Step-1

Given points are;

$$y = 2$$
 at $t = -1$

$$y = 0$$
 at $t = 0$

$$y = -3$$
 at $t = 1$

$$y = -5$$
 at $t = 2$

To find the best straight line fit to the given measurements.

Consider the equation of line y = C + Dt

Step-2

First write the equations that would hold if a line could go through all four points.

Then every C + Dt would agree exactly with y.

Now
$$Ax = b_{is}$$
;

$$C+D\left(-1\right)=2$$

$$C+D(0)=0$$

$$C + D(1) = -3$$

$$C+D(2)=-5$$

Step-3

The matrix from of the given system is;

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C \\ D \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here,

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$x = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ D \end{bmatrix} \text{ and }$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} C \\ D \end{bmatrix}$$
and

$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-4

Since, the least-squares solution is given by;

$$A^T A \hat{x} = A^T b$$

This implies;

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{C} \\ \hat{D} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (1(1)+1(1) \\ +1(1)+1(1) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1(-1)+1(0) \\ +1(1)+1(2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{C} \\ \hat{D} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} (1(2)+1(0) \\ +1(-3)+1(-5) \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{C} \\ -1(2)+0(0) \\ +1(-3)+2(-5) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{C} \\ \hat{D} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-5

Now, the required system is:

$$4\widehat{C} + 2\widehat{D} = -6$$

$$2\widehat{C} + 6\widehat{D} = -15$$

Solving these two equations and get:

$$\hat{D} = -\frac{24}{10}$$
 and $\hat{C} = -\frac{3}{10}$

$$\hat{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{24}{10} \\ -\frac{3}{10} \end{bmatrix}$$

Therefore

Hence, the best line is
$$y = \frac{-24}{10} - \frac{3}{10}t$$
.

Step-6

The graph of the solution can be found by calculating the intercept points as below,

Step-7

For t intercept, put y = 0 in the equation $y = \frac{-24}{10} - \frac{3}{10}t$,

$$0 = \frac{-24}{10} - \frac{3}{10}t$$
$$\frac{3}{10}t = \frac{-24}{10}$$
$$t = \frac{-24}{10} \times \frac{10}{3}$$

For y intercept, put t = 0 in the equation $y = \frac{-24}{10} - \frac{3}{10}t$,

$$y = \frac{-24}{10} - \frac{3}{10} \times 0$$
$$= \frac{-24}{10}$$
$$= -2.4$$

The sketch of the best straight line fit to the given measurements is shown below.

