

Step-1

Given system is $2x + 3y = 1$

$$10x + 9y = 11$$

Given system can be written matrix form as

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 10 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

The augmented matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 10 & 9 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

Step-2

Subtract $\frac{10}{2} = 5$ times the first row from the second row to get $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & -6 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$ which is an upper triangular system

$$2x + 3y = 1$$

$$-6y = 6$$

By back-substitution $-6y = 6$

$$\Rightarrow y = -1$$

And $2x + 3(-1) = 1$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2$$

Hence the solution is $\boxed{(2, -1)}$

Step-3

Verification:-

Put $x = 2, y = -1$ in the given system

$$2x + 3y = 2(2) + 3(-1)$$

$$= 1$$

$$10x + 9y = 10(2) + 9(-1) \\ = 11$$

Hence x times $(2, 10)$ plus y times $(3, 9)$ equals $(1, 11)$.

Step-4

If right-hand side changes to $(4, 44)$, then the augmented matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 10 & 9 & 44 \end{pmatrix}$$

Subtract 5 times the first row from the second row

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & -6 & 24 \end{pmatrix}$$

which is upper triangular system $2x + 3y = 4$

$$-6y = 24$$

By back-substitution, we have $-6y = 24$

$$\Rightarrow y = -4$$

And $2x + 3(-4) = 4$

$$\Rightarrow x = 8$$

Hence the solution is $(8, -4)$