

WIA1002/WIB1002 Data Structures

Tutorial: Linked List & Doubly Linked List

Question 1

```
1     public E xyz(int index,E e)
2     {
3         Node<E> current=head;
4         Node<E> temp;
5             if(index<0) return null;
6             else if(index>=size-1) {
7                 this.addLast(e);
8                 return null;
9             }
10            else if(index==0) {
11                temp=head;
12                head.element=e;
13                return temp.element;
14            }else{
15                for (int i = 1; i < index; i++) {
16                    current=current.next;
17                }
18                temp=current.next;
19                current.next.element=e;
20                return temp.element;
21            }
22        }
23    }
```

Given method xyz with 2 arguments:

- a) Based on the above source code, explain what the lines of code do from line 10 – 21.
- b) What is the main purpose of the method xyz()?
- c) Modify above source code to make it concise and simpler

Question 2

```
1 else{
2     Node<E> temp = head;
3     for(int i=0; i<index; i++) {
4         temp = temp.next;
5     }
6     element = temp.element;
7     temp.next.prev = temp.prev;
8     temp.prev.next = temp.next;
9     temp.next = null;
10    temp.prev = null;
11    size--;
12 }
```

Based on the source code above, assume the index given is 3

- a) Explain what the lines of code do from line 2-11.
- b) Draw the nodes for lines 7 - 10

Question 3

A doubly linked list keeps a set of characters. The head, the middle and the tail nodes respectively contains alphabet ‘a’, ‘b’ and ‘c’. These nodes are in successive order. Create a new node that contains alphabet ‘d’. Add this new node (contains alphabet d) at the last location of this linked list. Draw all of these nodes including their correct references.