## Assignment 4

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## **Q**1

TIME	HRRN	FIFO/FCFS	RR	SJF	PRIORITY
1	A	A	A	A	A
2	A	A	A	A	В
3	A	A	В	A	A
4	A	A	A	A	D
5	В	В	D	В	D
6	D	D	A	D	С
7	D	D	С	D	С
8	С	С	D	С	С
9	С	С	С	С	A
10	С	С	С	С	A
Avg. Turn-around Time	4.5	4.5	4.75	4.5	4.25

## $\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{2}$

[Step1]: Implement a syscall to let user process set labschedule\_good.

```
// libs/unistd.h
#define SYS_labschedule_set_good 254
```

```
/* In User Mode*/
// user/libs/ulib.h
void labschedule_set_good(int good);

// user/libs/ulib.c
void set_good(int good){
```

```
sys_labschedule_set_good(good);
}

// user/libs/syscall.h
int sys_labschedule_set_good(int32_t good);

// user/libs/syscall.c
int sys_labschedule_set_good(int32_t good){
   return syscall(sys_labschedule_set_good, good);
}
```

```
/* In Kernel Mode*/
// kern/syscall/syscall.c
static int
sys_labschedule_set_good(uint32_t arg[]){
    int val = (int)arg[0];
    labschedule_set_good(val);
    return 0;
}
static int (*syscalls[])(uint64_t arg[]) = {
    [SYS_exit]
                                     sys_exit,
    [SYS_fork]
                                     sys_fork,
    [SYS_wait]
                                     sys_wait,
    [SYS_exec]
                                     sys_exec,
    [SYS_yield]
                                     sys_yield,
    [SYS_kill]
                                     sys_kill,
    [SYS_getpid]
                                     sys_getpid,
    [SYS_putc]
                                     sys_putc,
    [SYS_gettime]
                                     sys_gettime,
    [SYS_labschedule_set_good]
                                     sys_labschedule_set_good, //
add!
};
// kern/process/proc.h
void labschedule_set_good(uint32_t good);
// kern/process/proc.c
void labschedule_set_good(uint32_t good){
    current->labschedule_good = good;
```

[Step2]: Choose the process with the largest good value to run when scheduling.

```
// kern/schedule/default_sched.c
static struct proc_struct *
RR_pick_next(struct run_queue *rq) {
    struct proc_struct *p_max = NULL;
    list_entry_t *le = list_next(&(rq->run_list));
    int32\_t max\_good = -1;
    if(le == &(rq->run_list)){
        return NULL;
    }
    // scan the whole queue, return the proc which contains the
largest good value
    while(le != &(rq->run_list)){
        struct proc_struct *p = le2proc(le, run_link);
        if((int32_t)p->labschedule_good > max_good){
            p_max = p;
            max_good = (int32_t)p->labschedule_good;
        }
        le = list_next(le);
    }
    return p_max;
}
```

[**Optional**] In order to reproduce the execution result as the example, we need to modify the timebase.

```
// kern/driver/clock.c
static uint64_t timebase = 400000;
```

The execution result is shown as:

