

```
#####
#Name: Daniel Lewis
#Description: Homework Assignment 1
#Date: 01/17/2019 (JST)
#-----HW1: Intro -----
#Define the following vectors, which represent the weight and height of
people on a particular team (in inches and pounds):
height <- c(59,60,61,58,67,72,70)
weight <- c(150,140,180,220,160,140,130)
#define a variable a
a <- c(150)
#-----
#Step1: Calculate Mean
#Compute, using R, the average height (called mean in R)
mean(height)
#Compute, using R, the average weight (called mean in R)
mean(weight)
#Calculate the length of the vector 'height' and 'weight'
length(height)
length(weight)
#Calculate the sum of the heights
sum(height)
#Compute the average of both height and weight, by dividing the sum (of the
height
#or the width, as appropriate), by the length of the vector. How does this
compare to
#the 'mean' function?
avgH <- sum(height)/length(height)
avgW <- sum(weight)/length(weight)
#this compares to the mean function in that it seems to give the same result except that the height is rounded in the
mean function.
#-----
#Step2: Using max/min functions

#compute the max height, store the results in maxH
maxH <- max(height)

#computer the min weight, store the results in minW
minW <- min(weight)

#-----
#Step 3: Vector Math
#create a new vector, which is the weight +5 (every person gained 5 pounds)
newWeight <- weight + 5

#compute the pounds/height for each person, using the new weight just created
height_to_newWeight <- data.frame(newWeight,height)

#-----
#Step 4: Using Conditional if statements
#Write the R code to test if max height is greater than 60 (output "yes"
or "no")
if (maxH>60) "yes" else "no"
#)Write the R code to if min weight is greater than the variable 'a'
(output "yes" or "no")
if (minW>a) "yes" else "no"
```