

- **Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails**
- **Low Noise . . . 19 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz**
- **Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ**
- **Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation**
- **Very Low Power . . . 35 μA Per Channel Typ**
- **Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail**
- **Low Input Offset Voltage**  
850 μV Max at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (TLC225xA)
- **Macromodel Included**
- **Performance Upgrades for the TS27L2/L4 and TLC27L2/L4**
- **Available in Q-Temp Automotive HighRel Automotive Applications Configuration Control / Print Support Qualification to Automotive Standards**

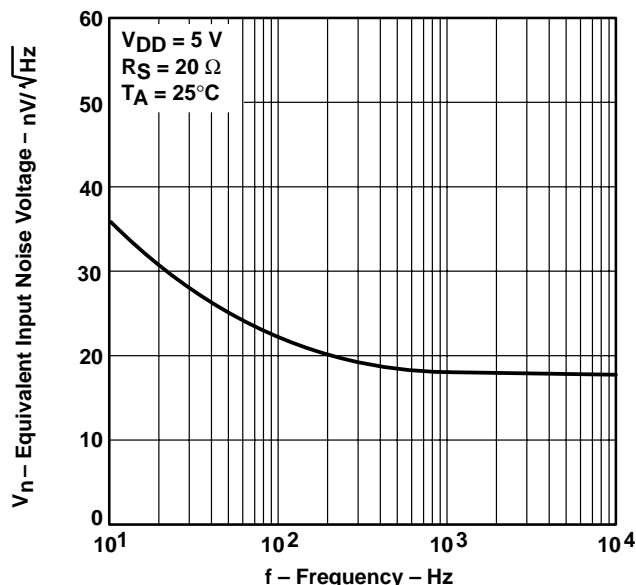
## description

The TLC2252 and TLC2254 are dual and quadruple operational amplifiers from Texas Instruments. Both devices exhibit rail-to-rail output performance for increased dynamic range in single- or split-supply applications. The TLC225x family consumes only 35 μA of supply current per channel. This micropower operation makes them good choices for battery-powered applications. The noise performance has been dramatically improved over previous generations of CMOS amplifiers. Looking at Figure 1, the TLC225x has a noise level of 19 nV/√Hz at 1kHz; four times lower than competitive micropower solutions.

The TLC225x amplifiers, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources, such as piezoelectric transducers. Because of the micropower dissipation levels, these devices work well in hand-held monitoring and remote-sensing applications. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supplies makes this family a great choice when interfacing with analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). For precision applications, the TLC225xA family is available and has a maximum input offset voltage of 850 μV. This family is fully characterized at 5 V and ±5 V.

The TLC2252/4 also makes great upgrades to the TLC27L2/L4 or TS27L2/L4 in standard designs. They offer increased output dynamic range, lower noise voltage, and lower input offset voltage. This enhanced feature set allows them to be used in a wider range of applications. For applications that require higher output drive and wider input voltage ranges, see the TLV2432 and TLV2442 devices. If the design requires single amplifiers, please see the TLV2211/21/31 family. These devices are single rail-to-rail operational amplifiers in the SOT-23 package. Their small size and low power consumption, make them ideal for high density, battery-powered equipment.

**EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE  
VS  
FREQUENCY**



**Figure 1**



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# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

### VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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#### TLC2252 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (JG)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (U)
0°C to 70°C	1500 µV	TLC2252CD	—	—	TLC2252CP	TLC2252CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	TLC2252AID TLC2252ID	— —	— —	TLC2252AIP TLC2252IP	TLC2252AIPW —	— —
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	TLC2252AQD TLC2252QD	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
–55°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	— —	TLC2252AMFK TLC2252MFK	TLC2252AMJG TLC2252MJG	— —	— —	TLC2252AMU TLC2252MU

† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2262CDR).

‡ The PW package is available only left-ended taped and reeled.

§ Chip forms are tested at 25°C only.

#### TLC2254 AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T <sub>A</sub>	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					
		SMALL OUTLINE† (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP‡ (PW)	CERAMIC FLATPACK (W)
0°C to 70°C	1500 µV	TLC2254CD	—	—	TLC2254CN	TLC2254CPW	—
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	TLC2254AID TLC2254ID	— —	— —	TLC2254AIN TLC2254IN	TLC2254AIPW —	— —
–40°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	TLC2254AQD TLC2254QD	— —	— —	— —	— —	— —
–55°C to 125°C	850 µV 1500 µV	— —	TLC2254AMFK TLC2254MFK	TLC2254AMJ TLC2254MJ	— —	— —	TLC2254AMW TLC2254MW

† The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to the device type (e.g., TLC2254CDR).

‡ The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.

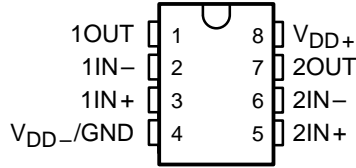
§ Chip forms are tested at 25°C only.



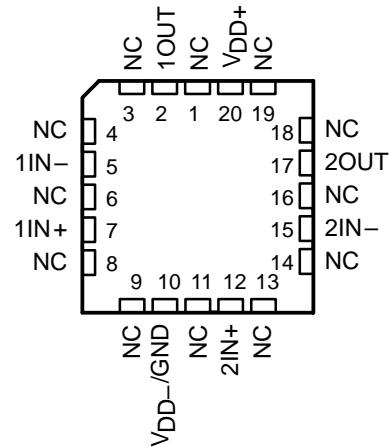
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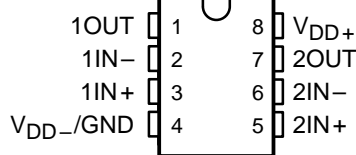
**TLC2252C, TLC2252AC**  
**TLC2252I, TLC2252AI**  
**TLC2252Q, TLC2252AQ**  
**D, P, OR PW PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



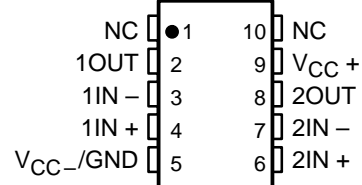
**TLC2252M, TLC2252AM ... FK PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



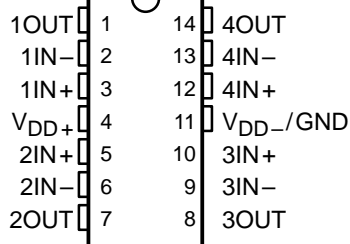
**TLC2252M, TLC2252AM ... JG PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



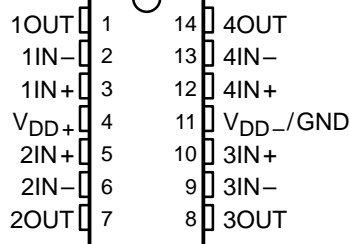
**TLC2262M, TLC2252AM ... U PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



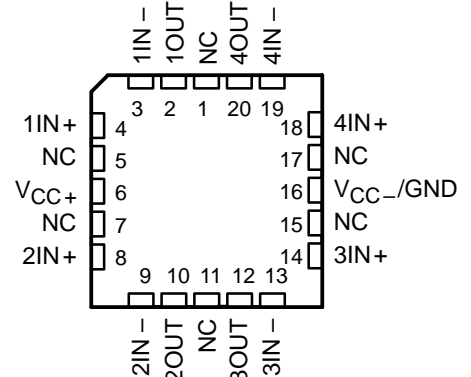
**TLC2254C, TLC2254AC**  
**TLC2254I, TLC2254AI**  
**TLC2254Q, TLC2254AQ**  
**D, N, OR PW PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



**TLC2254M, TLC2254AM**  
**J OR W PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



**TLC2254M, TLC2254AM**  
**FK PACKAGE**  
**(TOP VIEW)**



NC – No internal connection

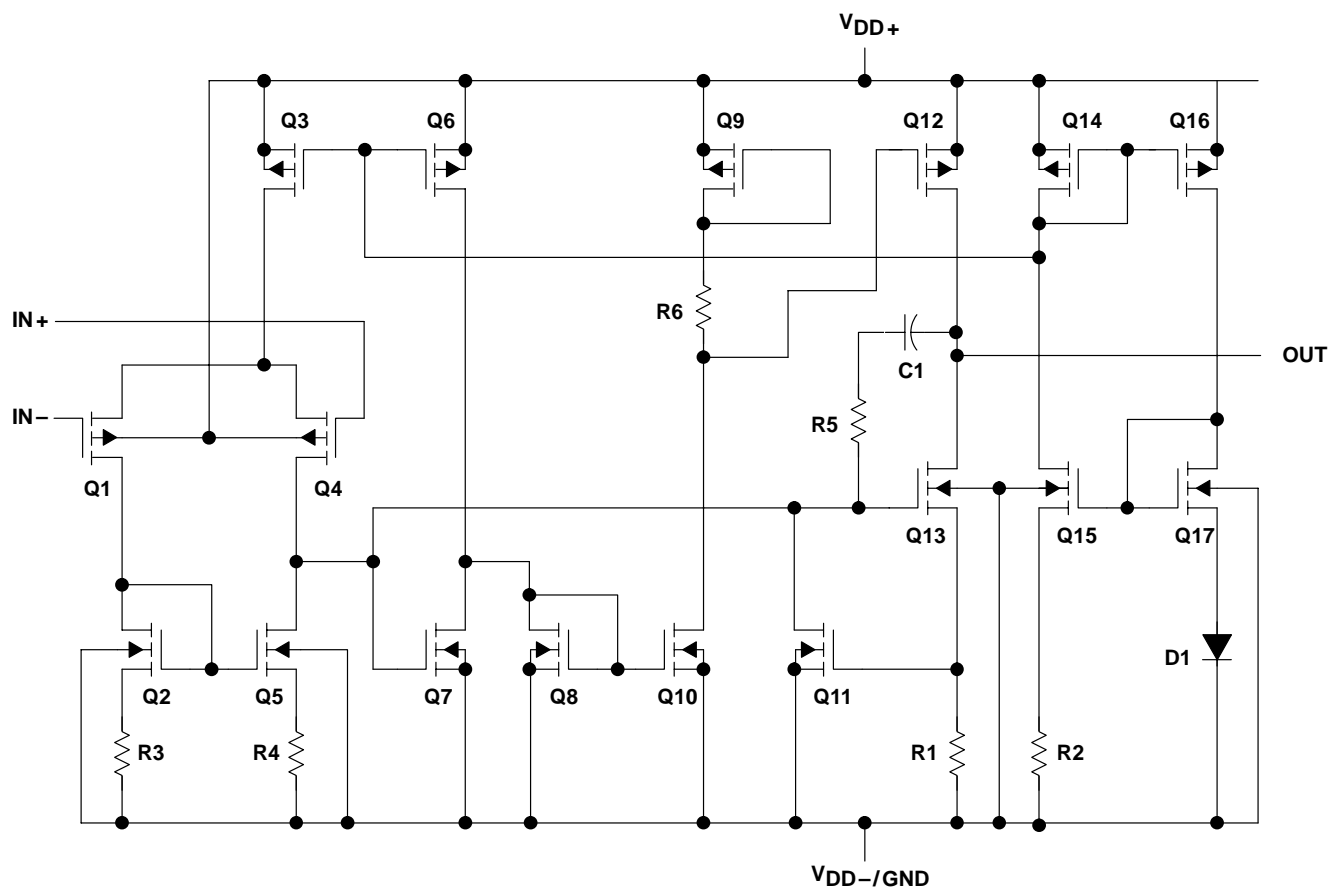
# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

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equivalent schematic (each amplifier)



ACTUAL DEVICE COMPONENT COUNT†		
COMPONENT	TLC2252	TLC2254
Transistors	38	76
Resistors	30	56
Diodes	9	18
Capacitors	3	6

† Includes both amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry

**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage, $V_{DD+}$ (see Note 1)	8 V
Supply voltage, $V_{DD-}$ (see Note 1)	–8 V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 2)	±16 V
Input voltage, $V_I$ (any input, see Note 1)	±8 V
Input current, $I_I$ (each input)	±5 mA
Output current, $I_O$	±50 mA
Total current into $V_{DD+}$	±50 mA
Total current out of $V_{DD-}$	±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, $T_A$ : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Q suffix	–40°C to 125°C
M suffix	–55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between  $V_{DD+}$  and  $V_{DD-}$ .  
2. Differential voltages are at  $IN+$  with respect to  $IN-$ . Excessive current flows when input is brought below  $V_{DD-} - 0.3$  V.  
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D–8	724 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	144 mW
D–14	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	450 mW	190 mW
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
JG	1050 mW	8.4 mW/°C	672 mW	546 mW	275 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	736 mW	—
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW	—
PW–8	525 mW	4.2 mW/°C	336 mW	273 mW	—
PW–14	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW	448 mW	—
U	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	246 mW	330 mW	150 mW
W	700 mW	5.5 mW/°C	246 mW	330 mW	150 mW

**recommended operating conditions**

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		Q SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage range, $V_I$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Common-mode input voltage, $V_{IC}$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	$V_{DD-}$	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	0	70	–40	125	–40	125	–55	125	°C

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$ †	TLC2252C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$ , $V_O = 0$ , $V_{DD} \pm \pm 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		200	1500	$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range			1750	
$\alpha V_{IO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C		0.5		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.003		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C		0.5	60	$\text{pA}$
		Full range			100	
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C		1	60	$\text{pA}$
		Full range			100	
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $ V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		$\text{V}$
		Full range	0 to 3.5			
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.98		$\text{V}$
	$I_{OH} = -75\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.9	4.94	
	Full range			4.8		
	$I_{OH} = -150\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.8	4.88	
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01		$\text{V}$
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.09	0.15	
		Full range			0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.2	0.3	
		Full range			0.3	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.7	1	
		Full range			1.2	
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	100	350	$\text{V/mV}$
		Full range		10		
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		1700	
$r_{id}$ Differential input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$r_{ic}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$c_{ic}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , P package	25°C		8		$\text{pF}$
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = 10$	25°C		200		$\Omega$
$\text{CMRR}$ Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	83		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	70			
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , No load	25°C	80	95		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	80			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , No load	25°C		70	125	$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range			150	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
				Full range	0.05			
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7		$\mu\text{V}$
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		1.1		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$ , $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30		kHz
$\phi_m$	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$  V (unless otherwise specified)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω      V <sub>O</sub> = 0,		25°C	200		1500	μV
	Full range			1750				
αV <sub>IO</sub>	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C	0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003			μV/mo
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current			25°C	0.5		60	pA
				Full range	100			
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current			25°C	1		60	pA
				Full range	100			
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	V <sub>IO</sub>   ≤ 5 mV, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
				Full range	-5 to 3.5			
V <sub>OM+</sub>	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -20 μA		25°C	4.98		V	
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93		
				Full range	4.7			
		I <sub>O</sub> = -200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86		
V <sub>OM-</sub>	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 50 μA		25°C	-4.99		V	
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 μA		25°C	-4.85	-4.91		
				Full range	-4.85			
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 1 mA		25°C	-4.7	-4.8		
				Full range	-4.7			
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 4 mA		25°C	-4	-4.3		
Full range	-3.8							
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = ±4 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	25°C	45	650		V/mV
				Full range	10			
			R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C	3000			
r <sub>id</sub>	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω	
r <sub>ic</sub>	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω	
c <sub>ic</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz, P package		25°C	8		pF	
z <sub>O</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz, A <sub>V</sub> = 10		25°C	190		Ω	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = -5 V to 2.7 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	75	88	dB	
				Full range	75			
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD±</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD±</sub> = 2.2 V to ±8 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, No load		25°C	80	95	dB	
				Full range	80			
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0, No load		25°C	80	125	μA	
				Full range	150			

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ C$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.





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**operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2252C			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = \pm 1.9\text{ V}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	0.07	0.12		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
			Full range	0.05			
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		38		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$	25°C		0.8		$\mu\text{V}$
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1.1		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current		25°C		0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion pulse duration	$V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$ , $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.2%		
					1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		0.21		MHz
$B_{OM}$	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$ , $A_V = 1$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		14		kHz
$\phi_m$	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin		25°C		15		dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$ , $V_O = 0$ , $V_{DD} \pm \pm 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		200	1500	$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range			1750	
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C		0.5		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.003		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C		0.5	60	$\text{pA}$
		Full range			100	
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C		1	60	$\text{pA}$
		Full range			100	
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $ V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		$\text{V}$
		Full range		0 to 3.5		
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.98		$\text{V}$
	$I_{OH} = -75\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.9	4.94	
		Full range		4.8		
	$I_{OH} = -150\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.8	4.88	$\text{V}$
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01		
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.09	0.15	
		Full range			0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 1\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.2	0.3	
		Full range			0.3	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.7	1	
		Full range			1.2	
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	100	350	$\text{V/mV}$
			Full range	10		
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		1700	
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$C_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , N package	25°C		8		$\text{pF}$
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = 10$	25°C		200		$\Omega$
$\text{CMRR}$ Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		70	83	$\text{dB}$
		Full range		70		
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , No load	25°C		80	95	$\text{dB}$
		Full range		80		
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (four amplifiers)	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , No load	25°C		140	250	$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range			300	

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V to }2.6\text{ V}$ $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
				Full range	0.05			
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
				25°C		19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$ $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7		$\mu\text{V}$
				25°C		1.1		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$ , $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30		kHz
$\phi_m$	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15		dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5$  V (unless otherwise specified)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254C			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		200	1500	$\mu V$
		Full range			1750	
$\alpha V_{IO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C		0.5		$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.003		$\mu V/mo$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C		0.5	60	pA
		Full range			100	
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C		1	60	pA
		Full range			100	
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$ V_{IO}  \leq 5$ mV, $R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			
$V_{OM+}$ Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20 \mu A$	25°C		4.98		V
	$I_O = -100 \mu A$	25°C		4.9	4.93	
		Full range		4.7		
	$I_O = -200 \mu A$	25°C		4.8	4.86	
$V_{OM-}$ Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 50 \mu A$	25°C		-4.99		V
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 500 \mu A$	25°C		-4.85	-4.91	
		Full range		-4.85		
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 1$ mA	25°C		-4.7	-4.8	
		Full range		-4.7		
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 4$ mA	25°C		-4	-4.3	
		Full range		-3.8		
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4$ V	$R_L = 100$ k $\Omega$	25°C	40	150	V/mV
			Full range	10		
		$R_L = 1$ M $\Omega$	25°C		3000	
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C		$10^{12}$		$\Omega$
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10$ kHz, N package	25°C		8		pF
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25$ kHz, $A_V = 10$	25°C		190		$\Omega$
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5$ V to 2.7 V, $V_O = 0, R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		75	88	dB
		Full range		75		
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2$ V to $\pm 8$ V, $V_{IC} = 0$ , No load	25°C		80	95	dB
		Full range		80		
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (four amplifiers)	$V_O = 0$ , No load	25°C		160	250	$\mu A$
		Full range			300	

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ C$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ C$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254C			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±1.9 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2.3 V, f = 20 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.21			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 4.6 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	25°C	14			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	25°C	63°			
	Gain margin				25°C	15		

$^\dagger$  Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>DD±</sub> = ±2.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	200 1500		200 850		μV		
	Full range			1750		1000					
αV <sub>IO</sub>	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 85°C	0.5		0.5		μV/°C		
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003		0.003		μV/mo		
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current			25°C	0.5 60		0.5 60		pA		
				Full range	1000		1000				
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current			25°C	1 60		1 60		pA		
				Full range	1000		1000				
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,  V <sub>IO</sub>   ≤ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2	0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2	V			
			Full range	0 to 3.5		0 to 3.5					
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA	25°C	4.98		4.98		V			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –75 μA	25°C	4.9	4.94	4.9	4.94				
			Full range	4.8		4.8					
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –150 μA	25°C	4.8	4.88	4.8	4.88				
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	25°C	0.01		0.01		V			
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 μA	25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15				
			Full range	0.15		0.15					
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	25°C	0.8	1	0.7	1				
			Full range	1.2		1.2					
		A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1 V to 4 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100			350	100
	Full range				10		10				
R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ‡	25°C				1700		1700				
r <sub>id</sub>	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω		
r <sub>ic</sub>	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω		
c <sub>ic</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	P package	25°C	8		8		pF		
z <sub>o</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C	200		200		Ω		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 to 2.7 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	70	83	70	83	dB		
				Full range	70		70				
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.4 V to 16 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2, No load		25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
				Full range	80		80				
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, No load		25°C	70	125	70	125	μA		
				Full range	150		150				

† Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 V to 3.5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ‡, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz	25°C	36			36			nV/√Hz	
		f = 1 kHz	25°C	19			19				
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.7			0.7			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	0.2			0.2			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 2 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡,	25°C	30			30			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡		25°C	63°			63°			
	Gain margin			25°C	15			15			dB

† Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	200	1500		200	850		$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range		1750			1000		
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C	0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.003			0.003			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60		pA
		Full range		1000			1000		
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60		pA
		Full range		1000			1000		
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,  V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	–5 to 3.5			–5 to 3.5			
$V_{OM+}$ Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.98			4.98			V
	$I_O = -100\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
		Full range	4.7			4.7			
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
$V_{OM-}$ Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.99			–4.99			V
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.85	–4.91		–4.85	–4.91		
		Full range	–4.85			–4.85			
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C	–4	–4.3		–4	–4.3		
		Full range	–3.8			–3.8			
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	40	150	40	150		V/mV
		Full range	10			10			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	25°C	3000		3000			
$r_{id}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$r_{ic}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$C_{ic}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ P package}$	25°C	8			8			pF
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	190			190			$\Omega$
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	88		75	88		dB
		Full range	75			75			
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to } 16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	125		80	125		$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range		150			150		

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.





operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252I			TLC2252AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±1.9 V,    R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, f = 10 kHz	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f=10 kHz,    R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 4.6 V, A <sub>V</sub> = 1, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,    C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	14			14			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,    C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	63°			63°			
Gain margin				25°C	15			15			dB

† Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

**TLC225x, TLC225xA**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL**  
**VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

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**electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT	
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> ± = ±2.5 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	200		1500	200		850	μV	
	Full range					1750			1000			
α <sub>VIO</sub>	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5				0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003				0.003			μV/mo
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current			25°C	0.5		60	0.5		60	pA	
				Full range			1000			1000		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current			25°C	1		60	1		60	pA	
				Full range			1000			1000		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range			R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,  V <sub>IO</sub>   ≤ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	−0.3 to 4.2	0 to 4		−0.3 to 4.2	V	
					Full range	0 to 3.5		0 to 3.5				
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = −20 μA		25°C	4.98		4.98		V			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = −75 μA		25°C	4.9	4.94	4.9	4.94				
				Full range	4.8		4.8					
		I <sub>OH</sub> = −150 μA		25°C	4.8	4.88	4.8	4.88				
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	25°C	0.01		0.01		V				
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 μA	25°C	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.15					
			Full range	0.15		0.15						
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	25°C	0.8	1	0.7	1					
			Full range	1.2		1.2						
A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1 V to 4 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350	100	350	V/mV			
				Full range	10		10					
			R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ‡	25°C	1700		1700					
r <sub>i(d)</sub>	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω			
r <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω			
c <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz, N package	25°C	8		8		pF				
z <sub>o</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz, A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C	200		200		Ω				
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 to 2.7 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	25°C	70	83	70	83	dB				
			Full range	70		70						
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.4 V to 16 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2, No load	25°C	80	95	80	95	dB				
			Full range	80		80						
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, No load	25°C	140	250	140	250	μA				
			Full range	300		300						

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A$ †	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 1.4\text{ V to }2.6\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		36			36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7			0.7		$\mu\text{V}$
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		1.1			1.1		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$ , $f = 20\text{ kHz}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 50\text{ kHz}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30			30		kHz
$\phi_m$	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

† Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	200	1500	200	850	μV		
	Full range			1750			1000				
α <sub>VIO</sub>	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003			0.003			μV/mo
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current			25°C	0.5	60	0.5	60	pA		
				Full range	1000			1000			
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current			25°C	1	60	1	60	pA		
				Full range	1000			1000			
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,  V <sub>IO</sub>   ≤ 5 mV		25°C	–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2	–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2	V		
				Full range	–5 to 3.5		–5 to 3.5				
V <sub>OM+</sub>	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = –20 μA		25°C	4.98		4.98		V		
		I <sub>O</sub> = –100 μA		25°C	4.9	4.93	4.9	4.93			
				Full range	4.7		4.7				
		I <sub>O</sub> = –200 μA		25°C	4.8	4.86	4.8	4.86			
V <sub>OM–</sub>	Maximum negative peak output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 50 μA		25°C	–4.99		–4.99		V		
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 500 μA		25°C	–4.85	–4.91	–4.85	–4.91			
				Full range	–4.85		–4.85				
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, I <sub>O</sub> = 4 mA		25°C	–4	–4.3	–4	–4.3			
				Full range	–3.8		–3.8				
		A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>O</sub> = ±4 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ	25°C	40	150			40
	Full range				10		10				
R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ	25°C				3000		3000				
r <sub>i(d)</sub>	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω		
r <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>		10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω		
c <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz, N package		25°C	8		8		pF		
z <sub>o</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz, A <sub>v</sub> = 10		25°C	190		190		Ω		
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = –5 V to 2.7 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	75	88	75	88	dB		
				Full range	75		75				
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD±</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD±</sub> = ±2.2 V to ±8 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2, No load		25°C	80	95	80	95	dB		
				Full range	80		80				
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0, No load		25°C	160	250	160	250	μA		
				Full range	300		300				

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254I			TLC2254AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±1.9 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 4.6 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	25°C	14			14			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	63°			63°			
Gain margin				25°C	15			15			dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ .

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A$ †	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{DD} \pm \pm 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 0$ , $V_{IC} = 0$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	200	1500		200	850		$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range		1750			1000		
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.003			0.003			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60		$\text{pA}$
		Full range		1000			1000		
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60		$\text{pA}$
		Full range		1000			1000		
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$ , $ V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		$\text{V}$
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
$V_{OH}$ High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.98			4.98			$\text{V}$
	$I_{OH} = -75\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94		
		Full range	4.8			4.8			
	$I_{OH} = -150\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88		
$V_{OL}$ Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.01			0.01			$\text{V}$
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15		
		Full range		0.15			0.15		
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C	0.8	1		0.7	1		
		Full range		1.2			1.2		
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	100	350	100	350		$\text{V/mV}$
			Full range	10		10			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	1700		1700			
$r_{id}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$r_{ic}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$c_{ic}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$ , $f = 10\text{ kHz}$	25°C	8			8			$\text{pF}$
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}$ , $A_V = 10$	25°C	200			200			$\Omega$
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	83		70	83		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	70			70			
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}$ , $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$ , No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	80			80			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$ , No load	25°C	70	125		70	125		$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range		150			150		

† Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for M suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.

**operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 3.5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ‡, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	36			36			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.7			0.7			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 10 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 50 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡		25°C	0.2			0.2			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 2 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡	25°C	30			30			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ‡, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF‡		25°C	63°			63°			
	Gain margin			25°C	15			15			dB

† Full range is  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  for M suffix.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	200	1500		200	850		$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range		1750			1000		
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.003			0.003			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60		$\text{pA}$
		Full range		1000			1000		
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60		$\text{pA}$
		Full range		1000			1000		
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,  V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		$\text{V}$
		Full range	–5 to 3.5			–5 to 3.5			
$V_{OM+}$ Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.98			4.98			$\text{V}$
	$I_O = -100\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
		Full range	4.7			4.7			
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
$V_{OM-}$ Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.99			–4.99			$\text{V}$
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.85	–4.91		–4.85	–4.91		
		Full range	–4.85			–4.85			
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C	–4	–4.3		–4	–4.3		
		Full range	–3.8			–3.8			
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	40	150	40	150		$\text{V}/\text{mV}$
		Full range	10			10			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	25°C	3000		3000			
$r_{id}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$r_{ic}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C	$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$			$\Omega$
$C_{ic}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ P package}$	25°C	8			8			$\text{pF}$
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	190			190			$\Omega$
$\text{CMRR}$ Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	88		75	88		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	75			75			
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD\pm} / \Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	80			80			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	125		80	125		$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range		150			150		

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.





**TLC225x, TLC225xA**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL**  
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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2252Q TLC2252M			TLC2252AQ TLC2252AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, f = 10 kHz	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 4.6 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, A <sub>V</sub> = 1, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	14			14			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF		25°C	63°			63°			
Gain margin				25°C	15			15			dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for M suffix.

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset voltage	V <sub>DD±</sub> = ±2.5 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = 0, V <sub>O</sub> = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	200	1500		200	850	μV	
	Full range			1750			1000				
αV <sub>IO</sub>	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	0.5				0.5		μV/°C
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.003				0.003		μV/mo
I <sub>IO</sub>	Input offset current			25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60	pA	
				125°C	1000				1000		
I <sub>IB</sub>	Input bias current			25°C	1	60		1	60	pA	
				125°C	1000				1000		
V <sub>ICR</sub>	Common-mode input voltage range	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω,  V <sub>IO</sub>   ≤ 5 mV	25°C	0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	–0.3 to 4.2	V		
			Full range	0 to 3.5		0 to 3.5					
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –20 μA	25°C	4.98			4.98		V		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –75 μA	25°C	4.9	4.94		4.9	4.94			
			Full range	4.8			4.8				
		I <sub>OH</sub> = –150 μA	25°C	4.8	4.88		4.8	4.88			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 50 μA	25°C	0.01			0.01		V		
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 μA	25°C	0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15			
			Full range	0.15			0.15				
		V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	25°C	0.8	1		0.7	1			
			Full range	1.2			1.2				
		A <sub>VD</sub>	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 1 V to 4 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ‡	25°C	100	350			100
	Full range				10		10				
R <sub>L</sub> = 1 MΩ‡	25°C				1700			1700			
r <sub>i(d)</sub>	Differential input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω	
r <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input resistance			25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>		Ω	
c <sub>i(c)</sub>	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 10 kHz,	N package	25°C	8			8		pF	
z <sub>o</sub>	Closed-loop output impedance	f = 25 kHz,	A <sub>V</sub> = 10	25°C	200			200		Ω	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V <sub>IC</sub> = 0 to 2.7 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω		25°C	70	83		70	83	dB	
				Full range	70			70			
k <sub>SVR</sub>	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>DD</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.4 V to 16 V, V <sub>IC</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> /2, No load		25°C	80	95		80	95	dB	
				Full range	80			80			
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V, No load		25°C	140	250		140	250	μA	
				Full range	300			300			

$^\dagger$  Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, –55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }3.5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$		25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/ $\mu\text{s}$
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
$V_n$	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		36			36		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
		$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		25°C		19			19		
$V_{N(PP)}$	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$		25°C		0.7			0.7		$\mu\text{V}$
		$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$		25°C		1.1			1.1		
$I_n$	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = 0.5\text{ V to }2.5\text{ V}$ , $f = 20\text{ kHz}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$	25°C		0.2%			0.2%		
			$A_V = 10$			1%			1%		
	Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 50\text{ kHz}$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		0.2			0.2		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 2\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$A_V = 1$ , $C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		30			30		kHz
$\phi_m$	Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 50\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	$C_L = 100\text{ pF}^\ddagger$	25°C		63°			63°		
	Gain margin			25°C		15			15		dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for M suffix.

$^\ddagger$  Referenced to 2.5 V

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
$V_{IO}$ Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	200	1500		200	850		$\mu\text{V}$
		Full range		1750			1000		
$\alpha_{VIO}$ Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C	0.5			0.5			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C	0.003			0.003			$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
$I_{IO}$ Input offset current		25°C	0.5	60		0.5	60		$\text{pA}$
		125°C		1000			1000		
$I_{IB}$ Input bias current		25°C	1	60		1	60		$\text{pA}$
		125°C		1000			1000		
$V_{ICR}$ Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega,  V_{IO}  \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		–5 to 4	–5.3 to 4.2		$\text{V}$
		Full range	–5 to 3.5			–5 to 3.5			
$V_{OM+}$ Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.98			4.98			$\text{V}$
	$I_O = -100\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.9	4.93		4.9	4.93		
		Full range	4.7			4.7			
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.8	4.86		4.8	4.86		
$V_{OM-}$ Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.99			–4.99			$\text{V}$
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	–4.85	–4.91		–4.85	–4.91		
		Full range	–4.85			–4.85			
	$V_{IC} = 0, I_O = 4\text{ mA}$	25°C	–4	–4.3		–4	–4.3		
		Full range	–3.8			–3.8			
$A_{VD}$ Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	40	150	40	150		$\text{V}/\text{mV}$
		Full range	10			10			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	25°C	3000		3000			
$r_{i(d)}$ Differential input resistance		25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>			$\Omega$
$r_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input resistance		25°C	10 <sup>12</sup>			10 <sup>12</sup>			$\Omega$
$c_{i(c)}$ Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C	8			8			$\text{pF}$
$z_o$ Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 25\text{ kHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C	190			190			$\Omega$
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	88		75	88		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	75			75			
$k_{SVR}$ Supply-voltage rejection ratio ( $\Delta V_{DD\pm}/\Delta V_{IO}$ )	$V_{DD\pm} = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		$\text{dB}$
		Full range	80			80			
$I_{DD}$ Supply current (four amplifiers)	$V_O = 0, \text{ No load}$	25°C	160	250		160	250		$\mu\text{A}$
		Full range		300			300		

$^\dagger$  Full range is –40°C to 125°C for Q suffix, –55°C to 125°C for M suffix.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 500 hours of operating life test at  $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$  extrapolated to  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature,  $V_{DD\pm} = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T <sub>A</sub> †	TLC2254Q TLC2254M			TLC2254AQ TLC2254AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 kΩ,	25°C	0.07	0.12		0.07	0.12		V/μs
				Full range	0.05			0.05			
V <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	38			38			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	19			19			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	0.8			0.8			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.1			1.1			
I <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V <sub>O</sub> = ±2.3 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	25°C	0.2%			0.2%			
			A <sub>V</sub> = 10		1%			1%			
Gain-bandwidth product		f = 10 kHz, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	25°C	0.21			0.21			MHz
B <sub>OM</sub>	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V <sub>O(PP)</sub> = 4.6 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	A <sub>V</sub> = 1, C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	25°C	14			14			kHz
φ <sub>m</sub>	Phase margin at unity gain	R <sub>L</sub> = 50 kΩ,	C <sub>L</sub> = 100 pF	25°C	63°			63°			
Gain margin				25°C	15			15			dB

$^\dagger$  Full range is  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for Q suffix,  $-55^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$  for M suffix.

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

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## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

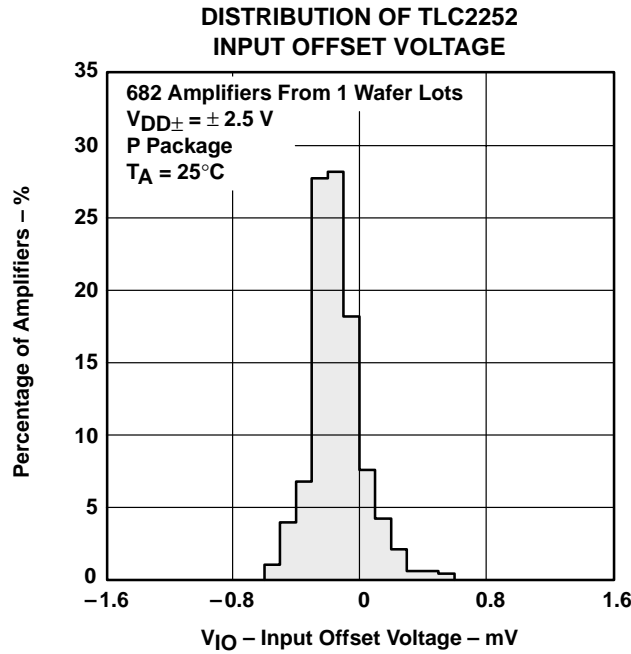


Figure 2

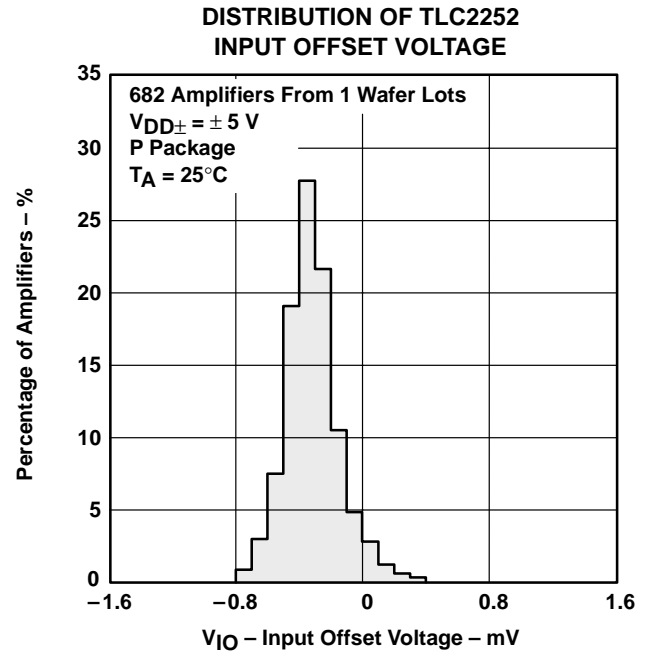


Figure 3

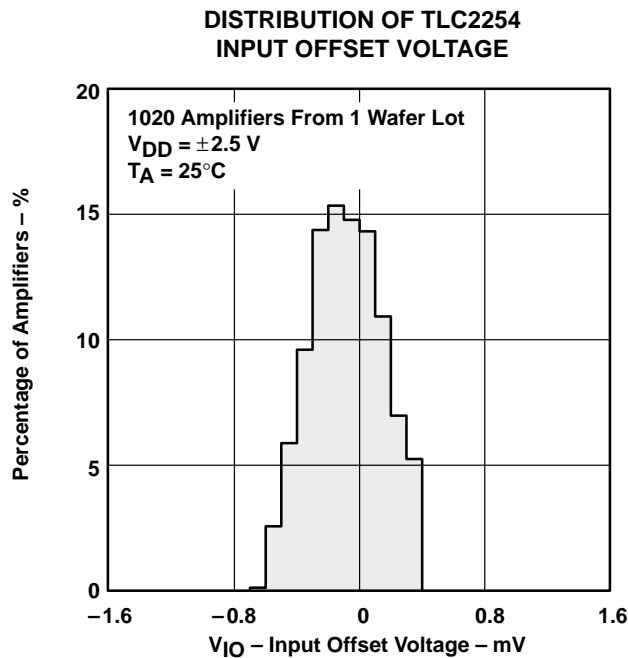


Figure 4

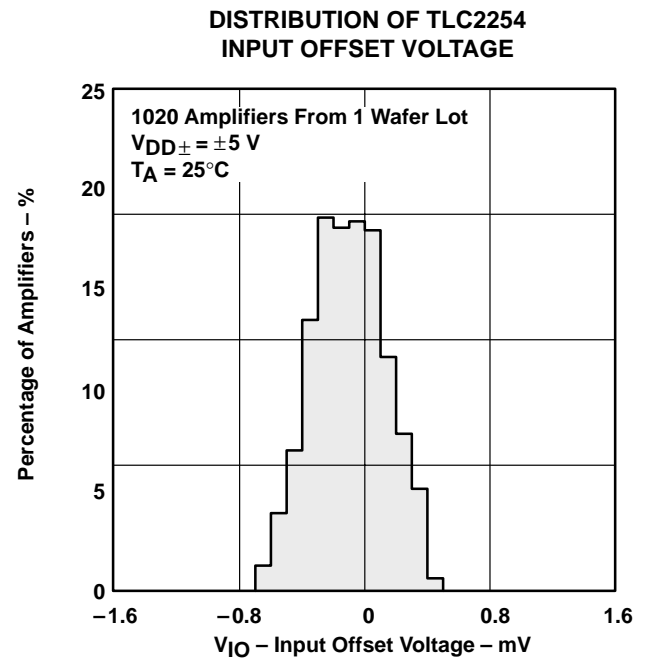


Figure 5

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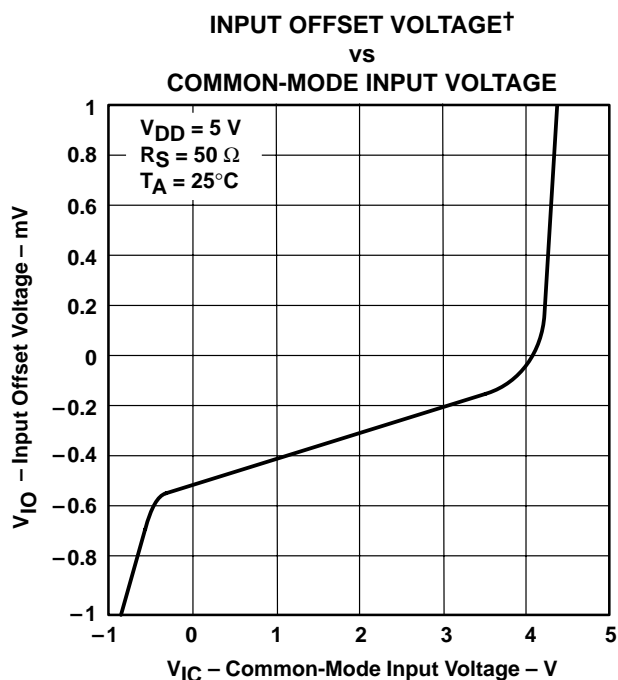


Figure 6

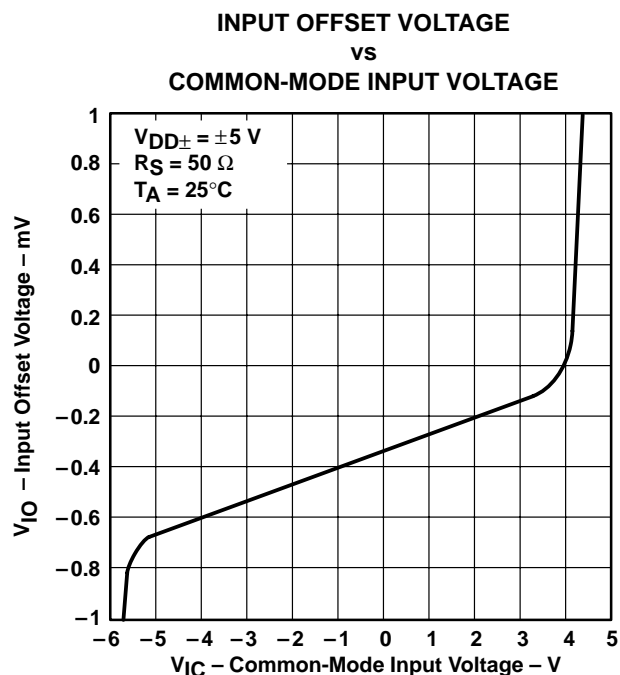


Figure 7

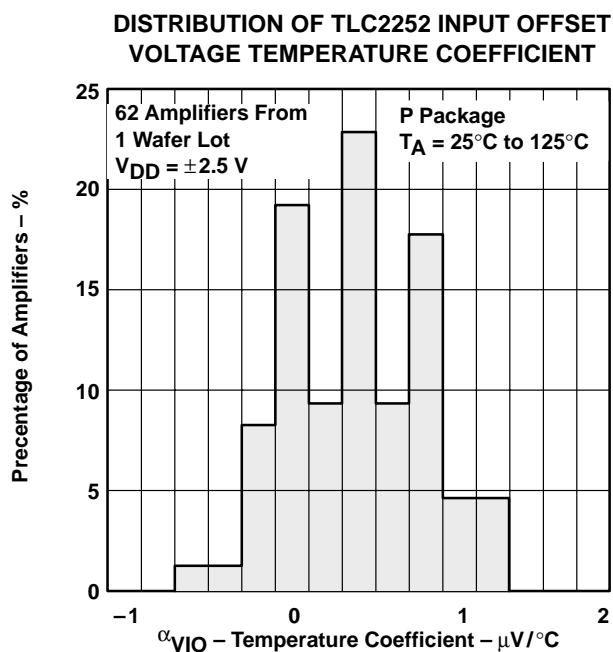


Figure 8

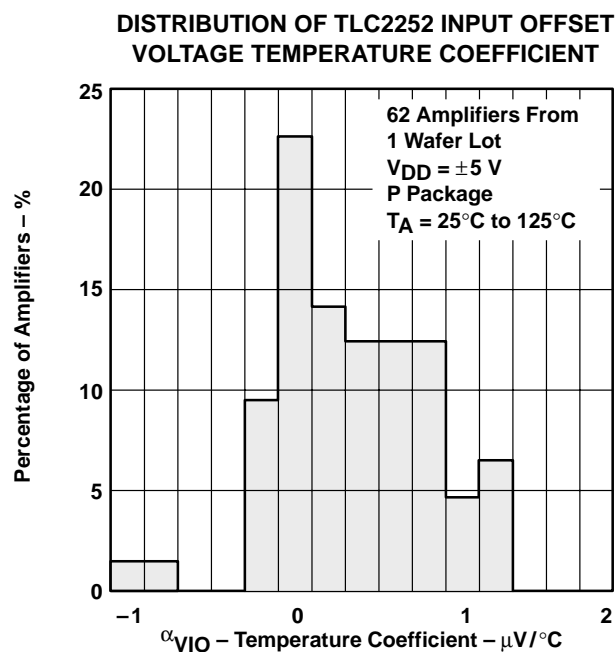
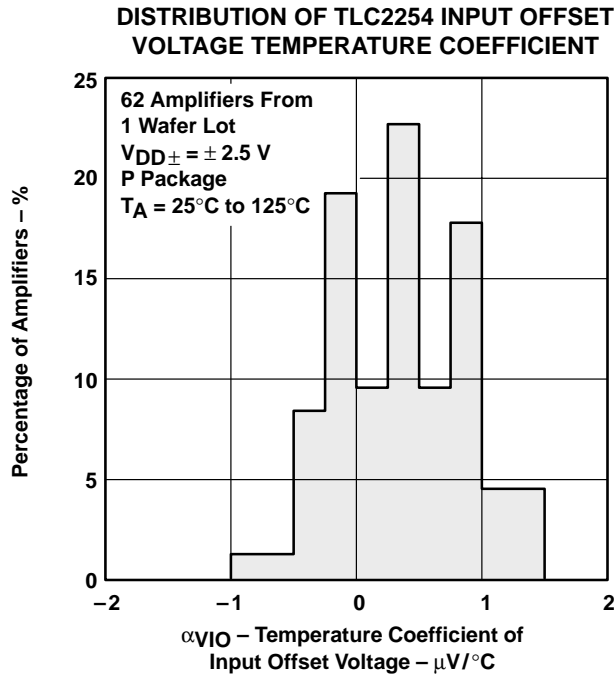


Figure 9

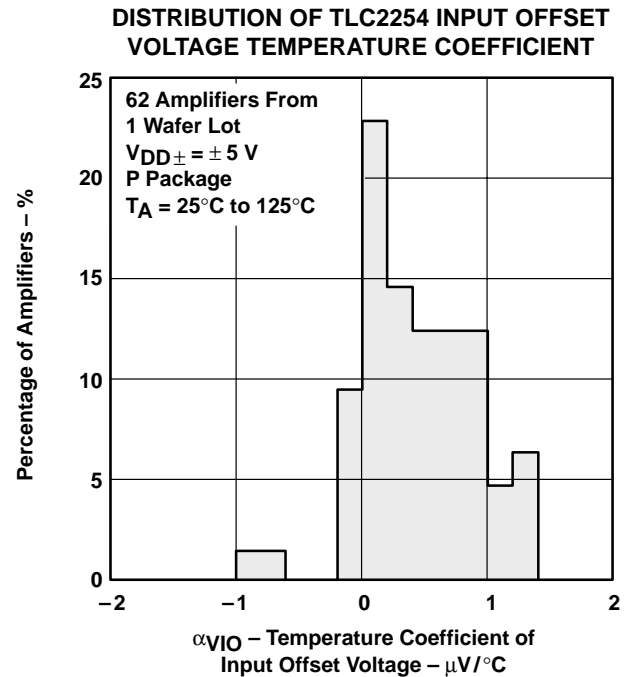
† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to  $2.5\text{ V}$ .



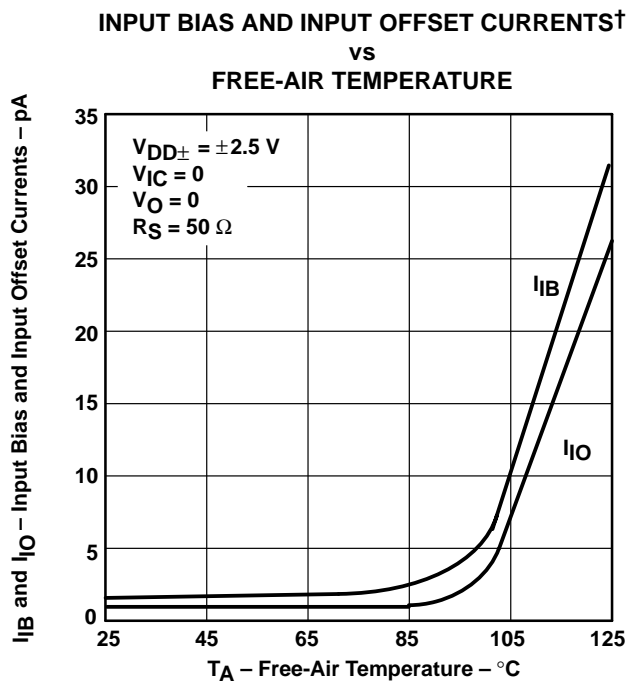
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



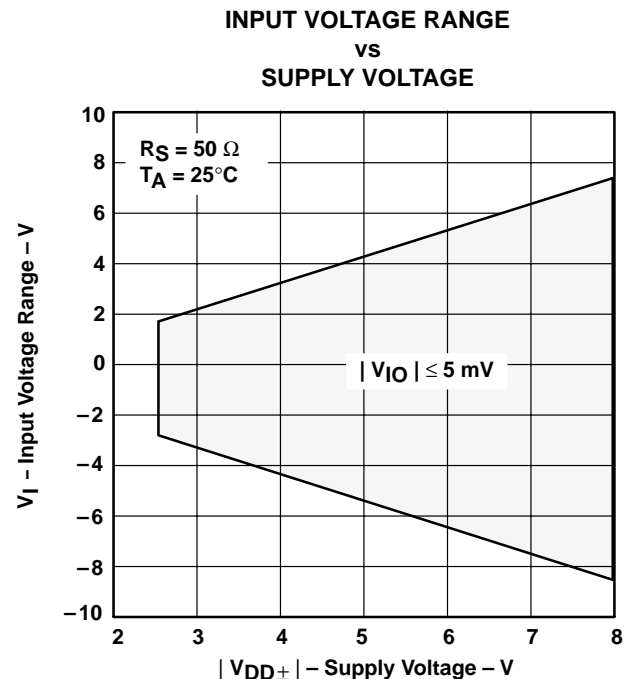
**Figure 10**



**Figure 11**



**Figure 12**



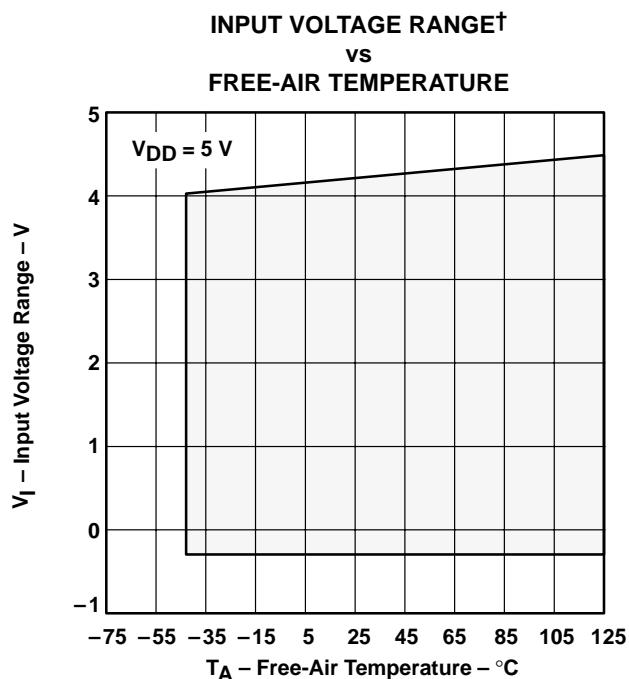
**Figure 13**

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

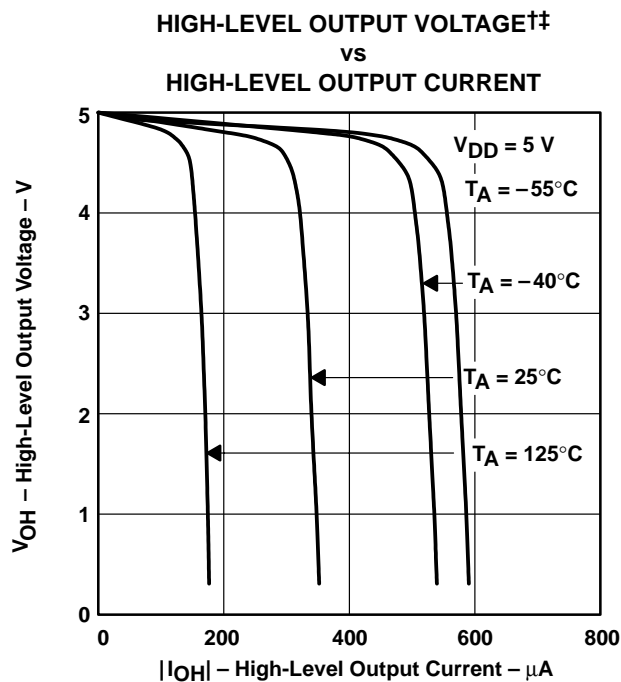
**TLC225x, TLC225xA**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL**  
**VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

SLOS176D – FEBRUARY 1997 – REVISED MARCH 2001

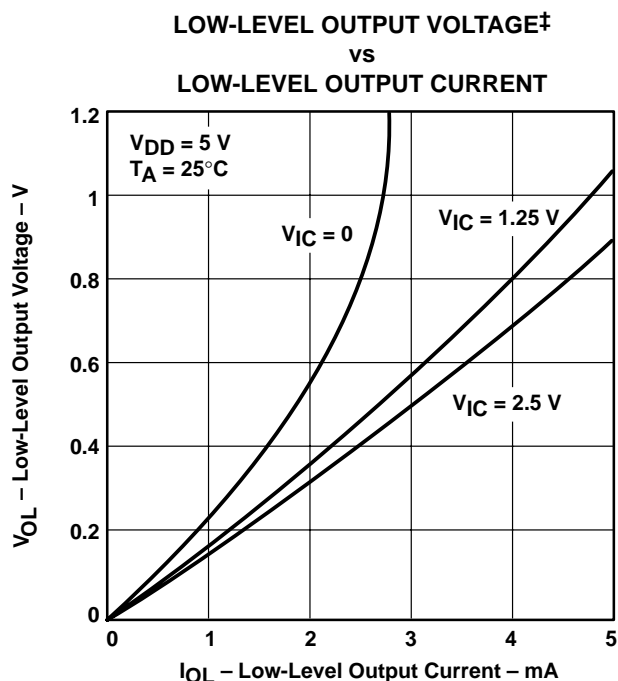
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



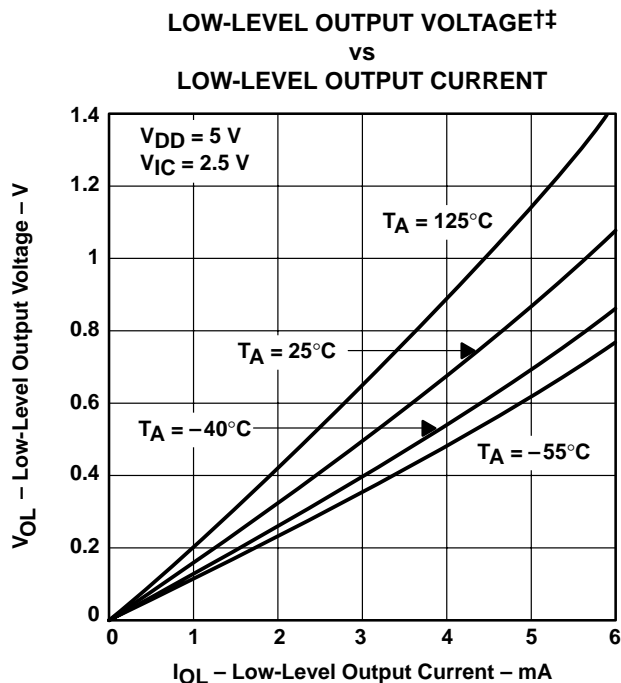
**Figure 14**



**Figure 15**



**Figure 16**

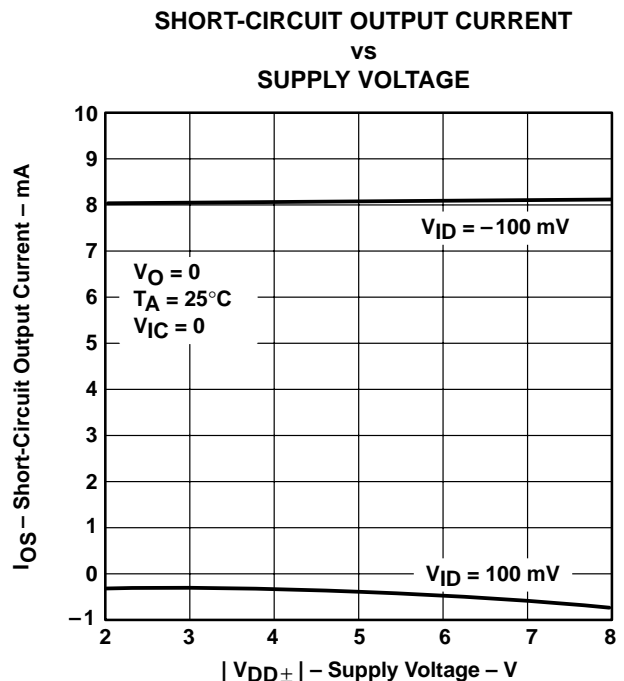
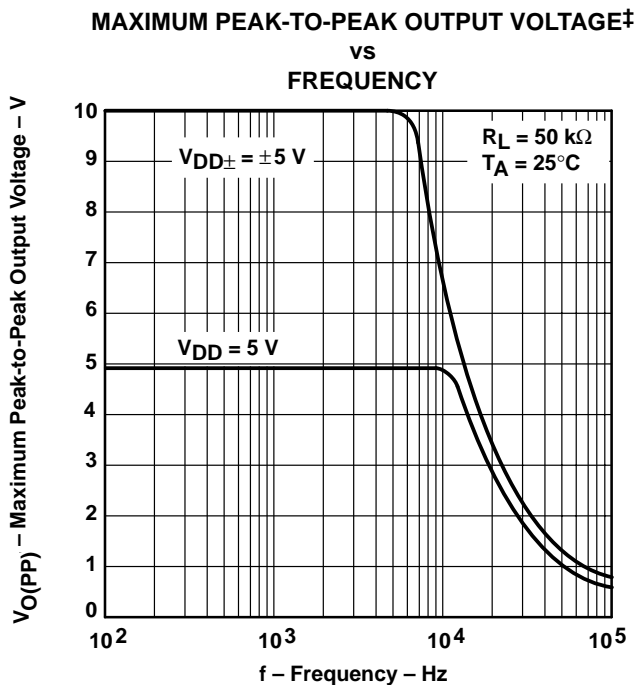
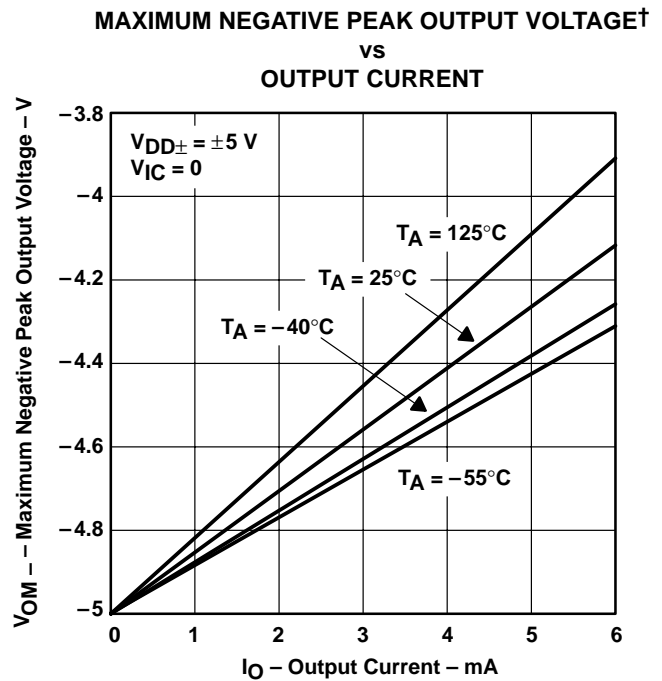
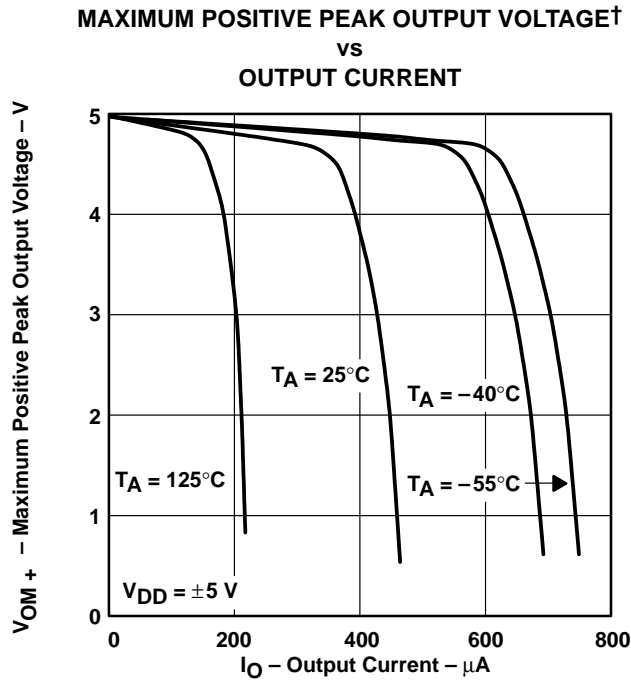


**Figure 17**

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



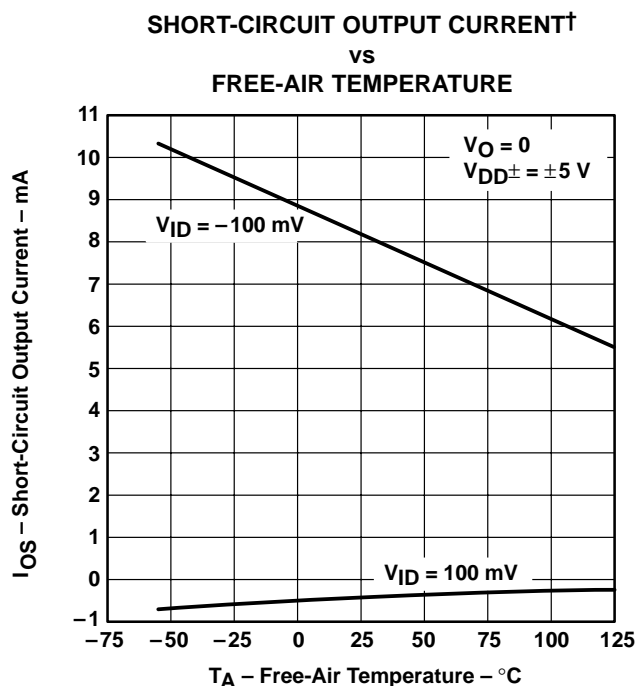
† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to  $2.5\text{ V}$ .

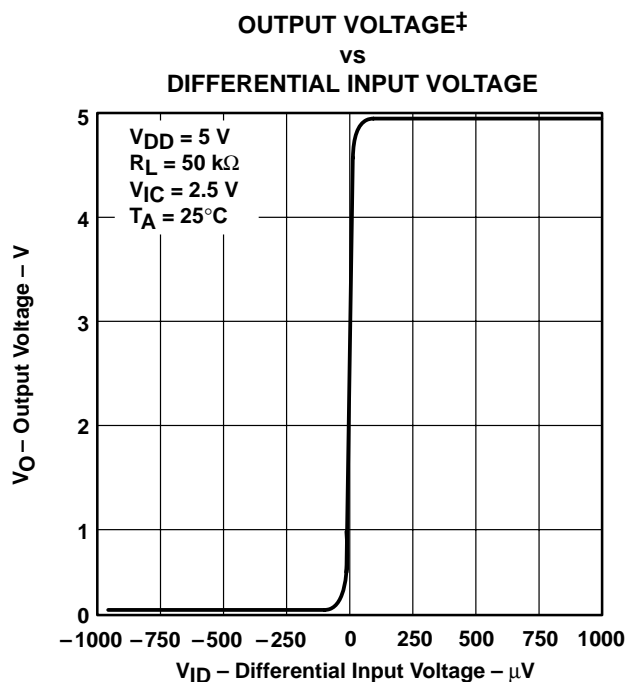
**TLC225x, TLC225xA**  
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**VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

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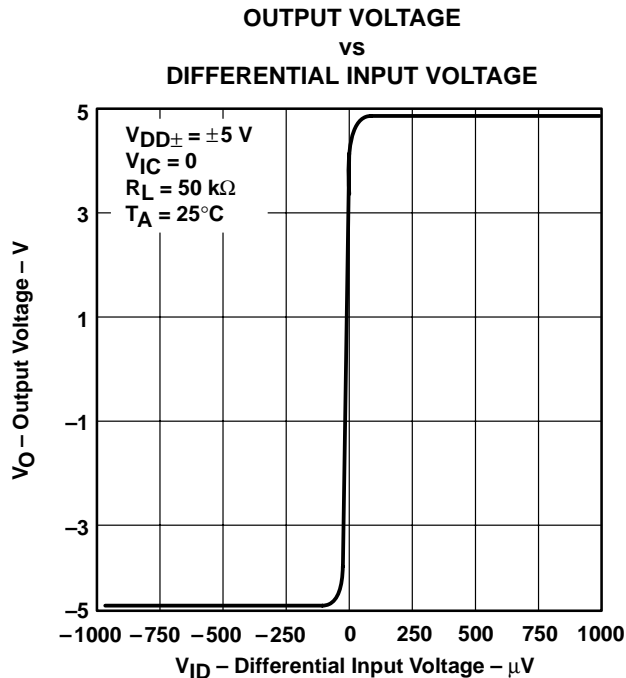
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



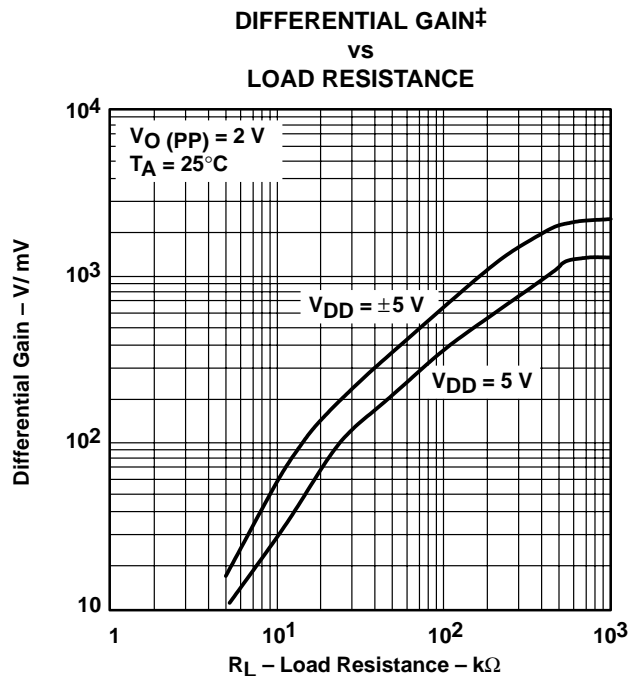
**Figure 22**



**Figure 23**



**Figure 24**



**Figure 25**

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN†

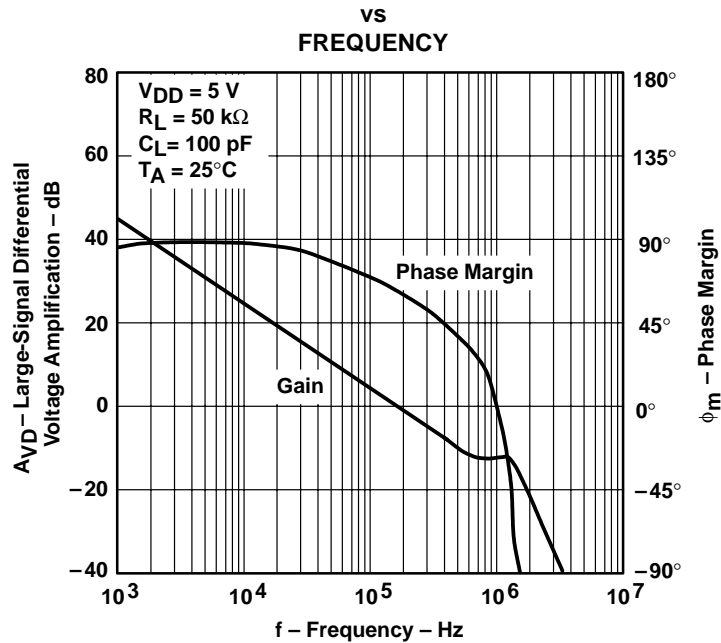


Figure 26

### LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

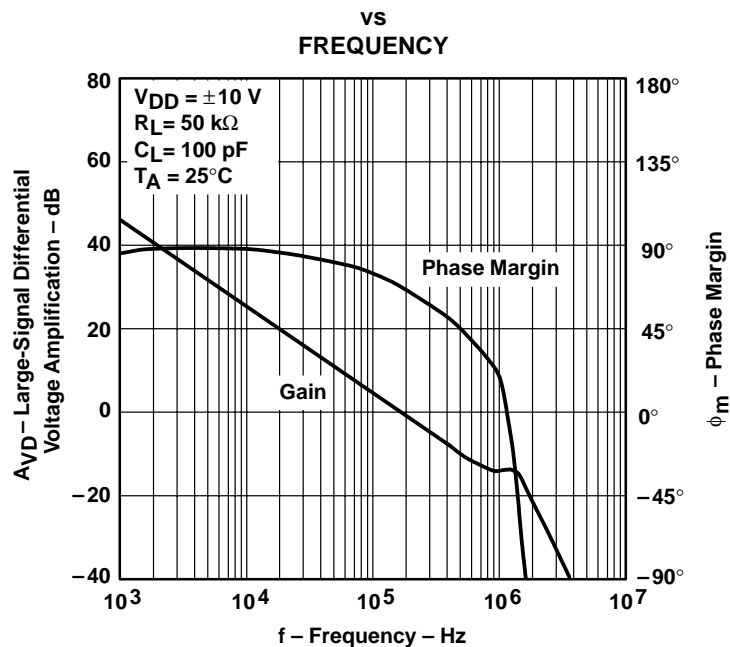


Figure 27

† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

### VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

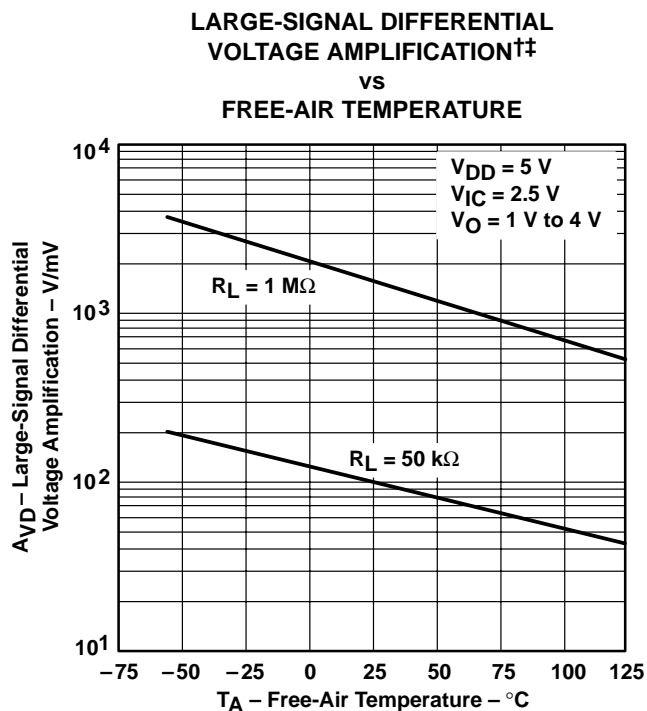


Figure 28

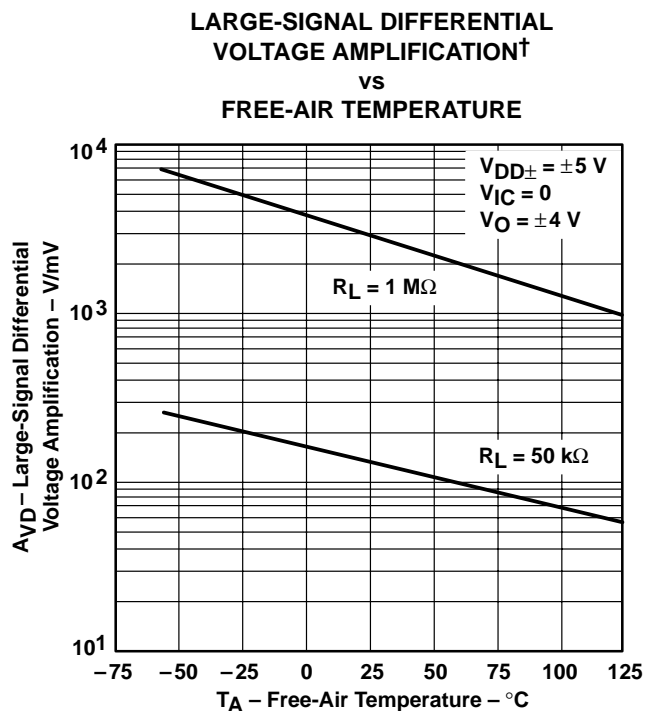


Figure 29

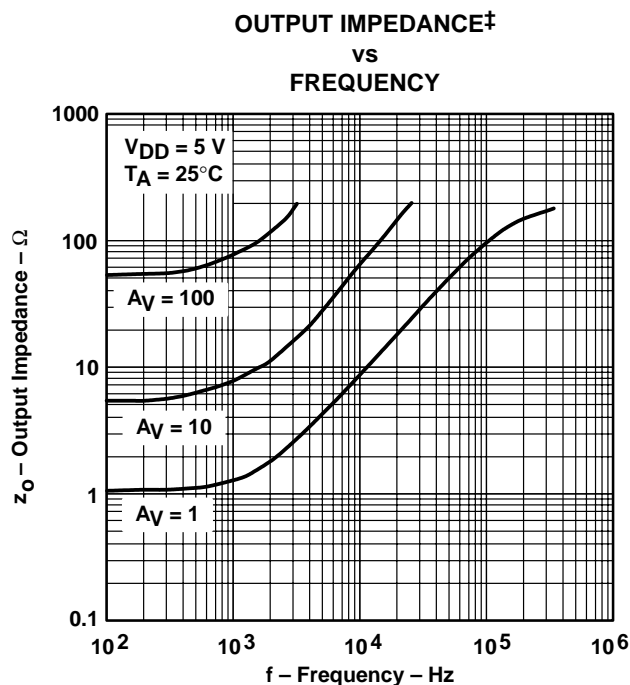


Figure 30

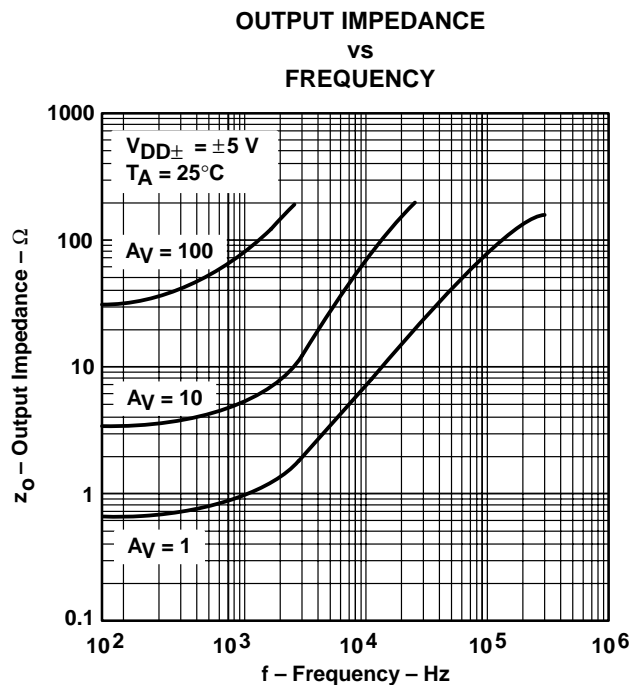
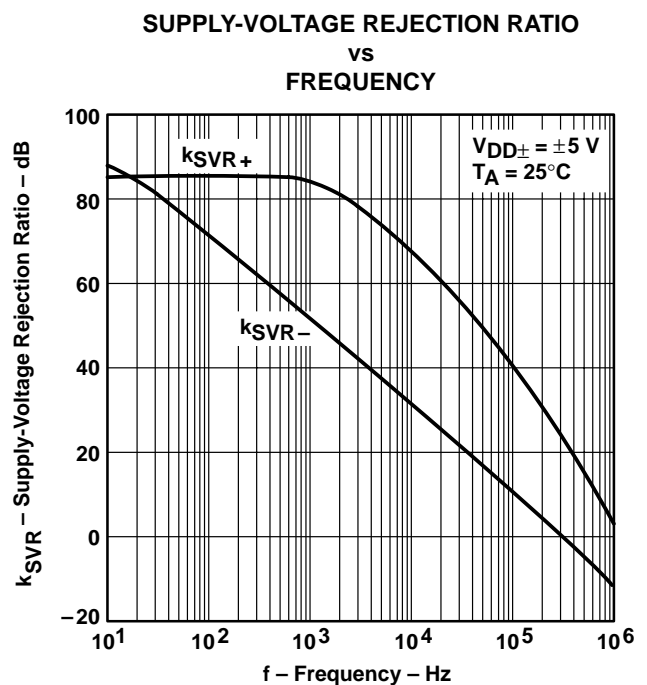
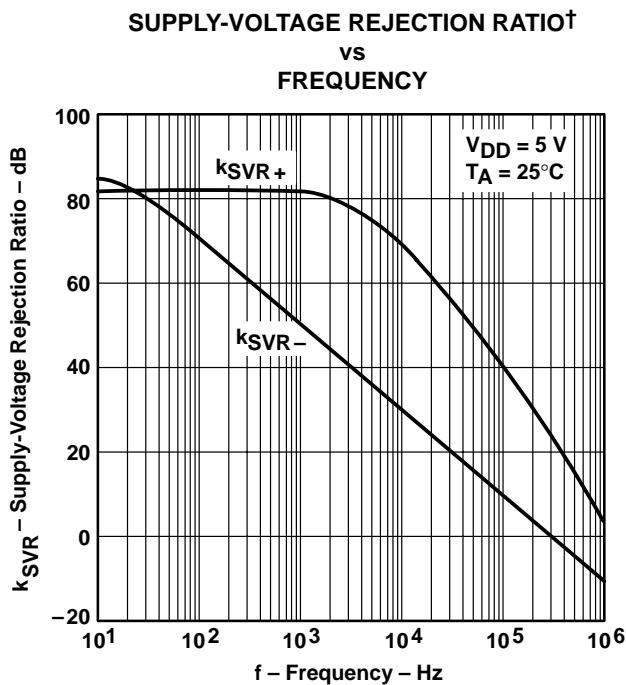
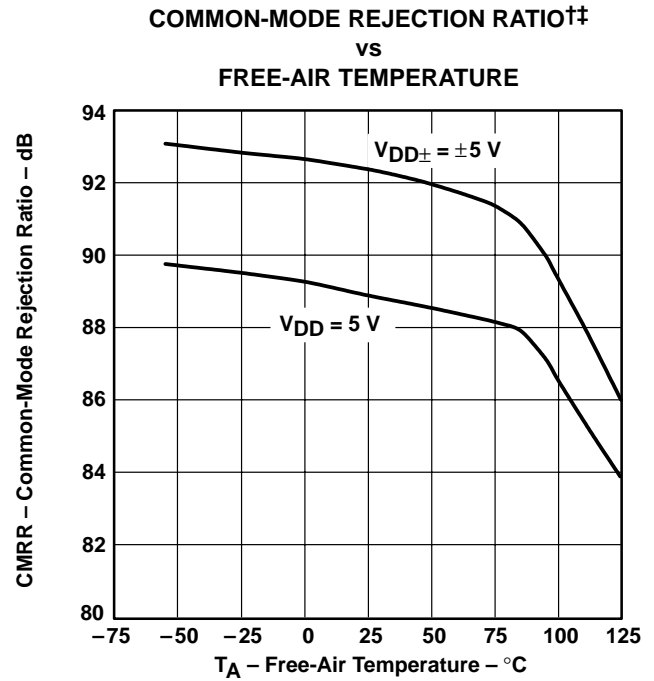
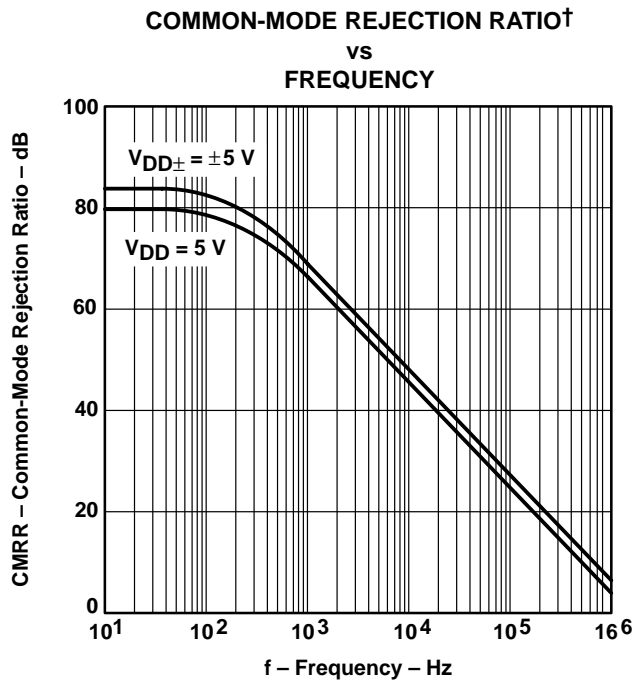


Figure 31

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to  $2.5\text{ V}$ .

†† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

### VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

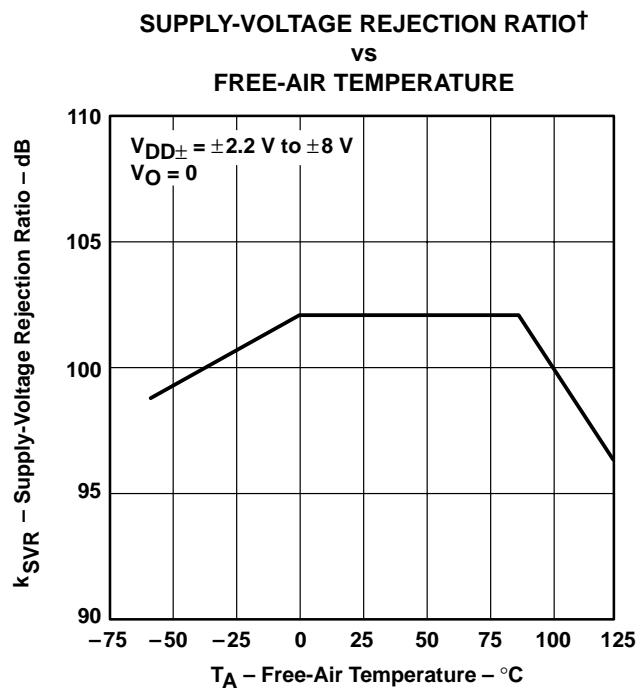


Figure 36

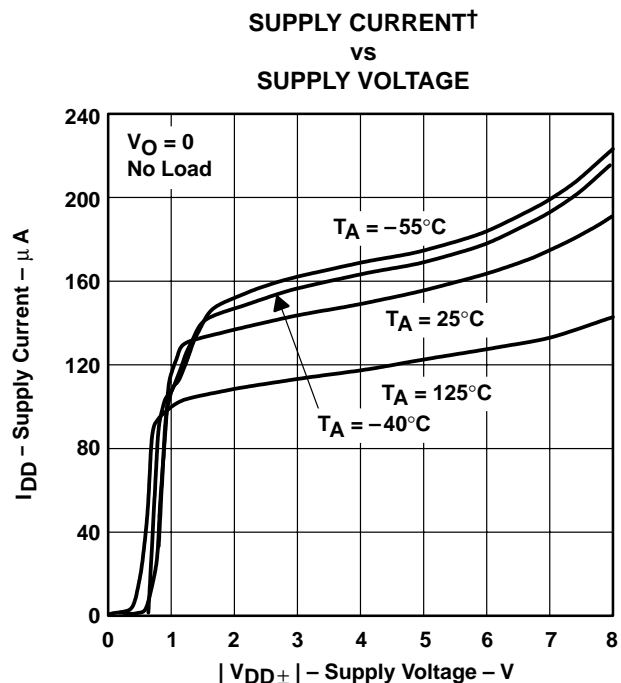


Figure 37

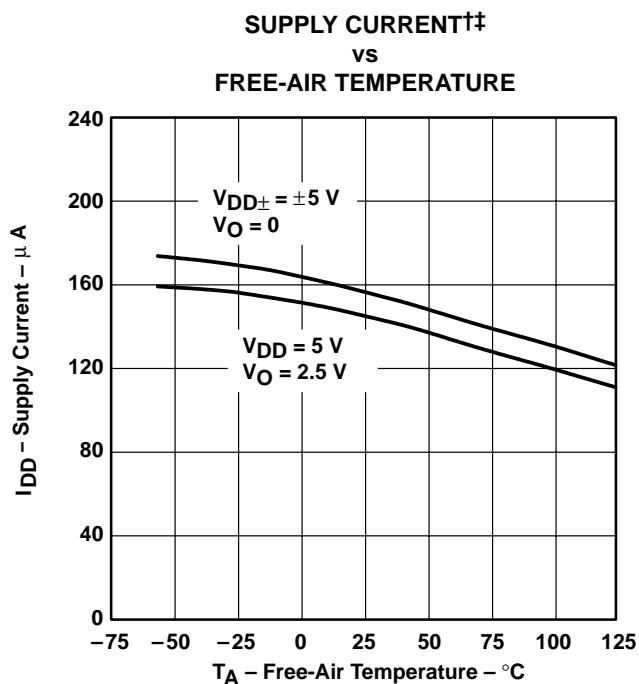


Figure 38

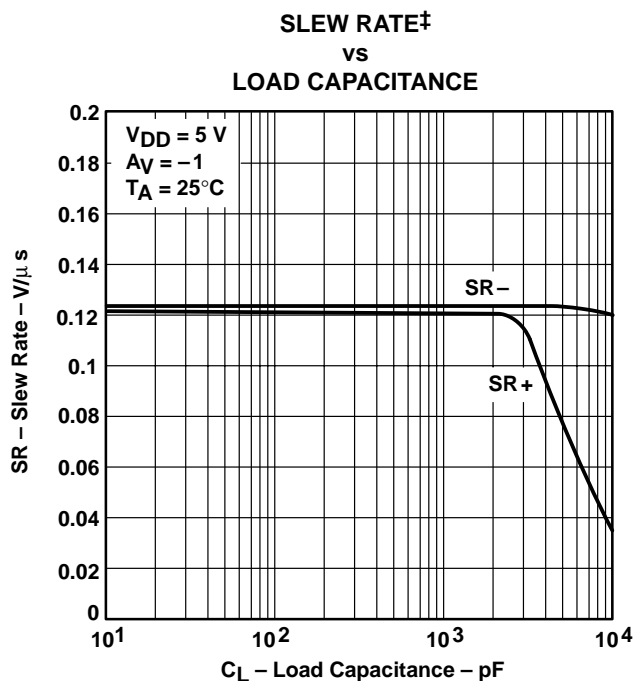


Figure 39

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

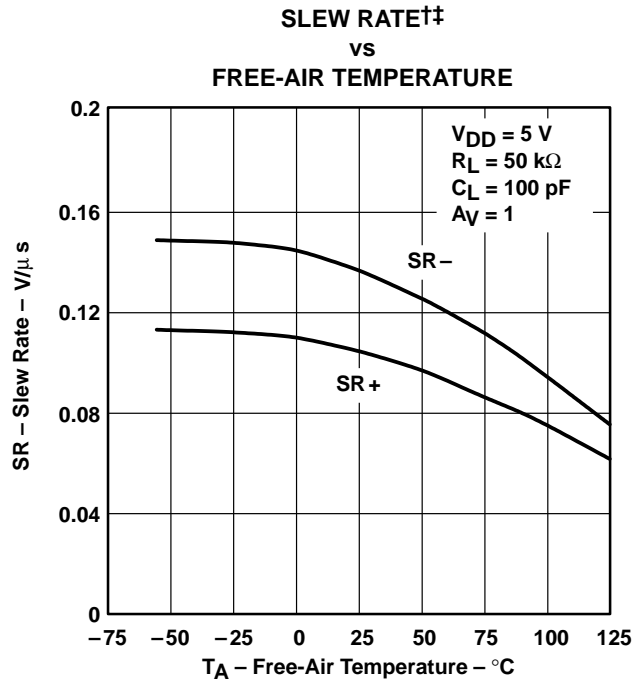


Figure 40

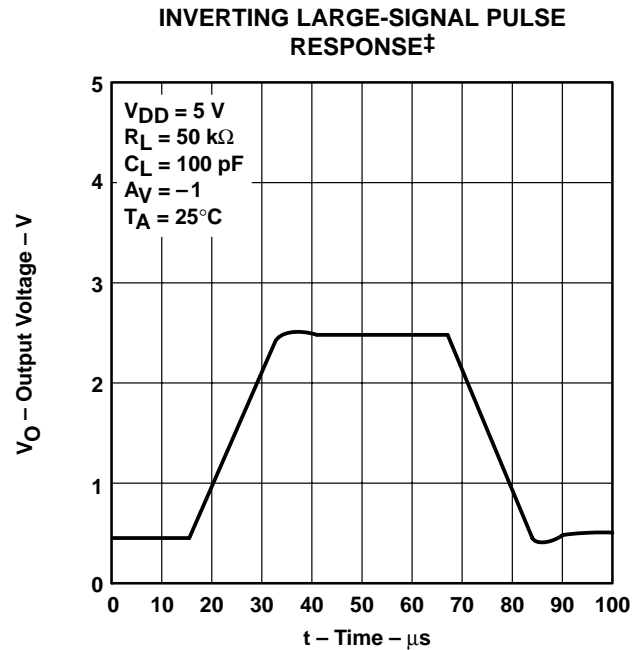


Figure 41

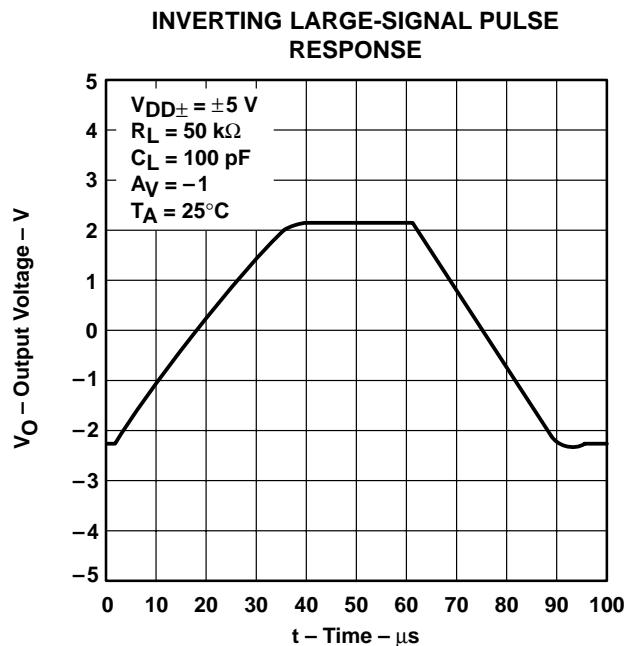


Figure 42

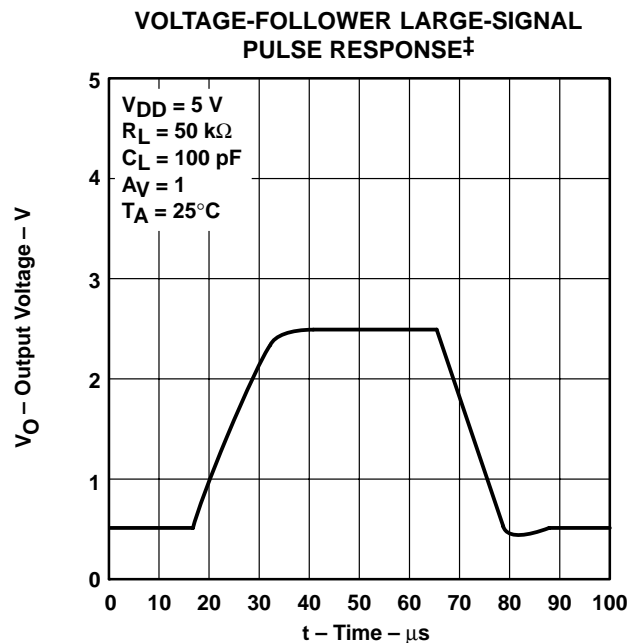


Figure 43

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

‡ For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

### VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

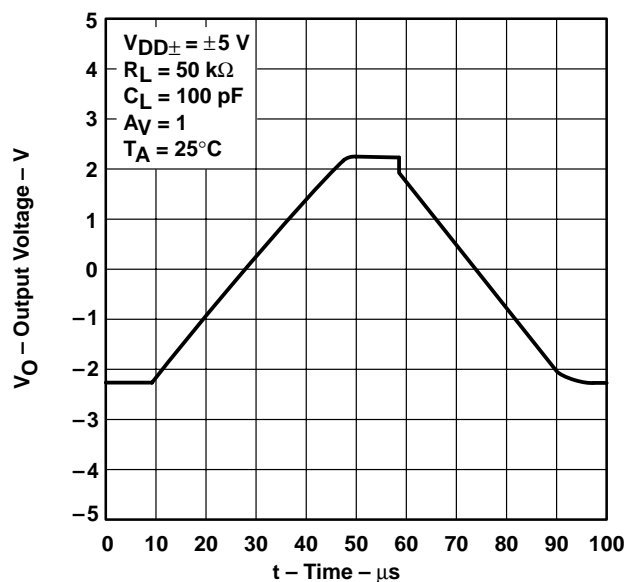


Figure 44

**INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†**

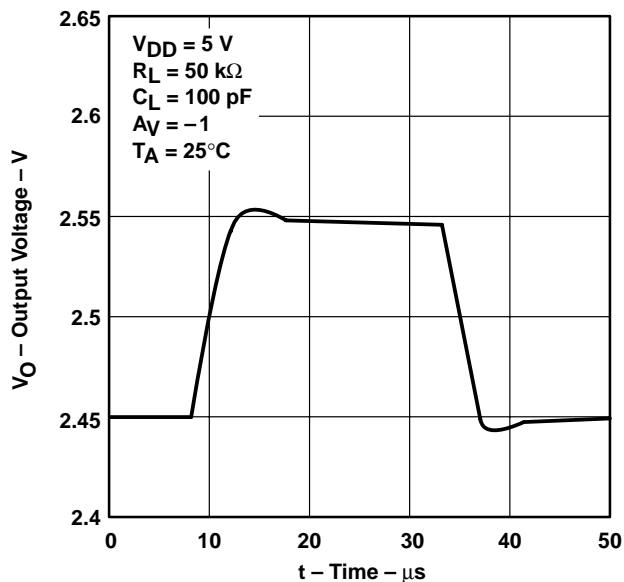


Figure 45

**INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

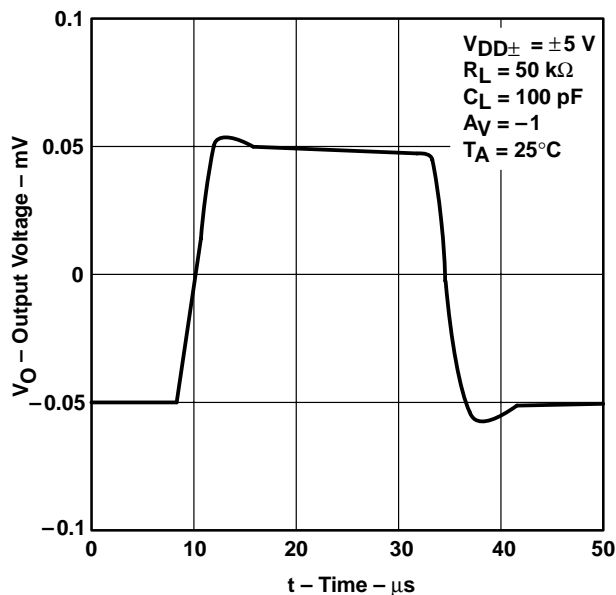


Figure 46

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE†**

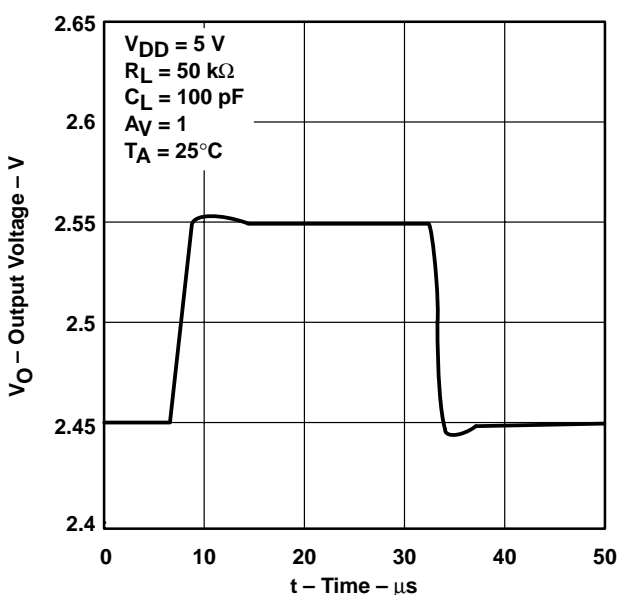


Figure 47

† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5$  V, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

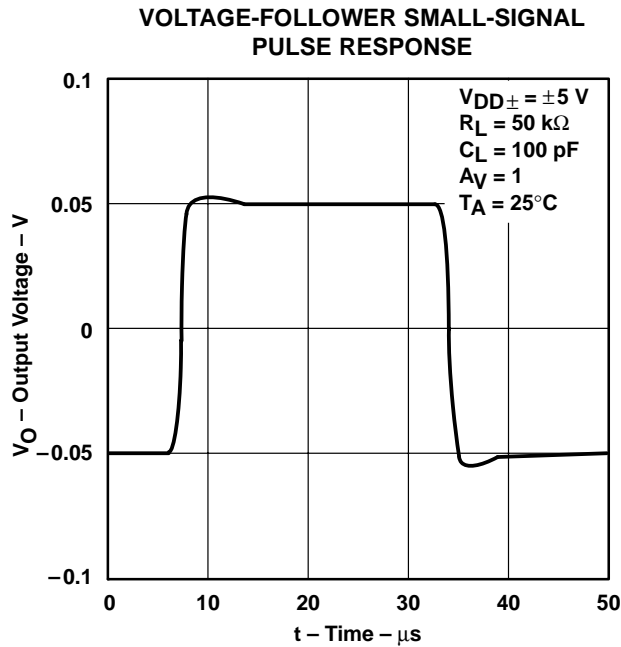


Figure 48

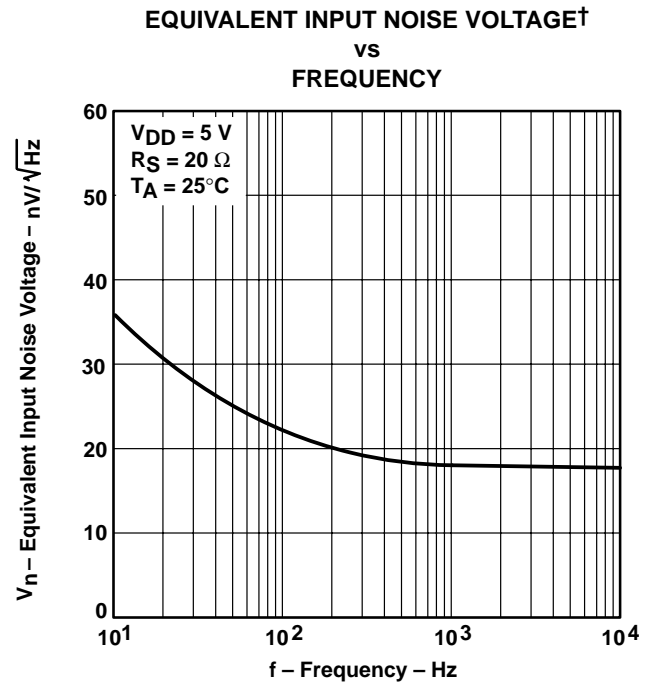


Figure 49

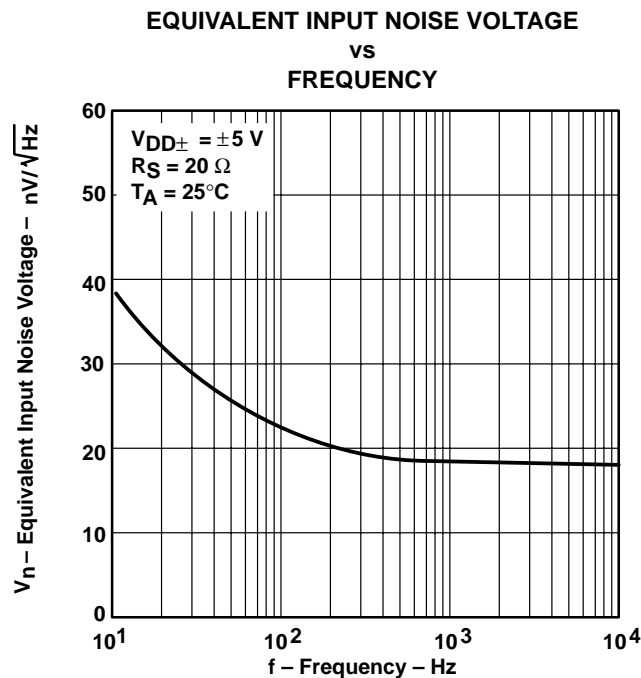


Figure 50

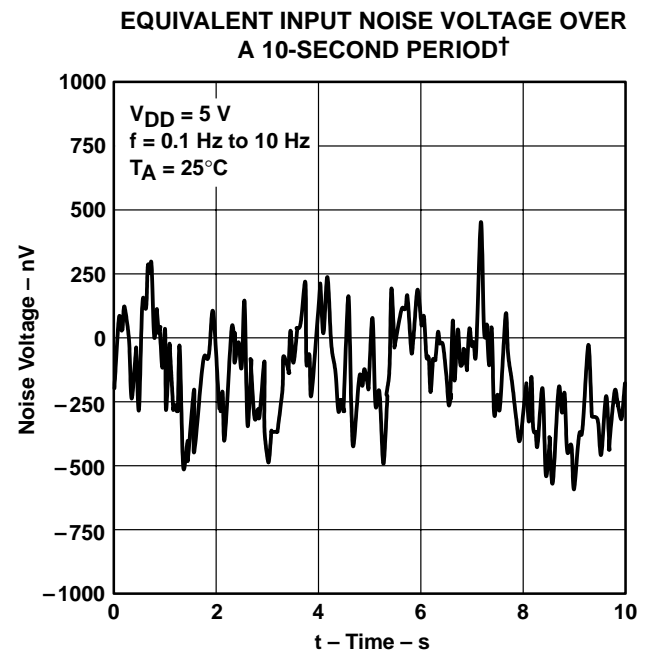


Figure 51

† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

# TLC225x, TLC225xA

## Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL

### VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

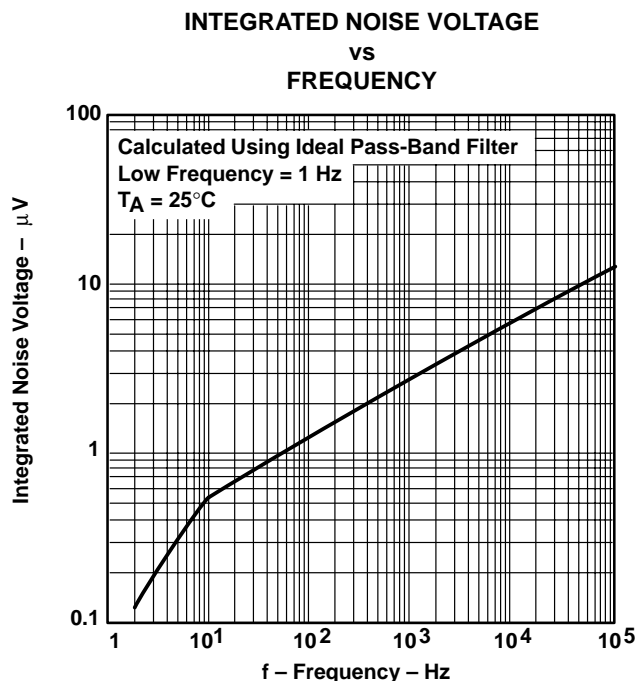


Figure 52

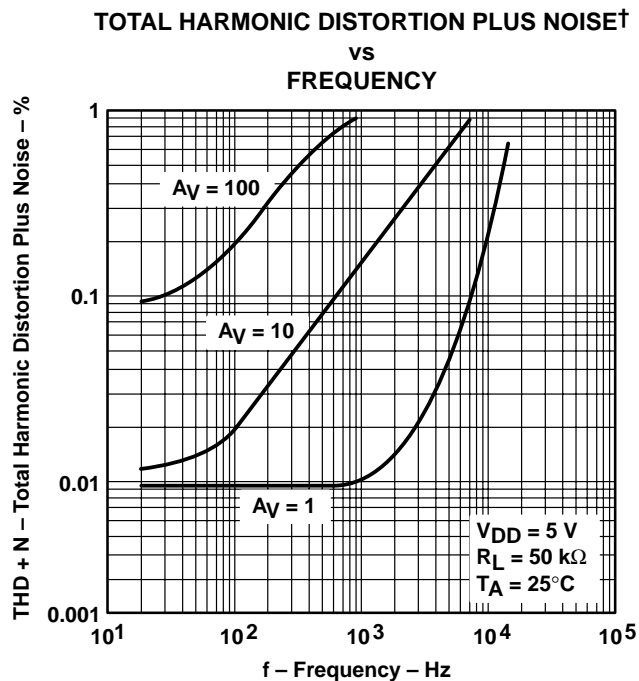


Figure 53

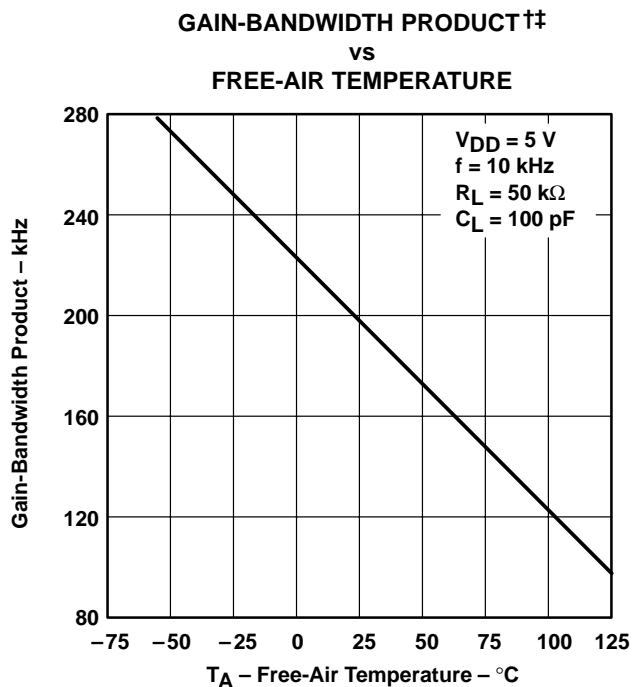


Figure 54

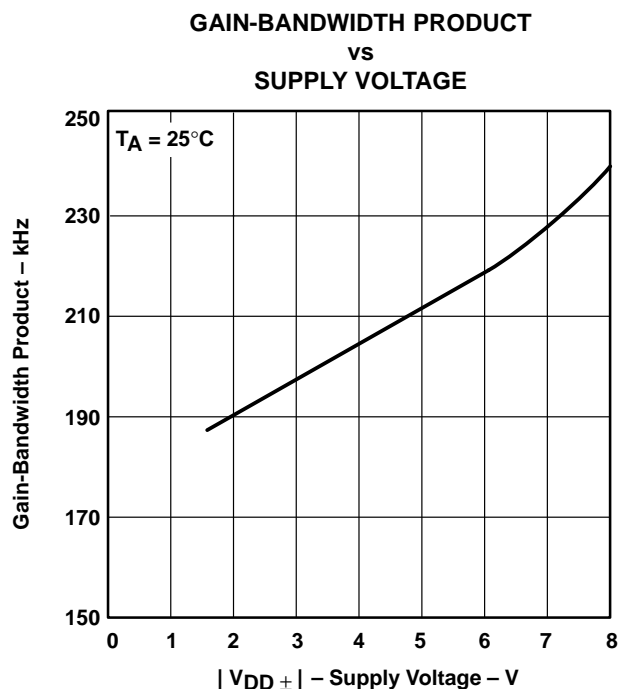
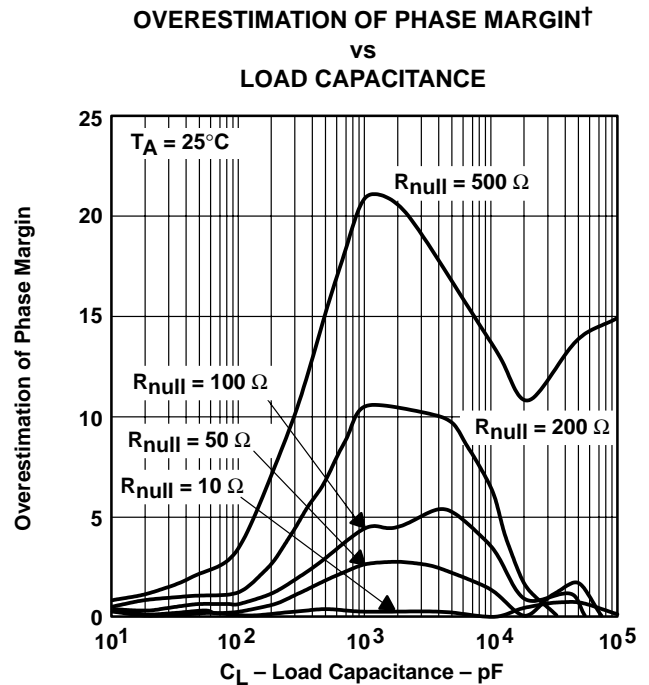
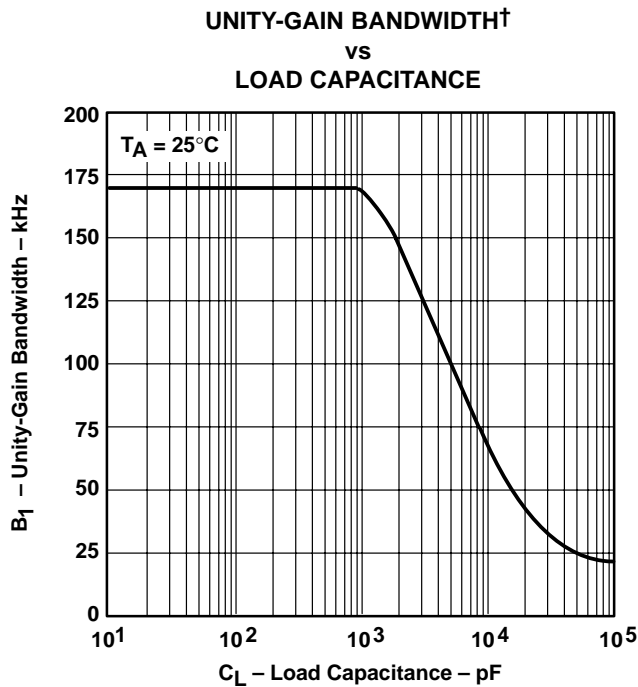
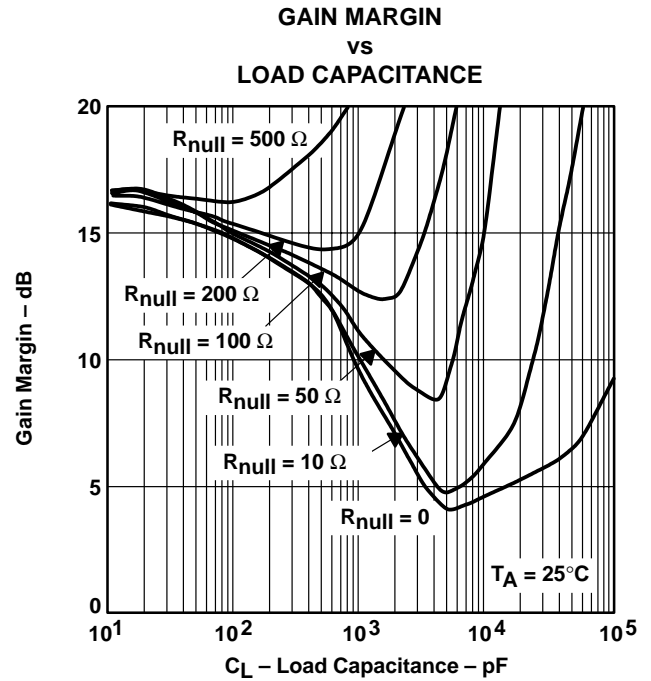
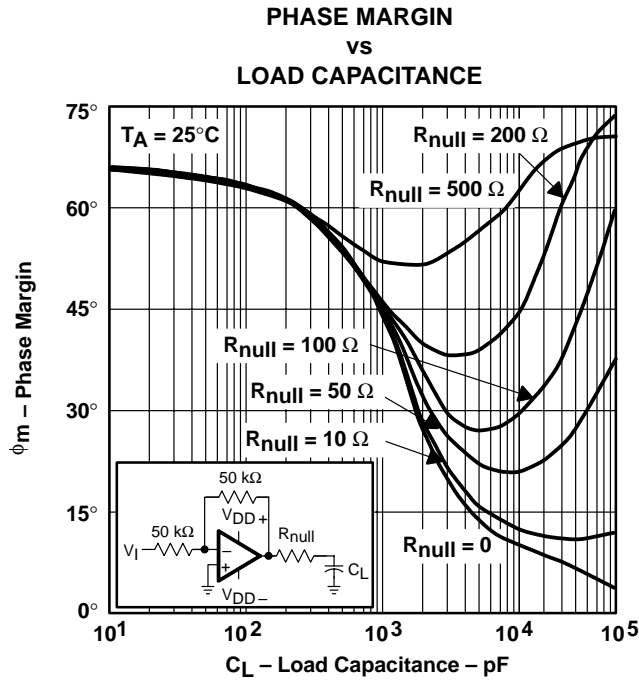


Figure 55

† For curves where  $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ , all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.

‡ Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



† See application information

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### driving large capacitive loads

The TLC225x is designed to drive larger capacitive loads than most CMOS operational amplifiers. Figure 56 and Figure 57 illustrate its ability to drive loads up to 1000 pF while maintaining good gain and phase margins ( $R_{null} = 0$ ).

A smaller series resistor ( $R_{null}$ ) at the output of the device (see Figure 60) improves the gain and phase margins when driving large capacitive loads. Figure 56 and Figure 57 show the effects of adding series resistances of 10  $\Omega$ , 50  $\Omega$ , 100  $\Omega$ , 200  $\Omega$ , and 500  $\Omega$ . The addition of this series resistor has two effects: the first is that it adds a zero to the transfer function and the second is that it reduces the frequency of the pole associated with the output load in the transfer function.

The zero introduced to the transfer function is equal to the series resistance times the load capacitance. To calculate the improvement in phase margin, equation 1 can be used.

$$\Delta\phi_{m1} = \tan^{-1} \left( 2 \times \pi \times \text{UGBW} \times R_{null} \times C_L \right) \quad (1)$$

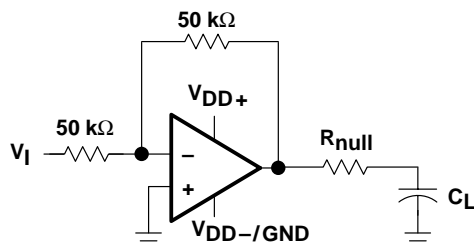
Where :

- $\Delta\phi_{m1}$  = Improvement in phase margin
- UGBW = Unity-gain bandwidth frequency
- $R_{null}$  = Output series resistance
- $C_L$  = Load capacitance

The unity-gain bandwidth (UGBW) frequency decreases as the capacitive load increases (see Figure 58). To use equation 1, UGBW must be approximated from Figure 58.

Using equation 1 alone overestimates the improvement in phase margin, as illustrated in Figure 59. The overestimation is caused by the decrease in the frequency of the pole associated with the load, thus providing additional phase shift and reducing the overall improvement in phase margin.

Using Figure 60, with equation 1 enables the designer to choose the appropriate output series resistance to optimize the design of circuits driving large capacitance loads.



**Figure 60. Series-Resistance Circuit**

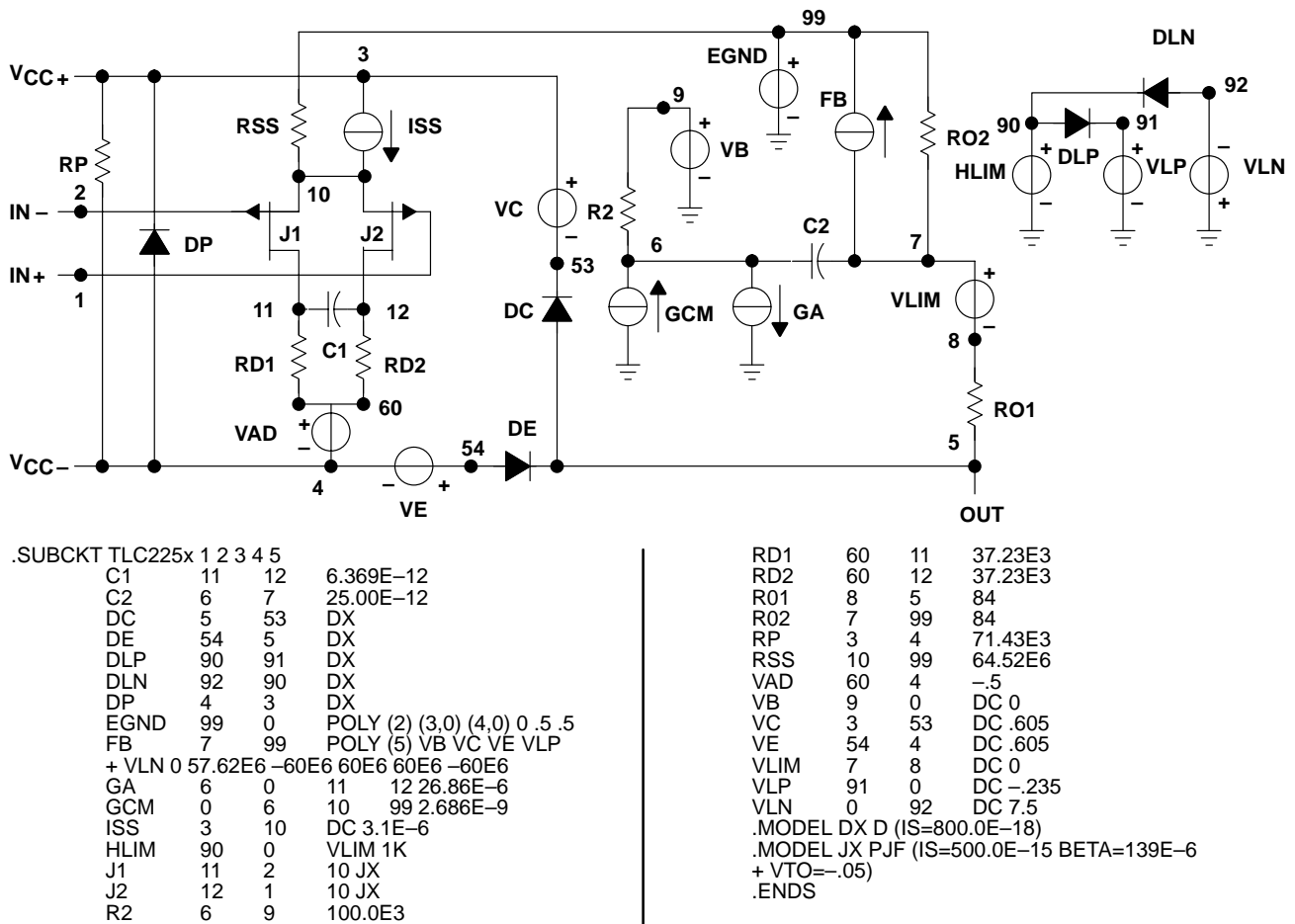
## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using MicroSim *Parts*™, the model generation software used with MicroSim *PSpice*™. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 61 are generated using the TLC225x typical electrical and operating characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).



**Figure 61. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit**

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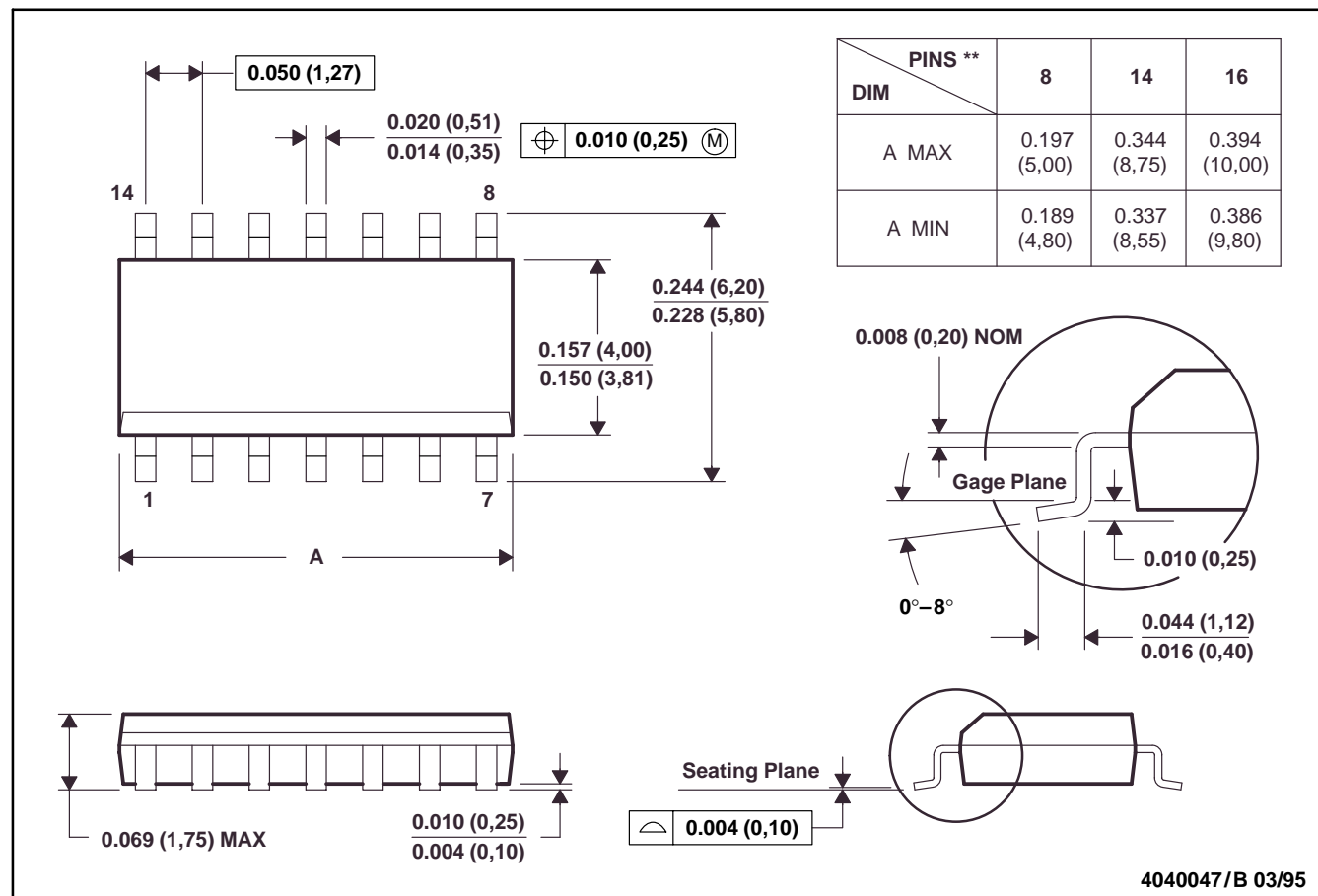
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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)**

**PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE**

14 PIN SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).  
 D. Four center pins are connected to die mount pad.  
 E. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

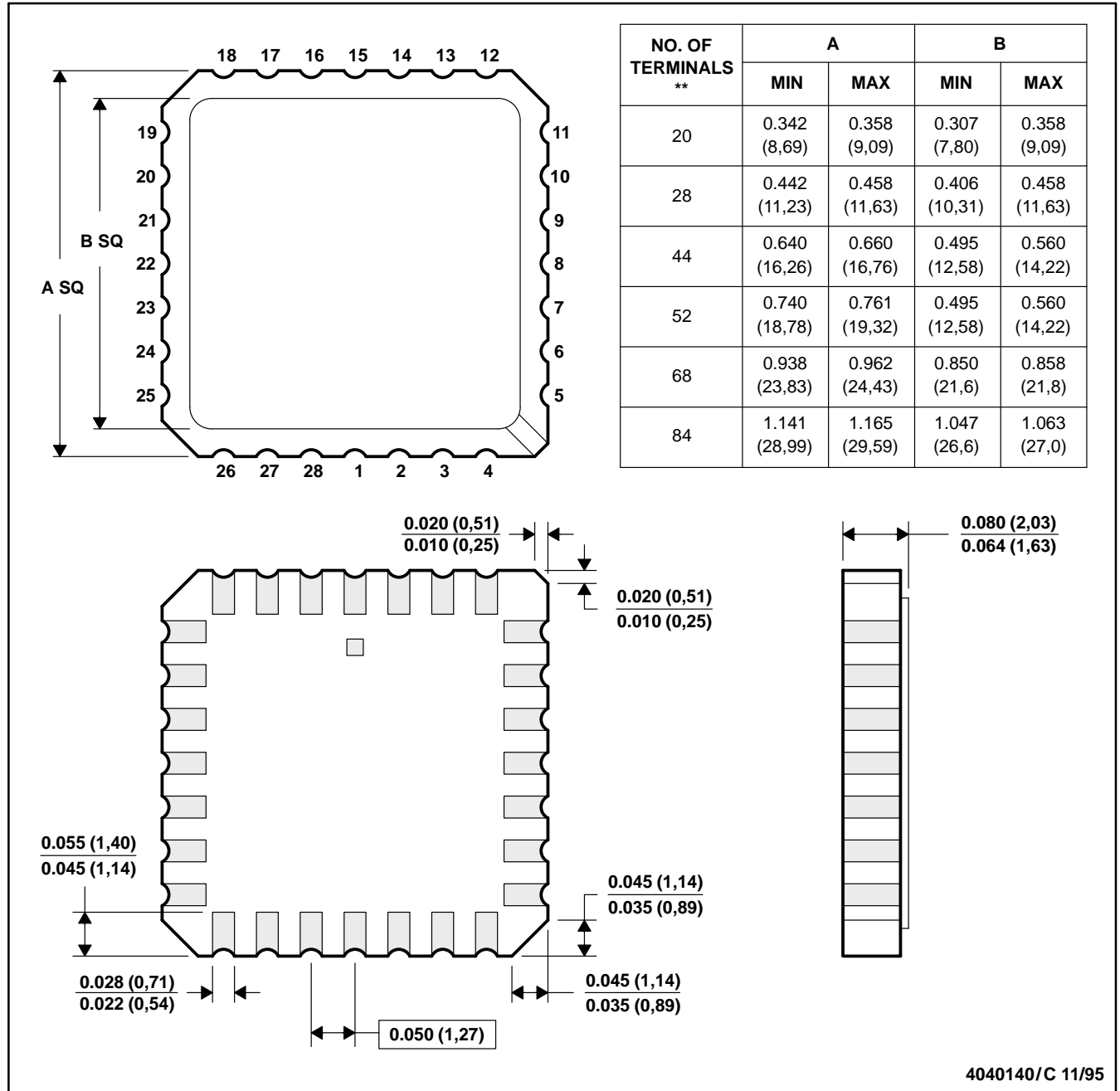


## MECHANICAL INFORMATION

**FK (S-CQCC-N\*\*)**

**LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER**

**28 TERMINAL SHOWN**



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
  - D. The terminals are gold plated.
  - E. Falls within JEDEC MS-004

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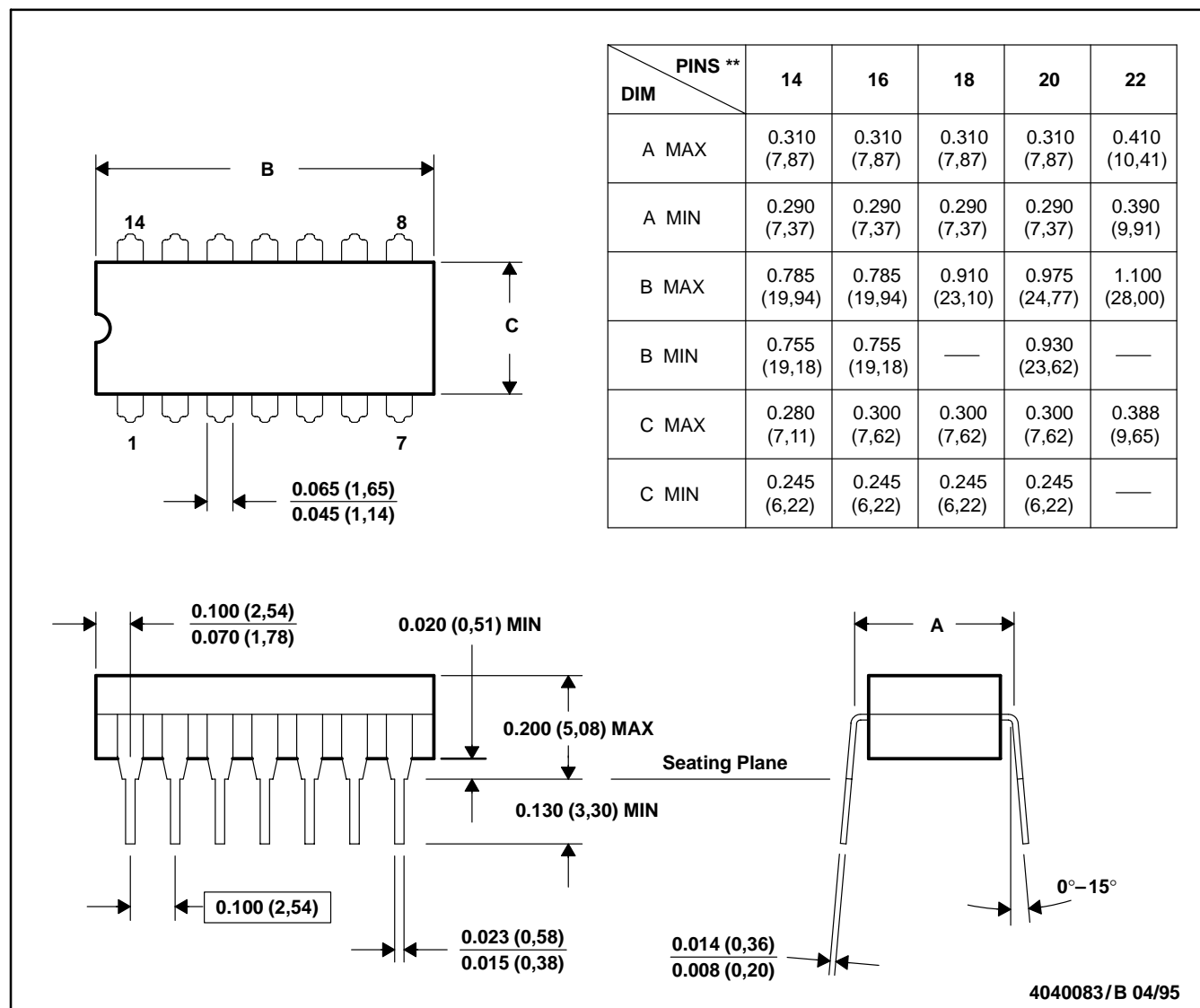
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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**J (R-GDIP-T\*\*)**

**CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**

14 PIN SHOWN

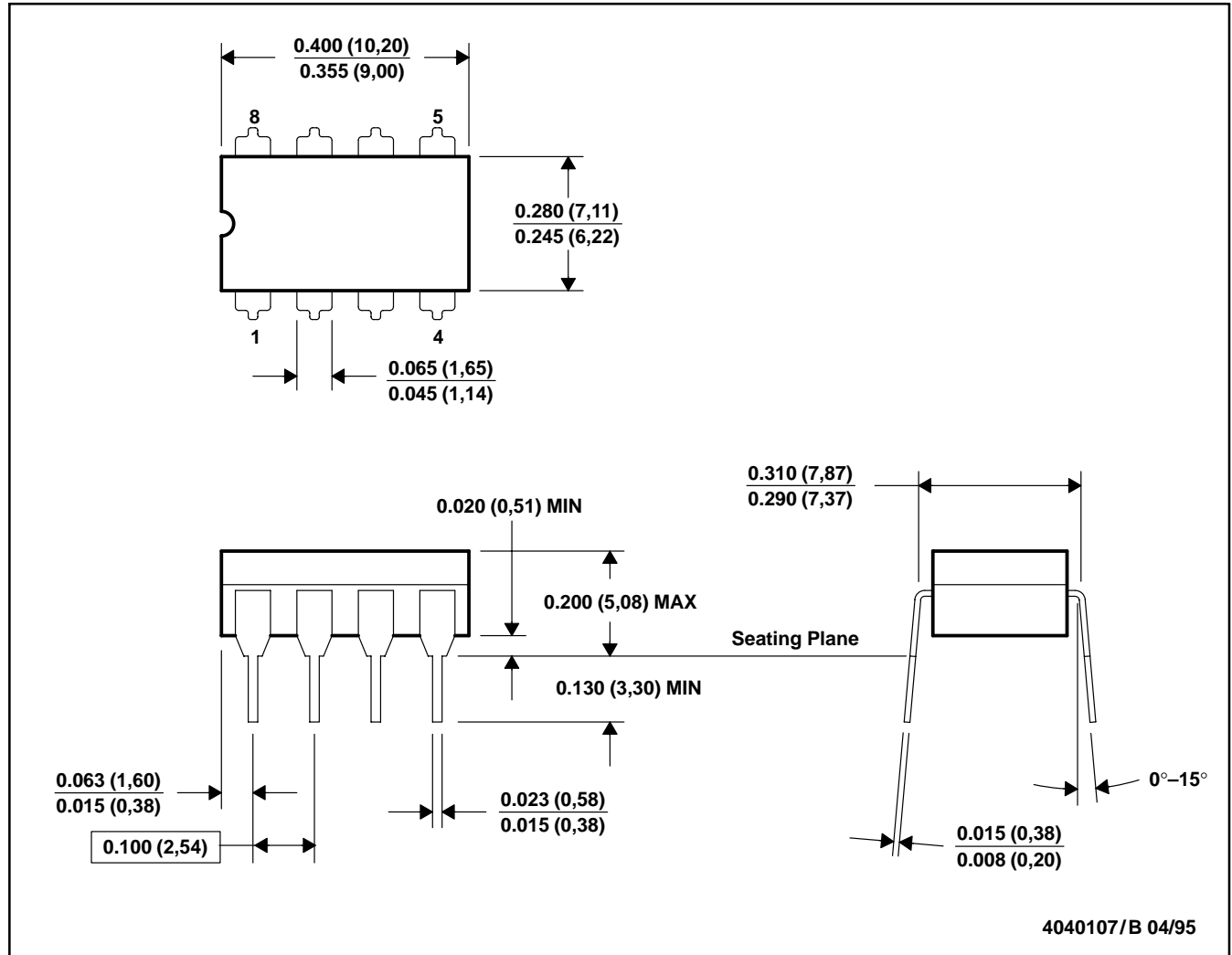


- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.  
 D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.  
 E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18, GDIP1-T20, and GDIP1-T22

## MECHANICAL INFORMATION

JG (R-GDIP-T8)

CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification and/or on pressed ceramic glass frit seal.
  - E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDIP1-T8

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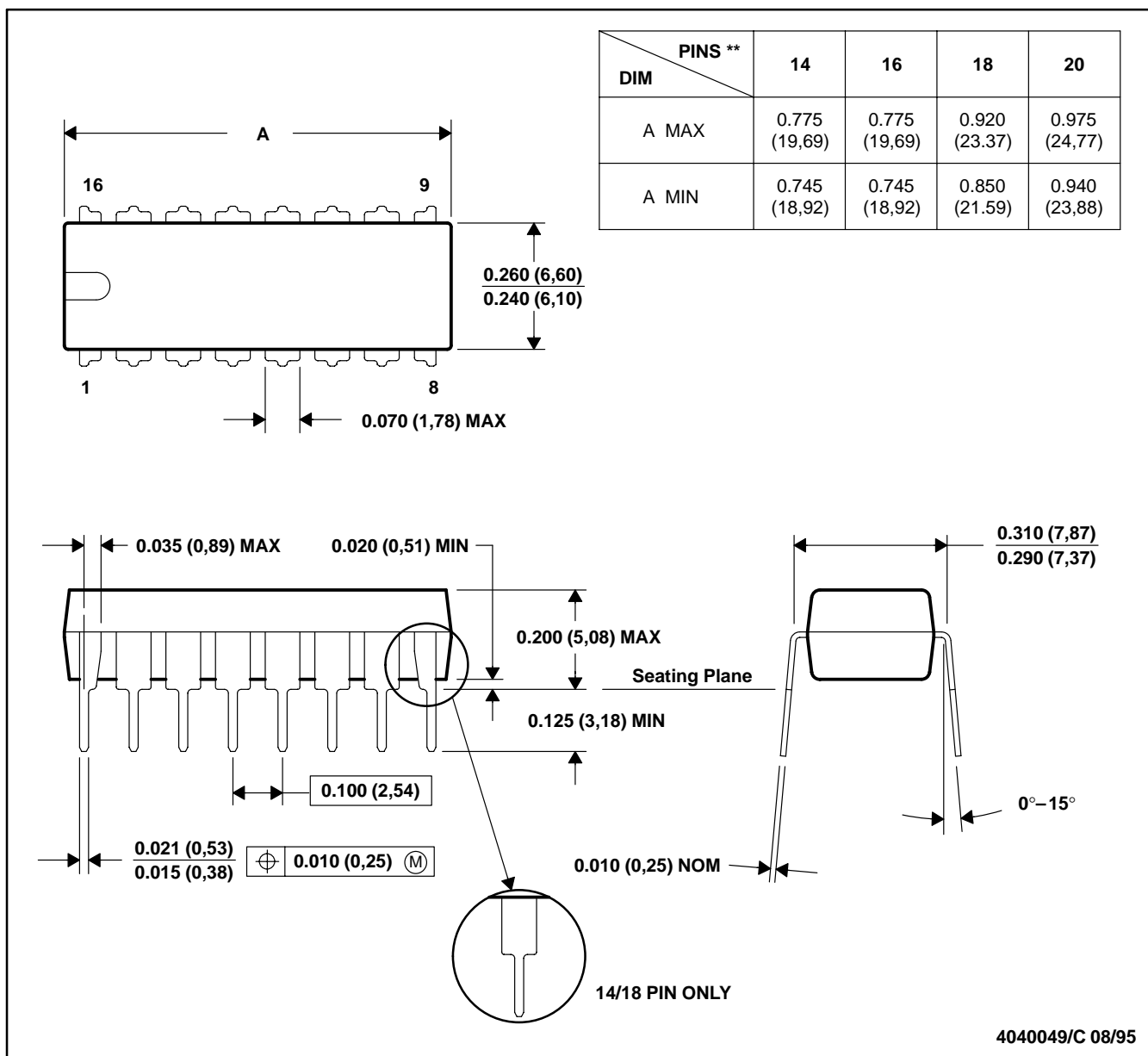
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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)**

**PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE**

16 PIN SHOWN

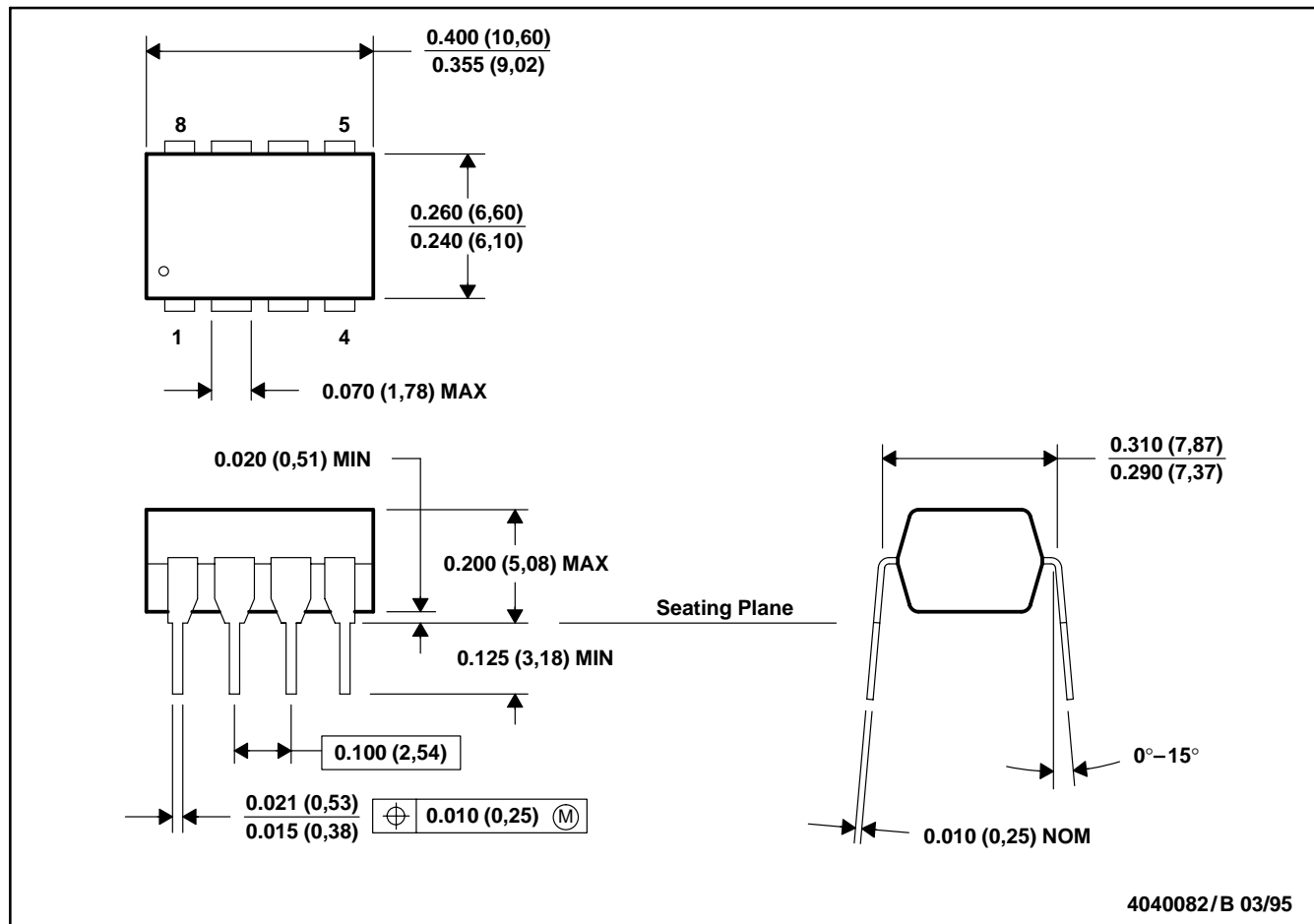


- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 (20 pin package is shorter than MS-001.)

## MECHANICAL INFORMATION

P (R-PDIP-T8)

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

TLC225x, TLC225xA

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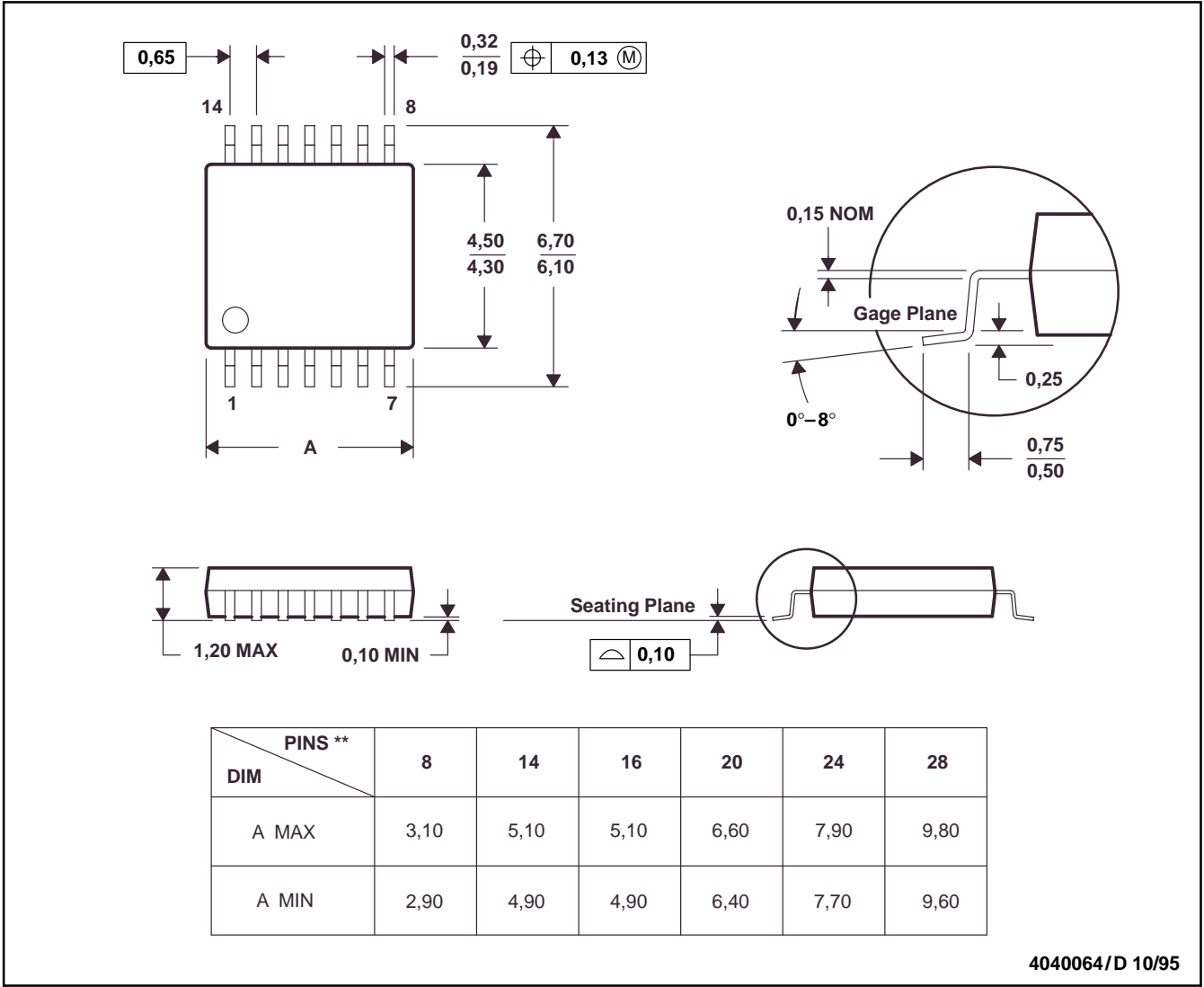
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MECHANICAL INFORMATION

PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

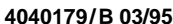
14 PIN SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.  
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

## CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



- 

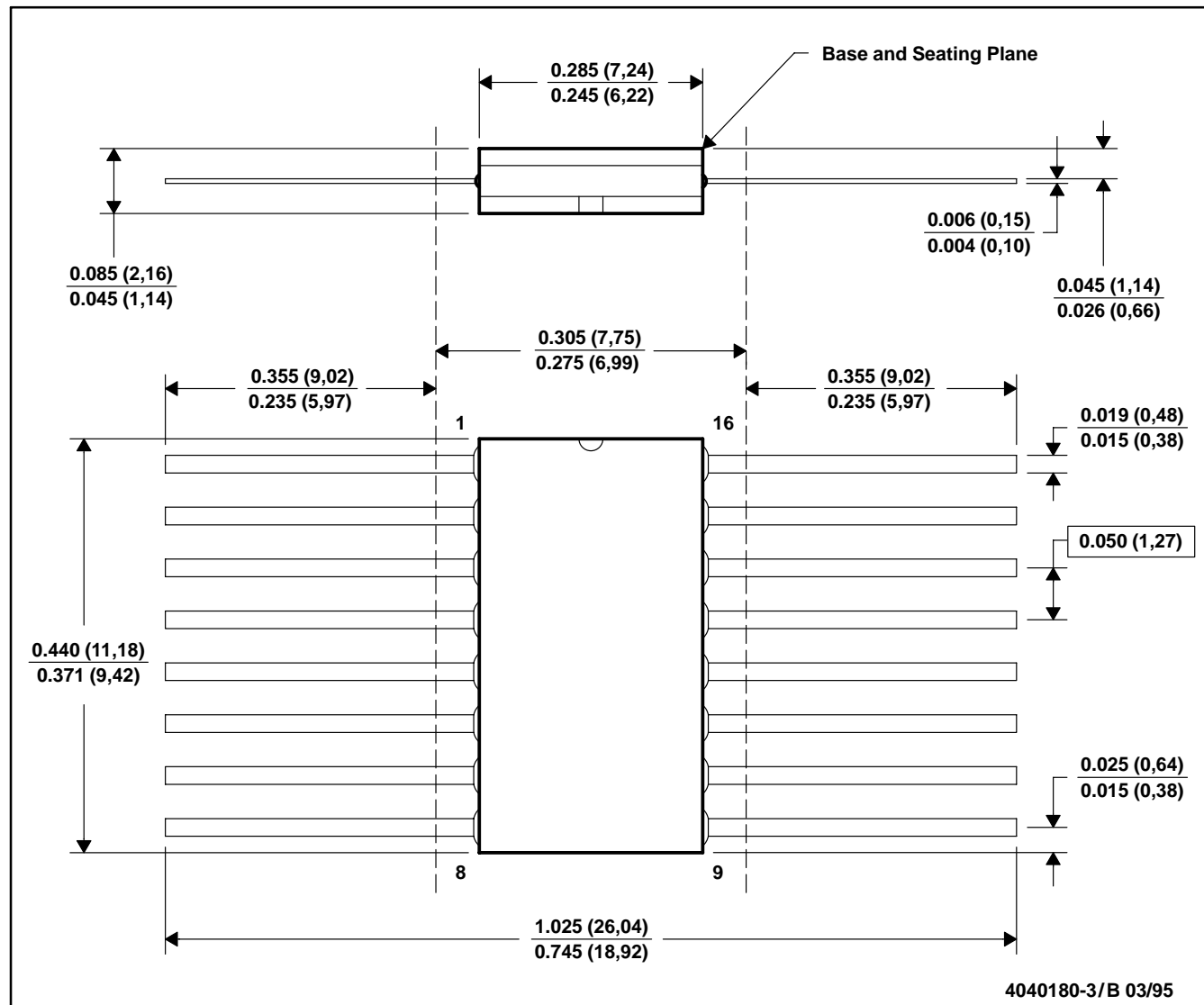
**TLC225x, TLC225xA**  
**Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL**  
**VERY LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS**

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**MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

**W (R-GDFP-F16)**

**CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK**



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.  
 D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.  
 E. Falls within MIL-STD-1835 GDFP1-F16 and JEDEC MO-092AC



**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
5962-9564001NXDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
5962-9564001Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564001QHA	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564001QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564002NYDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
5962-9564002Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564002QCA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564002QDA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564003NXDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
5962-9564003Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564003QHA	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564003QPA	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564004NYDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
5962-9564004Q2A	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564004QCA	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
5962-9564004QDA	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AIPe4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2252AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252AMFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AMJGB	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AMUB	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/ Level-1-235C-UNLIM
TLC2252AQDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Pb-Free	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-250C-1 YEAR/

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
						(RoHS)		Level-1-235C-UNLIM
TLC2252CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252CPE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	8		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2252CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252CPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2252IP	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252IPE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252MJGB	ACTIVE	CDIP	JG	8	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252MUB	ACTIVE	CFP	U	10	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2252QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2252QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254AINE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
(RoHS)								
TLC2254AIPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2254AIPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AIPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254AMFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254AMJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254AMWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254AQD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254AQDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2254CD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254CNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254CPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CPWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	14		TBD	Call TI	Call TI
TLC2254CPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254CPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	Call TI	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TLC2254IN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254INE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254MFKB	ACTIVE	LCCC	FK	20	1	TBD	POST-PLATE	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254MJB	ACTIVE	CDIP	J	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
TLC2254MWB	ACTIVE	CFP	W	14	1	TBD	A42 SNPB	N / A for Pkg Type
TLC2254QD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TLC2254QDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBsolete:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

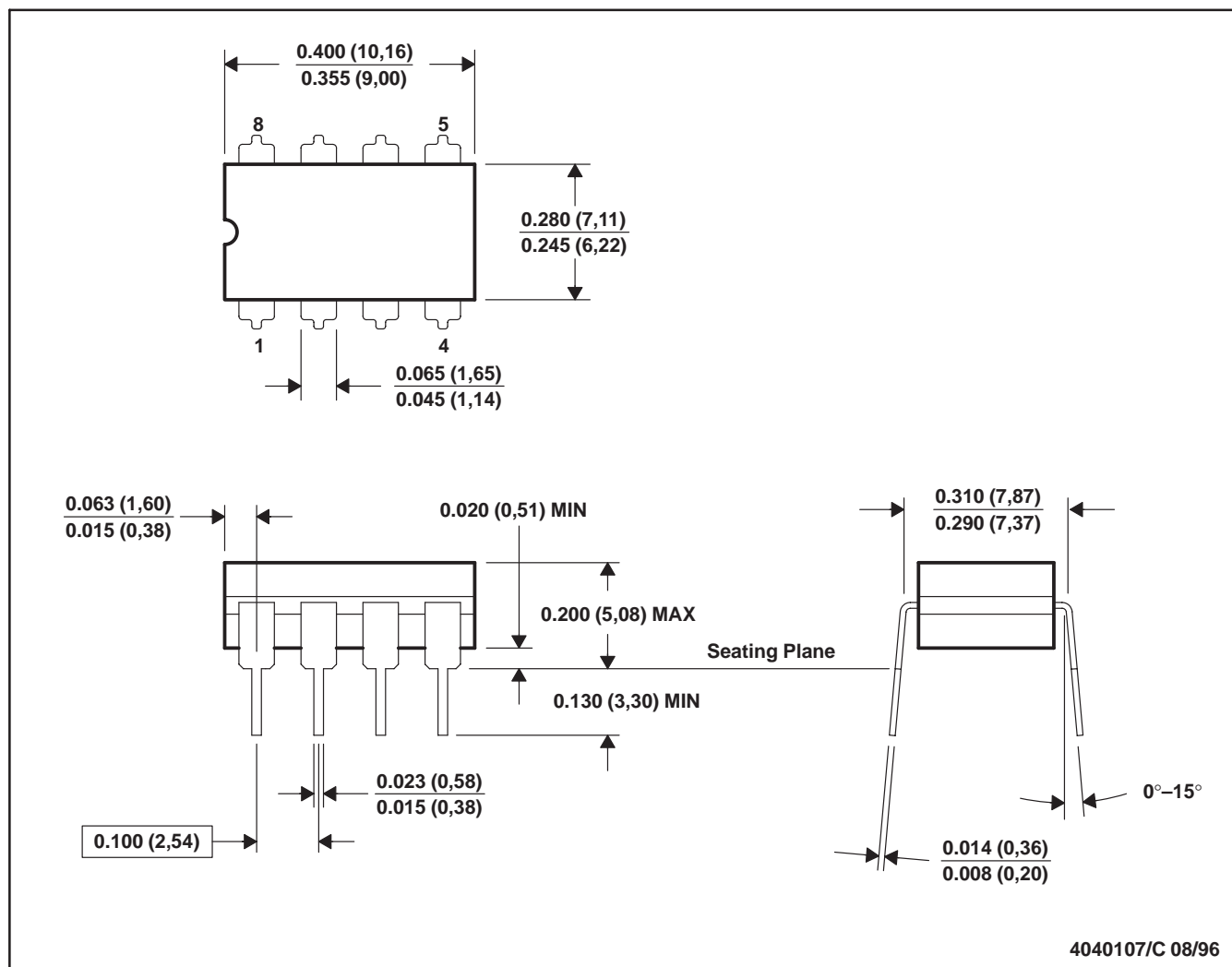
<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## JG (R-GDIP-T8)

## CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification.
  - Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T8

J (R-GDIP-T\*\*)

14 LEADS SHOWN

# CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC	0.300 (7,62) BSC
B MAX	0.785 (19,94)	.840 (21,34)	0.960 (24,38)	1.060 (26,92)
B MIN	—	—	—	—
C MAX	0.300 (7,62)	0.300 (7,62)	0.310 (7,87)	0.300 (7,62)
C MIN	0.245 (6,22)	0.245 (6,22)	0.220 (5,59)	0.245 (6,22)

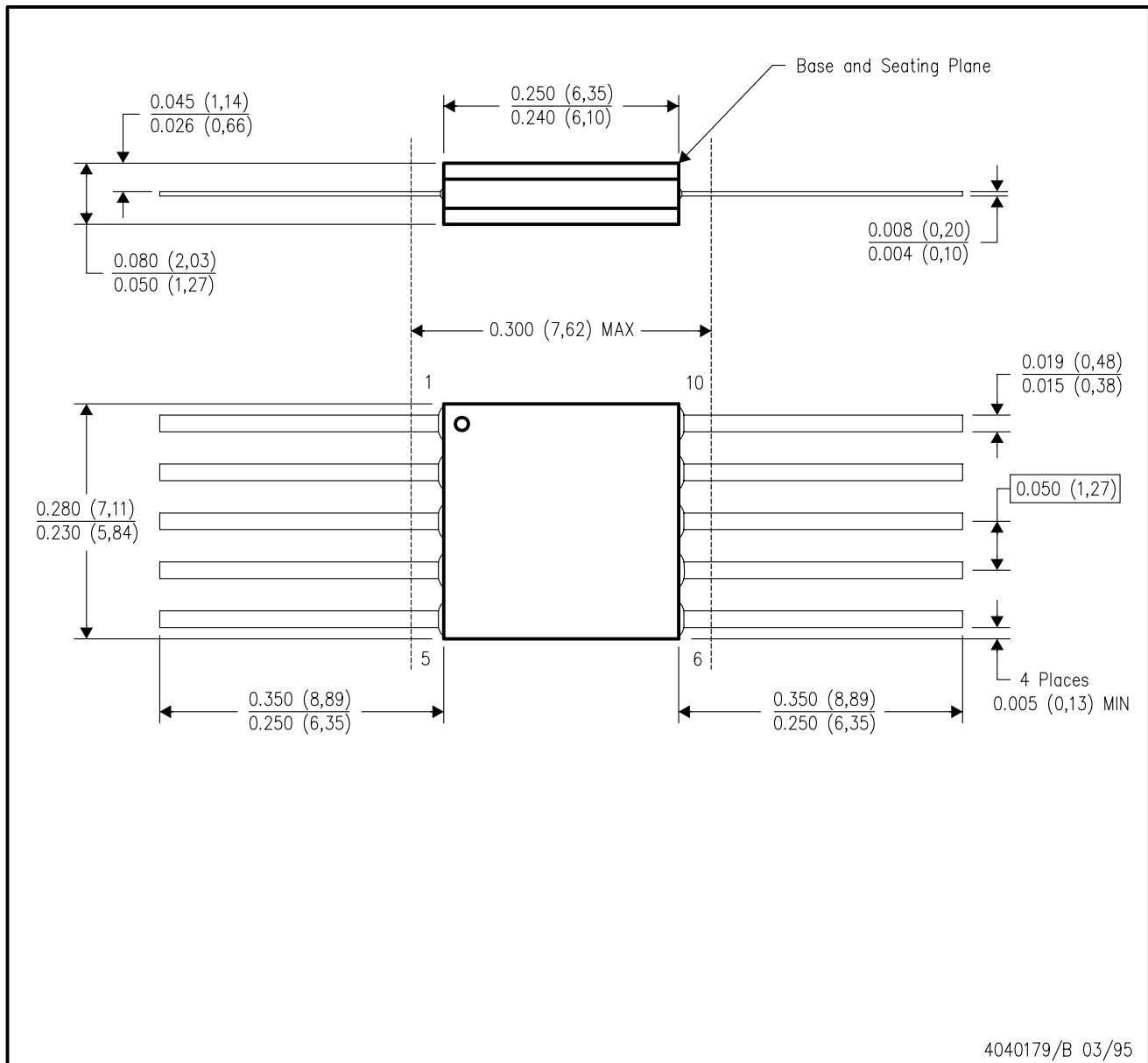


4040083/F 03/03

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. This package is hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - D. Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only on press ceramic glass frit seal only.
  - E. Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDIP1-T14, GDIP1-T16, GDIP1-T18 and GDIP1-T20.

U (S-GDFP-F10)

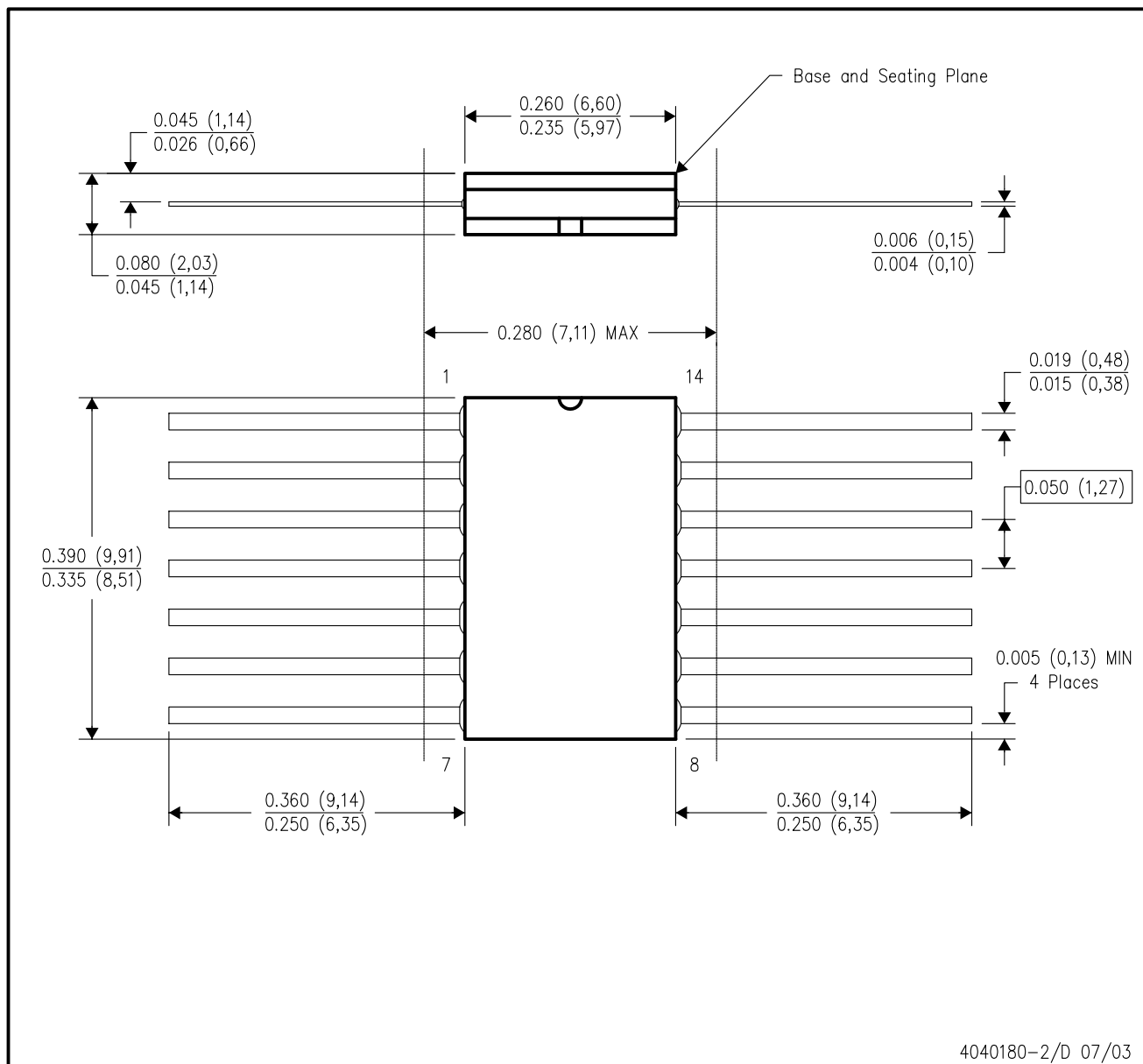
CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
  - Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP1-F10 and JEDEC MO-092AA

W (R-GDFP-F14)

CERAMIC DUAL FLATPACK



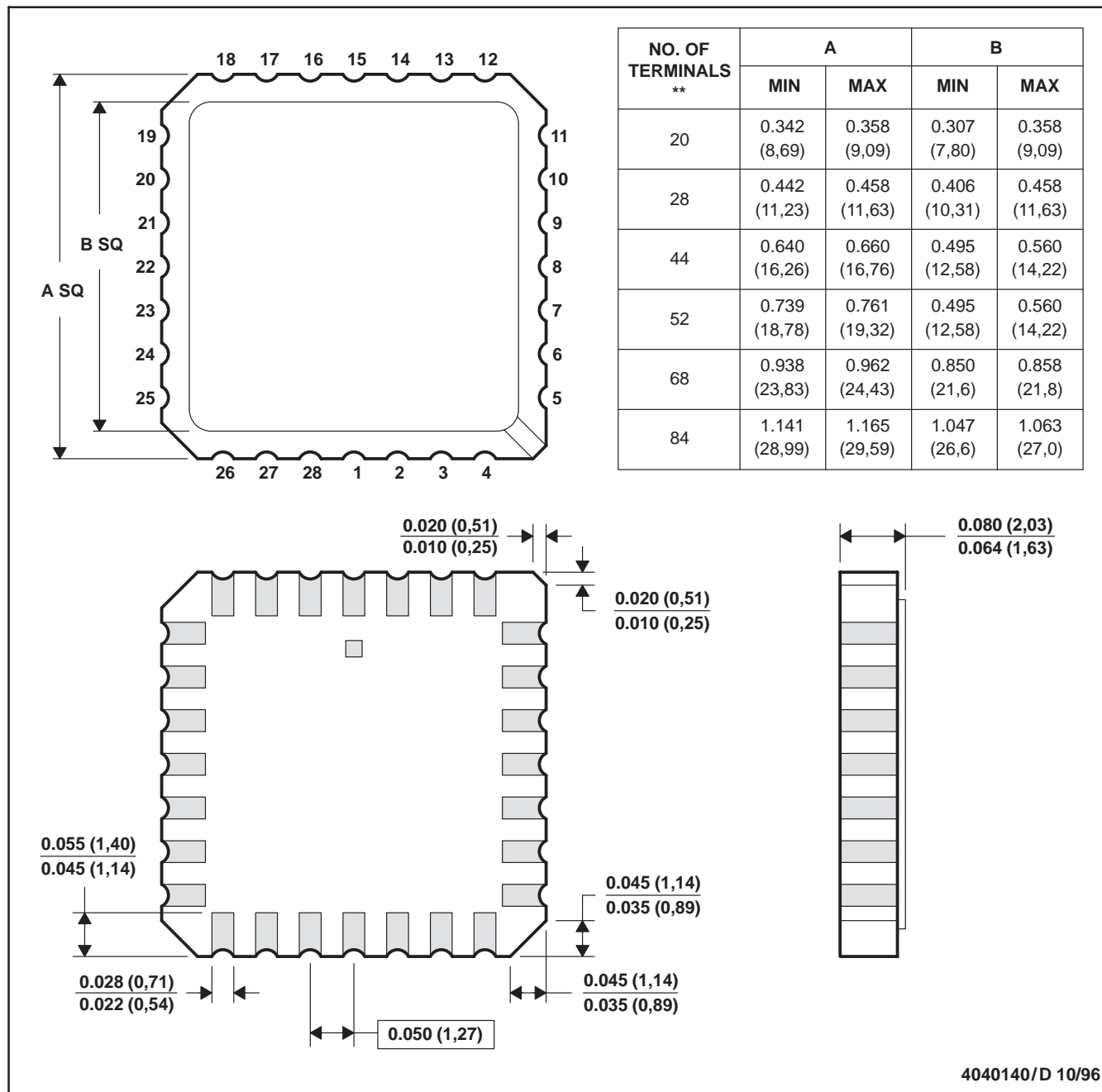
- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - This package can be hermetically sealed with a ceramic lid using glass frit.
  - Index point is provided on cap for terminal identification only.
  - Falls within MIL STD 1835 GDFP1-F14 and JEDEC MO-092AB



## FK (S-CQCC-N\*\*)

## LEADLESS CERAMIC CHIP CARRIER

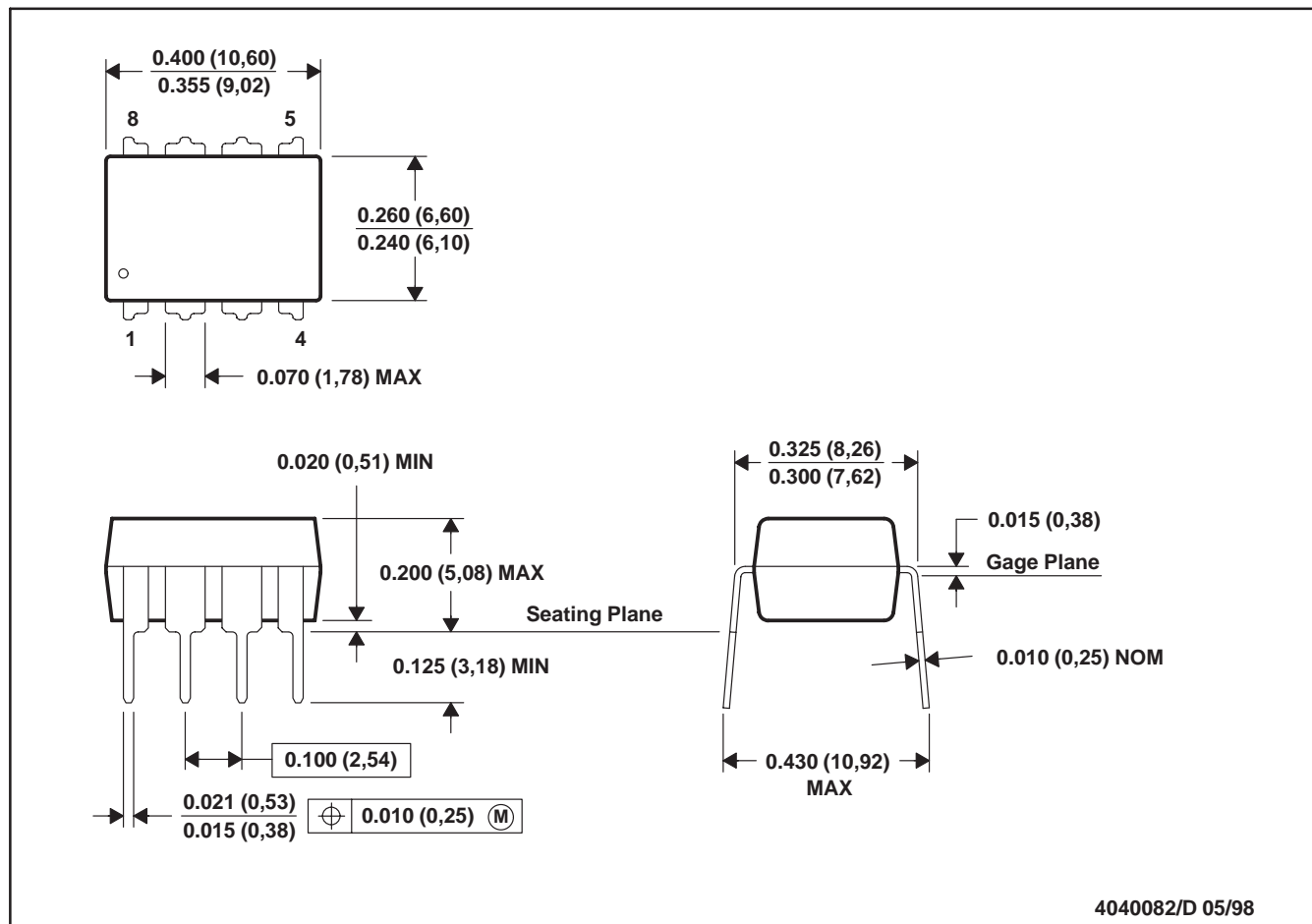
28 TERMINAL SHOWN



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - This package can be hermetically sealed with a metal lid.
  - The terminals are gold plated.
  - Falls within JEDEC MS-004

## P (R-PDIP-T8)

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to [http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg\\_info.htm](http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg_info.htm)

N (R-PDIP-T\*\*)

16 PINS SHOWN

## PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS-001 VARIATION	AA	BB	AC	AD



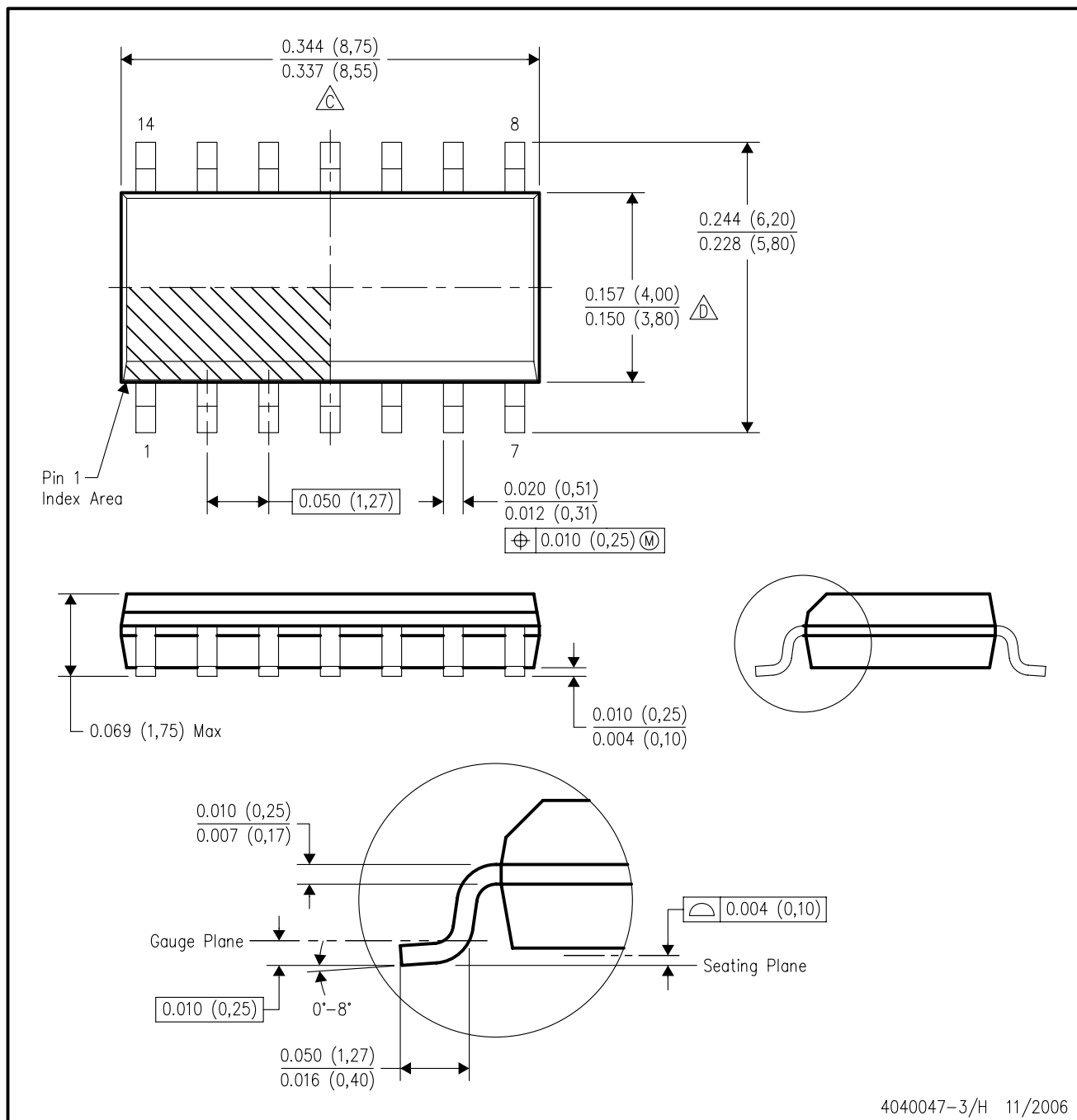
4040049/E 12/2002

NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).  
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
-  Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).  
 The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

## D (R-PDSO-G14)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



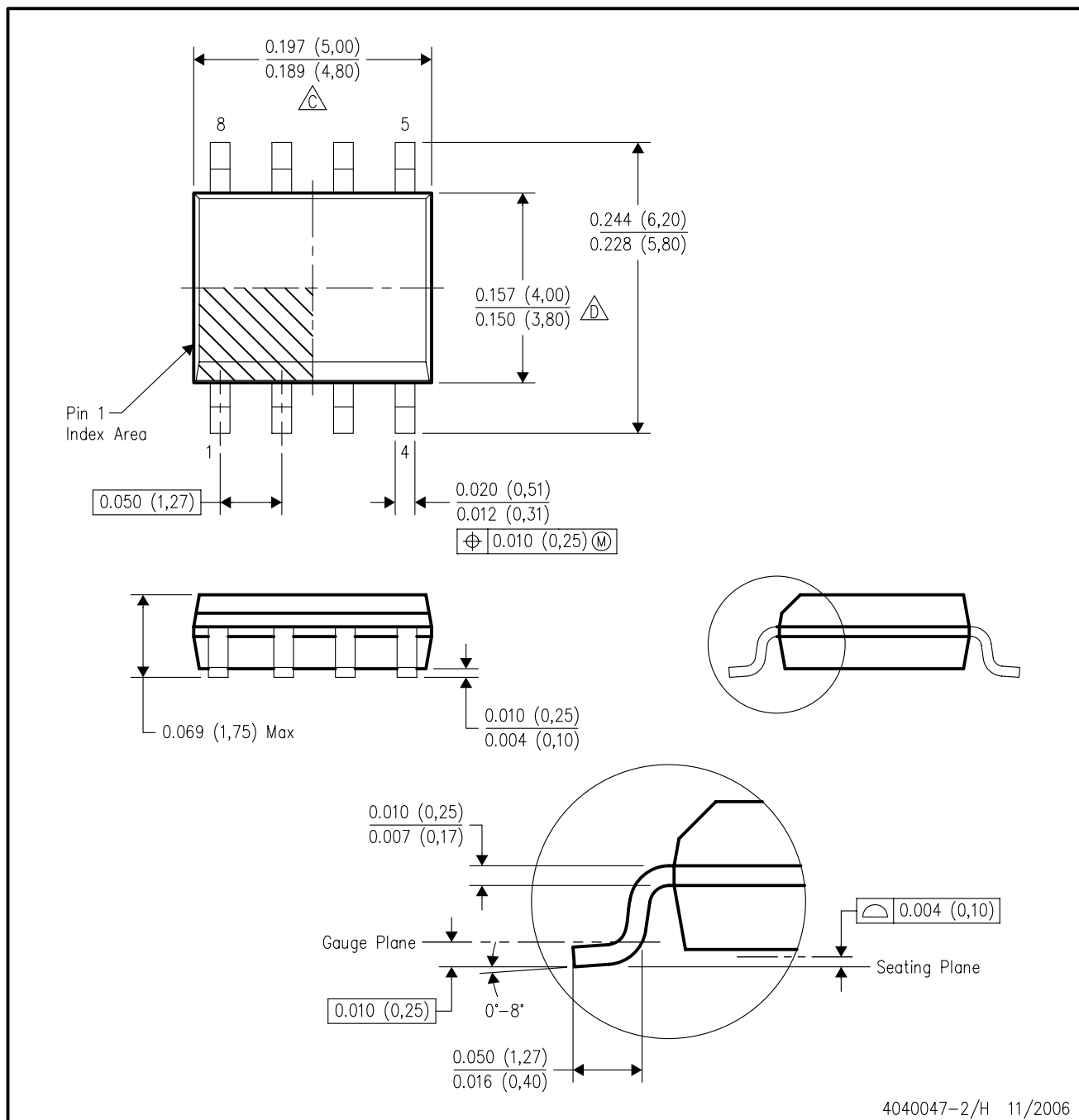
4040047-3/H 11/2006



## NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
- D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

## D (R-PDSO-G8)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

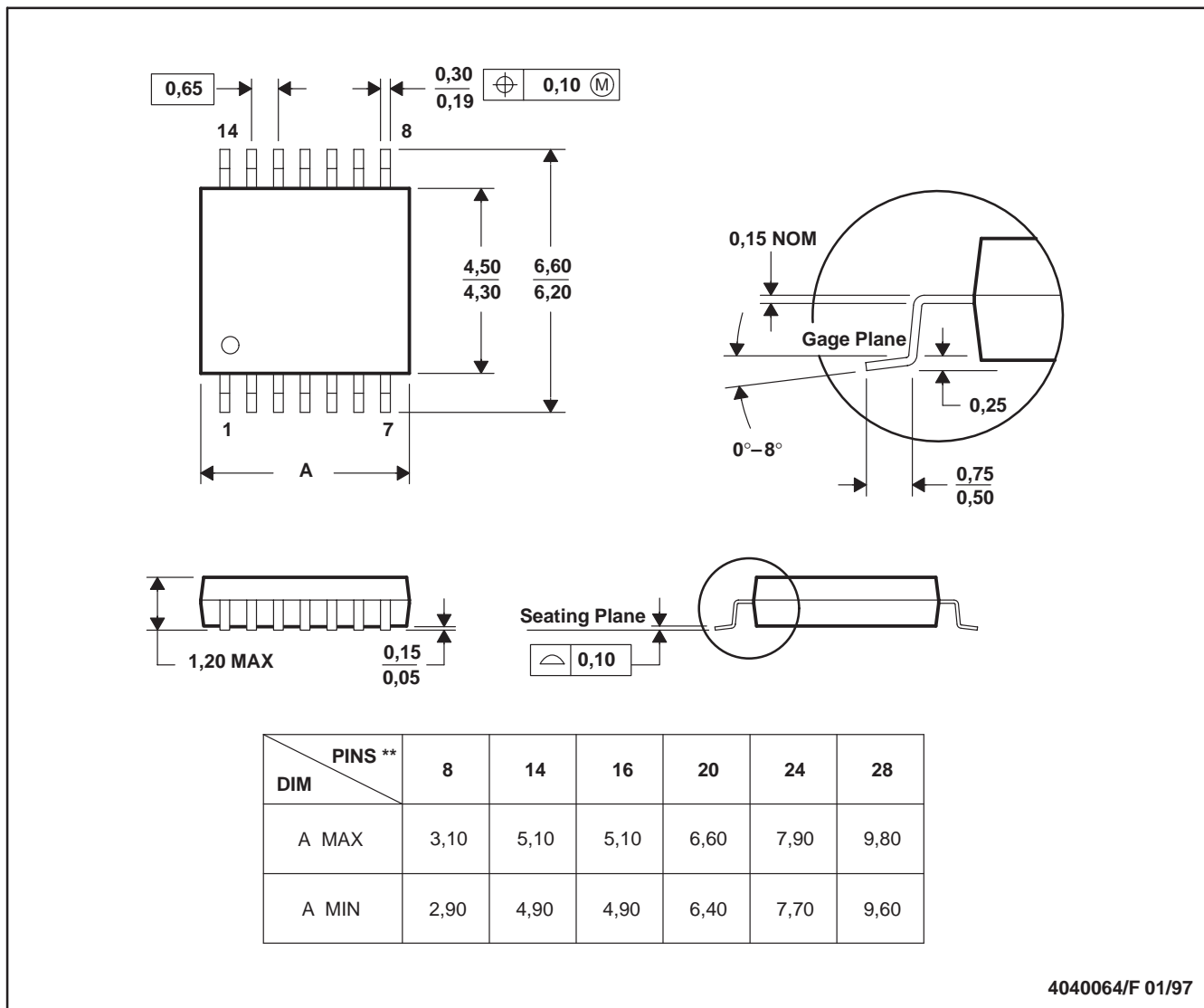


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  -  C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed .006 (0,15) per end.
  -  D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed .017 (0,43) per side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

## PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

14 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>	Broadband	<a href="http://www.ti.com/broadband">www.ti.com/broadband</a>
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Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>	Optical Networking	<a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>	Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
Low Power Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/lpw">www.ti.com/lpw</a>	Telephony	<a href="http://www.ti.com/telephony">www.ti.com/telephony</a>
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