

**This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found [here](#).**

**If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey [here](#).**

*Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.*

61. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 5$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(5)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x+3} + 3$$

The solution is  $f^{-1}(5) = -2.307$

A.  $f^{-1}(5) \in [-4.8, -1.5]$

This is the solution.

B.  $f^{-1}(5) \in [4.8, 8.5]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 4.

C.  $f^{-1}(5) \in [4.8, 8.5]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 2.

D.  $f^{-1}(5) \in [3.2, 4.6]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 3.

E.  $f^{-1}(5) \in [3.2, 4.6]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 1.

Natural log and exponential functions always have an inverse. Once you switch the  $x$  and  $y$ , use the conversion  $e^y = x \leftrightarrow y = \ln(x)$ .

62. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-5x - 16}$$

The solution is yes

A. Yes, the function is 1-1.

\* This is the solution.

B. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

Corresponds to the Horizontal Line test, which this function passes.

C. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.

Corresponds to the Vertical Line test, which checks if an expression is a function.

D. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the domain is all Real numbers.

E. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the range is all Real numbers.

**General Comments:** There are only two valid options: The function is 1-1 OR No because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

63. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = 1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -3x^3 + 2x^2 + x \text{ and } g(x) = 2x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 3$$

The solution is  $-14.0$

A.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-14.8, -11.8]$

\* This is the correct solution

B.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-11, -6.9]$

Distractor 3: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

C.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-4.4, -2]$

Distractor 1: Corresponds to reversing the composition.

D.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-7.5, -4.7]$

Distractor 2: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.

General Comments:  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x$  means  $f(g(x))$ . The order matters!

64. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = -12$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(-12)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = 5x^2 + 3$$

The solution is The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.

A.  $f^{-1}(-12) \in [0.44, 1.37]$

Distractor 2: This corresponds to finding the (nonexistent) inverse and not subtracting by the vertical shift.

B.  $f^{-1}(-12) \in [3.67, 4.05]$

Distractor 3: This corresponds to finding the (nonexistent) inverse and dividing by a negative.

C.  $f^{-1}(-12) \in [1.57, 2]$

Distractor 1: This corresponds to trying to find the inverse even though the function is not 1-1.

D.  $f^{-1}(-12) \in [5.47, 5.84]$

Distractor 4: This corresponds to both distractors 2 and 3.

E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.

\* This is the correct option.

General Comments: Be sure you check that the function is 1-1 before trying to find the inverse!

65. Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = 6x + 9 \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{2}{5x - 24}$$

The solution is The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = 4.8$

Answer Key for Module 9L - Operations on Functions Version C

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- A. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [1, 11]$
- B. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-9, -2]$
- C. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-5, 0]$
- D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-7, -3]$  and  $b \in [-13, -2]$
- E. The domain is all Real numbers.

General Comments: The new domain is the intersection of the previous domains.

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