### SuperLU Users' Guide

Xiaoye S. Li<sup>1</sup> James W. Demmel<sup>2</sup> John R. Gilbert<sup>3</sup> Laura Grigori<sup>4</sup>

### **Contents**

	2.9.1	<b>Driver routines</b>															29
	2.9.2	Computational	rou	tine	s.												29
	2.9.3	Utility routines	·														30
		interface															
2.11	Installa	ation															33
	2.11.1	File structure															33

## Chapter 1

	<b>Sequential</b> SuperLU	SuperLU_MT	SuperLU_DIST
Platform	serial		

1.3.2 Tuning Parameters for BLAS

#### 1.3.6 Iterative Refinement

Step 6 of the expert driver algorithm, iterative refinement,

Here x  $_{\infty}$  max  $_{i} \, |x_{i}|.$  Thus, if FERR =  $10^{-6}$  then each component of x has an error bounded by about  $10^{-6}$ 

1.4 How the three libraries di er

## Chapter 2

# Sequential SuperLU (Version 4.1)

```
/* De-allocate storage */
SUPERLU_FREE (rhs);
SUPERLU_FREE (perm_r);
SUPERLU_FREE (perm_c);
Destroy_CompCol_Matrix(&A);
Destroy_SuperMatrix_Store(&B);
Destroy_SuperNode_Matrix(&L);
Destroy_CompCol_Matrix(&U);
StatFree(&stat);
}
```

#### 2.3 Matrix data structures

```
typedef struct {
   Stype_t Stype; /* Storage type: indicates the storage format of *Store. */
   Dtype_t Dtype; /* Data type. */
   Mtype_t Mtype; /* Mathematical type */
   int nrow; /* number of rows */
   int ncol; /* number of columns */
```

which column j belongs \*/
int \*sup\_to\_col; /\* sup\_to\_col[s] points to the starting column

- Equi I { YES | NO } Specifies whether to equilibrate the system (scale A's rows and columns to have unit norm).
- Col Perm

  Specifies how to permute the columns of the matrix for sparsity preservation.
  - NATURAL: natural ordering.

- DROP\_PROWS:

### 2.5 Permutations

Furthermore, we incorporated several heuristics for adapt

#### 2.9.1 Driver routines

We provide two types of driver routines for solving systems o

• dgscon()

/\* Convert the compressed row from at to the compressed column format. \*/dCompRow\_to\_CompCol(int m, int n, int nnz, [L, U, prow, pcol] = superlu(A) preorders the columns of A by min degree,

using a supernodal LU factorization that is faster than  ${\tt Matlab's}$ 

	_		

$$\label{eq:ferror} \text{FERR} = \frac{\mid\mid |A^{-1}| \ f \ \mid\mid_{\infty}}{\mid\mid x \mid\mid_{\infty}} \ .$$

Here, f

enddo

```
typedef struct {
   int nnz;
                      /* number of nonzeros in the matrix */
   int nsuper;
                      /* number of supernodes */
   void *nzval;
                       /* pointer to array of nonzero values,
                          packed by column */
   int *nzval_colbeg; /* nzval_colbeg[j] points to beginning of column j
                          in nzval[] */
   int *nzval_colend; /* nzval_colend[j] points to one past the last
                          element of column j in nzval[] */
   int *rowind;
                       /* pointer to array of compressed row indices of
                          the supernodes */
   int *rowind_colbeg;/* rowind_colbeg[j] points to beginning of column j
                          in rowind[] */
   int *rowind_colend;/* rowind_colend[j] points to one past the last
                          element of column j in rowind[] */
                       /* col_to_sup[i] is the supernode number to which
   int *col_to_sup;
                          column j belongs */
   int *sup_to_colbeg; /* sup_to_colbeg[s] points to the first column
                          of the s-th supernode /
   int *sup_to_colend;/* sup_to_colend[s] points to one past the last
                          column of the s-th supernode */
} SCPformat;
```



## Chapter 4



This process grid will use the first nprow

NOTE: All processes in the base group, including those not in

any other ordering in place of the ones provided in the librar

• RefineInitialized { YES | NO }

- 4. Call pdgssvx5. Release the process grid and terminate the MPI environment

 $^{\star}$  On the Cray T3E, the program may bee

 $superl\,u\_gri\,di\,ni\,t\,().\ \, \textbf{In this example, the communication domain for SuperLU is built upon the MPI default communicator MPI\_COMM\_WORLD. In general, it can be built upon any MPI communicator. Section 4.4 contains the details about this step.}$ 

```
ScalePermstructFree(ScalePermstruct_t *ScalePermstruct);

/* Allocate storage in LUstruct. */
LUstructInit(const int_t m, const int_t n, LUstruct_t *LUstruct);

/* Deallocate the distributed L & U factors in LUstruct. */
Destroy_LU(int_t n, gridinfo_t *grid, LUstruct_t *LUstruct);

/* Deallocate LUstruct. */
LUstructFree(LUstruct_t *LUstruct);

/* Initialize the statistics variable. */
```

```
parameter ( maxn = 10000, maxnz = 100000, maxnrhs = 10 )
     integer rowind(maxnz), colptr(maxn)
      real *8 values(maxnz), b(maxn), berr(maxnrhs)
      integer n, m, nnz, nrhs, ldb, i, ierr, info, iam
     integer nprow, npcol
     integer init
     integer(superlu_ptr) :: grid
     integer(superlu_ptr) :: options
     integer(superlu_ptr) :: ScalePermstruct
     integer(superlu_ptr) :: LUstruct
     integer(superlu_ptr) :: SOLVEstruct
      integer(superlu_ptr) :: A
      integer(superlu_ptr) :: stat
! Create Fortran handles for the C structures used in SuperLU_DIST
     call f_create_gridinfo(grid)
     call f_create_options(options)
     call f_create_ScalePermstruct(ScalePermstruct)
     call f_create_LUstruct(LUstruct)
     call f_create_SOLVEstruct(SOLVEstruct)
     call f_create_SuperMatrix(A)
     call f_create_SuperLUStat(stat)
! Initialize MPI environment
     call mpif47 [(c)-3(a)-3(l)-3-519.993(e)-3(e)-2.)cactacl(l)-((d)-2.99886()519.993a)-3(
```

subroutine set\_SuperMatrix(A, nrow, ncol)
integer(superlu\_ptr) :: A
integer, optional :: nrow, ncol

fptr \*SOLVEstruct, double \*berr, fptr \*stat, int \*info)

## **Bibliography**

[1] E. Anderson, Z. Bai, C. Bischof, J. Demmel, J. Dongarra, J

[27] Message Passing Interface (MPI) forum. http://www.mp