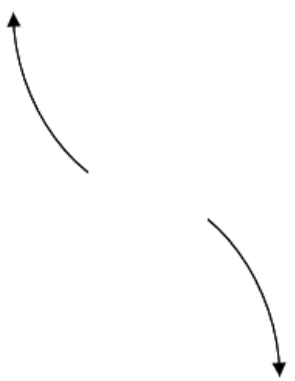
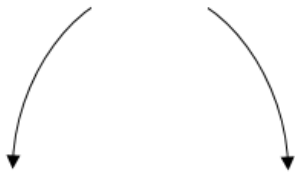
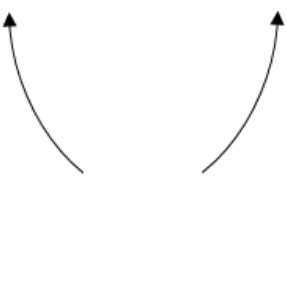
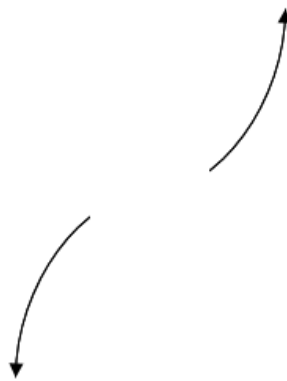


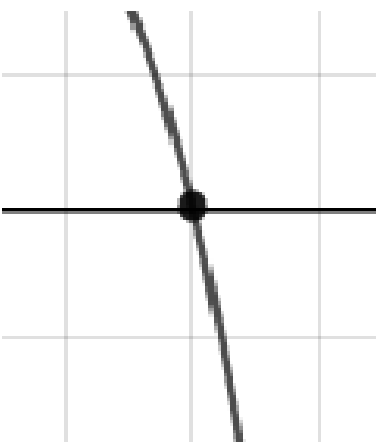
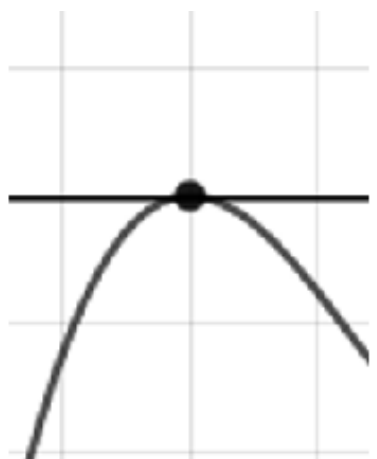
1. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 9(x - 2)^2(x + 2)^7(x + 3)^4(x - 3)^5$$

- A. 
- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

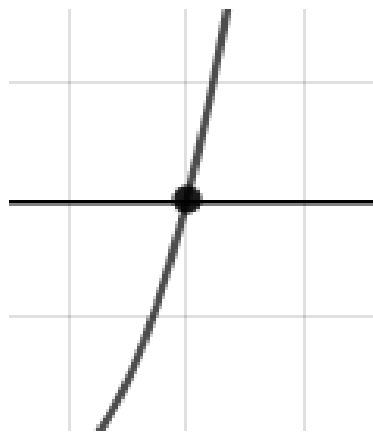
2. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = 3$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -4(x - 8)^5(x + 8)^4(x - 3)^8(x + 3)^5$$

- A. 
- B. 



C.



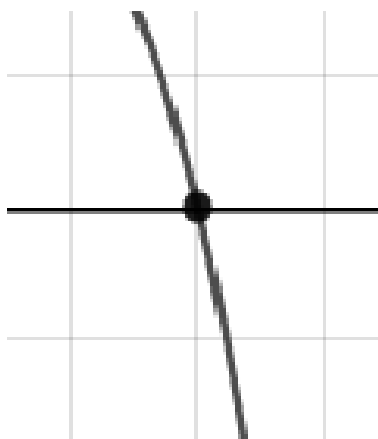
D.

E. None of the above.

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3. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = -3$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 9(x + 3)^5(x - 3)^{10}(x - 6)^8(x + 6)^{11}$$



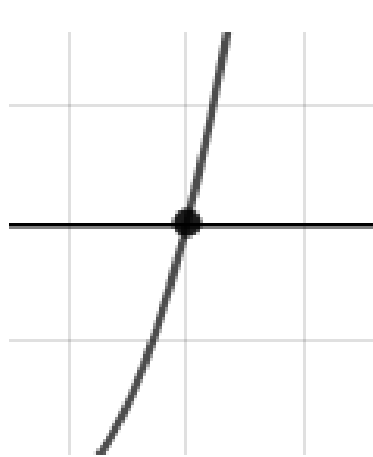
A.



C.



B.



D.

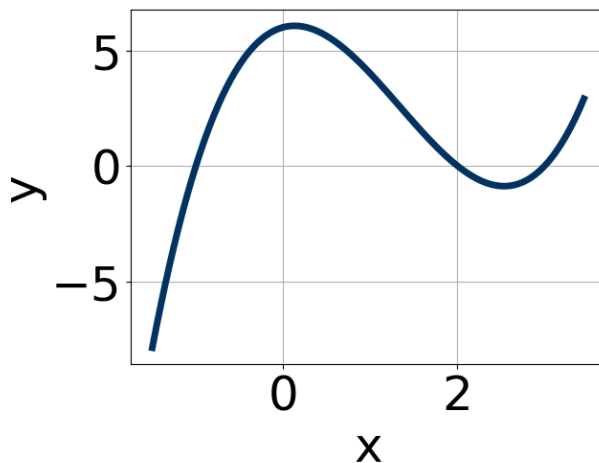
E. None of the above.

- 
4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$5 - 2i \text{ and } -1$$

- A.  $b \in [-1, 7], c \in [0, 8],$  and  $d \in [2, 6]$   
B.  $b \in [-1, 7], c \in [-9, -3],$  and  $d \in [-5, -2]$   
C.  $b \in [-9, -6], c \in [15, 20],$  and  $d \in [25, 36]$   
D.  $b \in [6, 16], c \in [15, 20],$  and  $d \in [-30, -27]$   
E. None of the above.

- 
5. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $-14(x - 3)^8(x - 2)^9(x + 1)^{11}$   
B.  $18(x - 3)^6(x - 2)^7(x + 1)^7$   
C.  $4(x - 3)^4(x - 2)^8(x + 1)^7$   
D.  $-12(x - 3)^5(x - 2)^7(x + 1)^{11}$   
E.  $10(x - 3)^7(x - 2)^7(x + 1)^{11}$

- 
6. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$\frac{6}{5}, \frac{-7}{4}, \text{ and } \frac{-3}{4}$$

- A.  $a \in [75, 83], b \in [104, 107], c \in [-137, -125],$  and  $d \in [122, 127]$   
B.  $a \in [75, 83], b \in [13, 24], c \in [-203, -197],$  and  $d \in [-128, -119]$   
C.  $a \in [75, 83], b \in [296, 299], c \in [341, 351],$  and  $d \in [122, 127]$   
D.  $a \in [75, 83], b \in [-104, -99], c \in [-137, -125],$  and  $d \in [122, 127]$   
E.  $a \in [75, 83], b \in [104, 107], c \in [-137, -125],$  and  $d \in [-128, -119]$
- 

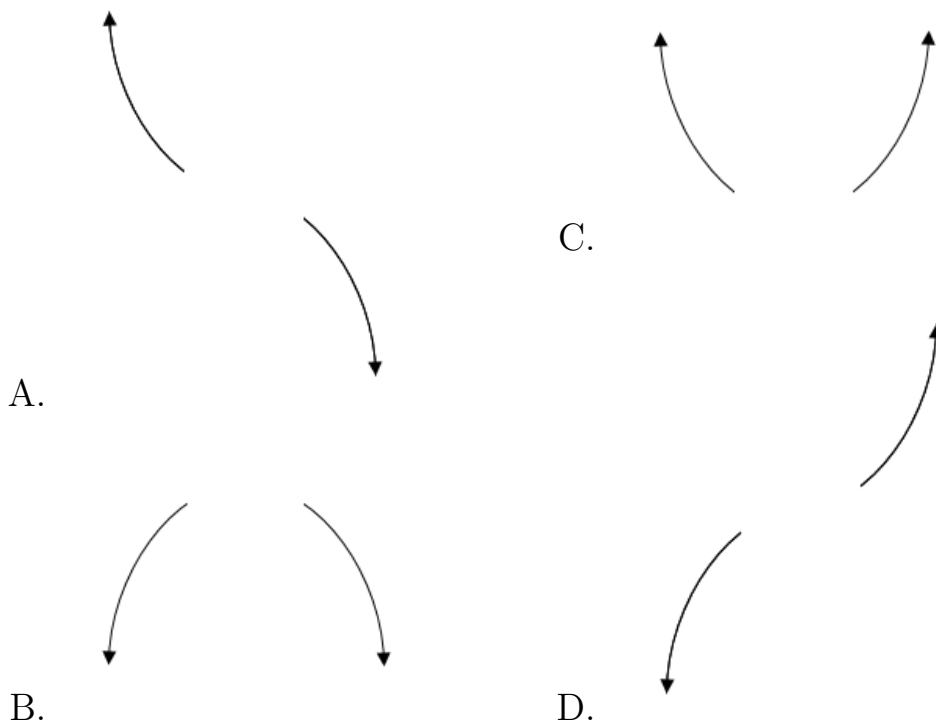
7. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$3 + 5i \text{ and } 4$$

- A.  $b \in [-4, 4], c \in [-11, -8],$  and  $d \in [19, 24]$   
B.  $b \in [-4, 4], c \in [-7, -4],$  and  $d \in [6, 15]$   
C.  $b \in [-11, -4], c \in [54, 66],$  and  $d \in [-137, -132]$   
D.  $b \in [10, 13], c \in [54, 66],$  and  $d \in [135, 138]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

8. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 6(x + 9)^2(x - 9)^3(x + 6)^3(x - 6)^3$$



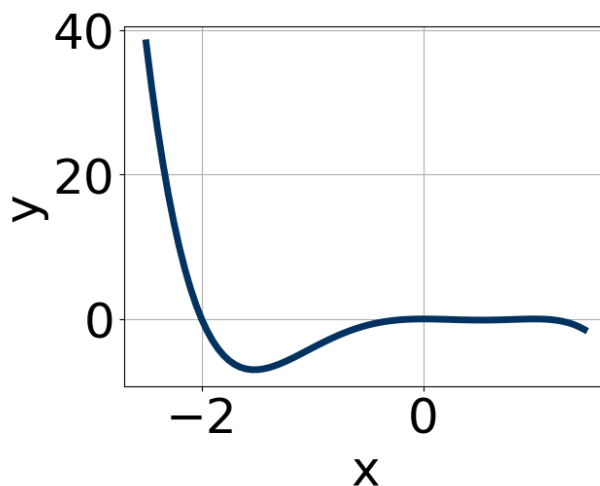
E. None of the above.

9. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$\frac{-1}{4}, \frac{-1}{5}, \text{ and } 5$$

- A.  $a \in [15, 26], b \in [-94, -89], c \in [-48, -42],$  and  $d \in [0, 6]$
- B.  $a \in [15, 26], b \in [-101, -98], c \in [3, 5],$  and  $d \in [0, 6]$
- C.  $a \in [15, 26], b \in [-94, -89], c \in [-48, -42],$  and  $d \in [-6, 2]$
- D.  $a \in [15, 26], b \in [90, 92], c \in [-48, -42],$  and  $d \in [0, 6]$
- E.  $a \in [15, 26], b \in [-109, -104], c \in [45, 48],$  and  $d \in [-6, 2]$

10. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $-5x^{10}(x-1)^8(x+2)^7$   
B.  $-9x^5(x-1)^4(x+2)^4$   
C.  $-8x^7(x-1)^{10}(x+2)^{11}$   
D.  $17x^{10}(x-1)^6(x+2)^6$   
E.  $4x^4(x-1)^{10}(x+2)^9$
-