

1. Determine the domain of the function below.

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{18x^2 + 21x - 30}$$

- A. All Real numbers except $x = a$, where $a \in [-21, -14]$
- B. All Real numbers except $x = a$, where $a \in [-3, -1]$
- C. All Real numbers except $x = a$ and $x = b$, where $a \in [-3, -1]$ and $b \in [0.83, 2.83]$
- D. All Real numbers except $x = a$ and $x = b$, where $a \in [-21, -14]$ and $b \in [30, 33]$
- E. All Real numbers.

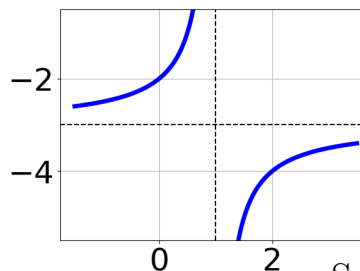
2. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{2x}{2x - 4} + \frac{-7x^2}{14x^2 - 40x + 24} = \frac{-5}{7x - 6}$$

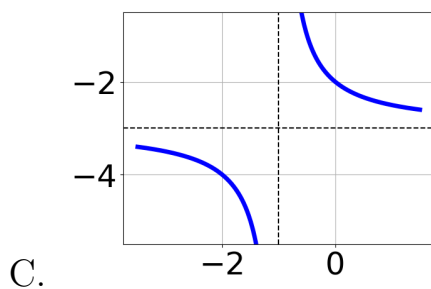
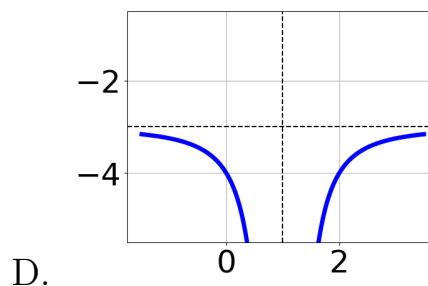
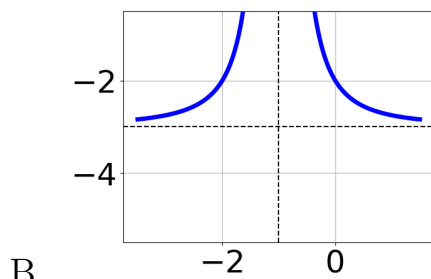
- A. $x_1 \in [-1.9, -0.88]$ and $x_2 \in [1.88, 2.1]$
- B. $x_1 \in [-1.9, -0.88]$ and $x_2 \in [1.68, 1.89]$
- C. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- D. $x \in [0.92, 4.95]$
- E. $x \in [0.32, 1.83]$

3. Choose the graph of the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{x - 1} + 3$$



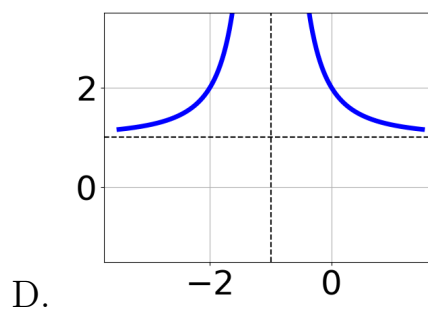
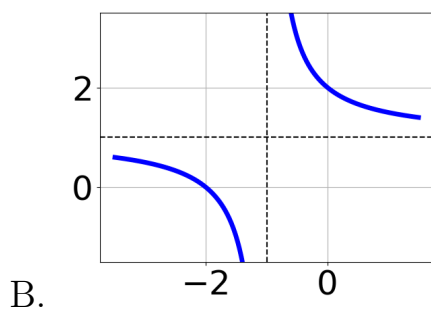
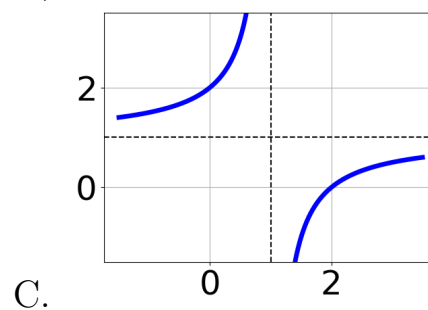
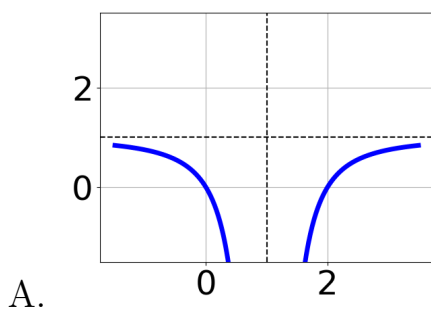
A.



E. None of the above.

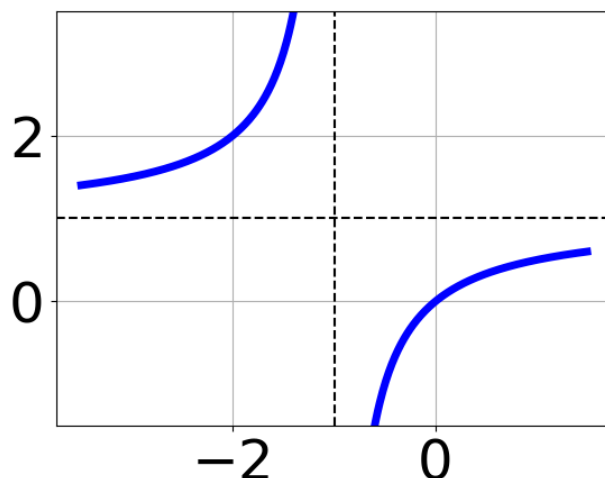
4. Choose the graph of the equation below.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} - 1$$



E. None of the above.

5. Choose the equation of the function graphed below.



- A. $f(x) = \frac{-1}{x-1} + 1$
- B. $f(x) = \frac{1}{(x+1)^2} + 1$
- C. $f(x) = \frac{-1}{(x-1)^2} + 1$
- D. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1} + 1$
- E. None of the above

6. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{-3x}{-2x-4} + \frac{-4x^2}{4x^2+22x+28} = \frac{6}{-2x-7}$$

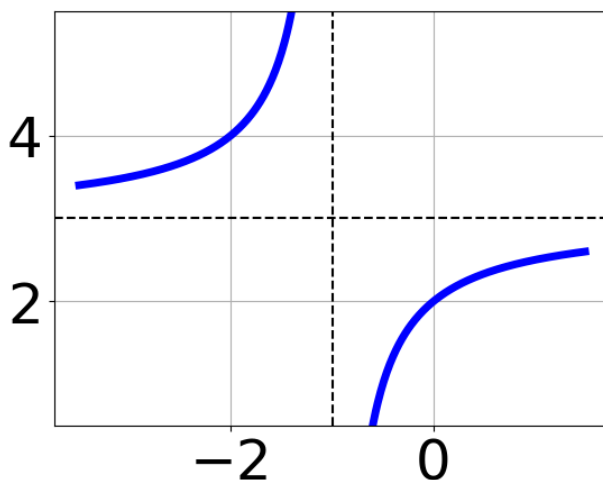
- A. $x_1 \in [-16.05, -15.64]$ and $x_2 \in [-2.8, -1.3]$
- B. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- C. $x_1 \in [-16.05, -15.64]$ and $x_2 \in [-1.4, -0.3]$
- D. $x \in [-2.18, 1.01]$
- E. $x \in [-4.57, -3.01]$

7. Determine the domain of the function below.

$$f(x) = \frac{6}{30x^2 - 2x - 12}$$

- A. All Real numbers.
- B. All Real numbers except $x = a$ and $x = b$, where $a \in [-0.6, 0.4]$ and $b \in [-0.33, 1.67]$
- C. All Real numbers except $x = a$, where $a \in [-19, -12]$
- D. All Real numbers except $x = a$ and $x = b$, where $a \in [-19, -12]$ and $b \in [23, 28]$
- E. All Real numbers except $x = a$, where $a \in [-0.6, 0.4]$

8. Choose the equation of the function graphed below.



- A. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} + 3$
- B. $f(x) = \frac{-1}{(x+1)^2} + 3$
- C. $f(x) = \frac{-1}{x+1} + 3$
- D. $f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} + 3$

E. None of the above

9. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{-56}{-24x + 48} + 1 = \frac{-56}{-24x + 48}$$

- A. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- B. $x \in [1.0, 4.0]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-2, 1]$ and $x_2 \in [2, 4]$
- D. $x \in [-2, 1]$
- E. $x_1 \in [1, 5]$ and $x_2 \in [2, 4]$

10. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{3}{8x - 7} + 7 = \frac{-9}{-56x + 49}$$

- A. $x \in [0.84, 1.84]$
- B. $x_1 \in [0.4, 0.84]$ and $x_2 \in [0.84, 1.84]$
- C. $x \in [-1.06, -0.59]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-1.06, -0.59]$ and $x_2 \in [0.84, 1.84]$
- E. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.