Programming for Everybody

8. Procs and Lambdas



Blocks Recap

Blocks (a.k.a anonymous/nameless functions) are block of codes executed inside a method (like each, sort, etc.)

They are similar to methods, but they don't need a name or to be assigned, because they are already inside another function

```
names = ["gabriele", "mariana", "shannon"]

names.each do |name|
reversed_name = name.reverse
puts reversed_name.upcase
end
Nameless block of code
```



What if you want to write a custom method that accepts a block, like it happens with each and the other standard functions?

Use the yield keyword!

When your method will be called with a block, that block will replace your yield keyword inside the method

Everything inside this block replaces the yield!

Procs

Until now we've been writing different blocks of code inside other methods, but never stored them in variables

So, what if you want to store and reuse them?

Procs are made exactly for that!

```
def welcome_message
  puts "Welcome!"
  yield
end
```

Procs with Symbols

In Ruby, a *method* <u>name</u> can be called and passed with a symbol, like :to_i, :to_s, :capitalize, etc.

And what if we want to pass this method as a proc?

We can easily do it by converting the symbol to a proc!

```
names = ["gabriele", "mariana", "shannon"]

names.map! { | name | name.capitalize }

names.map!(&:capitalize)

Note the colon, we are using a symbol here!
```

Lambdas

With the exception of a bit of syntax and a few behaviours, lambdas are identical to procs

```
today_lecture_proc = Proc.new do
  print "Today we'll see procs"
  puts " and lambdas!
end
```

```
def welcome_message
  puts "Welcome!"
  yield
end
```

```
today_lecture_lambda = lambda do
  print "Today we'll see procs"
  puts " and lambdas!
end
```

```
welcome_message(&today_lecture_lambda)
```

Let's see some more live examples!

Thank you!:)

