Step-1

Let T be a linear transformation then T(0) = 0.

We have to prove that T(0) = 0 from T(v+w) = T(v) + T(w) by choosing w = 0.

Step-2

Now choose w = 0

Therefore,

$$T(v+0) = T(v) + T(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow T(v) = T(v) + T(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 + T(v) = T(v) + T(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = T(0)$$

Hence by choosing w = 0, we can get T(0) = 0

Step-3

We have to prove that T(0) = 0 from T(cv) = cT(v).

Now
$$T(cv) = cT(v)$$

Choose c = 0

$$T(0v) = 0T(v)$$

$$\Rightarrow T(0) = 0$$

By choosing c = 0, we have T(0) = 0 by using the condition T(cv) = cT(v).

Hence T(0) = 0, for every linear transformation T