Step-1

Consider the vectors (1,4,5),(x,y,z) as the matrix multiplication Ax

The objective is to write the inner product and complete the blanks in the statement $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{C}$ The solutions to Ax = 0 lie on a _____ perpendicular to the vector _____. The columns of A are only in ____ space. $\hat{a} \in \mathbb{C}$

Step-2

Assume the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

The inner product of matrix A and the vector $\lfloor z \rfloor$ is given as the dot product of $A \cdot x$ where each element is multiplied element wise.

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = x + 4y + 5z$$

Hence,
$$Ax = x + 4y + 5z$$

Now, Ax = 0 implies that x + 4y + 5z = 0

Step-3

Recall that an equation ax + by + cz + d = 0 where a, b, c, d are constants represents the equation of plane.

Thus, the equation x + 4y + 5z = 0 represents the equation of plane.

Also, for an equation of the form ax + by + cz + d = 0, the normal or perpendicular to the plane is (a,b,c)

Here, the solutions to equation Ax = 0 lie on the plane x + 4y + 5z = 0 and the vector perpendicular to the plane is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

Each column of matrix A is a non-zero singleton set which is one-dimensional.

Thus, the columns of A are in one-dimensional space.

Hence, the blanks are filled with [1 4 5] and [0 0 0]