996
 <crossref>conf/sigcse/1996</crossref>
 <booktitle>SIGCSE</booktitle>
 <ee>http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/236536</ee>
 <url>db/conf/sigcse/sigcse1996.html#BermanD96</url>
 </inproceedings>
```



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Records from Zentralblatt Math (international reviewing service providing reviews and abstracts for articles in pure and applied mathematics).

```
an 00549739
 ai gross.mark-d
 is ISSN 0025-5874; ISSN 1432-1823
 au Gross, Mark
 py 1993
 cc *14M15 14J15
 ti Surfaces of bidegree $(3,n)$ in $\text{Gr}(1,\bbfP\sp 3)$.
 ut congruence; family of lines
 so Math. Z. 212, No.1, 73-106 (1993).
 an 01488230
 ai tiras.vuecel: harmanci.abdullah: -
 is ISSN 0092-7872; ISSN 1532-4125
     T{\i}ra\D{s}, Y\"ucel; Harmanc{\i}, Abdullah; Smith, P.F.
     2000
 cc *13A15 13C05
 ti Some remarks on dense submodules of multiplication modules.
 ut multiplication module: dense submodule
 so Commun. Algebra 28, No.5, 2291-2296 (2000).
 se 00000057 Communications in Algebra Commun. Algebra 0092-7872; 1532-4125
```

ZBml files \rightarrow Pajek converter ZBml.py.





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Records from Web of Science (online subscription-based scientific citation indexing service providing a comprehensive citation search).

```
PT J
AU Elmer, T
  Boda, Z
  Stadtfeld, C
TI The co-evolution of emotional well-being with weak and strong friendship
   ties
SO NETWORK SCIENCE
LA English
DT Article
DE social networks; ordered stochastic actor-oriented models [...]
ID ADOLESCENT DEPRESSIVE SYMPTOMS: [...]
AB Social ties are strongly related to well-being. But what characterizes this relationship? [...
C1 [Elmer, Timon; Boda, Zsofia; Stadtfeld, Christoph] Swiss Fed Inst Technol,
Chair Social Networks, Dept Humanities Social & Polit Sci, Zurich, Switzerland.
RP Elmer, T (reprint author), Swiss Fed Inst Technol, Chair Social Networks,
Dept Humanities Social & Polit Sci, Zurich, Switzerland.
EM timon.elmer@gess.ethz.ch; [...]
CR Aharony N. 2011, PERVASIVE MOB COMPUT, V7, P643, DOI 10.1016/j.pmcj.2011.09.004
  Baerveldt C., 2004, CONNECTIONS, V26, P11
  Reis H. T., 2000, HDB RES METHODS SOCI
  Ripley Ruth M., 2015, MANUAL RSIENA
```



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ER.

```
Records from Web of Science (online subscription-based scientific citation indexing service providing a comprehensive citation search).
```

```
NR 83
TC 1
PU CAMBRIDGE UNIV PRESS
PT NEW YORK
PA 32 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, NEW YORK, NY 10013-2473 USA
SN 2050-1242
J9 NETW SCI
II Netw Sci
PD SEP
PY 2017
VL 5
IS 3
BP 278
EP 307
DI 10.1017/nws.2017.20
PG 30
SC Social Sciences - Other Topics
GA FFOAM
UT WNS:000408564600003
```

Web of Science files → Pajek converter WoSPajek.





Structure of bibliographic data

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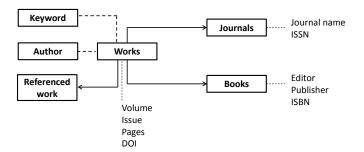
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Networks from bibliographic data

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We can derive some two-mode networks on selected topics from bibliographies from:

- books and survey papers,
- special bibliographies
- bibliographic services
 - Web of Science
 - Scopus
 - ScopusSICRIS
 - Circo
 - CiteSeer
 - Zentralblatt MATH
 - Google Scholar
 - DBLP Bibliography
 - US patent office
 - IMDb





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Two-mode networks on selected topics:

- works × authors (WA),
- works \times journals or book publishers (**WJ**);
- works × keywords WK);
- ullet works imes classification (WC) from some data;
- the one-mode citation network works × works (Ci), where works include papers, reports, books, patents etc.;
- authors × institutions (AI);
- authors × countries (AC).

Besides this we get also at least the partition of works by the journal or publisher, the partition of works by the publication year, and the vector of number of pages.



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How to describe a network $\mathbf{N} = (\mathbf{V}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{P}, \mathbf{W})$? In principle the answer is simple - we list its components: nodes \mathbf{V} , links \mathbf{L} , node properties \mathbf{P} , and link weights \mathbf{W} .

The simplest way is to describe a network N by providing (V,P) and (L,W) in a form of two tables.



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As an example, let us describe a part of network determined by the following works:

Generalized blockmodeling, Clustering with relational constraint, Partitioning signed social networks, The Strength of Weak Ties.

There are **nodes of different types** (modes): *persons, papers, books, series, journals, publishers*;

and **different relations** among them: author_of, editor_of, contained_in, cites, published_by.

For small bibliographies both tables can be maintained in Excel and exported as text in CSV (Comma Separated Values) format.



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bibNodes.csv

```
name:mode:country:sex:vear:vol:num:fPage:lPage:x:v
"Batagelj, Vladimir"; person; SI; m;;;;; 809.1;653.7
"Doreian, Patrick"; person; US; m;;;;;; 358.5; 679.1
"Ferligoj, Anuška"; person; SI; f;;;;; 619.5; 680.7
"Granovetter, Mark":person:US:m:::::145.6:660.5
"Moustaki, Irini"; person; UK; f;;;;; 783.0; 228.0
"Mrvar, Andrej"; person; SI; m;;;;; 478.0; 630.1
"Clustering with relational constraint"; paper;;;1982;47;;413;426;684.1;380.1
"The Strength of Weak Ties"; paper;;;1973;78;6;1360;1380;111.3;329.4
"Partitioning signed social networks";paper;;;2009;31;1;1;11;408.0;337.8
"Generalized Blockmodeling":book:::2005:24::1:385:533.0:445.9
"Psvchometrika":journal:::::741.8:086.1
"Social Networks"; journal;;;;;;;321.4;236.5
"The American Journal of Sociology"; journal;;;;;;;111.3;168.9
"Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences"; series;;;;;;;310.4;082.8
"Cambridge University Press"; publisher; UK;;;;;;534.3;238.2
"Springer"; publisher; US;;;;; 884.6;174.0
```

In large networks, to avoid the empty cells, we split a network to some subnetworks - a collection.



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bibLinks.csv

from; relation; to

"Batagelj, Vladimir"; authorOf; "Generalized Blockmodeling"

"Doreian, Patrick"; authorOf; "Generalized Blockmodeling"
"Ferligoj, Anuška"; authorOf; "Generalized Blockmodeling"

"Batagelj, Vladimir"; authorOf; "Clustering with relational constraint"

"Ferligoj, Anuška"; authorOf; "Clustering with relational constraint"

"Granovetter, Mark"; authorOf; "The Strength of Weak Ties"

"Granovetter, Mark"; editorOf; "Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences"

"Doreian, Patrick"; authorOf; "Partitioning signed social networks"

"Mrvar, Andrej"; authorOf; "Partitioning signed social networks"

"Moustaki, Irini";editorOf;"Psychometrika"

"Doreian, Patrick"; editorOf; "Social Networks"

 $\hbox{\tt "Generalized Blockmodeling"; contained In; \tt "Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences"}$

"Clustering with relational constraint"; containedIn; "Psychometrika"

 $\hbox{\tt "The Strength of Weak Ties"; contained In; \tt "The American Journal of Sociology"}\\$

"Partitioning signed social networks"; contained In; "Social Networks"

"Partitioning signed social networks"; cites; "Generalized Blockmodeling"

"Generalized Blockmodeling"; cites; "Clustering with relational constraint"

"Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences"; publishedBy; "Cambridge University Press"

"Psychometrika"; publishedBy; "Springer"



Networks from bibliographic data Factorization and description of large networks

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To save space and improve the computing efficiency we often replace values of categorical variables with integers. In R this encoding is called a **factorization**.

We enumerate all possible values of a given categorical variable (coding table) and afterwards replace each its value by the corresponding index in the coding table.

This approach is used in most programs dealing with large networks. Unfortunately the coding table is often a kind of meta-data.



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CSV2Pajek.R

```
# transforming CSV file to Pajek files
# by Vladimir Batageli, June 2016
setwd("C:/Users/batagelj/work/Python/graph/SVG/EUSN")
colC <- c(rep("character",4),rep("integer",7)); nas <- c("","NA","NAN")
nodes <- read.csv2("bibNodes.csv",encoding='UTF-8',colClasses=colC.na.strings=nas)
n <- nrow(nodes); M <- factor(nodes$mode); S <- factor(nodes$sex)
mod <- levels(M); sx <- levels(S); S <- as.numeric(S); S[is.na(S)] <- 0</pre>
links <- read.csv2("bibLinks.csv",encoding='UTF-8',colClasses="character")
F <- factor(links$from.levels=nodes$name.ordered=TRUE)
T <- factor(links$to.levels=nodes$name.ordered=TRUE)
R <- factor(links$relation): rel <- levels(R)
net <- file("bib.net"."w"); cat('*vertices '.n.'\n'.file=net)
clu <- file("bibMode.clu","w"); sex <- file("bibSex.clu","w")</pre>
cat('%',file=clu); cat('%',file=sex)
for(i in 1:length(mod)) cat(' '.i.mod[i].file=clu)
cat('\n*vertices '.n.'\n'.file=clu)
for(i in 1:length(sx)) cat(' ',i,sx[i],file=sex)
cat('\n*vertices '.n.'\n'.file=sex)
for(v in 1:n) {
 cat(v,' "',nodes$name[v],'"\n',sep='',file=net);
 cat(M[v],'\n',file=clu): cat(S[v],'\n',file=sex)
for(r in 1:length(rel)) cat('*arcs :',r,' "',rel[r],'"\n',sep='',file=net)
cat('*arcs\n',file=net)
for(a in 1:nrow(links))
 cat(R[a],': ',F[a],' ',T[a],' 1 l "',rel[R[a]],'"\n',sep='',file=net)
close(net); close(clu); close(sex)
                                                       4 D > 4 A > 4 B > 4 B >
```



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bib.net

```
*vertices 16
1 "Batageli, Vladimir"
2 "Doreian, Patrick"
3 "Ferligoj, Anuška"
4 "Granovetter, Mark"
5 "Moustaki, Irini"
6 "Mrvar, Andrej"
7 "Clustering with relational constraint"
8 "The Strength of Weak Ties"
9 "Partitioning signed social networks"
10 "Generalized Blockmodeling"
11 "Psychometrika"
12 "Social Networks"
13 "The American Journal of Sociology"
14 "Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences"
15 "Cambridge University Press"
16 "Springer"
*arcs :1 "authorOf"
*arcs :2 "cites"
*arcs :3 "containedIn"
*arcs :4 "editorOf"
*arcs :5 "publishedBv"
```

```
*arcs
1: 1 10 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 2 10 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 3 10 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 1 7 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 3 7 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 4 8 1 1 "authorOf"
4. 4 14 1 1 "editorOf"
1: 2 9 1 1 "authorOf"
1: 6 9 1 1 "authorOf"
4: 5 11 1 1 "editorOf"
4. 2 12 1 1 "editorOf"
3: 10 14 1 1 "containedIn"
3: 7 11 1 1 "containedIn"
3: 8 13 1 1 "containedIn"
3: 9 12 1 1 "containedIn"
2: 9 10 1 1 "cites"
2: 10 7 1 1 "cites"
```

5: 14 15 1 1 "publishedBv"

5: 11 16 1 1 "publishedBy"

bibMode.clu, bibSex.clu, bib.paj, bib.ini





Networks from bibliographic data

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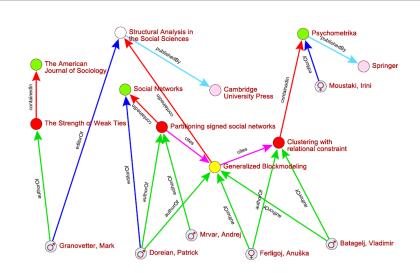
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Networks from bibliographic data The general procedure of transformation

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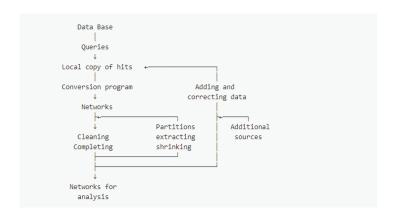
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Problems with bibliographic data Problem 1: Descriptions

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Most of the source bibliographic data are semi-structured – they are available in the form of records from some data base.

Selected fields in the record represent different units: names of people, names of journals, keywords, IDs of works, countries, institutions, etc. Unfortunately the names of these units are usually not stored in a standardized way.

- Detail of description (list of attributes)
- Completeness of description (all entities are included authors)



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 1: Descriptions

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Citation formats:

Different academic styles, guided by different associations:

MLA (Modern Language Association of America),

White, Harrison C. Identity and Control: How Social Formations Emerge (Second Edition). Princeton University Press, 2008.

APA (American Psychological Association),

White, H. (2008). Identity and Control: How Social Formations Emerge (Second Edition). PRINCETON; OXFORD: Princeton University Press.

• Chicago (University of Chicago Press),

White, Harrison C. Identity and Control: How Social Formations Emerge (Second Edition).
PRINCETON: OXFORD: Princeton University Press. 2008.

• GOST (Russian state standard),

White H. C. Identity and control. - Princeton University Press, 2008.

- AMA (American Medical Association),
- SCE (Council of Science Editors), etc.





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Bibliographic formats:

BibTex (LaTeX style),

```
@book{white2012identity,
    title={Identity and control},
    author={White, Harrison C},
    year={2012},
    publisher={Princeton University Press}
}
```

EndNote (Clarivate Analytics),

%0 Book

 $\mbox{\em MT}$ Identity and control

%A White, Harrison C

%D 2012

%I Princeton University Press

• RIS (Research Information Systems style), etc.

```
TY - BOOK
```

TI - Identity and Control

AU - White, Harrison C.

AB - In this completely revised edition ...

PB - Princeton University Press

PY - 2008 SN - 9780691137155

T1 - How Social Formations Emerge (Second Edition)

UR - http://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt1r2fg1
ER -

4 D > 4 A > 4 B > 4 B >



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 1: Descriptions

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A typical description in bibliographies from books and (survey) papers contains the ${\bf following\ elements}$:

- Names of authors; sometimes not complete (et al.)
- Title
- Publication year (date)

For papers:

- Journal
- Volume
- Issue
- Pages

For books:

Publisher (Company, Place)

```
WASSERMAN S, 1994, SOCILA NETWORK ANAL
Wasserman, S., & Faust, K. (1994). Social network analysis:
Methods and applications (Vol. 8). Cambridge university press.
Granovetter, M. (1983). The strength of weak ties: A network theory revisited.
Sociological Theory, 201-233.
White, H. C. (2008). Identity and control: How social formations emerge (Second Edition).
PRINCETON; OXFORD: Princeton University Press.
```



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 2: Different cultures

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Different number of coauthors:

Aad, G., Abajyan, T., Abbott, B., Abdallah, J., Khalek, S. A., Abdelalim, A. A., ... & AbouZeid, O. S. (2012).

Observation of a new particle in the search for the Standard Model Higgs boson with the ATLAS detector at the LHC. Physics Letters B, 716(1), 1-29.

Source



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 2: Different cultures

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- Writing of names (initial/full name, first name first/last).
- The order of first and last name (French, Spanish, Arabian names etc., names with prefixes).
- Some journals have special rules about abbreviations of journal names.

```
Bon G., 1896, CROWD STUDY POPULAR
Le Bon G, 1897, CROWD STUDY POPULAR
LeBon G., 1960, CROWD STUDY POPULAR
Lebon G., 2011, PSIHOLOGIJA NARODOV
Le Bon Gustave, 1930, CROWD STUDY POPULAR
Gustave Le Bon, 1982, PSYCHOL MASSEN
```

```
GRANOVET.MS, 1973, AM J SOCIOL, V78, P1360
GRANOVETTER M, 1983, SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY, V1, P203
```

```
Newman, M. E. (2001). Scientific collaboration networks.

II. Shortest paths, weighted networks, and centrality. Physical review E, 64(1), 016132.
```

M.E.J. Newman, preceding paper, Phys. Rev. E 64, 016131 (2001).



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 2: Different cultures

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Examples of diverse citation practices:

- Vol, Issue, Pages
- Paper number
- Citation without paper title

Pages

Freeman, L. C., & White, D. R. (1993). Using Galois lattices to represent network data.

Sociological methodology, 127-146.

Volume, issue, first page

Newman, M. E. (2001). Scientific collaboration networks. II. Shortest paths, weighted networks, and centrality. Physical review E, 64(1), 016132.

Volume, first page, year

P. Erdos and A. Renyi, Publ. Math. Inst. Hung. Acad. Sci. 5, 17 (1960).



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 3: Non-Latin alphabets

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Conversion

```
Some names can be written in several languages – the procedure of author disambiguation is needed.
```

Cyrillic to Latin (Unicode, automatic transcription).

R, stringi library:

```
> tail(N)
[1] "IOMSUH A" "HEДУМОВ Я" "IVANOV I" "ACТРАХАНЦЕВ Н"
[5] "ТРИПУТИНА В" "MAKAГОНОВА Н"
> tail(R)
[1] "GOMZIN A" "NEDUMOV A" "IVANOV I" "ASTRAHANCEV N"
[5] "TRIPUTINA V" "MAKAGONOVA N"
```

Problems with character "b":

```
> N[44]
[1] "30PbKUHA K"
> R[44]
[1] "20R'KINA K"
> utf8ToInt(R[44])
[1] 90 79 82 697 75 73 78 65 32 75
> T <- sapply(R,function(w)gsub(intToUtf8(697),")",w),USE.NAMES=FALSE)
> T[44]
[1] "20R'KINA K"
> utf8ToInt(T[44])
[1] 90 79 82 39 75 73 78 65 32 75
```



Prroblems with bibliographic data Problem 3: Non-Latin alphabets

Bibliographic analysis

D. Maltseva, V. Batagelj

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Transliteration (different approaches)

Пётр Ильич Чайковский English: Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky German: Pjotr Iljitsch Tschaikovski French: Piotr Ilitch Tchaïkovski Spanish: Piotr Ilich Chaikovski Italian: Pëtr Il'ič Čajkovskij



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Author names Lorenzo Bartolini from Letters to Juliet

Many ways to write the name

"Krivoshe\u\i n, Leonid Evgen\cprime evich" (using the TeX codes) = 20 distinct name variations for this author.

Chinese, 100 names — "three Zhang, four Li" (there are at least 623 different mathematicians with the name Zhang, Li in the MathSciNet Database)



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Author names

 Some data bases are trying to standardize the names (DBLP, ZB, Researcherld).

MathSciNet; Orcid - Enter author name in Search field Scopus; eLibrary - Click on author's name and take the number after "authorid"

Variations in the first names: Sort (last name, first name)

```
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0240-9446
https://elibrary.ru/author_items.asp?authorid=155240
```

 Multi-alphabet (names written in different languages) - convert names to selected alphabet or use "dictionary".

AMS approach - look for details.





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Journal names and Books

- Form a key from initials of journal name and sort (key, journal name)
- International Standard Serial Number ISSN; Digital Object Identifier DOI; International Standard Book Number ISBN.

Keywords Provided in data or extracted from the text (title, abstract). Key phrases.

 Errors (typos) in the data base – correct them in your copy of the data base data.



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Synonymy: Different names for the same units (people):

- Otfried Cheong (formerly Otfried Schwarzkopf): German computational geometer working in South Korea at KAIST
- Michel Marie Deza (formerly Mikhail Efimovich Tylkin): a Soviet and French mathematician, specializing in combinatorics, discrete geometry and graph theory.
- Borštnik, N. S. Mankoč; Mankoč Borštnik, N.; Mankoč-Borštnik, Norma; Mankoč Borštnik, Norma Susana; Mankoc-Borstnik, N.S.; and Mankoč Borštnik, N.S. = same author.
- NUCLEIC ACIDS RES, NUCL ACIDS RES, NUCLEIC ACIDS RES S, NUCLEIC ACIDS RES S2, NUCL ACID RES, NUCL ACIDS RES S2, NUCL ACIDS S SER, NUCL ACIDS RES S, NUCL AC RES, NUCLEIC ACIDS RES S1, Nucleic Acids Res, NUCL ACIDS RES S1 = same journal

Homonymy (ambiguity): Same names for different units (people).

 Smith, John W. - publications of the author(s) with this name spanned from 1868 to 2007.



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Description of equivalences - a condensed dictionary

id	canon	alter1	alter2	alter3	alter4	alter5
ORCID:0000- 0002-0240- 9446	Batagelj, Vladimir	Batagelj, Vlado	Batagelj, V	MR:32440	Scopus: 56037441100	
Scopus: 35615877200	Batagelj, Valentin	Batagelj, V				
ORCID:0000- 0003-4467- 7075	Cheong, Otfried	Schwarz kopf, Otfried	Cheong, O	Schwarzkopf, O	Scopus: 57191986875	
MR:57370	Deza, Michel- Marie	Deza, MM	Deza, M	Deza, Mikhail	Scopus: 7003745115	
MR:57370	Deza, Michel- Marie	Tylkin, Mikhail Efimovich	Tylkin, ME	Тылкин, Михаил Ефимович	Тылкин, МЕ	Деза, Мишел
ORCID:0000- 0002-4294- 9017	Zweig, Katharina Anna	Zweig, KA	Zweig, K	Lehmann, Katharina Anna	Lehmann, K	Scopus 592816 2000
eLib:696348	Maltseva, Daria	Мальцева, Дарья Ва- сильевна	Мальцева, ДВ	Мальцева, Д	Maltseva, DV	
eLib:155240	Maltseva, Diana	Мальцева, Диана Ва- сильевна	Мальцева, ДВ	Мальцева, Д	Maltseva, DV	



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How to deal with synonymy and homonymy:

- normalization at data entry
- standardization use standards whenever possible (ORCID, DOI, ISBN, ISSN, standard abbreviations JAS, LTWA, WoS, Caltech)
- "dictionaries"

When the unit names are extracted from the text the so called stopwords are omitted.

The equivalence is automatically determined using stemming or lemmatization – replacement by the canonical forms of words.

- lemmatization lists (dictionaries)
- keywords keyword recommendations
- **for synonymy**: sort labels of units, manually/visually identify equivalent units, create partition, (shrink) equivalent units.
- for homonymy: correct the data in your copy of the data base.



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ISI names: The usual ISI name of a work (field CR in WoS)

LEFKOVITCH LP, 1985, THEOR APPL GENET, V70, P585

has the following structure

AU + ', ' + PY + ', ' + SO[:20] + ', V' + VL + ', P' + BP

In WoS the same work can have different ISI names. To improve the precision the program WoS2Pajek supports also short names. They have the format.

LastNm[:8] + ' ' + FirstNm[0] + '(' + PY + ')' + VL + ':' + BP

For example:

LEFKOVIT L(1985)70:585

From the last names with prefixes VAN, DE, . . . the space is deleted.

CANTANZARO M, 2005, PHYS REV E, V71, UNSP 027103 CANTAZARO M, 2005, PHYS REV E, V71, UNSP 056104 CATANZARO M. 2005, PHYS REV E 2. V71, ARTN 056104

The best/final solution is to enter data in bibliographic data base in standardized way resolving homonyms.



Problems with bibliographic data Problem 5: Incomplete data. Boundary Problem

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Incomplete data

- missing data: some parts of the units (works) descriptions which are not presented (additional authors, title, year, volume, issue, pages, publishers, etc.).
 - ightarrow To add important missing parts of data manually
- Missing data: units (works) important for the studied topic which are not presented in the data set at all.
 - ightarrow To search for them look at the most cited works from the references and include them into the analysis

For small bibliographies where we can inspect, accept and "correct"each entry. The "Excel table"approach is sufficient.

- when extracting subset of data
- preliminary citation network analysis; manually completing the important data



Problems with bibliographic data

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Different iterations are needed before the data set is complete!



Tools for collection and maintenance of bibliographic data

Bibliographic analysis

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Bibliographic tools:

- JabRef open source bibliography reference manager Bibliographic management tools
- Bibliographic Conversion Tools
- https://guides.nyu.edu/c.php?g=276958&p=1846635
- 12 Best Free Online Bibliography And Citation Tool
- Bibliographic Tools
- Bibliographic Software Overview
- Compare Some of the Popular Bibliographic Software Tools



Conversion to networks

Bibliographic analysis

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For conversion of bibliographic data special programs in languages such as Python and R are written.

Example:

- export data from WoS
- 2 combine files into WoS file
- 3 run WoS2Pajek
- 4 get the list of the networks