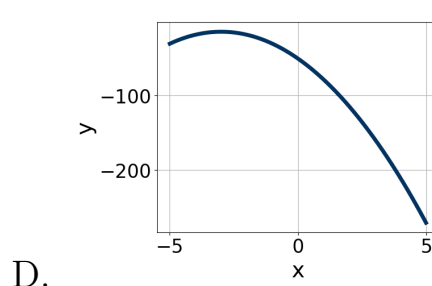
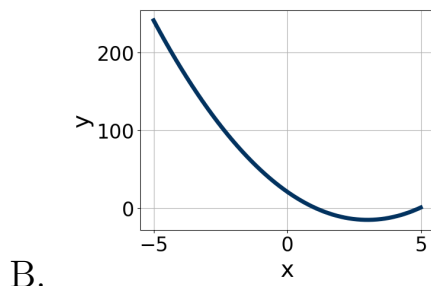
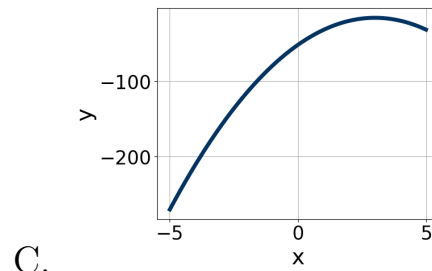
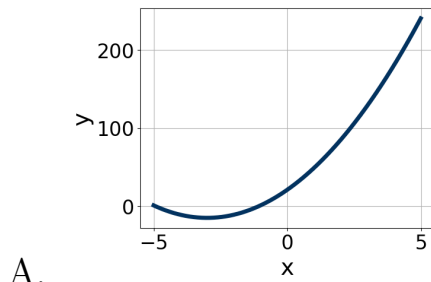


1. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 3)^2 - 15$$



- E. None of the above.

2. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$13x^2 - 15x - 9 = 0$$

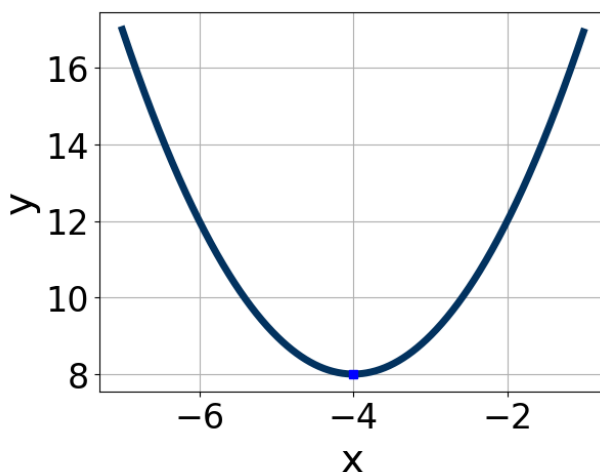
- A. $x_1 \in [-25.8, -25.1]$ and $x_2 \in [26.9, 27.9]$
 B. $x_1 \in [-0.8, -0.2]$ and $x_2 \in [0.59, 5.59]$
 C. $x_1 \in [-2, -1]$ and $x_2 \in [-1.56, 1.44]$
 D. $x_1 \in [-6.2, -4]$ and $x_2 \in [20.66, 21.66]$
 E. There are no Real solutions.

3. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$20x^2 - 21x - 54 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-24.6, -22.7]$ and $x_2 \in [44.91, 45.1]$
- B. $x_1 \in [-7.2, -5.2]$ and $x_2 \in [0.28, 0.58]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-5.6, -3.1]$ and $x_2 \in [0.71, 0.88]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-0.8, 0.2]$ and $x_2 \in [4.21, 4.76]$
- E. $x_1 \in [-2.2, -0.8]$ and $x_2 \in [2.11, 2.28]$

-
4. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a, b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [1, 3]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [24, 25]$
- B. $a \in [-1, 0]$, $b \in [8, 11]$, and $c \in [-11, -5]$
- C. $a \in [-1, 0]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [-11, -5]$
- D. $a \in [1, 3]$, $b \in [8, 11]$, and $c \in [24, 25]$
- E. $a \in [1, 3]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [5, 11]$

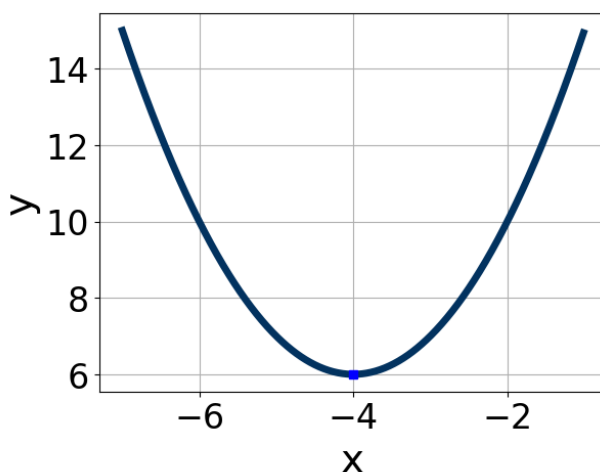
-
5. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$54x^2 + 57x + 10$$

- A. $a \in [1.9, 4.7]$, $b \in [2, 5]$, $c \in [16.9, 18.5]$, and $d \in [3, 8]$

- B. $a \in [-0.1, 1.1]$, $b \in [10, 14]$, $c \in [-0.5, 1.5]$, and $d \in [45, 49]$
C. $a \in [7.6, 10.3]$, $b \in [2, 5]$, $c \in [4.3, 7]$, and $d \in [3, 8]$
D. $a \in [24.8, 27.9]$, $b \in [2, 5]$, $c \in [1.3, 5.3]$, and $d \in [3, 8]$
E. None of the above.
-

6. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a, b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-0.2, 2.1]$, $b \in [-12, -4]$, and $c \in [10, 11]$
B. $a \in [-1.4, -0.3]$, $b \in [-12, -4]$, and $c \in [-11, -6]$
C. $a \in [-0.2, 2.1]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [21, 23]$
D. $a \in [-1.4, -0.3]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [-11, -6]$
E. $a \in [-0.2, 2.1]$, $b \in [-12, -4]$, and $c \in [21, 23]$
-

7. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$20x^2 + 21x - 54 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-2.21, -0.53]$ and $x_2 \in [3.58, 3.65]$
B. $x_1 \in [-10.1, -8.13]$ and $x_2 \in [0.16, 0.36]$

- C. $x_1 \in [-45.55, -44.54]$ and $x_2 \in [23.98, 24.04]$
D. $x_1 \in [-2.7, -1.57]$ and $x_2 \in [1.1, 1.3]$
E. $x_1 \in [-8.22, -5.57]$ and $x_2 \in [0.32, 0.42]$
-

8. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$24x^2 + 38x + 15$$

- A. $a \in [3.4, 6.3]$, $b \in [-3, 6]$, $c \in [4.7, 8.3]$, and $d \in [3, 7]$
B. $a \in [0.6, 3.5]$, $b \in [16, 24]$, $c \in [0.5, 1.8]$, and $d \in [13, 24]$
C. $a \in [7, 8.3]$, $b \in [-3, 6]$, $c \in [1.5, 4.4]$, and $d \in [3, 7]$
D. $a \in [0.6, 3.5]$, $b \in [-3, 6]$, $c \in [17.3, 18.6]$, and $d \in [3, 7]$
E. None of the above.
-

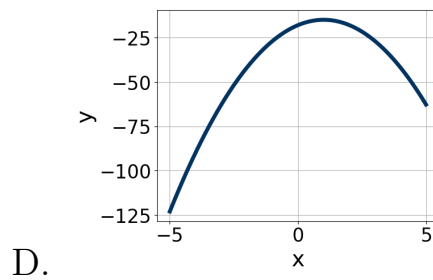
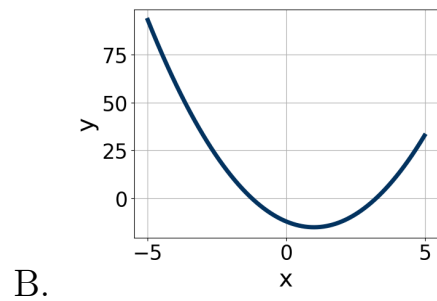
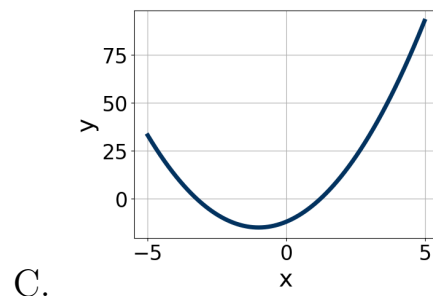
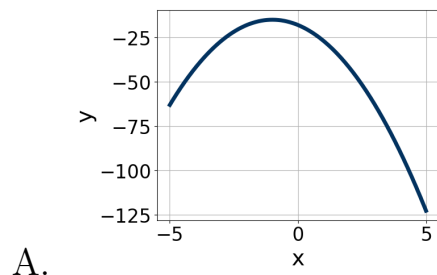
9. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$15x^2 + 9x - 2 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-11.71, -10.95]$ and $x_2 \in [2.21, 2.91]$
B. $x_1 \in [-1.03, -0.44]$ and $x_2 \in [-0.35, 0.73]$
C. $x_1 \in [-0.58, 0.38]$ and $x_2 \in [0.56, 0.92]$
D. $x_1 \in [-14.51, -14.09]$ and $x_2 \in [13.67, 14.35]$
E. There are no Real solutions.
-

10. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 - 15$$



E. None of the above.