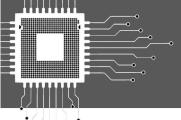




[Team 11]

Chong Yihui, Gan Wan Cheng Isaac, Kenneth Goh Zhen Hao, Manish Kumar, Soedarsono





### Goals

- Use various tools to monitor performance (vmstat, htop, mpstat, uptime, iostat etc.) of the CPU and interpret the various metrics (User time, System time, Waiting I/O, Idle Time, Nice Time).
- Understand the x86 Hardware Performance Counters
- Learn how to optimise a program

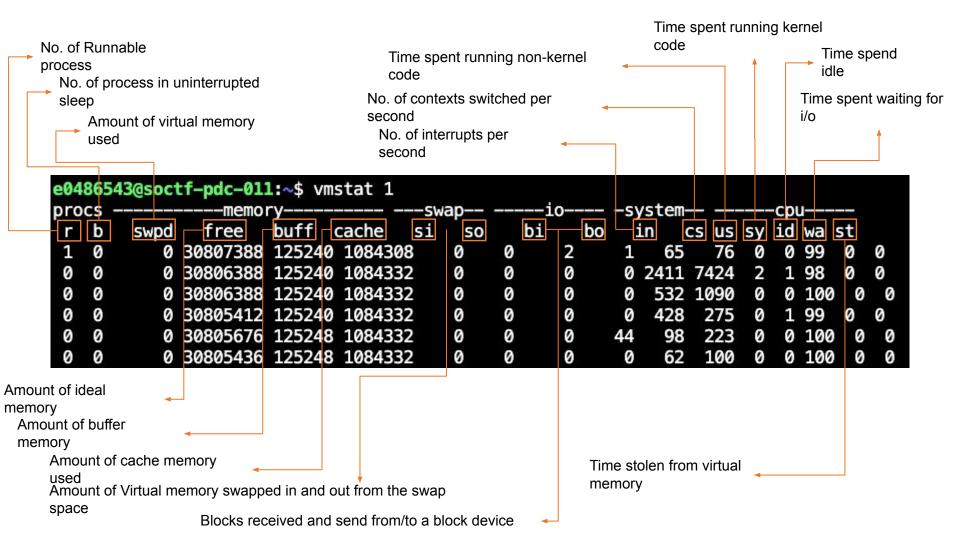
# vmstat

#### vmstat gets its value from system calls to the proc file system

```
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/proc/sys/kernel/osrelease", 0_RDONLY) = 3
newfstatat(3, "", {st_mode=S_IFREG|0444, st_size=0, ...}, AT_EMPTY_PATH) = 0
read(3, "5.15.0-52-generic\n", 1024) = 18
close(3) = 0
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/proc/meminfo", 0_RDONLY) = 3
lseek(3, 0, SEEK_SET) = 0
read(3, "MemTotal: 32737204 kB\nMemF"..., 8191) = 1419
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/proc/stat", 0_RDONLY) = 4
read(4, "cpu 300656 609 15486 1207146 84"..., 131071) = 4668
openat(AT_FDCWD, "/proc/vmstat", 0_RDONLY) = 5
```

#### Disk statistics sorted by descending order of total reads

sda	25178	15891	2539526	817002	40932	29890	1355226	258252	0	273
loop2	16438	0	34920	80058	0	0	0	0	0	6
loop15	66	0	2130	3772	0	6	0	Ø	0	3
loop10	63	0	2104	4987	0	6	0	Ø	0	2
loop13	62	0	2112	4176	0	6	0	0	0	2
loop27	61	0	2156	2960	0	6	0	0	0	2
loop8	60	0	2120	1497	0	0	0	0	0	1
loop22	59	0	2108	2246	0	6	0	0	0	1





## def factorial(n): sys.setrecursionlimit(sys.getrecursionlimit() + 1 return 1 if n == 0 \ else n \* factorial(n - 1)

#### nw=\$((`nproc` - 1)) && taskset -c 1-\$nw stress --cpu \$nw

16:49:19	CPU	%usr	%nice	%sys	%iowait	%irq	%soft	%steal	%guest	%gnice	%idle
16:49:20											
16:49:20											
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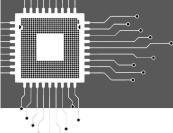
16:49:51	CPU	%usr	%nice	%sys	%iowait	%irq	%soft	%steal	%guest	%gnice	%idle
16:49:52											
16:49:52											
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16:49:52											
16:49:52											

#### htop

Without fixing the script to run on CPU 0, we occasionally get this:

To binds CPU stress workers on your odd-numbered cores: taskset -c 1-`nproc`:2 stress --cpu \$((nproc/2))

```
1 [ | 76.0] 5 [ | 22.77
2 [ 6.6] 6 [ 6.77
3 [ 6.6] 7 [ 6.78]
4 [ 6.8] 8 [ 6.78]
6 [ 6.78] 1 [ 6.78]
7 [ 7.78] 2 [ 7.78]
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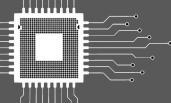
### Measurements

Write a script to measure the compression rate and the time required for each level

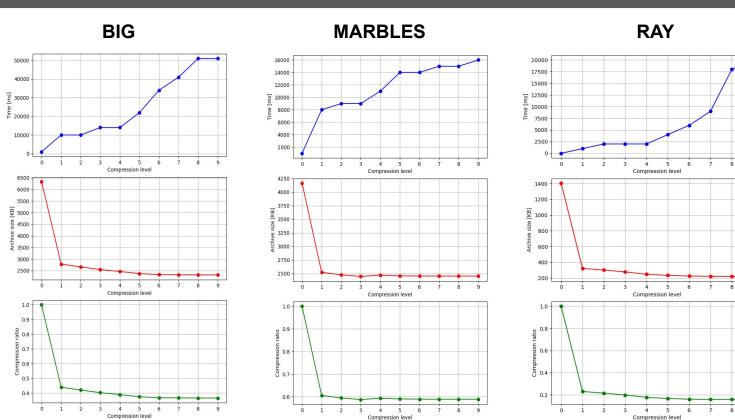
#### [Code Snippet]

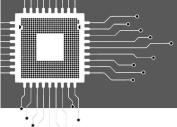
#### [Output]

```
e0486543@soctf-pdc-011:~/cs5239-computer-system-performance-analysis-project$ bash compression.sh big.txt MARBLES.bmp RAY.bmp
File : big.txt
Level: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,
Real Time: 0.022,0.096,0.108,0.146,0.142,0.222,0.335,0.412,0.497,0.502,
User Time: 0.013,0.096,0.100,0.142,0.142,0.222,0.335,0.412,0.493,0.498,
System Time: 0.008,0.000,0.008,0.004,0.000,0.000,0.000,0.000,0.004,0.004,
Initial Size: 6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,6488666,
Compressed Size: 6488830,2848375,2724635,2609286,2522414,2428270,2385401,2377033,2372291,2372271.
Reduction Size: -164,3640291,3764031,3879380,3966252,4060396,4103265,4111633,4116375,4116395,
Reduction Scale: 0,.5610,.5800,.5978,.6112,.6257,.6323,.6336,.6343,.6343,
File: MARBLES.bmp
Level: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,
Real Time: 0.012,0.088,0.092,0.098,0.115,0.140,0.145,0.148,0.157,0.160,
User Time: 0.012,0.080,0.088,0.090,0.115,0.140,0.141,0.148,0.153,0.156,
System Time: 0.000,0.008,0.004,0.008,0.000,0.000,0.004,0.000,0.004,0.004,
Initial Size: 4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,4264316,
Compressed Size: 4264488,2583093,2535261,2506032,2529707,2516562,2512826,2512239,2511796,2511669,
Reduction Size: -172,1681223,1729055,1758284,1734609,1747754,1751490,1752077,1752520,1752647,
Reduction Scale: 0..3942..4054..4123..4067..4098..4107..4108..4109..4110.
File: RAY.bmp
Level: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,
Real Time: 0.005,0.017,0.020,0.028,0.024,0.038,0.066,0.092,0.183,0.200,
User Time: 0.005,0.017,0.016,0.028,0.025,0.034,0.066,0.092,0.183,0.200,
System Time: 0.000,0.000,0.004,0.000,0.000,0.004,0.000,0.000,0.000,0.000
Initial Size: 1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,1440054,
Compressed Size: 1440218,331253,310248,285757,255569,240879,231742,229192,227524,227390,
Reduction Size: -164,1108801,1129806,1154297,1184485,1199175,1208312,1210862,1212530,1212664,
Reduction Scale: -.0001..7699..7845..8015..8225..8327..8390..8408..8420..8420.
```



### Measurements





### **Hardware Counters**

CPUID.EAX = 0AH (\* Returns Architectural Performance Monitoring leaf. \*)

Command: cpuid -r

0x0000000a 0x00: eax=0x07300404 ebx=0x00000000 ecx=0x00000000 edx=0x000000603

CPUID.0AH:EAX[15:8]: number of general purpose counters: 0x04: 4

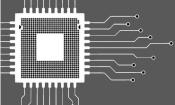
CPUID.0AH:EAX[7:0]: version ID: 0x04: 4

CPUID.0AH:EDX[7:0]: number of fixed function counters: 0x03: 3

#### To start tracking L2 Misses

sudo wrmsr -a 0xc1 0x00 sudo wrmsr -a 0x186 0x413f24

Event Num.	Umask Value	Event Mask Mnemonic	Description	
24H	3FH	L2_RQSTS.MISS	All requests that missed L2.	



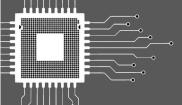
### **Hardware Counters**

#### [Naive (IJK) Matrix Multiplication]

#### [Code Snippets]

```
rdpmc(0, eax, edx);
start_cnt = ((int64_t)eax) | ((int64_t)edx << 32);</pre>
```

```
ellie@HAL9000:~/Github/Perf_Analysis/code/project1/hw_counter$ taskset 0x01 ./mat_mul 1024 L2 Cache Miss: 2092713129
Multiplication 1 finished in 10.79 s << Naive Results
L2 Cache Miss: 184373924
Multiplication 2 finished in 3.55 s << Better Loops Results
ellie@HAL9000:~/Github/Perf_Analysis/code/project1/hw_counter$
```



### **Optimising with Better Loops**

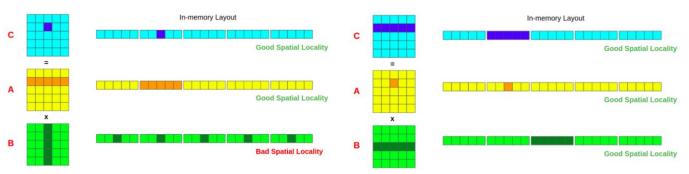


/* perform fast(er) multiplication */	
for (uint32_t i=0; i <n; i++)<="" th=""><th></th></n;>	
for (uint32_t $k=0$ ; $k; k++)$	/* line  */
for (uint32_t j=0; j <n; j++)<="" th=""><th>/* column */</th></n;>	/* column */
r[i*N + j] += m1[i*N + k]	* m2[k*N + j];

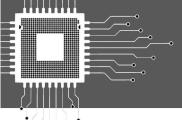
Order	ijk	ikj	jik	jki	kij	kji
Time (s)	17.63	3.74	10.23	36.15	3.76	29.83
L2 Cache miss	2,146,934,417	179,497,619	2,287,344,732	4,260,117,593	184,105,100	4,305,142,993

#### [Standard Approach - IJK]

#### [Best Loop Approach - IKJ]

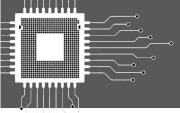


References: The impact of cache locality on performance in C through matrix multiplication



### **Optimising with Better Loops (Transpose)**

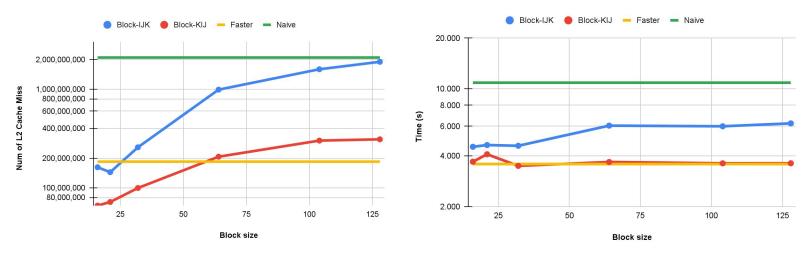
	Time (s)	L2 Cache Miss
IJK	10.889	2,095,685,036
KIJ	3.559	184,501,076
Transpose	3.567	181,702,620



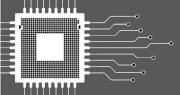
### **Blocked (Tiling) Matrix Multiplication**

Partition matrices into smaller blocks that can be wholly fitted into cache

- ⇒ Loop order should not matter
- ⇒ Reduces cache miss

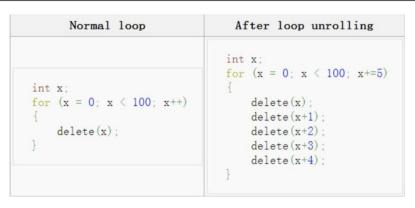


[Limitation] Need to tune block size based on matrix size and CPU cache size



### **Optimising with Compiler**

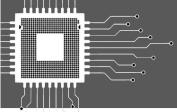
Compiler Optimization	Time Improvement
Auto-unrolling (-funroll-loops)	25.6 %
Auto-vectorization (-ftree-vectorize)	29.0 %
Math operation optimizations (-ffast-math)	30.5 %
Leveraging on AVX2 (-march=native)	38.9 %



#### **Example of loop unrolling**

```
cvtsi2ssq -24(%rbp), %xmm0
movss .LC4(%rip), %xmm1
divss %xmm1, %xmm0
cvtss2sd %xmm0, %xmm0
vcvtsi2ssq -24(%rbp), %xmm0, %xmm0
vmovss .LC4(%rip), %xmm1
vdivss %xmm1, %xmm0, %xmm0
vcvtss2sd %xmm0, %xmm0, %xmm0
```

Default instructions in RED AVX instruction set in green

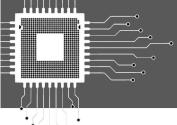


### **Optimising with Compiler**

Optimisation Levels	Time (s)	L2 Cache Miss	Optimisation Levels	Time (s)	L2 Cache Miss
Naive	10.889	2,095,685,036	Faster	3.559	184,501,076
O1-Naive	2.407	1,462,736,895	O1-Faster	1.020	181,810,513
O2-Naive	2.273	1,489,176,762	O2-Faster	0.947	182,316,248
O3-Naive	2.410	1,461,982,966	O3-Faster	0.893	182,334,093
Ofast-Naive	2.187 (~5x faster)	1,496,253,025	Ofast-Faster 0.8	873 (~4x faster)	182,119,835

#### [Next Steps]

- Loop interchange
- Other compilers (ICC, Clang)



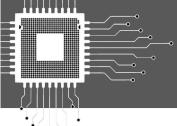
### **Multi-threading**

#### [OpenMP]

Need to optimize parallel code carefully

Matrix Size (N)	256	512	1024	2048	4096
IJK	0.089	0.761	10.889	183.748	1691.498
KIJ	0.050	0.406	3.559	28.216	233.656
OMP1 (KIJ)	0.232	1.491	11.391	92.151	742.021
OMP2 (KIJ)	0.115	0.583	4.977	40.125	330.648
				C	PU Time (s)

[OMP1 (Faster)] Uses shared variable (atomic) for array update [OMP2 (Faster)] Uses reduction for array update

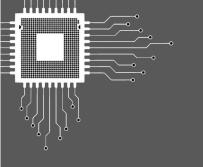


### **Multi-threading**

#### [OpenMP]

- Need to optimize parallel code carefully
  - Incorrect result or segmentation fault
    - Race conditions
    - Stack size limits

Time (s)	256	512	1024	2048	4096	8192
IJK	0.087	0.733	9.467	167.595	1491.353	14433.110
KIJ	0.050	0.396	3.218	26.411	211.032	1766.091
OMP (IJK)	0.044	0.210	1.988	42.144	469.860	3618.094
OMP1 (KIJ)	0.033	0.222	1.635	12.639	100.208	801.639
OMP2 (KIJ)	0.025	0.126	0.977	7.404	62.220	476.490
	(~3x)	(~6x)	(~10x)	(~23x)	(~24x)	(~30x)
					Wall Cl	ock Time (s)



### Conclusion

#### [Best Techniques Yet]

- IKJ-order multiplication
- Block matrix multiplication
- Optimising w/ AVX2
  Ofast GCC optimization level
- Multi-threading w/ OpenMP

#### [Challenges]

- Requires Intel CPU and sudo rights
- Unfamiliarity in Computer Organisation, OS, Parallel Programming and ASM
- Long runtime for experiments w/ larger matrix

#### [Future Directions]

- Better loops
- Loop interchange and other compilers (ICC, Clang)
- Multi-threading w/ pthreads
- Combining techniques