

Assignment 2

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Question 1

(a)

First, we need to define states. Since there are three types, we can define each type as a state. Therefore, we have three states: 1) GG , 2) Gg , 3) gg .

Then the matrix is as following,

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} .5 & .5 & 0 \\ .25 & .5 & .25 \\ 0 & .5 & .5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)

We need to calculate $P_{Gg,GG}^3$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{Gg,GG}^3 &= P_{Gg,GG}P_{GG,GG}^2 + P_{Gg,Gg}P_{Gg,GG}^2 + P_{Gg,gg}P_{gg,GG}^2 \\ &= 0.25 \cdot P_{GG,GG}^2 + 0.5 \cdot P_{Gg,GG}^2 + 0.25 \cdot P_{gg,GG}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{GG,GG}^2 &= P_{GG,GG}P_{GG,GG} + P_{GG,Gg}P_{Gg,GG} + P_{GG,gg}P_{gg,GG} \\ &= 0.5 \times 0.5 + 0.5 \times 0.25 + 0 \\ &= 0.375 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{Gg,GG}^2 &= P_{Gg,GG}P_{GG,GG} + P_{Gg,Gg}P_{Gg,GG} + P_{Gg,gg}P_{gg,GG} \\ &= 0.25 \times 0.5 + 0.5 \times 0.25 + 0 \\ &= 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{gg,GG}^2 &= P_{gg,GG}P_{GG,GG} + P_{gg,Gg}P_{Gg,GG} + P_{gg,gg}P_{gg,GG} \\ &= 0 + 0.5 \times 0.25 + 0 \\ &= 0.125 \end{aligned}$$

Finally,

$$P_{Gg,GG}^3 = 0.25 \times 0.375 + 0.5 \times 0.25 + 0.25 \times 0.125 = 0.25$$

(c)

Solve $\pi P = \pi$, $\sum \pi_i = 1$.

$$[\pi_0 \quad \pi_1 \quad \pi_2] \begin{bmatrix} .5 & .5 & 0 \\ .25 & .5 & .25 \\ 0 & .5 & .5 \end{bmatrix} = [\pi_0 \quad \pi_1 \quad \pi_2]$$

$$\pi_0 + \pi_1 + \pi_2 = 1$$

By solving the equations above, we get $\pi_0 = 0.25$, $\pi_1 = 0.5$, $\pi_2 = 0.25$, and π_2 is what we are looking for.

Question 2

(a)

The state is (x, a, b) , where x is the current page and a and b are the pages in the cache. Thus, we have the following transition matrix. (The order is $(1, 1, 2)$, $(2, 1, 2)$, $(1, 1, 3)$, $(3, 1, 3)$, $(2, 2, 3)$, $(3, 2, 3)$.)

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1-x \\ y & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1-y \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1-x & x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & y & 0 & 0 & 1-y \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

To get the proportion of time that the cache contains page 1 and 2, we need to get $\pi_0 + \pi_1$.

Solve $\pi P = \pi$, $\sum \pi_i = 1$. We get

$$\begin{aligned} y\pi_1 &= \pi_0 \\ x\pi_0 &= \pi_1 \\ \dots \end{aligned}$$

and we are given that $0 < x < y < \frac{1}{2}$, therefore, we must have $\pi_0 = \pi_1 = 0$.

Finally, the answer is $\pi_0 + \pi_1 = 0 + 0 = 0$

(b)

There are three scenarios when a cache miss happens.

1. cache contains 1 and 2, and is requesting 3.
2. cache contains 1 and 3, and is requesting 2.
3. cache contains 2 and 3, and is requesting 1.

$$\begin{aligned} P\{\text{cache miss}\} &= \pi_0 P\{1 \rightarrow 3\} + \pi_1 P\{2 \rightarrow 3\} + \pi_2 P\{1 \rightarrow 2\} + \pi_3 P\{3 \rightarrow 2\} + \pi_4 P\{2 \rightarrow 1\} + \pi_5 P\{3 \rightarrow 1\} \\ &= 0 \times (1-x) + 0 \times (1-y) + \pi_2 \times x + \pi_3 \times 1 + \pi_4 \times y + \pi_5 \times 0 \\ &= x\pi_2 + \pi_3 + y\pi_4 \end{aligned}$$

Question 3

(a)

The probability that up today and up tomorrow is $1 - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{12}$, the answer is $(\frac{7}{12})^5$.

(b)

What we need to calculate is $P_{up,down}^5$

$$P_{up,down}^5 = P_{up,soft}^5 + P_{up,hard}^5$$

We are given the formula,

$$P_{ij}^n = \sum_{k=0}^{M-1} P_{ik} P_{kj}^{n-1}$$

I use the following code to solve this question:

```
def P(matrix, begin, end, step, total):
    if step==1:
        return matrix[begin][end]
    res = 0
    for i in range(total):
        res += P(matrix, begin, i, 1, total)*P(matrix, i, end, step-1, total)
    return res

if __name__ == '__main__':
    matrix = [[7/12, 1/4, 1/6],[3/4, 1/4, 0],[1, 0, 0]]
    print(P(matrix, 0, 1, 5, 3)+P(matrix, 0, 2, 5, 3))
```

This code gives me 0.3341.

(c)

Solve $\pi P = \pi$, $\sum \pi_i = 1$. We get $\pi_0 = \frac{2}{3}$, $\pi_1 = \frac{2}{9}$, $\pi_3 = \frac{1}{9}$, and π_0 is what we want.