Step-1

Given that x = 2 + i and y = 1 + 3i

We have to find $\overline{x}, x\overline{x}, xy, \frac{1}{x}$ and $\frac{x}{y}$.

Step-2

Now

$$\overline{x} = \overline{2+i}$$
$$= 2-i$$

Therefore, $\overline{x} = 2 - i$

Step-3

Now

$$x.\overline{x} = (2+i)(2-i)$$

= $4-(i)^2$ (Since $(a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2$)
= $4-(-1)^2$ (Since $i^2 = -2$)
= 5

Therefore, $x\overline{x} = 5$

Step-4

Now

$$xy = (2+i)(1+3i)$$
= 2+6i+i+3i²
= 2+7i-3 (Since i² = -1)
= -1+7i

Therefore, xy = -1 + 7i

Step-5

Now

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{2+i}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2+i} \times \frac{2-i}{2-i} \quad \text{(Rationalising the denominator)}$$

$$= \frac{2-i}{2^2 - i^2} \quad \text{(Since } (a+b)(a-b) = a^2 - b^2\text{)}$$

$$= \frac{2-i}{4+1} \quad \text{(Since } i^2 = -1\text{)}$$

Step-6

Continuation to the above

$$=\frac{2-i}{5}$$
$$=\frac{1}{5}(2-i)$$
$$=\frac{2}{5}-\frac{1}{5}i$$

Therefore. $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}i$

Step-7

Now

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{2+i}{1+3i}$$

$$= \frac{2+i}{1+3i} \times \frac{1-3i}{1-3i}$$

$$= \frac{(2+i)(1-3i)}{(1+3i)(1-3i)}$$

$$= \frac{2-6i+i-3i^2}{(1)^2-(3i)^2}$$

Step-8

Continuation to the above

$$= \frac{(2+3)-5i}{1+9}$$
$$= \frac{5-5i}{10}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$$

Therefore,
$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$$

Step-9

We have to verify that |xy| = |x||y|.

Now

$$|xy| = |(x+i)(1+3i)|$$

$$= |-1+7i|$$

$$= \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 7^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1+49}$$

$$= \sqrt{50}$$

Step-10

And

$$|x| = |2+i|$$

$$= \sqrt{2^2 + 1^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4+1}$$

$$= \sqrt{5}$$

Step-11

And

$$|y| = |1 + 3i|$$

$$= \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{1 + 9}$$

$$= \sqrt{10}$$

Now

$$|x||y| = \sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{10}$$
$$= \sqrt{50}$$

Hence
$$|xy| = |x| \cdot |y|$$

Step-12

We have to verify that $\left| \frac{1}{x} \right| = \frac{1}{|x|}$

Now

$$\left| \frac{1}{x} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{2+i} \right|$$

$$= \left| \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{5}i \right|$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{5}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{4}{25} + \frac{1}{25}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Step-13

And

$$\frac{1}{|x|} = \frac{1}{|2+i|}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{4+1}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Hence
$$\frac{\left|\frac{1}{x}\right| = \frac{1}{|x|}}{\left|\frac{1}{x}\right|} = \frac{1}{|x|}$$