

Step-1

In Analogy to above exercise $P(x, y, z)$ lies on plane through $A(2, 0, 0), B(0, 2, 0)$ and $C(2, 0, 0)$ if and only if the volume of tetrahedron with vertices.

PABC must be zero.

Step-2

That means

P lies in the plane of \overrightarrow{ABC}

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{6} [\overrightarrow{PA} \ \overrightarrow{PB} \ \overrightarrow{AC}] = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{6} [\overrightarrow{PA} \ \overrightarrow{PB} \ \overrightarrow{AC}] = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{vmatrix} x & y & z & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$