

1. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-5 + 4i \text{ and } 1$$

- A. $b \in [0, 8], c \in [-9, -1], \text{ and } d \in [-1, 6]$
 B. $b \in [0, 8], c \in [0, 10], \text{ and } d \in [-6, 2]$
 C. $b \in [-14, -8], c \in [30, 39], \text{ and } d \in [40, 48]$
 D. $b \in [7, 15], c \in [30, 39], \text{ and } d \in [-46, -29]$
 E. None of the above.

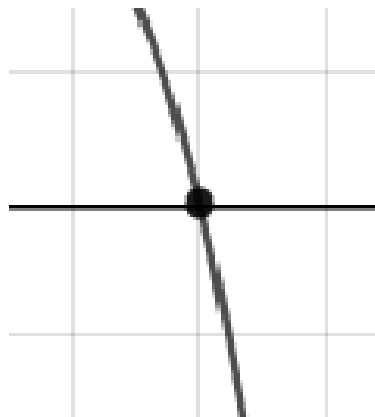
2. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{2}{3}, \text{ and } -7$$

- A. $a \in [3, 16], b \in [70, 76], c \in [-84, -73], \text{ and } d \in [-18, -11]$
 B. $a \in [3, 16], b \in [92, 96], c \in [72, 87], \text{ and } d \in [8, 15]$
 C. $a \in [3, 16], b \in [78, 85], c \in [-44, -33], \text{ and } d \in [-18, -11]$
 D. $a \in [3, 16], b \in [70, 76], c \in [-84, -73], \text{ and } d \in [8, 15]$
 E. $a \in [3, 16], b \in [-76, -67], c \in [-84, -73], \text{ and } d \in [-18, -11]$

3. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 3$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -9(x - 6)^5(x + 6)^4(x + 3)^{11}(x - 3)^8$$



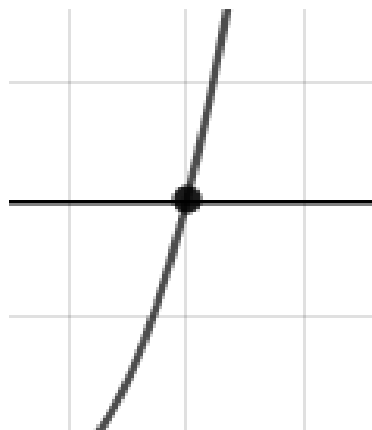
B.



C.



D.

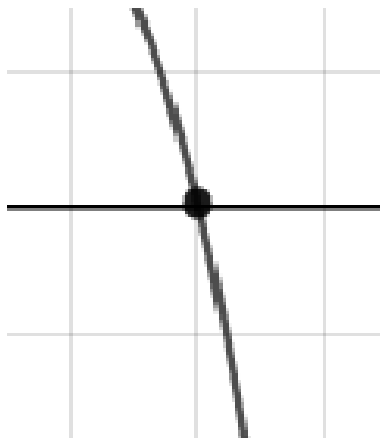


E. None of the above.

4. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -8$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -8(x - 6)^7(x + 6)^3(x + 8)^8(x - 8)^7$$

A.

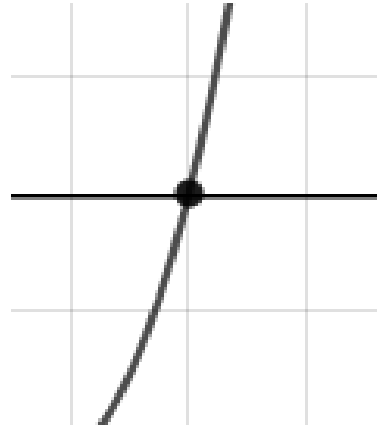


B.





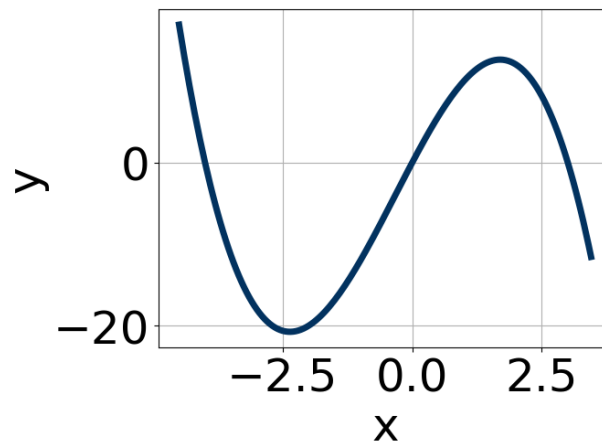
C.



D.

E. None of the above.

5. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



A. $-17x^9(x+4)^6(x-3)^{11}$

B. $-19x^{10}(x+4)^6(x-3)^7$

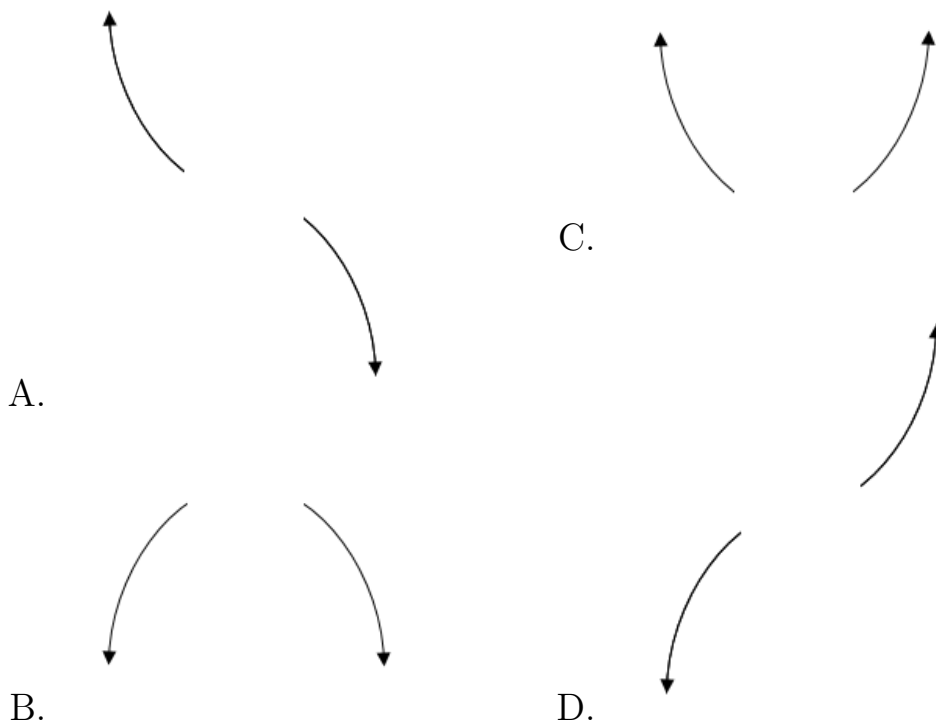
C. $-8x^9(x+4)^9(x-3)^7$

D. $13x^{11}(x+4)^7(x-3)^7$

E. $16x^7(x+4)^{10}(x-3)^9$

6. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -3(x+5)^5(x-5)^8(x+9)^2(x-9)^3$$



E. None of the above.

7. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$4 - 3i \text{ and } -1$$

- A. $b \in [6, 11], c \in [16, 18], \text{ and } d \in [-26, -24]$
- B. $b \in [-9, -4], c \in [16, 18], \text{ and } d \in [20, 28]$
- C. $b \in [-2, 6], c \in [-4, -2], \text{ and } d \in [-4, -1]$
- D. $b \in [-2, 6], c \in [3, 5], \text{ and } d \in [-1, 8]$
- E. None of the above.

8. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in

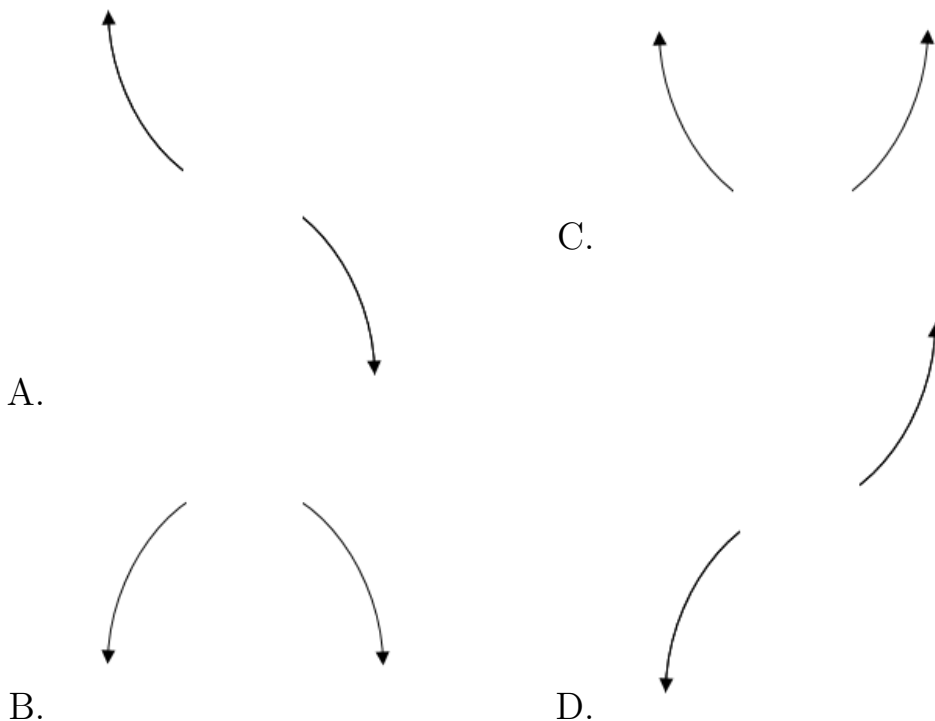
the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{-2}{3}, \frac{-1}{4}, \text{ and } \frac{7}{4}$$

- A. $a \in [44, 54], b \in [-110, -98], c \in [21, 29]$, and $d \in [9, 22]$
 B. $a \in [44, 54], b \in [-41, -35], c \in [-74, -64]$, and $d \in [-15, -11]$
 C. $a \in [44, 54], b \in [-41, -35], c \in [-74, -64]$, and $d \in [9, 22]$
 D. $a \in [44, 54], b \in [-134, -124], c \in [85, 86]$, and $d \in [-15, -11]$
 E. $a \in [44, 54], b \in [40, 42], c \in [-74, -64]$, and $d \in [9, 22]$

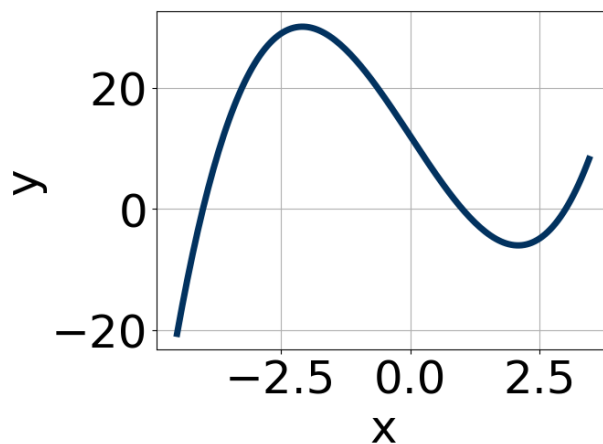
9. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 3(x - 3)^2(x + 3)^7(x + 9)^5(x - 9)^7$$



E. None of the above.

10. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $17(x - 1)^{10}(x - 3)^6(x + 4)^{11}$
B. $-20(x - 1)^{10}(x - 3)^{11}(x + 4)^{11}$
C. $4(x - 1)^8(x - 3)^{11}(x + 4)^5$
D. $-20(x - 1)^{11}(x - 3)^5(x + 4)^5$
E. $4(x - 1)^{11}(x - 3)^{11}(x + 4)^9$
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