

Homework 9

Please answer the following questions about probabilistic modeling.

Question 1:

Certain stars, whose light and radial velocities undergo periodic vibrations, are thought to be pulsating. It is hypothesized that the period t of pulsation depends on the star's radius r , its mass m , and the gravitational constant G . (See Problem 3 for the dimension of G .) Express t as a product of m , r , and G , so the equation

$$t = m^a r^b G^c$$

Question 2:

In checking the dimensions of an equation, you should note that derivatives also possess dimensions. For example, the dimension of ds/dt is LT^{-1} and the dimension of d^2s/dt^2 is LT^{-2} , where s denotes distance and t denotes time. Determine whether the equation

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \left[mr^2 \left(\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} \right) mgr \sin \theta \right] \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

for the time rate of change of total energy E in a pendulum system with damping force is dimensionally compatible.

Question 3:

The lift force F on a missile depends on its length r , velocity v , diameter δ , and initial angle θ with the horizon; it also depends on the density ρ , viscosity μ , gravity g , and speed of sound s of the air. Show that

$$F = \rho v^2 r^2 h \left(\frac{\delta}{r}, \theta, \frac{\mu}{\rho v r}, \frac{s}{v}, \frac{rg}{v^2} \right)$$

Question 4:

It is desired to study the velocity v of a fluid flowing in a smooth open channel. Assume that

$$v = f(r, \rho, \mu, \sigma, g)$$

where r is the characteristic length of the channel cross-sectional area divided by the wetted perimeter, ρ is the fluid density, μ is the fluid viscosity, σ is the surface tension, and g is the acceleration of gravity.

- a. Describe the appropriate pair of shape factors r_1 and r_2 .
- b. Show that

$$\frac{v^2}{gr} = H \left(\frac{\rho v r}{\mu}, \frac{\rho v^2 r}{\sigma}, r_1, r_2 \right)$$

Discuss the design conditions required of the model.

- c. Will it be practical to use the same fluid in the model and the prototype?
- d. Suppose the surface tension σ is ignored and the design conditions are satisfied. If $r_m = r/n$, what is the equation for the velocity of the prototype? When is the equation compatible with the design conditions?
- e. What is the equation for the velocity v if gravity is ignored? What if viscosity is ignored? What fluid would you use if you were to ignore viscosity?

Due: 10:00am 3/04 May. Please email your homework to TA.