

1. Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-5x + 18} \text{ and } g(x) = 8x^4 + 5x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x + 5$$

- A. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [0.4, 8.4]$
  - B. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [1.6, 4.6]$
  - C. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-7.75, 1.25]$
  - D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-8.4, -2.4]$  and  $b \in [1.83, 8.83]$
  - E. The domain is all Real numbers.
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2. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = -10$  and choose the interval the  $f^{-1}(-10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x + 4}$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [501.5, 506.2]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [496.7, 498.8]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [-503, -499.6]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [-500.5, -497.4]$
  - E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.
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3. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = -18x^2 + 93x + 870$$

- A. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- B. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
- C. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

- D. Yes, the function is 1-1.
- E. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
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4. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval the  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x + 4}$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [501.1, 505.8]$
- B.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-504.2, -498.6]$
- C.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-498.9, -495.7]$
- D.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [495.5, 500.2]$
- E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.
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5. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 9$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(9)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \ln(x - 4) + 5$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [442412.39, 442427.39]$
- B.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [56.6, 60.6]$
- C.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [45.6, 55.6]$
- D.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [152.41, 155.41]$
- E.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [1202605.28, 1202611.28]$
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6. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = -1$  is in.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 1x^2 - 4x + 4 \text{ and } g(x) = -x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x - 3$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-15, -9]$
- B.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [3, 9]$

- C.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [14, 15]$
  - D.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-21, -15]$
  - E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.
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7. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = -1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -x^3 + 2x^2 + x \text{ and } g(x) = 2x^3 + 3x^2 - x + 3$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [19, 27]$
  - B.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-73, -65]$
  - C.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [28, 32]$
  - D.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-66, -56]$
  - E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.
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8. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 7$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(7)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x-2} - 5$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [4.31, 4.6]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [-3.01, -2.63]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [-3.43, -3.34]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [0.43, 0.88]$
  - E.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [-4.6, -4.26]$
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9. Multiply the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-5x - 27} \text{ and } g(x) = 2x^2$$

- A. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-10.4, 0.6]$

- B. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-10.25, -5.25]$
  - C. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-9, -2]$
  - D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-8.8, -4.8]$  and  $b \in [-3.8, 0.2]$
  - E. The domain is all Real numbers.
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10. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = -24x^2 - 176x - 306$$

- A. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - B. Yes, the function is 1-1.
  - C. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.
  - D. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - E. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
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