Step-1

$$||A||^2 = \max_{x \neq 0} \frac{||Ax||^2}{||x||^2}$$

Given inequality is

We have to prove the given inequality.

Step-2

We know that the norm of A is the number $\|A\|$ is $\|A\|^2 = \max_{x \neq 0} \frac{\|Ax\|^2}{\|x\|^2}$ $\hat{a} \in \hat{a} \in \hat{a} \in \hat{a}$

Let A, B are square matrices and x is any column matrix.

Then

$$\|(A+B)x\| = \|Ax+Bx\|$$
 (Since matrix multiplication is associative)

$$\leq ||Ax|| + ||Bx||$$
 (By the triangular inequality)

Dividing throughout by $\|x\|$ and applying the maximum limit, we get

$$\max_{x \neq 0} \frac{\|(A+B)x\|}{\|x\|} \le \max_{x \neq 0} \frac{\|Ax\|}{\|x\|} + \max_{x \neq 0} \frac{\|Bx\|}{\|x\|}$$

$$\Rightarrow ||A+B|| \le ||A|| + ||B||$$
 (Since by (1))

Hence
$$|||A+B|| \le ||A|| + ||B||$$