Workout Split Manager

CS 1103 Project Presentation

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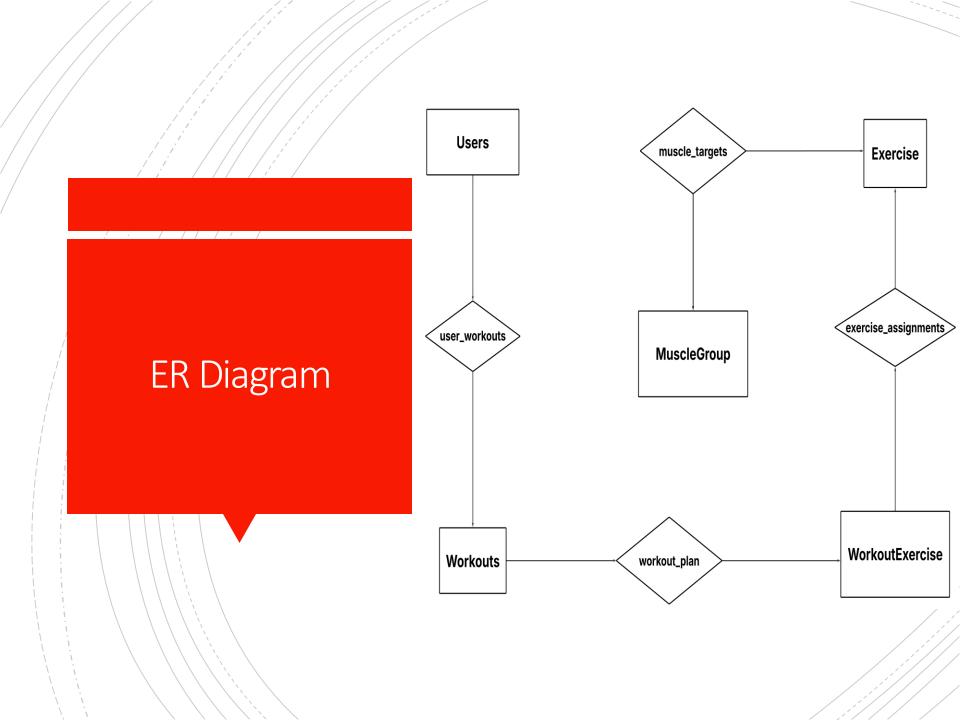
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Introduction

Workout Split Manager is a
Java desktop program that schedules and coordinat
es personalized fitness routines for multiple users.
It simulates a live gym environment where each
user follows a systematic 5-day
workout routine based on his/her goal,
membership status, and available days.

With Java, SQLite, and JavaFX,
the program demonstrates the integration of a
relational database and a graphical user
interface. In the backend, there are well-normalized
tables such as Users, Workouts, Exercises,
MuscleGroups, and WorkoutExercise, and the
frontend provides interactive
data visualisation through styled table views and
buttons.

One of the strengths of this project is its randomization mechanism for data, wherein exercises are dynamically created and assigned to each user with an eye towards variety and customization. This project focuses on the practicality of database design, ER modeling, and Java programming skills in a real-world fitness management context.



SQL DDL: Users

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Users (
    UserID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    Name TEXT NOT NULL,
    Email TEXT NOT NULL,
    PhoneNumber TEXT NOT NULL,
    workout_goal TEXT,
    membership_plan TEXT
);
```

SQL DDL: MuscleGroup

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS MuscleGroup (

MuscleGroupID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,

name TEXT NOT NULL
```

SQL DDL: Exercise

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Exercise (
    ExerciseID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    name TEXT NOT NULL,
    muscle_group_id INTEGER,
    FOREIGN KEY (muscle_group_id) REFERENCES MuscleGroup(MuscleGroupID)
);
```

SQL DDL: Workouts

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Workouts (

WorkoutID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
UserID INTEGER,
DayNumber INTEGER,
WorkoutDay TEXT,
ExerciseName TEXT,
Sets INTEGER,
Reps INTEGER,
Duration INTEGER,
FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES Users(UserID)
);
```

SQL DDL: WorkoutExercise

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS WorkoutExercise (
    WorkoutExerciseID INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT,
    WorkoutID INTEGER,
    ExerciseID INTEGER,
    Sets INTEGER NOT NULL,
    Reps INTEGER NOT NULL,
    Duration INTEGER NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (WorkoutID) REFERENCES Workouts(WorkoutID),
    FOREIGN KEY (ExerciseID) REFERENCES Exercise(ExerciseID)
);
```

DDL to ERD

Foreign keys enforce integrity across linked tables

- Example: UserID in Workouts references Users(UserID)
- Ensures each workout is connected to a valid user

WorkoutExercise handles many-to-many relationships

- Between Workouts and Exercise
- Allows multiple exercises per workout and vice versa

MuscleGroup organizes exercise categories

- Each exercise can target one specific muscle group
- Enables structured categorization of exercises

Workouts are linked to users via foreign key

- Each user can have multiple workouts
- Personalized plans are assigned using UserID

Sample INSERT Statements

INSERT INTO Users VALUES (1, 'Vihaan', 'vihaan@email.com', '555-101', 'Muscle Building', 'Premium');•

INSERT INTO MuscleGroup VALUES (1, 'Chest');•

INSERT INTO Exercise VALUES (1, 'Bench Press', 1);•



Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:sq
lite:workout_split.db");

Creating Tables via Java

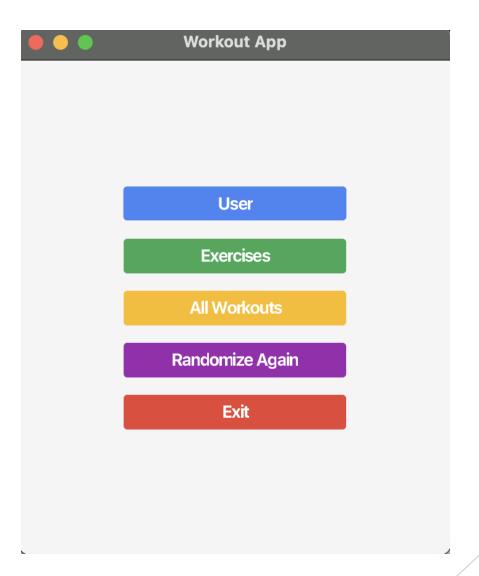
Inserting Randomized Data

- 15 users
- Each with 5-day randomized plan
- Exercises, sets, reps, duration vary

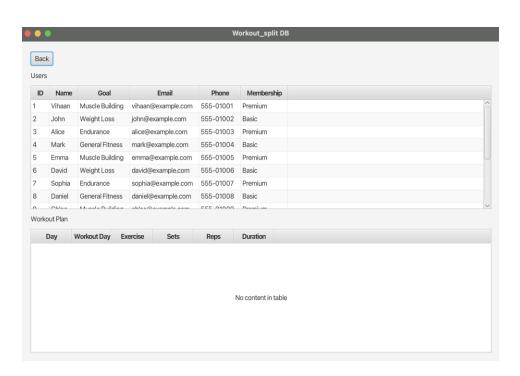
Special Features

- Personalized 5-day plans
- Workout days: Push, Pull, Legs, Cardio,Full Body
- 2-3 exercises/day

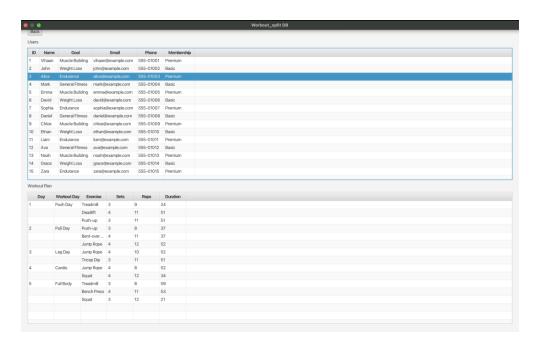


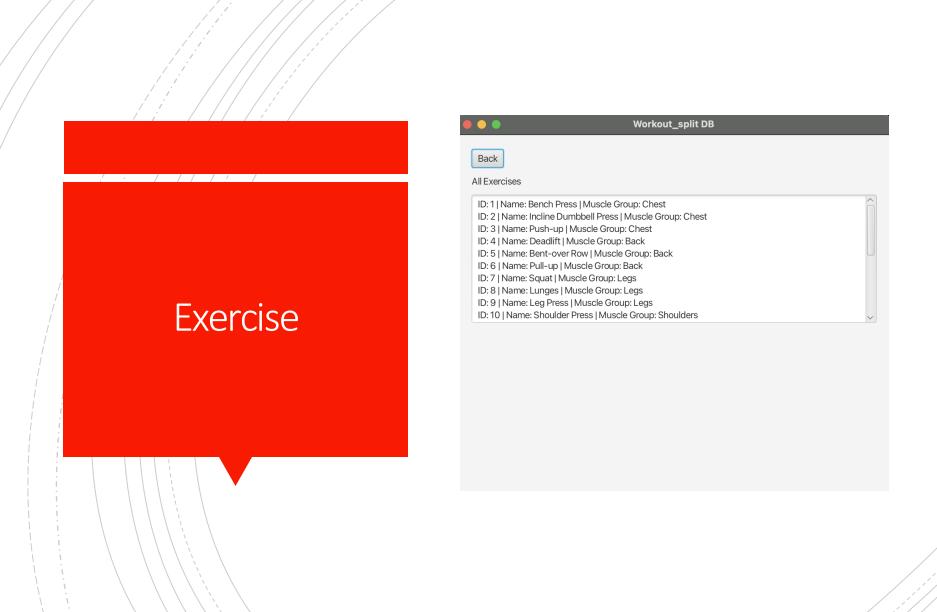




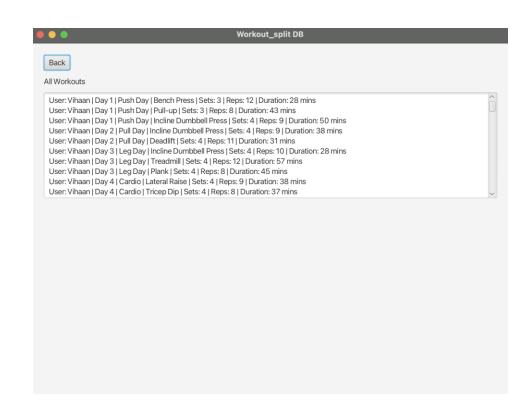


Workout Plan View





All Workouts View



Conclusion

- The Workout Split Manager successfully integrates database principles with JavaFX to simulate a real-world gym scheduling system.
- It demonstrates the practical use of ER modeling, SQL DDL/DML, JDBC, and Java GUI design in a cohesive project.
- The system showcases how randomized, personalized workout routines can be dynamically generated and managed for multiple users.
- Through proper table design, foreign key constraints, and normalized relationships, the project ensures both data integrity and flexibility.
- Overall, this project reflects a strong understanding of how theoretical database concepts can be applied to solve realworld problems with intuitive, interactive software.