## C.E.T. N° 5 - INGLÉS - TRABAJO PRÁCTICO 4° AÑO CICLO SUPERIOR (6° AÑO)

STUDENT'S NAME:		
	<u>DATE</u> : /	′/
El siguiente es un trabajo práctico modelo para que el alumno/a resuelo del examen (debe llevar todo el trabajo impreso y resuelto, no las responente del examen se recibirá este trabajo y se le entregará un examen pero con otro vocabulario) que deberá resolver ese mismo día. De ser necesario, se pasará a una instancia oral donde se le realizarán profelacionados con el trabajo práctico o examen escrito).	uestas en una hoja). similar al alumno/a (r	mismo formato
- Entrega y aprobación del trabajo práctico impreso en papel		
<ul> <li>Resolución correcta del examen que realizará ese día</li> </ul>		

A) Read the text "The chemistry of wine" and write T (true) or F (false). (ver PDF adjunts)

quedado claros en el examen escrito y/o trabajo práctico.

El examen oral se realizará sólo si el alumno/a necesita compensar algunos contenidos que no hayan

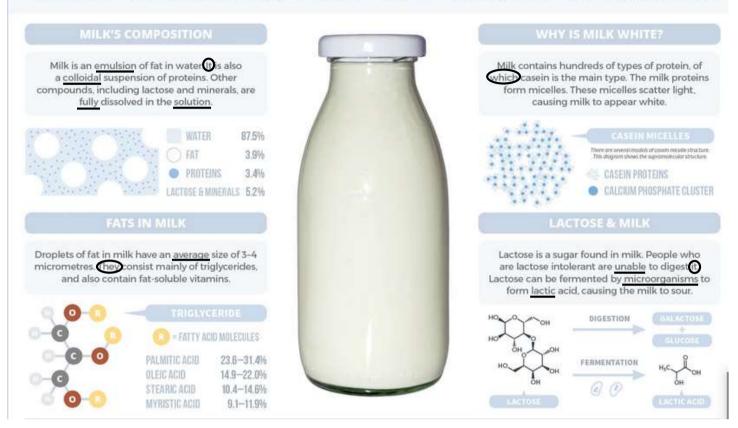
	adj	unto)					
2- 3- 4- 5- 6-	And Red Fla The Fla cor The	average red wine will contain 86% water, and 12% ethyl alcohol thocyanins originate from the seeds of the grapes used to make the wine d wine's colouration is dependent on the acidity van-3-ols are found in the skin of grapes ey contribute to the bitterness of red wine vonols have antioxidant properties but they're present in red wine in a too low acentration to be considered a good source e tannins in red wine don't contribute to its dryness me tannins can also come from the barrels in which the wine is aged					
B)	Tui	Turn these sentences from <mark>active to passive voice</mark> .					
	1-	Anthocyanins produce polymeric pigments.					
	2-	The variation of tannin concentration will affect the amount of dryness.					
	3-	The acids in wine give the red colouration.					
	4-	Scientists are investigating the antioxidants properties of wine.					
	5-	They have found health benefits of resveratrol.					
	6-	Researchers discovered over 1,000 different compounds in wine.					

## C) VERB TENSES: Choose the correct option.

- 1- Engineering as a profession INVOLVE / INVOLVES / IS INVOLVED different tasks.
- 2- Engineers MUST SOLVE / ARE SOLVE / MUST BE SOLVE specific problems.
- 3- Chemical processes HAS CREATED / HAVE CREATED / HAVE CREATE a wide variety of products.
- 4- Mauveine IS / WAS / WERE the first synthetic substance discovered by William Perkin.
- 5- Rutherford WASN'T DISCOVER / DID DISCOVERED / DIDN'T DISCOVER the electron.
- 6- Liquids TAKE / TAKES / TAKING the shape of the container that holds them.
- 7- Scientists HAVEN'T FOUND / HASN'T FOUND / HAVE BEEN FOUND a cure to Alzheimer yet.
- 8- I think electric cars WILL BE / WILL BEING / ARE GOING TO BE popular in the future.
- 9- The modern chemical industry BEGIN / BEGAN / WAS BEGAN towards the end of the  $19^{\rm th}$  century.
- 10-The company IS GOING TO BE BOUGHT / IS GOING TO BUY / IS GOING TO BOUGHT a new robot to improve their production.
- 11- Huge quantities of chemicals USE / IS USED / ARE USED today.
- 12-The Haber process CREATE / CREATED / IS CREATED 450 million tons of nitrogen fertilizer per year.
- 13-She HAS JUST SANITIZED / JUST HAS SANITIZED / HAS SANITIZED JUST the kitchen board.
- 14-Many people COULD BE ARRESTED / COULD ARRESTED / COULD ARREST by the police if they don't follow coronavirus quarantine orders.
- 15- He WAS CHECKED / DID CHECK / WAS CHECKING the water pressure when the accident HAPPEN / HAPPENED / WAS HAPPENING.
- 16- Crude oil CONVERTS / IS CONVERTED / CONVERT into petroleum by distillation.
- 17-The widespread use of petroleum HAVE CREATED / HAS CREATED / HAS BEEN CREATED serious environmental problems.
- 18-All their tankers SOLD / WERE SOLD / WAS SOLD by the company.
- 19-The various components present in crude oil ARE BEEN SEPARATED / ARE BEING SEPARATED / ARE BE SEPARATED into usable products.
- 20-At the moment he IS STUDIED / IS STUDYING / STUDIES to be a Petroleum Engineering.
- 21-Water chlorination KILL / KILLS / IS KILLED bacteria and microbes.

D) Read the text and do the activities.

## THE CHEMISTRY OF COW'S MILK



E) Classify the <u>underlined</u> words from the text in the following chart. Circle or highlight the <u>preffix/suffix</u> in each word.

NOUN	ADJECTIVE	ADVERB	VERB

F) What do these pronouns in the text refer to? Choose the best option.

1- it a- emulsion b- milk c- water 2- which b- casein a- milk c- protein 3- they b- fats c- droplets a- micrometers 4- it a- lactose b- milk c- sugar

the meaning. Use the relative pronoun given.	
1- The milk proteins form micelles. They give milk its white appearance.	<mark>WHICH</mark>
2- F. Bartolletti discovered lactose in milk in 1619. He identified it as a suga WHO	ır in 1780
3- Lactose can be fermented. Its microorganisms form lactic acid. WHOSE	•
PRONOUNS: Choose the best option.	

G) RELATIVE CLAUSES: Rewrite each pair of sentences as one sentence. Do not change

- H) PRONOUNS: Choose the best option.
  - 1- Where is my pencil? I can't find IT / ITS / ONE.
  - 2- I lent you some books. Can you give THEY / THEM / THEIR back to me, please?
  - 3- My brother's name is Samuel but everybody calls HE / HIS / HIM Sam.
  - 4- Julia and I / ME / MY have been married for 10 years.
  - 5- Susan likes to walk by HER / HERS / HERSELF.
  - 6- My father found a new job last month. HE / HIS / HIM new boss is very kind.
  - 7- We live in this house. It's WE / OUR / OURS.
  - 8- Are these YOU / YOUR / YOURS dogs?