Step-1

A is the 4×4 matrix of ones

$$A - I = B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-2

The characteristic equation of A - I = B is $|B - \lambda I| = 0$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\lambda & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
i.e.,

we apply the elementary operations to reduce this matrix to the echelon form and find the determinant.

Step-3

$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda \\ 1 & -\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$R_1 \to R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + R_4 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda & 3 - \lambda \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (3-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

Step-4

$$(3-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -\lambda - 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda - 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda - 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -\lambda - 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$R_2 \to R_2 - R_1, R_3 \to R_3 - R_1, R_4 \to R_4 - R_1 \Rightarrow$$

While this is the determinant of the upper triangular matrix, it is equal to the product of the diagonal entries.

$$= (3 - \lambda)(-1 - \lambda)^3 = 0$$

Therefore, the eigen values are -1, -1, -1, and 3.

Step-5

Also, the determinant of
$$A - I_{is}$$
 $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$

Applying
$$R_1 \to R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + R_4$$
, we get
$$\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

Step-6

$$=3\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$R_2 \to R_2 - R_1, R_3 \to R_3 - R_1, R_4 \to R_4 - R_1 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 3(-1)^{3}$$
$$= \boxed{-3}$$