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# Final Skeleton
#
# Hints/Reminders from Lab 3:
#
# To check the source and destination of an IP packet, you can use
# the header information... For example:
#
# ip_header = packet.find('ipv4')
#
# if ip_header.srcip == "1.1.1.1":
#     print "Packet is from 1.1.1.1"
#
# Important Note: the "is" comparison DOES NOT work for IP address
# comparisons in this way. You must use ==.
#
# To send an OpenFlow Message telling a switch to send packets out a
# port, do the following, replacing <PORT> with the port number the
# switch should send the packets out:
#
#     msg = of.ofp_flow_mod()
#     msg.match = of.ofp_match.from_packet(packet)
#     msg.idle_timeout = 30
#     msg.hard_timeout = 30
#
#     msg.actions.append(of.ofp_action_output(port = <PORT>))
#     msg.data = packet_in
#     self.connection.send(msg)
#
# To drop packets, simply omit the action.
#

from pox.core import core
import pox.openflow.libopenflow_01 as of

log = core.getLogger()

class Final (object):
    """
    A Firewall object is created for each switch that connects.
    A Connection object for that switch is passed to the __init__ function.
    """

    def __init__(self, connection):
        # Keep track of the connection to the switch so that we can
        # send it messages!
        self.connection = connection

        # This binds our PacketIn event listener
        connection.addListener(self)

    def do_final(self, packet, packet_in, port_on_switch, switch_id):
        # This is where you'll put your code. The following modifications have
        # been made from Lab 3:
        # - port_on_switch: represents the port that the packet was received on.
        # - switch_id represents the id of the switch that received the packet.
        # (for example, s1 would have switch_id == 1, s2 would have switch_id
        == 2, etc...)
        # You should use these to determine where a packet came from. To figure out

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where a packet
# is going, you can use the IP header information.
# print "Example code."

msg = of.ofp_flow_mod()
msg.match = of.ofp_match.from_packet(packet)
msg.idle_timeout = 30
msg.hard_timeout = 60
msg.data = packet_in

# search for ip and icmp packets
ip = packet.find('ipv4')
icmp = packet.find('icmp')
ipport = 0

# check if the packet is ip
# need to specify ports for all IP traffic
if ip:
    msg.priority = 50
    # set the destination
    dest = ip.dstip

    # check if the packet is icmp
    if icmp:
        if switch_id == 1:

            if port_on_switch == 2 or port_on_switch == 3:

                if dest == '10.2.5.50' or dest == '10.2.6.60' or dest ==
'10.2.7.70' or dest == '10.2.8.80':
                    self.connection.send(msg)
                    return

                elif port_on_switch == 4 or port_on_switch == 5:
                    if dest == '10.1.1.10' or dest == '10.1.2.20' or dest ==
'10.1.3.30' or dest == '10.1.4.40':
                        self.connection.send(msg)
                        return

                elif port_on_switch == 6:
                    if dest == '10.2.5.50' or dest == '10.2.6.60' or dest ==
'10.2.7.70' or dest == '10.2.8.80':
                        self.connection.send(msg)

            # untrusted host
            elif port_on_switch == 7:
                self.connection.send(msg)
                return

        # traffic is not icmp
        # match the destination ip with the correct ipport
        if switch_id == 1:
            if dest == '10.3.9.90' and port_on_switch < 6:
                ipport = 1
            elif dest == '10.1.1.10' or dest == '10.1.2.20':
                ipport = 2
            elif dest == '10.1.3.30' or dest == '10.1.4.40':
                ipport = 3
            elif dest == '10.2.5.50' or dest == '10.2.6.60':

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        ipport = 4
    elif dest == '10.2.7.70' or dest == '10.2.8.80':
        ipport = 5
    elif dest == '108.24.31.112':
        ipport = 6
    elif dest == '106.44.82.103':
        ipport = 7

elif switch_id == 2:
    if dest == '10.1.3.30' or dest == '10.1.4.40':
        ipport = 1
    elif dest == '10.1.1.10':
        ipport = 3
    elif dest == '10.1.2.20':
        ipport = 4
    else:
        ipport = 1

elif switch_id == 3:
    if dest == '10.1.1.10' or dest == '10.1.2.20':
        ipport = 1
    elif dest == '10.1.3.30':
        ipport = 3
    elif dest == '10.1.4.40':
        ipport = 4
    else:
        ipport = 1

elif switch_id == 4:
    if dest == '10.2.7.70' or dest == '10.2.8.80':
        ipport = 1
    elif dest == '10.2.5.50':
        ipport = 3
    elif dest == '10.2.6.60':
        ipport = 4
    else:
        ipport = 1

elif switch_id == 5:
    if dest == '10.2.5.50' or dest == '10.2.6.60':
        ipport = 1
    elif dest == '10.2.7.70':
        ipport = 3
    elif dest == '10.2.8.80':
        ipport = 4
    else:
        ipport = 1

elif switch_id == 6:
    if port_on_switch == 1:
        ipport = 2
    elif port_on_switch == 2:
        ipport = 1

# traffic is not ip and ipport is none
else:
    msg.priority = 49
    ipport = None

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    # traffic is ip so set port to ipport
    if ipport > 0:
        msg.actions.append(of.ofp_action_output(port=ipport))

    # traffic is not ip so flood
    elif ipport is None:
        msg.actions.append(of.ofp_action_output(port=of.OFPP_FLOOD))

    self.connection.send(msg)
    return

def _handle_PacketIn(self, event):
    """
    Handles packet in messages from the switch.
    """
    packet = event.parsed # This is the parsed packet data.
    if not packet.parsed:
        log.warning("Ignoring incomplete packet")
        return

    packet_in = event.ofp # The actual ofp_packet_in message.
    self.do_final(packet, packet_in, event.port, event.dpid)

def launch():
    """
    Starts the component
    """
    def start_switch(event):
        log.debug("Controlling %s" % (event.connection,))
        Final(event.connection)
    core.openflow.addListenerByName("ConnectionUp", start_switch)

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