This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found here.

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey here.

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

1. Simplify the expression below into the form a + bi. Then, choose the intervals that a and b belong to.

$$\frac{9+66i}{3-2i}$$

The solution is -8.08 + 16.62i

A. $a \in [-4, 7]$ and $b \in [-37, -32]$

3.00-33.00i, which corresponds to just dividing the first term by the first term and the second by the second.

B. $a \in [-106, -100]$ and $b \in [16, 23]$

-105.00 + 16.62i, which corresponds to forgetting to multiply the conjugate by the numerator and using a plus instead of a minus in the denominator.

C. $a \in [-9, 0]$ and $b \in [16, 23]$

* -8.08 + 16.62i, which is the correct option.

D. $a \in [-9, 0]$ and $b \in [214, 222]$

-8.08 + 216.00i, which corresponds to forgetting to multiply the conjugate by the numerator.

E. $a \in [5, 16]$ and $b \in [9, 15]$

12.23 + 13.85i, which corresponds to forgetting to multiply the conjugate by the numerator and not computing the conjugate correctly.

General Comment: Multiply the numerator and denominator by the *conjugate* of the denominator, then simplify. For example, if we have 2 + 3i, the conjugate is 2 - 3i.

2. Choose the **smallest** set of Real numbers that the number below belongs to.

$$\sqrt{\frac{825}{15}}$$

The solution is Irrational

A. Rational

These are numbers that can be written as fraction of Integers (e.g., -2/3)

B. Integer

These are the negative and positive counting numbers (..., -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, ...)

C. Not a Real number

These are Nonreal Complex numbers OR things that are not numbers (dividing by 0).

D. Whole

These are the counting numbers with 0 (0, 1, 2, 3, ...)

E. Irrational

These cannot be written as a fraction of Integers.

General Comments: First, you **NEED** to simplify the expression. This question simplifies to $\sqrt{55}$.

Be sure you look at the simplified fraction and not just the decimal expansion. Numbers such as 13, 17, and 19 provide long but repeating/terminating decimal expansions!

The only ways to *not* be a Real number are: dividing by 0 or taking the square root of a negative number. Irrational numbers are more than just square root of 3: adding or subtracting values from square root of 3 is also irrational.

3. Simplify the expression below and choose the interval the simplification is contained within.

$$6 - 14^2 + 2 \div 18 * 9 \div 20$$

The solution is -189.95

- A. [-189.99, -189.95]
 - * -189.950000, this is the correct option
- B. [202.04, 202.09]

202.050000, which corresponds to an Order of Operations error: multiplying by negative before squaring. For example: $(-3)^2 \neq -3^2$

- C. [-190.01, -189.97]
 - -189.999000, which corresponds to an Order of Operations error: not reading left-to-right for multiplication/division.
- D. [201.98, 202.01]

202.001000, which corresponds to two Order of Operations errors.

E. None of the above

You may have gotten this by making an unanticipated error. If you got a value that is not any of the others, please let the coordinator know so they can help you figure out what happened.

General Comments: While you may remember (or were taught) PEMDAS is done in order, it is actually done as P/E/MD/AS. When we are at MD or AS, we read left to right.

4. Simplify the expression below into the form a + bi. Then, choose the intervals that a and b belong to.

$$(8+3i)(7-10i)$$

The solution is 86 - 59i

A.
$$a \in [82, 87]$$
 and $b \in [-66, -52]$

B.
$$a \in [24, 30]$$
 and $b \in [-104, -98]$

26-101i, which corresponds to adding a minus sign in the first term.

^{*} 86 - 59i, which is the correct option.

C. $a \in [82, 87]$ and $b \in [54, 61]$

86 + 59i, which corresponds to adding a minus sign in both terms.

D. $a \in [54, 57]$ and $b \in [-31, -29]$

56-30i, which corresponds to just multiplying the real terms to get the real part of the solution and the coefficients in the complex terms to get the complex part.

E. $a \in [24, 30]$ and $b \in [93, 103]$

26 + 101i, which corresponds to adding a minus sign in the second term.

General Comments: You can treat i as a variable and distribute. Just remember that $i^2 = -1$, so you can continue to reduce after you distribute.

5. Choose the **smallest** set of Complex numbers that the number below belongs to.

$$\sqrt{\frac{64}{0}} + \sqrt{240}i$$

The solution is Not a Complex Number

A. Not a Complex Number

This is not a number. The only non-Complex number we know is dividing by 0 as this is not a number!

B. Pure Imaginary

This is a Complex number (a + bi) that **only** has an imaginary part like 2i.

C. Nonreal Complex

This is a Complex number (a + bi) that is not Real (has i as part of the number).

D. Irrational

These cannot be written as a fraction of Integers. Remember: π is not an Integer!

E. Rational

These are numbers that can be written as fraction of Integers (e.g., -2/3 + 5)

General Comments: Be sure to simplify $i^2 = -1$. This may remove the imaginary portion for your number. If you are having trouble, you may want to look at the Subgroups of the Real Numbers section.