CS 421 – Computer Networks Programming Assignment II Instant Message App

Due: May 11, 2022 at 23:59

I. Introduction

In this programming assignment, you are asked to implement a program in Java or Python.. The program is an instant messaging application which uses a server to register and to find addresses of the other users, and a peer-to-peer connection to send and receive messages directly to other users. Both the server and client programs should be implemented by students.

The project has both a **design** and an **implementation** part. There will be parts where there are no implementation specifications, any implementation within the following constraints which satisfies the functional specifications will be accepted.

For the design part, you are asked to write a report in which you will explain your design and discuss the decisions you made.

Constraints: For this programming assignment, you are not allowed to use any third party HTTP client libraries, or the HTTP specific core or non-core APIs, including but not limited to *java.net.HttpURLConnection* or *requests* module of Python.

Your project grade will be penalized by 50% if you use one of these libraries.

The goal of the assignment is to make you familiar with the HTTP, TCP and UDP protocols. You have to implement your program using either the Java Socket API of the JDK or the socket module of Python. If you have any doubt about what to use or not to use, please contact with TA: hamza.pehlivan@bilkent.edu.tr.

When preparing your project please mind the formatting as this project will be autograded by a computer program. Any problems in the formatting can create problems in the grading. While you will not get a zero from your project, you might need to have an appointment with us for a manual grading. Problems caused by Windows/Linux incompatibility will have no penalty. However, errors caused by incorrectly naming the project files and folder structure might cause you to lose points.

II. Design Specifications

The server program should be a console application (no graphical user interface(GUI) is allowed) and should be named as MessageServer (i.e., the name of the class that includes the main method should be MessageServer for Java). The server should be run with

java MessageServer <serverURL:serverPort>

python MessageServer.py <serverURL:serverPort>

command, where <serverURL:serverPort> is a required command line argument. It specifies the URL and the port number of the server. Note that the URL and port are separated with a colon.

The server program should implement two protocols, whose details are left to you. First protocol should be used to register a user to a txt file, which can be located at serverURL/userlist.txt. The second protocol sends the content of the txt file to clients. A possible example for registration protocol is given below.

REGISTER <username>@<IP>:<Port> (e.g. "REGISTER hamza@192.168.1.13:54321")

When the server receives an **HTTP POST** request with a body that contains a message possibly formatted as above, it will create a registry for the user in its userlist.txt file. Note that the HTTP response from the server should contain a status code indicating an error (for example if the username includes characters that are not allowed or a user with the given username already exists in the userlist). Therefore your client program needs to check the status code of the response and ask the user to enter a valid username until the POST request is accepted by the server.

The other protocol is accessed through sending a **HTTP GET** message to the serverURL/userlist.txt which returns a file where all registered users are written in a line-by-line fashion. E.g.

yarkin@192.168.1.13:54321

bulut@192.168.1.13:12345

deniz@192.168.1.41:12345

You will use this file to determine the other users in your network.

Your client program must also be a **console application** (no graphical user interface(GUI) is allowed) and should be named as InstantMessenger (i.e., the name of the class that includes the main method should be InstantMessenger for Java). Your program should be run with the

java InstantMessenger <username> <serverURL:serverPort> <mode>

python InstantMessenger.py <username> <serverURL:serverPort> <mode>

command where <username>, <serverURL:serverPort> and <mode> are the command-line arguments. In detail, this command-line arguments are:

- <username>[Required] The username of the client where all clients have only one username. No spaces, colons ':' or at sign '@' is allowed inside the username.
- <serverURL:serverPort> [Required] The URL and port of the MessageServer program. The URL and port are separated with a colon.
- <mode> [Required] The mode is either "send" or "listen" (without the quotes). If "send" is selected the app is configured to send messages. If "listen" is selected then the app is configured to listen for any incoming messages from other clients.

When a user enters the command above and chooses **listen** as the mode, the program should send an **HTTP POST** request to the server to register its username, IP address and port number. When a user is in the **send** mode, the program should send an **HTTP GET** request to the server to get the list of currently registered users, along with their IP addresses and port numbers.

If the client program is run in **send** mode, it enters into a simple read-evaluate-print loop (REPL) where it waits for commands. For this project, you have to design and implement **5 commands** which are defined as functionalities. You can implement them freely, without use of the aforementioned libraries of course. Commands are:

a. list

When the list command is entered the program retrieves the current user list, stores it locally and prints the names of the users available.

b. unicast <username> "<message>"

This command will send the <message> to the desired user IF the user is in the registry (Your program should automatically <u>update the local registry</u> before sending.). You do not have to check for acknowledgments if the desired user is registered; just print "message is sent to <username>" (without the quotes). IF NOT, i.e. the user is not in the list, simply print "user <username> is not found". Note that the messages should be entered between quotation marks ("").

- c. broadcast "<message>"
 - This command will send the <message> to all users (except itself) registered in the server after updating its local registry.
- d. multicast [<username1>, <username2>, ..., <usernameN>] "<message>"

This command will send the <message> to users registered in the server and given in the arguments after <u>updating its local registry</u>. It will also print whether the desired users are in the userlist or not, just like unicast command.

e.g. where the user is veli and tries to send to yarkin, ali and bulut, while only the users yarkin and bulut exist in the server userlist.

>> multicast [yarkin, ali, bulut] "merhabalar"

>> message is sent to yarkin

>> user ali is not found

>> message is sent to bulut

e. exit

The program will terminate.

If the program is run in **listen** mode, it will enter into an infinite loop. Inside the loop the program will listen to the incoming messages and print them in the form of "<username>: <message>" (without the quotes). You should use the address information of the received packet to determine the username of the sender. **Also, the listening client should print who sent the message.**

For example, let us assume that your IP address is 192.168.1.33 and you also run the message server locally (at 192.168.1.33) and you chose the username rick. When you start the program with command:

>> java InstantMessenger rick 192.168.1.33 listen

The program will automatically bind to a port provided by the operating system. Let us assume it is bound to port 12345. The program then sends a POST message to the server URL which can have the following body:

REGISTER rick@192.168.1.33:12345

And the server updates the userlist file with URL <serverURL>/userlist.txt.

Another user called morty wants to join the network as a sender, he runs the command

>> java InstantMessenger morty 192.168.1.33 send

Now the program will automatically bind to a port provided by the operating system, however this time it will not send its information as it is a sender and not a receiver client.

Now morty's program awaits user input. Morty wants to see who is online so he enters

The program outputs:

```
>>The online users are:
>>rick
```

Now morty wants to send a message to **rick**, so he enters the command:

```
>> unicast rick "what is my purpose?"
```

The program outputs:

```
>> message sent to rick rick sees the
```

following message in his console:

```
>> morty: what is my purpose?
```

A third user called **jerry** wants to join as a listener. Now morty wants to send messages to both **rick** and **jerry**. There are two ways he can achieve this:

First is by multicast

```
>> multicast [rick,jerry] "what is my purpose?"
```

The program outputs:

```
>> message sent to rick
```

>> message sent to jerry

Second is by broadcast which sends messages to all available users

```
>> broadcast "what is my purpose?" rick and jerry
```

sees the following message in their consoles:

```
>> morty: what is my purpose?
```

III. Implementation Specifications

While this is aimed to be a design oriented project, you still have some constraints on how to implement certain functionalities.

1. Use TCP connections for communicating with the message server and you have to use HTTP messages to communicate.

- 2. For peer-to-peer communication between the clients, you will use UDP as the transport layer service. Since UDP is unreliable, there might be packet losses, however you do not have to handle these losses.
- 3. For Java users: Java version should be **8 or higher**, The JDK should be Oracle JDK (**not** OpenJDK).
- 4. For Python users: Python version should be **3.6 or higher**. Other versions (like Python 2) are **not accepted**.
 - 5. Turn in the version which implements only the features listed in the assignment and the one with extra functionalities separately, if you have any. If you'd like to improve your project further you can do so, however since these will cause compatibility issues with auto-grader, please turn in the original version. Any further improvement to the existing assignment will be considered as a bonus part. They will be graded according to technical difficulty and creativity.

Assumptions and Hints

- Please refer to W3Cs RFC 2616 for details of the HTTP messages.
- Please contact your TAs if you have any questions about the assignment.
- Since the messages that users send are written between quotation marks (""), you can assume that the message itself does not contain quotation marks.

Assignment Report

You need to submit a report **in pdf format (important) named as** "[CS421_PA2]AliVelioglu20111222.pdf" where you evaluate your server and client applications exhaustively. This involves listing all users in the server that you will artificially generate, submitting at least one sample of test runs for each message type, i.e unicast, multicast and broadcast. At least 4 users should be registered to your server while you are doing these test runs. Your report **must** include the following:

- A complete description of your protocol for peer-to-peer communication between the clients. (How clients understand who sent the message, etc.)
- A complete description of your protocol for server-client communication.

Lastly, indicate the operating system that you use.

Submission rules

You need to apply all the following rules in your submission. You will lose points if you do not obey the submission rules below or your program does not run as described in the

assignment above.

- The assignment should be uploaded to the Moodle in a zip file. Any other methods (Disk/CD/DVD) of submission will not be accepted.
- The name of the submission should start with [CS421_PA2], and include your name and student ID. For example, the name must be

[CS421_PA2]AliVelioglu20111222

if your name and ID are Ali Velioglu and 20111222. You are **not allowed** to work in groups.

- All the files must be submitted in a **zip** file whose name is described above. The file must be a .zip file, not a .rar file or any other compressed file.
- All of the files must be in the root of the zip file; directory structures are not allowed.
 Please note that this also disallows organizing your code into Java packages. The archive should not contain:
 - Any class files or other executables,
 - Any third-party library archives (i.e. jar files),
 - Any text files,
 - Project files used by IDEs (e.g., JCreator, JBuilder, SunOne, Eclipse, Idea or NetBeans etc.). You may, and are encouraged to, use these programs while developing, but the end result must be a clean, IDE-independent program.
- The standard rules for plagiarism and academic honesty apply; if in doubt refer to
 <u>Academic Integrity Guidelines for Students</u> and <u>Academic Integrity, Plagiarism & Cheating</u>.