1. For the scenario below, use the model for the volume of a cylinder as $V = \pi r^2 h$ to find the coefficient for the model of the new volume $V_{extnew} = kr^2 h$.

Pepsi wants to increase the volume of soda in their cans. They've decided to increase the radius by 19 percent and increase the height by 14 percent. They want to model the new volume based on the radius and height of the original cans.

- A. k = 5.07164
- B. k = 0.01588
- C. k = 0.00505
- D. k = 1.61435
- E. None of the above.
- 2. For the scenario below, model the rate of vibration (cm/s) of the string in terms of the length of the string. Then determine the variation constant k of the model (if possible). The constant should be in terms of cm and s.

The rate of vibration of a string under constant tension varies based on the type of string and the length of the string. The rate of vibration of string ω decreases as the square length of the string increases. For example, when string ω is 3 mm long, the rate of vibration is 22 cm/s.

- A. k = 244.44
- B. k = 2.44
- C. k = 1.98
- D. k = 198.00
- E. None of the above.
- 3. For the scenario below, use the model for the volume of a cylinder as $V = \pi r^2 h$ to find the coefficient for the model of the new volume $V_{extnew} = kr^2 h$.

Pepsi wants to increase the volume of soda in their cans. They've decided to increase the radius by 13 percent and increase the height by 19 percent. They want to model the new volume based on the radius and height of the original cans.

- A. k = 1.51951
- B. k = 4.77368
- C. k = 0.01009
- D. k = 0.00321
- E. None of the above.
- 4. For the scenario below, find the variation constant k of the model (if possible).

In an alternative galaxy, the cube of the time, T (Earth years), required for a planet to orbit $Sun \chi$ increases as the cube of the distance, d (AUs), that the planet is from $Sun \chi$ increases. For example, when Ea's average distance from $Sun \chi$ is 5, it takes 65 Earth days to complete an orbit.

- A. k = 4.028
- B. k = 2197.000
- C. k = 34328125.000
- D. k = 2.351
- E. Unable to compute the constant based on the information given.
- 5. A town has an initial population of 30000. The town's population for the next 9 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	30030	30060	30090	30120	30150	30180	30210	30240	30270

A. Logarithmic

- B. Exponential
- C. Linear
- D. Non-Linear Power
- E. None of the above
- 6. Choose the model type that would best describe the scenario below.

Big O notation is common in computer science to describe how fast a program can solve a particular problem. Big O notation categorizes functions according to their growth rates, the same way we have categorized modeling real-world problems by certain types of functions. When analyzing a particular program, a student found the computer to need x^x time to complete, where x was the number of inputs into the program.

- A. Joint variation
- B. Indirect variation
- C. Direct variation
- D. None of the above
- 7. A town has an initial population of 60000. The town's population for the next 9 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	60000	60034	60054	60069	60080	60089	60097	60103	60109

- A. Linear
- B. Non-Linear Power
- C. Logarithmic
- D. Exponential
- E. None of the above

8. For the scenario below, model the rate of vibration (cm/s) of the string in terms of the length of the string. Then determine the variation constant k of the model (if possible). The constant should be in terms of cm and s.

The rate of vibration of a string under constant tension varies based on the type of string and the length of the string. The rate of vibration of string ω increases as the quartic length of the string decreases. For example, when string ω is 2 mm long, the rate of vibration is 39 cm/s.

- A. k = 24375.00
- B. k = 0.06
- C. k = 2.44
- D. k = 624.00
- E. None of the above.
- 9. Choose the model type that would best describe the scenario below.

Big O notation is common in computer science to describe how fast a program can solve a particular problem. Big O notation categorizes functions according to their growth rates, the same way we have categorized modeling real-world problems by certain types of functions. When analyzing a particular program, a student found the computer to need x^x time to complete, where x was the number of inputs into the program.

- A. Indirect variation
- B. Joint variation
- C. Direct variation
- D. None of the above
- 10. For the scenario below, find the variation constant k of the model (if possible).

In an alternative galaxy, the quartic of the time, T (Earth years), required for a planet to orbit $Sun \chi$ decreases as the square of the distance, d (AUs), that the planet is from $Sun \chi$ decreases. For example, when Ea's average distance from $Sun \chi$ is 7, it takes 79 Earth days to complete an orbit.

- A. k = 4.028
- B. k = 1.127
- C. k = 1908553969.000
- D. k = 794899.612
- E. Unable to compute the constant based on the information given.