Practical 4: For a given network find the following: (i) Length of the shortest path from a given node to another node; (ii) the density of the graph

Code:

```
library(igraph)
# creating a matrix from a table
matt <- as.matrix(read.table(text=</pre>
                              "node R S T U
                              S 7 0 0 2
                              T 0 6 0 0
                              U 4 0 1 0", header=T))
# storing the row names in nms and removing the first column
nms <- matt[,1]
matt <- matt[, -1]</pre>
# setting the column and row names to be the same
colnames(matt) <- rownames(matt) <- nms</pre>
# replacing NA values with 0
matt[is.na(matt)] <- 0</pre>
# creating a weighted graph from the matrix
g <- graph.adjacency(matt, weighted=TRUE)</pre>
# plotting the graph
plot(g)
# calculating the shortest paths between all pairs of nodes
s.paths <- shortest.paths(g, algorithm = "dijkstra")</pre>
print(s.paths)
# calculating the shortest path between R and S
shortest.paths(g, v="R", to="S")
# plotting the graph with edge weights as labels
plot(g, edge.label=E(g)$weight)
# calculating the density of the graph
dg <- graph.formula(1-+2, 1-+3, 2++3)</pre>
plot(dg)
graph.density(dg, loops=TRUE)
graph.density(simplify(dg), loops=FALSE)
```

OUTPUT





