Step-1

We have to solve the system $F_4c = y$, where

$$\begin{aligned} c_0 + c_1 + c_2 + c_3 &= 2 \\ c_0 + ic_1 + i^2c_2 + i^3c_3 &= 0 \\ c_0 + i^2c_1 + i^4c_2 + i^6c_3 &= 2 \\ c_0 + i^3c_1 + i^6c_2 + i^9c_3 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Step-2

$$c = \begin{bmatrix} c_0 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-3

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Fourier matrix

$$F_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & i^2 & i^3 \\ 1 & i^2 & i^4 & i^6 \\ 1 & i^3 & i^6 & i^9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
since i^2 = -1, i^3 = -i, \\
i^4 = 1, i^6 = i^4 i^2 = -1, \\
i^9 = i^6 i^3 = i
\end{pmatrix}$$

Step-4

$$F_4 c = y$$

$$\Rightarrow c = F_4^{-1} y$$
But $F_n^{-1} = \frac{\overline{F_n}}{n} y$, (*n* is the order of F_n)

Step-5

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} c_0 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -i & -1 & i \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & i & -1 & -i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence the solution of the system $F_4c = y$ is c = (1,0,1,0)