

Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

1. GLOBAL SITUATION

According to the World Bank, the total forest area of the world was **41,282,694.4 sq km** in 1990. As of 2016, the most recent year for which data was available, that number had fallen to **39,958,245.9 sq km**, a loss of **1,324,449 sq km**, or **3.2%**.

The forest area lost over this time period is slightly more than the entire land area of **Australia** listed for the year 2016 (which is **1,250,590 sq km**).

2. REGIONAL OUTLOOK

In 2016, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **31.38%**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **46.16%**, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **2.07%** forestation.

In 1990, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **32.42%**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **51.03%**, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **1.78%** forestation.

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

Region	1990 Forest Percentage	2016 Forest Percentage
World	32.42%	31.38%
Sub-Saharan Africa	30.67%	28.79%
Latin America & Caribbean	51.03%	46.16%

The only regions of the world that decreased in percent forest area from 1990 to 2016 were **Sub-Saharan Africa** (dropped from **30.67%** to **28.79%**) and **Latin America & Caribbean** (**51.03%** to **46.16%**). All other regions actually increased in forest area over this time period. However, the drop in forest area in the two aforementioned regions was so large, the percent forest area of the world decreased over this time period from **32.42%** to **31.38%**.

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly bright spot in the data at the country level, **China**. This country actually increased in forest area from 1990 to 2016 by **527,229**. It would be interesting to study what has changed in this country over this time to drive this figure in the data higher. The country with the next largest increase in forest area from 1990 to 2016 was the **United States**, but it only saw an increase of **79,200**, much lower than the figure for **China**.

China and **United States** are of course very large countries in total land area, so when we look at the largest *percent* change in forest area from 1990 to 2016, we aren't surprised to find a much smaller country listed at the top. **Iceland** increased in forest area by **213,66%** from 1990 to 2016.

B. LARGEST CONCERNS

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
---------	--------	-----------------------------

Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	541,510
Indonesia	East Asia & Pacific	282,194
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	106,506

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Forest Area Change
Togo	Sub-Saharan Africa	75.45
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	61.80
Uganda	Sub-Saharan Africa	59.13

When we consider countries that decreased in forest area percentage the most between 1990 and 2016, we find that four of the top 5 countries on the list are in the region of **Sub-Saharan Africa**. The countries are **Togo**, **Nigeria**, **Uganda**, and **Mauritania**. The 5th country on the list is **Honduras**, which is in the **Latin America & Caribbean** region.

From the above analysis, we see that **Nigeria** is the only country that ranks in the top 5 both in terms of absolute square kilometer decrease in forest as well as percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. Therefore, this country has a significant opportunity ahead to stop the decline and hopefully spearhead remedial efforts.

C. QUARTILES

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

Quartile	Number of Countries
1	85
2	72

3	38
4	9

The largest number of countries in 2016 were found in the 1 quartile.

There were 9 countries in the top quartile in 2016. These are countries with a very high percentage of their land area designated as forest. The following is a list of countries and their respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Designated as Forest
Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	East Asia & Pacific	91.86
Suriname	Latin America & Caribbean	98.26
Gabon	Sub-Saharan Africa	90.04

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Write out a set of recommendations as an analyst on the ForestQuery team.

- The forest area of world decreased from 1990-2016.
There are 2 regions we need to focus on, **Sub-Saharan Africa** (dropped from **30.67%** to **28.79%**) and **Latin America & Caribbean** (**51.03%** to **46.16%**).
All other regions are increased in forest area.
- There are 5 countries we need to focus on.
Togo, Nigeria, Uganda, Mauritania, Honduras.

5. APPENDIX: SQL Queries Used

SETUP

```
DROP VIEW IF EXISTS forestation;

CREATE VIEW forestation
AS
    (SELECT f.country_code,
           f.country_name,
           f.year,
           f.forest_area_sqkm,
           l.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 AS total_area_sqkm,
           r.region,
           r.income_group
    FROM   forest_area AS f
    JOIN   land_area AS l
    JOIN   region AS r)
```

```

        ON f.country_code = l.country_code
        AND f.year = l.year
JOIN regions AS r
ON f.country_code = r.country_code);

```

1. GLOBAL SITUATION

- ```

SELECT forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 1990;

```
- ```

SELECT forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 2016

```
- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 1990),
world_2016
AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 2016)
SELECT world_1990.world_forest_area_1990 - world_2016.world_forest_area_2016 AS
forest_area_change
FROM world_1990,
world_2016

```
- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 1990),
world_2016
AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 2016)
SELECT 100 * Round(Cast(( world_2016.world_forest_area_2016 -
world_1990.world_forest_area_1990 ) /
world_1990.world_forest_area_1990 AS
NUMERIC)
, 4) AS forest_area_change
FROM world_1990,
world_2016

```
- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE country_name = 'World'
AND year = 1990),
world_2016

```

```

 AS (SELECT total_forest_area_sqkm AS world_forest_area_2016
 FROM forestation
 WHERE country_name = 'World'
 AND year = 2016)
SELECT country_name,
 year,
 Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) AS total_forest_area_in_sqkm
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
 AND country_name != 'World'
GROUP BY country_name,
 year
ORDER BY total_forest_area_in_sqkm DESC

```

## 2. REGIONAL OUTLOOK

- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT region,
    Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
        100
        AS
        NUMERIC),
    2) AS percent_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 1990
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_1990),
world_2016
AS (SELECT region,
    Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
        100
        AS
        NUMERIC),
    2) AS percent_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_2016)
SELECT *
FROM world_2016

```
- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT region,
 Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
 100
 AS
 NUMERIC),
 2) AS percent_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 1990
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_1990),
world_2016
AS (SELECT region,
 Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
 100
 AS

```

```

 NUMERIC),
 2) AS percent_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_2016)
SELECT *
FROM world_1990

```

- ```

WITH world_1990
AS (SELECT region,
           Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
                        100
                        AS
                        NUMERIC),
                2) AS percent_forest_area_1990
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 1990
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_1990),
world_2016
AS (SELECT region,
           Round(Cast(Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) / Sum(total_area_sqkm) *
                        100
                        AS
                        NUMERIC),
                2) AS percent_forest_area_2016
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
GROUP BY region
ORDER BY percent_forest_area_2016)
SELECT world_1990.region,
       world_1990.percent_forest_area_1990,
       world_2016.percent_forest_area_2016,
       CASE
           WHEN world_1990.percent_forest_area_1990 >
                world_2016.percent_forest_area_2016
       THEN 'TRUE'
           WHEN world_1990.percent_forest_area_1990 <
                world_2016.percent_forest_area_2016
       THEN 'FALSE'
           ELSE 'FALSE'
       END AS is_decreased
FROM world_2016
JOIN world_1990
ON world_2016.region = world_1990.region

```

3. Country-Level Detail

- ```

WITH forest_area_1990 AS
(
 SELECT region,
 country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 1990
AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL), forest_area_2016 AS

```

```
(
 SELECT country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
 FROM forestation
 WHERE year = 2016
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL)
SELECT forest_area_1990.country_name,
 forest_area_1990.region,
 forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm
 AS forest_area_1990,
 forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm
 AS forest_area_2016,
 Round(Cast(forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm - forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS forest_area_decrease
FROM forest_area_1990
JOIN forest_area_2016
ON forest_area_1990.country_name = forest_area_2016.country_name
WHERE forest_area_1990.country_name != 'World'
ORDER BY forest_area_decrease limit 5
```

- WITH forest\_area\_1990 AS
 

```
(
 SELECT region,
 country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
 FROM forestation
 WHERE year = 1990
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL), forest_area_2016 AS
 (
 SELECT country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
 FROM forestation
 WHERE year = 2016
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL)
 SELECT forest_area_1990.country_name,
 region,
 forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm

 AS forest_area_1990,
 forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm

 AS forest_area_2016,
 100 * Round(Cast((forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm - forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm)/forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 4)
 AS forest_area_percent_decrease_change
 FROM forest_area_1990
 JOIN forest_area_2016
 ON forest_area_1990.country_name = forest_area_2016.country_name
 WHERE forest_area_1990.country_name != 'World'
 ORDER BY forest_area_percent_decrease_change limit 5
```

- WITH forest\_area\_1990 AS
 

```
(
 SELECT region,
```



```

 country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
 FROM forestation
 WHERE year = 1990
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL), forest_area_2016 AS
(
 SELECT country_name,
 total_forest_area_sqkm
 FROM forestation
 WHERE year = 2016
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL)
SELECT forest_area_1990.country_name,
 forest_area_1990.region,
 forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm
 AS forest_area_1990,
 forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm
 AS forest_area_2016,
 Round(Cast(forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm - forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 2) AS forest_area_decrease
FROM forest_area_1990
JOIN forest_area_2016
ON forest_area_1990.country_name = forest_area_2016.country_name
WHERE forest_area_1990.country_name != 'World'
ORDER BY forest_area_decrease DESC limit 5

```

- ```

WITH forest_area_1990 AS
(
    SELECT region,
        country_name,
        total_forest_area_sqkm
    FROM forestation
    WHERE year = 1990
    AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL), forest_area_2016 AS
(
    SELECT country_name,
        total_forest_area_sqkm
    FROM forestation
    WHERE year = 2016
    AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL)
SELECT forest_area_1990.country_name,
    region,
    forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm

    AS forest_area_1990,
        forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm

    AS forest_area_2016,
        100 * Round(Cast((forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm - forest_area_2016.total_forest_area_sqkm)/forest_area_1990.total_forest_area_sqkm AS NUMERIC), 4)
    ) AS forest_area_percent_decrease_change
FROM forest_area_1990
JOIN forest_area_2016
ON forest_area_1990.country_name = forest_area_2016.country_name
WHERE forest_area_1990.country_name != 'World'
ORDER BY forest_area_percent_decrease_change DESC limit 5

```

- ```

WITH total_forest_land_area2016
AS (SELECT country_name,
 region,
 Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) AS total_forest_area_sqkm,
 Sum(total_area_sqkm) AS total_land_area_sqkm
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
 AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
 AND total_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
 AND country_name <> 'World'
GROUP BY country_name,
 region),
quartiles_totalforest_2016
AS (SELECT country_name,
 region,
 Round(Cast((total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm) *
 100 AS
 NUMERIC),
 2) AS percent_forestation,
 CASE
 WHEN (total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm) * 100
 BETWEEN 0
 AND 25
 THEN '1'
 WHEN (total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm) * 100
 BETWEEN
 25 AND 50
 THEN '2'
 WHEN (total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm) * 100
 BETWEEN
 50 AND 75
 THEN '3'
 ELSE '4'
 END AS quartile
FROM total_forest_land_area2016)
SELECT quartile,
 Count(1) AS number_of_cities
FROM quartiles_totalforest_2016
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY 1

```

- ```

WITH total_forest_land_area2016
AS (SELECT country_name,
           region,
           Sum(total_forest_area_sqkm) AS total_forest_area_sqkm,
           Sum(total_area_sqkm)       AS total_land_area_sqkm
FROM   forestation
WHERE  year = 2016
      AND total_forest_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
      AND total_area_sqkm IS NOT NULL
      AND country_name <> 'World'
GROUP BY country_name,
         region),
quartiles_totalforest_2016
AS (SELECT country_name,
           region,
           Round(Cast(( total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm ) *
                      100 AS
                      NUMERIC),

```

```

2) AS percent_forestation,
CASE
    WHEN ( total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm ) * 100
        BETWEEN 0
        AND 25
    THEN '1'
    WHEN ( total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm ) * 100
        BETWEEN
        25 AND 50
    THEN '2'
    WHEN ( total_forest_area_sqkm / total_land_area_sqkm ) * 100
        BETWEEN
        50 AND 75
    THEN '3'
    ELSE '4'
END AS quartile
FROM total_forest_land_area2016)
SELECT Count(country_name) AS numbe_of_countries
FROM quartiles_totalforest_2016
WHERE percent_forestation > (SELECT percent_forestation
                             FROM quartiles_totalforest_2016
                             WHERE country_name = 'United States')

```