



## 1 DEFINITIONS

1. The *Kronecker delta* function is defined as

$$\delta(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n = 0 \\ 0 & n \neq 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

2. The unit step function is

$$u(n) = \begin{cases} 1 & n \geq 0 \\ 0 & n < 0 \end{cases} \quad (1.2)$$

3. The *one sided* Z-transform of  $x(n)$  is defined as

$$X^+(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n}, \quad z \in \mathbb{C} \quad (1.3)$$

4.  $\alpha, \beta$  are the roots of the equation

$$t^2 - t - 1 = 0 \quad (1.4)$$

- 5.

$$a_n = \frac{\alpha^n - \beta^n}{\alpha - \beta}, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (1.5)$$

- 6.

$$b_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n+1}, \quad n \geq 2, \quad b_1 = 1 \quad (1.6)$$

## 2 PROBLEMS

1. Show that (1.6) can be expressed as

$$y(n) = x(n) + x(n-2), \quad x(0) = y(0) = 1, y(n) \geq 0 \quad (2.1)$$

where

$$x(n) = a(n+1) \quad (2.2)$$

$$y(n) = b(n+1) \quad (2.3)$$

2. Show that the one sided Z transform of  $x(n-1)$  and  $x(n+1)$  are

$$x(0) + z^{-1}X^+(z) \quad (2.4)$$

and

$$zX^+(z) - zx(0) \quad (2.5)$$

respectively.

3. Find  $X^+(z)$ .

4. Find  $Y^+(z)$ .

5. Find  $y(n)$ .

6. Find

$$r(k) = x(k) * [u(k) - u(k-n)] \quad (2.6)$$

and show that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = r(n-1) \quad (2.7)$$

Which of the following options is/are correct?

7.

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k = a_{n+2} - 1, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (2.8)$$

8.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_k}{10^k} = \frac{10}{89} \quad (2.9)$$

9.

$$b_n = \alpha^n + \beta^n, \quad n \geq 1 \quad (2.10)$$

10.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{b_k}{10^k} = \frac{8}{89} \quad (2.11)$$