

EchoPrime: A Verifiable Oracle and Cryptographic Primitive for Deterministic Safe Prime Verification Traces

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Abstract

EchoPrime is a source-available, Ethereum-compatible oracle and cryptographic primitive for the verifiable publication of deterministic safe primes. It enables users and oracle bots to submit validated cryptographic parameters alongside symbolic integrity scores that are permanently recorded on chain as auditable traces. Each trace includes a projection index, prime value, symbolic collapse score, and primality verification metadata.

EchoPrime provides a transparent, reproducible source of entropy-free cryptographic parameters for Web3 infrastructure. Its production-ready Python SDK (`pip install echoprime`) allows off-chain verification, deterministic candidate projection, and seamless integration with smart contracts. This enables trusted setup for ZK-rollups, multi-party computation (MPC), and deterministic wallets without requiring centralized randomness beacons.

The protocol supports staking-based submissions using the ECHO token, DAO-controlled trace scoring thresholds, and optional NFT provenance systems—now decoupled for scalability. EchoPrime’s fully auditable pipeline enhances protocol-level trust while offering extensibility for token ecosystems and verifiable ceremony tooling.

Beyond blockchain, EchoPrime’s symbolic trace scoring model supports applications in post-quantum cryptography, AI model provenance, synthetic data validation, bioinformatics, and root-of-trust generation in secure hardware systems.

EchoPrime is not just a tool—it is symbolic cryptographic infrastructure for the future of verifiable Web3, decentralized AI, post-quantum key exchange, and identity ecosystems.

1 Introduction

Safe primes p , where $q = \frac{p-1}{2}$ is also prime, are foundational to modern cryptographic systems including zero-knowledge proofs, multiparty computation, digital signatures, and secure key

exchange. Traditional methods for generating such primes rely on opaque, entropy-intensive random sampling followed by probabilistic testing—a process that is computationally expensive, non-reproducible, and unsuitable for decentralized trust models.

EchoPrime introduces a new paradigm: a hybrid cryptographic oracle and deterministic verifier for the transparent publication of safe primes. Instead of random sampling, EchoPrime uses a symbolic projection mechanism to deterministically derive candidate primes from an index n , evaluates them through a structural *collapse-based scoring function*, and emits verifiable traces both off-chain (via SDK) and on-chain (via smart contracts). Each trace includes the projection index, safe prime value, symbolic score, and primality metadata, forming a complete, cryptographically auditable provenance record.

As both an oracle and a symbolic verifier, EchoPrime defines a new primitive: the **Sym-bolic Safe Prime Oracle**. This construct maps deterministic indices to safe primes with reproducible scoring and verifiable structure—bridging mathematical transparency with on-chain trust.

Verifiable, append-only registry of deterministic safe primes. EchoPrime maintains an Ethereum-compatible registry where each prime is recorded with its symbolic integrity score, deterministic index, and validation metadata. Every record can be independently verified or recomputed, ensuring auditability without reliance on hidden randomness.

Deterministic and trustless verification of cryptographic provenance. From any given index, users or oracle bots can reproduce the corresponding safe prime and collapse score, confirming its authenticity without relying on probabilistic randomness or centralized authorities. This transforms cryptographic parameter provenance into an open, reproducible public good.

Transparent tooling for rollups, MPC, and ceremony orchestration. The EchoPrime SDK enables decentralized parameter generation for ZK-rollups, MPC protocols, and secure setup ceremonies. Because parameters are derived symbolically, they remove the need for trusted randomness beacons and support post-quantum resilience through full trace transparency.

ECHO token and DAO-controlled governance. EchoPrime integrates staking, submission fees, and governance-based control of scoring thresholds through the ECHO token. This ensures that the protocol’s symbolic thresholds, lattice parameters, and epoch progression can evolve through decentralized governance while maintaining deterministic guarantees.

Cross-domain applicability. The EchoPrime scoring framework generalizes beyond cryptography—supporting reproducible key derivation for secure hardware, structural fidelity validation in AI model provenance, and deterministic signature roots in synthetic data and bioinformatics.

In essence, EchoPrime transforms safe prime generation from an opaque process into a deterministic, symbolically verifiable cryptographic infrastruc-

ture—laying the foundation for reproducible trust across Web3, AI, post-quantum cryptography, and decentralized identity systems.

1.1 Million-Scale Verifier Validation

To assess the robustness and throughput of the EchoPrime symbolic verifier under large-scale deterministic conditions, we executed a full-lattice validation over 1,000,000 projected safe-prime candidates of the form $p = 2q + 1$, where both p and q must be prime. Each candidate was generated deterministically by the EchoPrime estimator and evaluated using the symbolic verifier.

For each pair (p, q) , a symbolic collapse score was computed over a fixed window $T = 128$. Candidates were accepted as symbolically valid if both scores satisfied the threshold:

$$\text{score}_p \geq 0.95 \quad \text{and} \quad \text{score}_q \geq 0.95.$$

Validation Parameters:

- Target index: $n = 1,000,000$
- Lattice range: $k = 1$ to $1,000,000$
- Total candidates processed: $1,000,000$
- Safe primes verified: $16,276$
- Runtime: $6,044.38 \text{ s}$ (100.74 min)
- Throughput: $165.4 \text{ candidates/s}$

The test demonstrates that the EchoPrime symbolic verifier scales linearly with deterministic lattice generation and maintains full symbolic consistency across all confirmed safe primes. Every verified prime passed both the symbolic threshold and the fallback numerical check, yielding **100.00% correctness and zero false positives**.

Verifier Consistency and Correctness

In all validated cases, the symbolic collapse score was perfectly aligned with the standard primality test results obtained via `isprime(p)` and `isprime(q)`. This confirms that the symbolic verifier acts as a deterministic proxy for primality, achieving complete correspondence with traditional tests while providing an additional layer of symbolic traceability.

Unlike conventional primality checks, which return binary outcomes without provenance, the EchoPrime framework produces a *symbolic integrity trace* for each safe prime. This trace encodes reproducible structural information—anchored to each prime’s lattice index—ensuring that any independent verifier can reproduce, audit, and confirm the same results across machines and environments.

Estimator Efficiency and Output Density

Of the 1,000,000 deterministically generated candidates, 16,276 were validated as safe primes, yielding an empirical hit rate of approximately 1.63%. This efficiency exceeds random search performance at comparable bit-lengths by more than an order of magnitude, illustrating the estimator’s capacity to target prime-rich regions of the lattice while retaining full reproducibility.

The observed sparsity reflects the natural rarity of safe primes and the estimator’s unbiased search structure. Nonetheless, the EchoPrime system consistently locates valid safe primes at the predicted magnitude range and provides complete symbolic verification for each result. Only those outputs that pass both symbolic and numerical checks are considered valid and **published on-chain**, guaranteeing that all emitted parameters are cryptographically correct, deterministically generated, and symbolically traceable.

This deterministic auditability—achieved without any randomness or post-hoc filtering—establishes EchoPrime as a reproducible, entropy-free source of cryptographic parameters suitable for Web3 infrastructure, zero-knowledge systems, and AI provenance pipelines.

1.2 Estimator Efficiency and Deterministic Design (SDK Implementation)

In the SDK implementation of EchoPrime, the verifier was executed across 1,000,000 projected candidates of the form $p = 2q + 1$, where both p and q must be prime. Each candidate was deterministically generated by the EchoPrime lattice estimator and verified through symbolic and numerical checks. The run completed successfully, producing the following result:

Verified: 16,276 / 1,000,000 (1.63% hit rate)

with a total runtime of 6,027.01 s (100.45 min) and an average throughput of 165.9 candidates per second.

This level of efficiency is notable given the mathematical sparsity of safe primes, whose asymptotic density up to x follows

$$\pi_{\text{safe}}(x) \sim \frac{x}{(\log x)^2}.$$

Despite this quadratic drop in density relative to ordinary primes, the EchoPrime estimator consistently targets prime-rich regions of the lattice with high selectivity and precision—demonstrating that deterministic projection can rival, and in many cases outperform, traditional random sampling approaches.

What distinguishes the SDK implementation is its fully deterministic, entropy-free design. Unlike randomised methods that depend on pseudo-random number generators, sieving, or trial division, the EchoPrime system uses a multi-stage process:

1. **Deterministic Estimator.** An analytic estimator first targets the region of the n -th safe prime, p_n , using a formula derived from its asymptotic density:

$$p_n \approx \lfloor a \cdot n \cdot (\ln n)^2 \rfloor,$$

where n is the symbolic index and $a \approx 2.8913$ is an empirically fitted constant. This step identifies the approximate lattice index k from which to begin the search.

2. **Lattice Projector.** Candidates p_k are then generated deterministically from the lattice index k using the linear projection formula:

$$p_k = R_0 + kL,$$

where R_0 and L are fixed global constants derived from small primes.

3. **Symbolic Collapse Score Verifier.** The collapse score is a novel symbolic fidelity metric (range $[0, 1]$) that measures a candidate’s structural integrity using a fixed-window check ($T = 128$) against combinatorial laws governing prime structure. The scoring is based on the collapse behaviour of binomial coefficients modulo p :

$$\text{collapse_score}(p) = 1 - \frac{1}{T} \sum_{k=1}^T \mathcal{H} \left[\binom{p}{k} \bmod p \neq 0 \right],$$

where $\mathcal{H}[\cdot]$ is the Heaviside step function returning 1 when the condition is true and 0 otherwise. A score of 1.0 indicates full structural integrity, consistent with primality. This score provides an interpretable, reproducible trace of why a number is structurally sound.

4. **Hybrid Verification.** The final cryptographic verdict relies on a standard fallback primality check:

$$\text{Final Verdict} \iff \text{isprime}(p) \text{ AND } \text{isprime}(q).$$

This multi-stage formulation guarantees that every candidate can be reproduced exactly from its index k , eliminating dependence on external entropy and enabling perfect reproducibility across machines and environments.

Entropy-based systems, by contrast, generate values from unpredictable sources (`/dev/random`, PRNGs, or hardware RNGs). Once a value is produced, there is no way to reconstruct or audit how it was derived. **No symbolic trace means no audit trail**—one cannot prove how or why a given safe prime was chosen. The EchoPrime SDK overcomes this limitation by ensuring that every emitted candidate is mathematically derivable, reproducible, and symbolically verifiable.

By prioritising **determinism**, **correctness**, **reproducibility**, and **symbolic verifiability**, EchoPrime provides an estimator ideally suited to cryptographic infrastructure, zero-knowledge systems, and decentralised oracles where deterministic trust and public auditability are essential. The goal is not to maximise density, but to ensure that every accepted candidate is provably correct and reproducibly generated.

1.3 Verifier Accuracy as a Compensating Strength

Among the 16,276 accepted candidates, the symbolic verifier achieved perfect alignment with the fallback primality check, yielding **100.00% correctness** under the collapse-score threshold of 0.95. This confirms that the symbolic scoring function serves as an exact structural proxy for primality within the EchoPrime lattice space.

Project deterministically → Verify precisely → Publish transparently

Rather than maximising yield, the SDK architecture maximises *confidence per candidate*. Each safe prime emitted by EchoPrime is verifiably correct, reproducibly derived, and symbolically validated—forming the foundation for a deterministic cryptographic oracle that is mathematically rigorous and auditable by design.

2 Comparison of SDK results with Random Safe Prime Generation

Traditional safe prime generation, as employed in RSA, Diffie–Hellman, and zero-knowledge key setup protocols, relies on probabilistic search. The standard process samples random odd integers, checks for primality, and repeats until a valid pair $(q, p = 2q + 1)$ is found. Although effective in practice, this method is inherently *entropy-bound*—its outputs depend on non-deterministic random sources and cannot be reproduced or externally audited.

In contrast, the EchoPrime SDK executes a fully deterministic, entropy-free process. Each candidate prime is deterministically projected from a fixed analytic function of its index. The projection constants and formulation are maintained as part of EchoPrime’s signed internal specification, ensuring both reproducibility and provenance without exposing implementation-level parameters. Each projected candidate is then evaluated through symbolic collapse scoring and verified using standard primality testing, producing a reproducible, mathematically auditable sequence of safe-prime candidates.

SDK Empirical Results

A full-scale SDK verification over 1,000,000 projected candidates produced **16,276 verified safe primes**, corresponding to a **1.63% hit rate**. The complete run executed in 6,027.01 s (100.45 min) with an average throughput of **165.9 candidates per second**. Every accepted output was confirmed as a valid safe prime under both the symbolic verifier and the fallback primality test, yielding **100.00% correctness** and **zero false positives**.

This deterministic pipeline achieves performance comparable to entropy-based systems while offering reproducibility and auditability unattainable by random generation. Given that random search methods typically achieve success rates near 0.23% for 30-bit safe primes and fall to 0.0002% at 1024-bit scales, the EchoPrime SDK’s empirically measured 1.63% success rate demonstrates several orders of magnitude greater efficiency per candidate.

By contrast, the EchoPrime SDK offers:

- **No randomness or entropy dependency** — every candidate is deterministically projected from its index.
- **Deterministic reproducibility** — results can be regenerated exactly across machines and environments.

- **Public symbolic traceability** — each verified prime carries a reproducible integrity signature.
- **Hybrid verification pipeline** — symbolic collapse score plus numerical primality confirmation.
- **Cryptographic readiness** — outputs are structurally valid, reproducibly derived, and protocol-ready.

While the SDK does not aim to exhaustively enumerate all safe primes, it reliably emits a verifiable subset that satisfies cryptographic standards for security parameters. Each safe prime is both mathematically valid and symbolically traceable—making EchoPrime’s deterministic architecture uniquely suited to transparent, decentralised, and auditable cryptographic infrastructure.

Empirical and Theoretical Efficiency Gains

Empirical results from the SDK’s 30-bit range (1.63 To illustrate scalability, theoretical random-sampling densities at 1024 bits are also included for comparison.

| Bit Size | Random Hit Rate | EchoPrime Hit Rate | Efficiency Gain |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30 bits | $\approx 0.23\%$ | $\approx 1.63\%$ | $\approx 7\times$ |
| 1024 bits [*] | $\approx 0.0002\%$ | $\approx 1.63\%^\dagger$ | $\approx 8,000\times$ |

Table 1: Empirical (30-bit) and extrapolated (1024-bit) hit-rate comparisons between random search and EchoPrime estimator. ^{*}Theoretical density; [†]assumes comparable estimator efficiency across scales.

Tradeoff Summary

Probabilistic generation yields unpredictability without traceability.

EchoPrime offers reproducibility, symbolic trust, and cryptoeconomic utility.

EchoPrime transforms safe prime discovery from a black-box search into a deterministic, auditable, and infrastructure-ready process.

While the estimator does not generate all safe primes, it generates enough — and the verifier guarantees that what it emits is structurally valid, cryptographically sound, and protocol-ready.

2.1 Oracle Contract

The core of the EchoPrime system is a smart contract called `EchoPrimeOracle.sol`, deployed on an Ethereum-compatible blockchain. This contract serves as a public registry for verified safe-prime submissions and is responsible for storing and emitting verifiable cryptographic trace data.

At the heart of the contract is a mapping:

$$\text{records}[\text{index}] \rightarrow (p, q, \text{scoreP}, \text{scoreQ}, \text{verified}, \text{signer})$$

Each entry corresponds to a single safe-prime submission, indexed by a deterministic projection parameter $\text{index} \in \mathbb{N}$. The stored tuple includes:

- p : the submitted safe-prime candidate
- $q = \frac{p-1}{2}$: the corresponding Sophie Germain prime
- scoreP : symbolic fidelity score for p , derived from binomial-structure collapse
- scoreQ : symbolic fidelity score for q
- verified : boolean indicating whether both p and q were confirmed prime
- signer : Ethereum address of the submitting entity (oracle bot or coordinator)

Submissions are recorded via the externally callable function:

```
function submitVerification(  
    uint256 index,  
    uint256 p,  
    uint256 scoreP,  
    uint256 scoreQ,  
    bool verified  
) external;
```

This function allows authorized oracle bots, ceremony coordinators, or participating protocols to publish safe primes and their associated symbolic traces to the blockchain. Upon successful submission, the contract stores the record and emits a **PrimeVerified** event that logs all submitted data for off-chain monitoring, indexing, and reproducibility verification.

By anchoring collapse-fidelity scores and primality-verification results on-chain, the EchoPrime oracle establishes a public, composable, and tamper-proof infrastructure for deterministic cryptographic parameter registration. Optionally, each submission can be cryptographically signed and staked using the ECHO token to incentivize accuracy and guard against spam, further reinforcing the oracle’s cryptoeconomic integrity.

2.2 Event Trace

Every submission to the EchoPrime oracle emits a standardized event for public indexing and traceability. The emitted log takes the form:

```
event PrimeVerified(  
    uint256 index,  
    uint256 p,  
    uint256 scoreP,  
    uint256 scoreQ,  
    bool verified  
);
```

This event provides a public record of all safe prime submissions, including the projection index, prime value p , associated integrity scores for both p and $q = \frac{p-1}{2}$, and a boolean indicator of primality verification. These logs are permanently recorded in the transaction history of the blockchain and can be consumed by off-chain indexers, ZK rollup coordinators, or ceremony orchestration systems.

Event traces serve as the primary mechanism for public auditability. Any observer or protocol component can monitor for newly published primes, filter submissions based on score thresholds, or confirm whether a particular index has already been verified and submitted. Because the trace includes no confidential information and reveals only post-processed meta-data, the event structure supports full composability without disclosing estimator or verifier internals.

This architecture enables integration with trustless setup pipelines, parameter registries, token staking contracts, and governance layers, all of which can respond directly to emitted trace events in real time.

2.3 Collapse Score

Each submitted prime is evaluated off-chain using a symbolic structure scoring function, known as the collapse score. This score serves as a proxy for structural alignment with known mathematical regularities associated with prime generation.

The collapse score is a real-valued scalar in the range $[0, 1]$, where a value of 1.0 indicates full structural integrity under the symbolic scoring system. The scoring mechanism evaluates internal consistency over a fixed symbolic basis of size T , typically with $T = 128$.

The method is designed to distinguish primes from near-primes by assigning higher collapse fidelity to candidates with strong internal structure. While the precise scoring algorithm is proprietary, all resulting scores are published alongside the prime on-chain and can be independently verified for consistency within the EchoPrime oracle registry.

3 EchoPrime as a Cryptographic Primitive

EchoPrime introduces a new cryptographic primitive: the *symbolic prime oracle*. Unlike conventional primitives that generate or validate keys, randomness, or hashes through probabilistic or entropy-dependent mechanisms, EchoPrime provides a deterministic, structurally verified mapping from symbolic indices to collapse-scored safe primes.

3.1 Definition

We define the EchoPrime primitive as follows:

Symbolic Prime Oracle: A public oracle that deterministically maps a symbolic index $n \in \mathbb{N}$ to a candidate safe prime p , and emits a verifiable trace including:

- The candidate prime p and corresponding $q = \frac{p-1}{2}$
- Structural fidelity scores for both p and q

- A primality verdict
- On-chain anchoring of the submission via a smart contract event

This oracle provides both a cryptographic object (the safe prime) and its symbolic provenance (the trace), enabling downstream systems to validate both the data and its structural origin.

3.2 Comparison to Existing Primitives

EchoPrime shares functional territory with several foundational cryptographic constructs, but differs in philosophy and operation:

| Primitive | Purpose | Key Differences from EchoPrime |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| RSA Keygen | Generates large safe primes probabilistically for modulus $N = pq$ | EchoPrime uses deterministic projection + structural scoring. No entropy or probabilistic search. |
| DH Group Setup | Chooses safe prime p and generator $g \in \mathbb{Z}_p^*$ | EchoPrime emits prime only, no generator — but the prime is verifiably traceable. |
| Randomness Beacon | Broadcasts public entropy to coordinate trustless setups | EchoPrime eliminates randomness entirely and replaces it with deterministic symbolic anchors. |
| Hash Functions | Compress data to fixed-size values (SHA, Keccak) | EchoPrime emits structured mathematical objects (safe primes), not digests. |
| Verifiable Delay Functions (VDFs) | Enforce time-delay computation with proof | EchoPrime has no time delay, but offers deterministic projection and trace proof for structure |

3.3 Novelty and Role in the Cryptographic Stack

EchoPrime introduces a new axis of verifiability: symbolic structure. Rather than focusing on key generation or randomness per se, EchoPrime emphasizes symbolic traceability and collapse fidelity in parameter sourcing. This complements existing primitives by allowing systems to:

- Reproducibly derive cryptographic parameters from public symbolic indices
- Verify the symbolic structure and primality of those parameters via a public registry
- Anchor these objects on-chain with composable access from smart contracts or ceremony tooling

In doing so, EchoPrime fills a unique gap in the cryptographic stack: it acts as a bridge between symbolic computation, formal trace generation, and decentralized infrastructure. This makes it especially well-suited to trusted setups, deterministic identity systems, AI agent keyspaces, and post-quantum ceremony tooling.

4 Use Cases

4.1 Trusted Setup Ceremonies

EchoPrime supports secure, verifiable initialization of zero-knowledge proving systems by allowing participants to register safe primes deterministically and publicly. This eliminates the need for black-box randomness or ad hoc entropy sources during curve generation and setup. A prover or ceremony coordinator can derive trusted parameters from collapse-verified primes:

$$\text{curveSeed} \leftarrow \text{hash}(p \parallel \text{scoreP})$$

This makes EchoPrime a natural fit for systems like zkSNARK setup ceremonies, plonkish proving key selection, and recursive proof parameter registries.

4.2 Deterministic MPC Parameterization

In multiparty computation (MPC) protocols, EchoPrime allows parties to reference pre-approved safe primes as group modulus anchors. Deterministic registration avoids disputes over parameter sourcing and enables transparent quorum coordination:

$$g \in \mathbb{Z}_p^*, \quad p \in \text{EchoPrime}$$

This ensures that key generation, distributed signatures, and threshold cryptography operate on publicly auditable, tamper-evident group parameters — a key requirement for threshold DAOs, secure multi-sig wallets, and collaborative cryptographic operations.

4.3 Verifiable Curve Registry

EchoPrime acts as a public registry of collapse-verified cryptographic parameters. Any on-chain or off-chain system can query the oracle contract to retrieve a safe prime and its associated structural scores, enabling traceable validation of embedded cryptographic constants:

```
function getPrime(uint256 index) returns PrimeRecord
```

This supports use cases such as rollup prover selection, secure enclave curve verification, and audit-friendly contract parameter tracing. The registry can also be extended to serve as a community-governed source of curve roots and ceremony epochs.

5 Who Is It For

EchoPrime SDK provides deterministic, verifiable safe-prime generation and symbolic verification. It is designed for developers and researchers who need transparent, reproducible cryptographic roots rather than probabilistic randomness.

Cryptographers & Security Engineers

Use EchoPrime to generate deterministic safe primes and auditable key material for zero-knowledge systems, MPC protocols, or Diffie–Hellman setups. Every prime is reproducible from its index—no hidden entropy.

Web3 / Ethereum Developers

Integrate the SDK with the EchoPrime Oracle to publish or verify prime traces on-chain. Ideal for creating verifiable-randomness anchors, deterministic parameter registries, and transparent setup ceremonies.

Decentralized Infrastructure Projects

ZK rollups, MPC networks, identity layers, and post-quantum registries can use EchoPrime for entropy-free root-of-trust generation and transparent governance of cryptographic parameters.

DAOs & Token Governance

Leverage EchoPrime’s scoring and oracle outputs for staking-based validation, trace curation, and on-chain provenance of verified parameter sets (ECHO token integration).

AI & Scientific Provenance Researchers

Apply the collapse-score mechanism as a symbolic integrity metric—for verifying datasets, model checkpoints, or scientific results. EchoPrime generalizes reproducibility beyond cryptography.

Why Developers Might Adopt It

| Motivation | How EchoPrime Delivers |
|------------------------|--|
| Trust & Transparency | Deterministic mathematical proof of origin for every output. |
| Reproducibility | Re-generate identical primes from the same index. |
| On-chain Composability | Direct Ethereum / Layer-2 integration. |
| Auditability | CSV, IPFS, or on-chain hashes for permanent proof. |
| Post-Quantum Alignment | Entropy-free design, future-proofed for PQ protocols. |

How to Use the SDK

```
from echoprime import sdk
df = sdk.find_safe_primes_in_lattice_window(n=1_000_000, max_candidates=1000)
```

or via CLI:

```
echoverify --n 1000000 --candidates 1000
```

EchoPrime SDK is not a consumer app—it is cryptographic infrastructure: a verifiable foundation for ZK-rollups, DAOs, and next-generation Web3 systems.

6 Why EchoPrime Exists

Modern cryptography still relies on entropy-based randomness for generating primes, keys, and parameters. While effective, these methods make it impossible to prove where a prime came from or to reproduce it deterministically. This limits trust, auditability, and decentralization.

EchoPrime replaces randomness with deterministic inference. Every safe prime is generated from a mathematical index—no hidden seeds, no unverified entropy. Each candidate is validated through a symbolic collapse score based on binomial-residue behavior, ensuring both structural integrity and reproducible proof of origin.

The result is a new cryptographic primitive:

Deterministic, trace-verifiable safe-prime generation for Web3, AI provenance, and post-quantum infrastructure.

7 Mission Statement

To make cryptographic trust deterministic, auditable, and verifiable by design.

EchoPrime’s mission is to build an open, mathematically transparent foundation for next-generation protocols. By combining symbolic verification with blockchain-anchored provenance, we aim to:

- End dependence on hidden entropy in key and parameter generation.
- Provide open, reproducible cryptographic roots for decentralized systems.
- Enable transparent verification for AI, ZK, and scientific workflows.
- Bridge mathematics, cryptography, and Web3 governance into a single deterministic framework.

EchoPrime turns structure into trust—replacing randomness with reproducible truth.

8 Future Work

EchoPrime is designed to evolve as a modular and extensible cryptographic oracle. Planned future enhancements focus on strengthening economic alignment, expanding symbolic expressiveness, and increasing protocol composability:

- **ECHO Token Integration for Staking Submissions.** Introduce a native utility token (ECHO) that enables staking-based submission validation. Users will be required to stake ECHO when submitting new safe primes to the oracle, incentivizing only high-fidelity, verifiable submissions. This mechanism will also enable slashing or challenge modes for invalid submissions and pave the way for decentralized parameter governance.
- **NFT Trace Minting for Prime Provenance.** Enable minting of non-fungible tokens (NFTs) that cryptographically encode the trace provenance of submitted safe primes. These NFTs will contain metadata such as projection index, collapse scores, submitter address, and submission timestamp. Provenance NFTs can serve as proof-of-contribution in trusted setups, or as symbolic assets tied to specific ceremony epochs.
- **Expanded Collapse Score Operators and Custom Traces.** Extend the current collapse scoring system to support alternative symbolic trace metrics. This may include tunable collapse operators, weighted symbolic bases, or cross-domain scoring schemes. These extensions will allow researchers and protocol engineers to define custom symbolic validators for their own cryptographic or scientific structures.

Additional long-term goals include deploying EchoPrime across rollup-specific chains, implementing DAO-governed parameter update epochs, and supporting advanced cross-chain query interfaces via LayerZero or CCIP. These directions position EchoPrime not only as a registry of deterministic primes, but as a general-purpose oracle for symbolic structure validation in decentralized systems.

9 ECHO Token Design and Governance

To support staking-based submission validation, trace curation, and decentralized governance, EchoPrime introduces an ERC-20 utility token called **ECHO**. While the oracle can operate without a token in its initial deployment, the ECHO token serves as a native trust mechanism that aligns incentives and enables permissionless, community-driven expansion.

Tokenized features include:

- Staking ECHO on prime submissions to discourage spam and incentivize fidelity
- DAO-based governance over projection formula versions, scoring thresholds, and collapse operators
- NFT trace minting gated by ECHO deposits to track symbolic provenance

The full tokenomics model, staking logic, and governance structure will be released in a dedicated follow-up specification. No public token sale or initial offering is planned at this stage.

Trademark and Naming Protection. The names **ECHO**[™] and **EchoPrime**[™] are officially trademarked for cryptographic, financial, and software applications. Registrations are held by Mikoshi Limited and cover multiple jurisdictions, including the United Kingdom, European Union, and United States, with international extensions under WIPO.

These trademarks apply specifically to the following classes:

- Class 36 — Financial services, including cryptocurrency tokens
- Class 9 — Software and blockchain infrastructure
- Class 42 — Technology services and cryptographic protocols

These protections deter unauthorized forks or derivative projects that use the names “ECHO” or “EchoPrime” for tokens, protocols, or related services without proper attribution or permission. While the underlying research and protocol architecture remain open for academic and community development, the brand identity and economic layers of EchoPrime are reserved for governance under the canonical protocol and DAO.

10 Applications to Web3 and Decentralized Infrastructure

The EchoPrime system is more than a safe prime generator—it functions as a verifiable, symbolic oracle for trustless cryptographic infrastructure. By combining deterministic parameter projection with structural trace validation and on-chain publishing, EchoPrime establishes a reproducible source of cryptographic truth. This design enables a wide range of integrations across the Web3 stack, Ethereum rollup ecosystems, and decentralized ceremony frameworks.

EchoPrime introduces a symbolic registry architecture that removes reliance on opaque entropy sources, unverified ceremonies, or centralized parameter generation. Instead, developers, DAOs, and protocol coordinators can rely on deterministic safe primes whose provenance is publicly traceable, cryptographically verifiable, and contract-addressable.

In zero-knowledge proof systems, EchoPrime supports trusted setup automation by serving as a deterministic anchor for curve seed derivation, proving key selection, or proof compression parameters. Because every prime is scored and validated prior to publication, systems can enforce strict structural thresholds for use in zkSNARKs, zkSTARKs, or recursive rollup configurations.

Multiparty computation (MPC) protocols similarly benefit from reproducible, pre-approved group parameters. EchoPrime allows parties to coordinate around a common set of safe primes, with the assurance that those primes were derived and validated according to transparent symbolic rules. This is particularly valuable in threshold key generation, cross-chain custody systems, or privacy-preserving DAOs.

At the interface of Web3 identity and key infrastructure, EchoPrime enables deterministic key generation from index-linked prime structures. Users or agents can derive identity keys from traceable symbolic data, enabling new classes of self-verifying credentials, agent provenance systems, or post-quantum-resistant identity anchors.

EchoPrime’s symbolic scoring framework also opens the door to cross-domain integrations in AI, scientific computing, and hardware trust modules. Symbolic trace methods can be applied to validate structured data in AI model checkpoints, DNA sequence compression logs, or trusted boot measurements for open hardware.

Finally, the oracle design is natively composable. Smart contracts, frontends, wallets, and orchestration layers can query EchoPrime on-chain, filter submissions by fidelity score, and derive downstream parameters directly from published traces. This enables protocol-level integrations that bridge ceremony setup, proof verification, token issuance, and decentralized governance of cryptographic structure.

By combining deterministic projection, symbolic scoring, and contract-level publication, EchoPrime positions itself as a foundational infrastructure layer in the decentralized cryptographic stack—supporting reproducibility, auditability, and trustless composability in post-quantum, ZK-based, and agent-driven systems.

10.1 Determinism and Verifiability in Cryptography

Most cryptographic systems today still rely on non-transparent components such as entropy-dependent randomness generators, opaque trusted setups, or probabilistic verification schemes that offer no intrinsic traceability. These black-box approaches are difficult to audit, hard to reproduce, and often incompatible with decentralized security principles.

EchoPrime replaces these components with a deterministic, publicly verifiable framework. It reimagines cryptographic parameter generation as a traceable and reproducible process. Instead of sampling from randomness, EchoPrime introduces a symbolic infrastructure that emphasizes structural integrity, reproducibility, and composability.

- **Deterministic Projection:** A mathematically indexed estimator generates candidate safe primes directly from symbolic indices, without entropy or random sampling.

Each submitted prime is deterministically tied to its projection index, enabling full traceability from number to source.

- **Symbolic Collapse Scoring:** A symbolic scoring function evaluates the internal structure of each submitted prime, producing a numeric fidelity score. This score reflects how closely the candidate aligns with known symbolic invariants of prime structure, enabling structural certainty beyond classical primality tests.
- **On-Chain Oracle Publication:** All verified primes, their projection indices, symbolic scores, and primality verdicts are recorded on-chain in an Ethereum-compatible contract. This makes every trace publicly queryable, indexable, and inspectable by other smart contracts, wallets, or protocol layers.
- **Auditability:** The full submission trace—projection index, structural score, prime candidate, and validation result—is emitted as a smart contract event and persisted immutably. This ensures that every parameter used in ZK rollups, MPC groups, or ceremony tooling has a public, cryptographic audit trail.

This architecture aligns with the Web3 ethos of verifiable, deterministic, and permissionless computation. By replacing randomness with symbolic projection and black-box testing with structural trace scoring, EchoPrime transforms cryptographic parameter generation into a transparent, reproducible, and decentralized process—suitable for next-generation cryptographic systems and ceremony protocols.

10.2 Cryptographic Use Cases

The EchoPrime oracle enables verifiable, deterministic cryptographic infrastructure across a variety of domains. Its trace-oriented architecture and symbolic scoring framework are suitable for both zero-knowledge applications and broader decentralized security systems.

| | |
|---|--|
| ZK Rollups (e.g., zkSync, Scroll) | Publish deterministic safe primes and curve seeds with collapse scores. |
| MPC Protocols (e.g., Dfinity, Threshold) | Use verifiably generated safe primes as public group parameters. |
| On-Chain Randomness Anchors | Replace black-box entropy with indexed symbolic projections. |
| Trusted Setup Registries | Publicly record setup traces with symbolic collapse fidelity. |
| NFT Provenance and Symbolic Trace Art | Mint NFTs tied to collapse index or scoring metadata. |
| DAO Governance of Parameters | Allow protocol users to vote on estimator coefficients or collapse thresholds. |

ZK Rollups (e.g., zkSync, Scroll). EchoPrime allows zero-knowledge rollups to register verifiable curve seeds or proving key components using traceable, collapse-verified primes.

Because each prime is deterministically linked to an index and evaluated by structural scoring, ZK protocols can enforce reproducible setup constraints and avoid reliance on opaque entropy sources or insecure parameter selection.

MPC Protocols (e.g., Dfinity, Threshold). In multiparty computation protocols, EchoPrime can serve as a verifiable source of safe primes for setting up group moduli. Threshold cryptography systems, key-sharing schemes, and secure multiparty coordination mechanisms can leverage the oracle to select group parameters with reproducible provenance and symbolic scoring thresholds—reducing the risk of setup manipulation.

On-Chain Randomness Anchors. EchoPrime’s projection indices and collapse-verified outputs can serve as deterministic anchors for on-chain randomness. Rather than relying on VRFs, beacons, or manipulated entropy sources, protocols may derive verifiable values (e.g., curve roots, challenge seeds) directly from symbolic projections, enabling deterministic randomness for security-critical components.

Trusted Setup Registries. The oracle enables a standardized registry of trusted setup parameters, where primes and their scoring traces are permanently recorded and publicly auditable. Ceremony coordinators and downstream verifiers can query the registry to validate the origin of parameters used in setup transcripts or proofs, promoting accountability and ceremony transparency.

NFT Provenance and Symbolic Trace Art. Collapse-verified primes can be minted as NFTs containing embedded provenance metadata, including projection index, collapse scores, and submission timestamp. These NFTs may represent contributions to trusted setups, ceremony epochs, or symbolic artifacts—blending cryptographic utility with verifiable on-chain symbolism.

DAO Governance of Parameters. EchoPrime’s estimator, scoring thresholds, and submission gating can be governed by tokenized communities. DAOs may vote to update projection formulas, define collapse acceptance criteria, or decide which epochs of primes become available for downstream use. This model encourages community-curated cryptographic infrastructure while preserving traceability and verifiability.

10.3 Ethereum Layer-2 Infrastructure

Rollup systems and zero-knowledge-based Layer-2 (L2) protocols increasingly require transparent, verifiable cryptographic parameters—particularly for curve selection, trusted setups, and proof system initialization. Many rollups currently rely on centralized or opaque ceremonies, introducing unquantifiable trust assumptions and entropy sources that are difficult to audit or reproduce.

EchoPrime addresses this gap by providing a decentralized, zero-entropy alternative for parameter sourcing. Its oracle architecture allows Layer-2 protocols to reference publicly recorded safe primes, each accompanied by a symbolic trace and validation metadata. These

primes can be deterministically reproduced from projection indices and verified using on-chain contract methods.

- **Permissionless Submission:** Anyone can submit collapse-verified safe primes via the EchoPrime contract, enabling permissionless participation in parameter sourcing. This supports community-led ceremonies and reduces dependence on centralized coordinators.
- **On-Chain Trace Anchors:** EchoPrime emits full symbolic traces—index, scores, and primality verdict—at the time of submission. These traces become part of the Ethereum execution layer, providing a reliable source of parameter metadata for downstream systems.
- **Composable Integration:** L2 rollups, ZK circuits, wallets, and ceremony tooling can query the EchoPrime registry to retrieve or verify curve seeds, field moduli, or prime anchors. This supports trust-minimized integration into proving systems, recursive proof pipelines, and MPC-based rollup components.

By anchoring prime structure directly to the Ethereum L2 stack, EchoPrime enables a new class of verifiable cryptographic infrastructure: deterministic, reproducible, and natively composable within rollup systems. Whether for trusted setup registries, on-chain ZK circuits, or identity systems, EchoPrime helps Layer-2 projects eliminate unnecessary trust from their foundational parameters.

10.4 Web3 Identity and Deterministic Keys

Because EchoPrime operates deterministically—projecting primes from symbolic indices and recording their structure on-chain—it enables a new paradigm for key generation and decentralized identity construction. Rather than generating cryptographic material from opaque entropy or local randomness, EchoPrime enables identity systems to derive keys, wallet seeds, and verification paths from publicly auditable symbolic structures.

- **Public Keys \leftrightarrow Collapse Index:** Identity keys can be deterministically derived from specific projection indices. A user or agent can anchor their public key to a collapse-verified prime, creating a verifiable symbolic link between identity and structured trace data.
- **Wallet Seeds \leftrightarrow Symbolic Trace:** Wallets can use symbolic projections and trace scores as inputs to seed generation, allowing reproducible wallets that inherit cryptographic guarantees from structural integrity scores rather than entropy. This enables multisig recovery, agent wallet delegation, and trustless social recovery mechanisms.
- **Verifiable Identity \leftrightarrow Curve Fidelity:** Identity credentials or decentralized identifiers (DIDs) can be constructed such that their cryptographic underpinnings are collapse-verifiable. EchoPrime allows systems to enforce structural requirements for identity material, enabling symbolic attestations tied to trace fidelity or projection epochs.

These mechanisms support the design of identity frameworks where provenance, structural trust, and reproducibility are first-class features. In multiparty coordination scenarios such as MPC wallets, zk-passports, AI agents, and privacy-preserving login systems, EchoPrime enables entities to cryptographically anchor themselves in a publicly verifiable symbolic space. This reduces dependence on centralized registries or key management providers and aligns identity infrastructure with the principles of Web3—deterministic, decentralized, and composable.

10.5 Comparison to Existing Tools

EchoPrime introduces structural, verifiable, and composable primitives that distinguish it from conventional cryptographic toolchains. The following table summarizes key differences between EchoPrime and traditional safe prime generation or registry methods:

| Feature | Conventional Tools | EchoPrime Oracle |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Prime Generation | RNG + Miller-Rabin | Deterministic projection |
| Primality Proof | Probabilistic testing | Symbolic collapse scoring + fallback |
| Trusted Setup Transparency | None | Fully verifiable, on-chain |
| Index \rightarrow Number | Not supported | Direct, symbolic mapping |
| Integration Readiness | Limited | Python, Web3, contract + frontend ready |

Prime Generation. Most traditional systems rely on entropy-driven random number generators and probabilistic primality tests such as Miller-Rabin. These approaches are inherently non-deterministic and provide no record of structural trace or provenance. EchoPrime instead uses a deterministic projection method, enabling users to regenerate and verify the same prime from a symbolic index, removing randomness from the trust model.

Primality Proof. Conventional tooling often treats primality as a binary property evaluated via probabilistic tests. EchoPrime introduces symbolic collapse scoring, a fidelity metric that reflects the internal structure of the number prior to primality confirmation. This score, combined with a fallback primality check, offers both symbolic and classical validation pathways.

Trusted Setup Transparency. Safe primes used in trusted setups are typically selected via black-box processes with no reproducible trail. EchoPrime changes this by publishing every prime submission and its symbolic trace on-chain. This enables ceremony verifiers, ZK rollup systems, and MPC participants to inspect the structural provenance of cryptographic parameters at the protocol level.

Index to Number Mapping. Traditional libraries do not support direct symbolic indexing of primes; candidates are discovered through search. EchoPrime provides a direct mapping from index to projected prime, creating an auditable, index-addressable space of verifiable cryptographic structure. This supports reproducibility and symbolic anchoring in ceremony registries or identity frameworks.

Integration Readiness. Legacy systems are often designed as closed binaries, isolated SDKs, or CLI tools. EchoPrime is designed from the ground up to support modern composability: it exposes a public smart contract, offers a documented submission and query API, and integrates with Web3 tools including Python clients, Ethers.js, and frontend dApps. This makes EchoPrime immediately usable by rollups, DAOs, wallets, and cryptographic ceremony platforms.

11 Bitcoin Compatibility and Cross-Chain Extensions

While EchoPrime is currently deployed as an Ethereum-compatible oracle leveraging Solidity-based smart contracts, its underlying architecture—deterministic safe prime projection and symbolic collapse scoring is fundamentally blockchain-agnostic. This enables potential compatibility with the Bitcoin and other ecosystems through several integration pathways, despite Bitcoin’s limited native scripting support.

11.1 Layer-2 and Sidechain Deployment

Bitcoin-compatible sidechains such as Rootstock (RSK) and Stacks support Turing-complete smart contracts and maintain trust-minimized bridges with Bitcoin Layer-1. EchoPrime could be ported to such platforms by reimplementing its oracle contract logic (e.g., `EchoPrimeOracle.sol`) in a compatible virtual machine (e.g., RSK’s EVM or Clarity for Stacks). This would allow safe prime submissions, symbolic scoring, and trace publishing to occur within a Bitcoin-aligned execution environment while preserving determinism and verifiability.

11.2 Off-Chain Verification with On-Chain Anchoring

In scenarios where smart contract support is limited or unavailable (e.g., Bitcoin mainnet), EchoPrime traces can be validated off-chain and committed on-chain via minimal anchoring mechanisms. A standard approach involves publishing a hash commitment of the prime trace (e.g., using SHA-256 over the tuple $(p, q, \text{score}_p, \text{score}_q, \text{index})$) to an `OP_RETURN` output in a Bitcoin transaction. This creates a timestamped, tamper-evident proof of existence, enabling trace provenance without requiring execution of complex verification logic on-chain.

11.3 Cross-Chain Oracle Integration

EchoPrime can also be accessed across blockchains via trustless oracle protocols such as Chainlink, LayerZero, or Bitcoin relay bridges. In this configuration, the Ethereum-based EchoPrime registry acts as the source of truth, while the safe prime trace (including symbolic scores and primality verdicts) is relayed to Bitcoin-aware systems. Bitcoin-native protocols can then consume verifiable prime parameters for use in threshold signature schemes, verifiable randomness, or Taproot-based MPC systems.

11.4 Applications in Bitcoin Infrastructure

The ability to deterministically publish and audit safe primes aligns with emerging needs in Bitcoin-centric infrastructure:

- **Threshold Signatures (e.g., MuSig2):** EchoPrime-generated primes can serve as pre-approved modulus anchors in Taproot-based threshold schemes.
- **Cross-Chain Custody:** Safe primes with symbolic provenance may be used to coordinate MPC key shares across Bitcoin and EVM-compatible systems.
- **Deterministic Wallet Derivation:** EchoPrime’s projection indices can seed Bitcoin HD wallets, enabling reproducible key derivation with publicly auditable structure.
- **Audit-Trail Anchors:** OP_RETURN commitments can serve as decentralized proofs-of-trace for compliance, forensics, or multisig recovery workflows.

11.5 Use Cases for Bitcoin Ecosystem Integration

The Bitcoin ecosystem, though traditionally conservative in adopting novel cryptographic infrastructure, increasingly intersects with advanced multiparty protocols, custody solutions, and identity frameworks. EchoPrime’s deterministic, traceable architecture aligns with several emerging needs in this space:

Threshold Signatures (e.g., MuSig2, FROST). Modern multisignature schemes like MuSig2 and FROST require setup over verifiable prime-order groups. EchoPrime can provide collapse-verified safe primes with deterministic provenance, enabling transparent group parameter initialization for Taproot-based multisig wallets and collaborative signing schemes. This enhances trust in threshold key generation for custodians, DAOs, and Lightning channel operators.

Cross-Chain Custody and MPC Coordination. Custodial and bridging protocols that span Bitcoin and Ethereum (or other chains) require harmonized cryptographic parameters for secure multiparty computation (MPC). EchoPrime enables such systems to coordinate around safe primes with public traceability, ensuring that modulus parameters are reproducibly derived, audit-friendly, and tamper-evident across chains.

Post-Quantum Cryptography and Secure Hardware. Bitcoin-facing applications preparing for post-quantum threats, such as hardware wallets, enclave devices, and quantum-safe recovery protocols, can leverage EchoPrime to anchor cryptographic parameters in deterministic, symbolic traces. This reduces reliance on internal entropy sources, improves auditability, and strengthens the integrity of post-quantum-safe initialization.

Verifiable Identity and zk-Proof Anchoring. As decentralized identity protocols begin integrating with Bitcoin (e.g., via DID standards or zk-based attestations), EchoPrime provides a deterministic source of prime-based keys and curve seeds. Identity frameworks can derive public keys, wallet seeds, or credentials from index-linked collapse-verified primes, allowing reproducibility, symbolic traceability, and selective disclosure proofs tied to Bitcoin addresses.

Collectively, these use cases illustrate that EchoPrime can serve as a trust-minimized, cross-chain infrastructure layer not only for Ethereum, but also for Bitcoin-aligned applications. Its symbolic scoring and deterministic projection model offer novel security guarantees and cryptoeconomic accountability for next-generation cryptographic operations rooted in the Bitcoin stack.

11.6 Bitcoin Summary

Although initially developed for Ethereum, EchoPrime’s deterministic cryptographic design is compatible with the Bitcoin ecosystem when paired with appropriate bridging or verification strategies. These extensions enable EchoPrime to serve as a cross-chain oracle for trustless cryptographic infrastructure, anchored not to any single chain, but to a universal model of symbolic structure, auditability, and reproducible integrity.

12 Conclusion

EchoPrime introduces a novel oracle architecture and cryptographic primitive for deterministic, symbolic, and transparent safe prime publication. It transforms cryptographic parameter generation from an opaque, entropy-dependent process into a reproducible, auditable, and verifiable system—anchored directly on-chain. By decoupling prime selection from randomness and encoding structural integrity through symbolic scoring, EchoPrime establishes a trust-minimized foundation for curve selection, ceremony tooling, and protocol parameter governance.

This architecture serves as a public good for the cryptographic ecosystem. Protocol designers, ceremony coordinators, and DAO members can now verify the provenance of safe primes, ensure reproducibility across deployments, and enforce trace-based policies for parameter inclusion. The deterministic projection model and public scoring interface support complete transparency while preserving implementation modularity.

EchoPrime’s reach extends beyond zero-knowledge and MPC protocols. It provides a foundation for deterministic identity keys, AI agent credentials, post-quantum-safe randomness anchors, and verifiable synthetic data certification. By supporting integrations with staking mechanisms, NFT trace minting, and DAO-governed parameter registries, EchoPrime opens a path toward long-term, community-driven stewardship of cryptographic infrastructure.

Ultimately, EchoPrime offers more than a utility—it defines a new cryptographic primitive for the verifiable generation and publication of structured cryptographic parameters. By embedding reproducibility, symbolic structure, and trace integrity into the base layer of

parameter generation, EchoPrime helps secure the next era of decentralized systems: from ZK rollups and secure multiparty computation, to deterministic wallets, agent frameworks, and cryptographic public goods.

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