



1 DEFINITIONS

1. The *Kronecker delta* function is defined as

$$\delta(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n = 0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

2. The unit step function is

$$u(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n \geq 0 \\ 0 & n < 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

3. The *one sided* Z-transform of $x(n)$ is defined as

$$X^+(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n}, \quad z \in \mathbb{C} \quad (1.3)$$

4. α, β are the roots of the equation

$$t^2 - t - 1 = 0 \quad (1.4)$$

- 5.

$$a_n = \frac{\alpha^n - \beta^n}{\alpha - \beta}, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (1.5)$$

- 6.

$$b_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n+1}, \quad n \geq 2, \quad b_1 = 1 \quad (1.6)$$

2 PROBLEMS

1. Show that (1.6) can be expressed as

$$y(n) = x(n-1) + x(n+1), \quad x(0) = y(0) = 1, n \geq 0 \quad (2.1)$$

where

$$x(n) = a(n+1), \quad n \geq 0 \quad (2.2)$$

$$y(n) = b(n+1), \quad n \geq 0 \quad (2.3)$$

2. Show that the one sided Z transform of $x(n-1)$ and $x(n+1)$ are

$$x(-1) + z^{-1}X^+(z) \quad (2.4)$$

and

$$zX^+(z) - zx(0) \quad (2.5)$$

respectively.

3. Show that

$$X^+(z) = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (2.6)$$

4. Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x(k)}{10^k} \quad (2.7)$$

5. Show that

$$Y^+(z) = \frac{1 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - z^{-1} - z^{-2}} \quad (2.8)$$

6. Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{1}{10} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{y(k)}{10^k} \quad (2.9)$$

7. Show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = x(n) * u(n-1) \quad (2.10)$$

8. Find $y(n)$.

9. Which of the following options is/are correct?

a)

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = a_{n+2} - 1, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (2.11)$$

b)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{10}{89} \quad (2.12)$$

c)

$$b_n = \alpha^n + \beta^n, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (2.13)$$

d)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{8}{89} \quad (2.14)$$