

## Step-1

Let  $b = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$ , where  $b_1$  and  $b_2$  are to be fixed.

For any  $x = (x_1, x_2)^T$ , such that  $x \geq 0$ , we want  $Ax \not\geq b$ .

We have,

$$\begin{aligned} Ax &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ -x_2 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

## Step-2

Since  $x \geq 0$  and  $Ax = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ -x_2 \end{bmatrix}$ , this gives us the idea that if  $b_2$  is positive,  $-x_2 < b_2$ .

Therefore, let  $b = [0, 1]^T$ .

## Step-3

Similarly, let  $y = [y_1, y_2]$ .

Consider the following:

$$\begin{aligned} yA &= [y_1, y_2] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= [y_1, -y_2] \end{aligned}$$

## Step-4

Let  $c = [c_1, c_2]$ .

We want  $yA \not\leq c$ . This gives us the idea that if  $c_1$  is negative, then  $c_1 < y_1$ . Therefore, let  $c = [-1, 0]$ .

## Step-5

Thus, in order to have both feasible sets empty, let  $b = [0, 1]^T$  and let  $c = [-1, 0]$ .