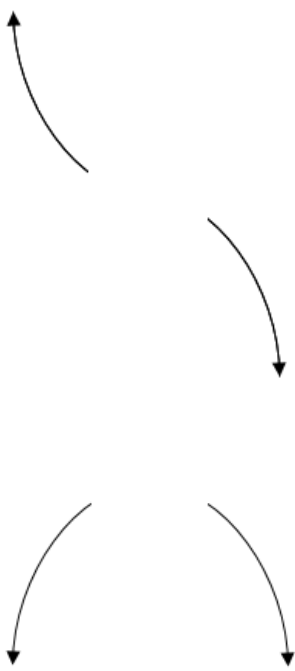
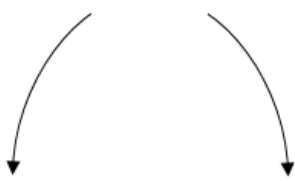
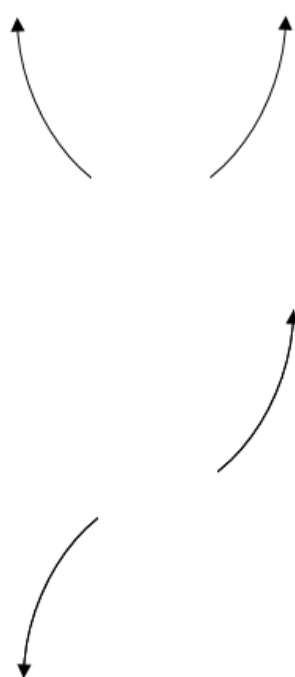
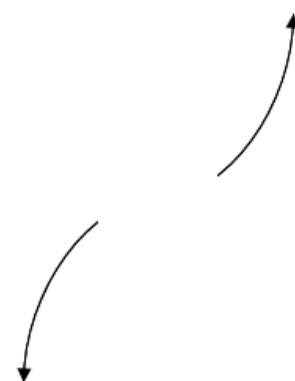
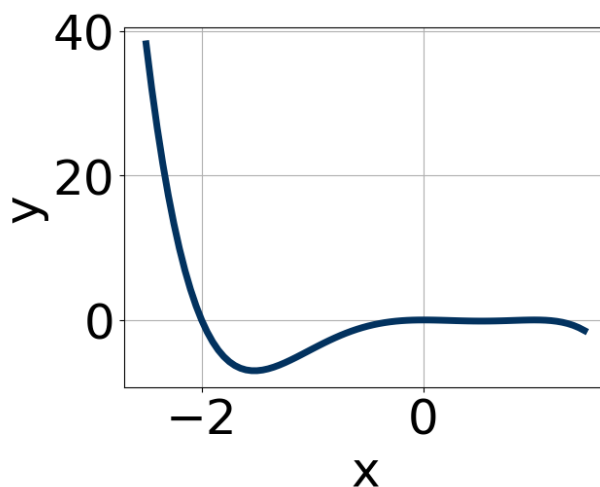


1. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -6(x - 7)^3(x + 7)^8(x + 2)^3(x - 2)^3$$

- A. 
- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

2. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $8x^4(x - 1)^4(x + 2)^{11}$

- B. $-15x^4(x-1)^{11}(x+2)^{10}$
- C. $-3x^{10}(x-1)^9(x+2)^{11}$
- D. $16x^8(x-1)^8(x+2)^4$
- E. $-20x^4(x-1)^6(x+2)^7$

-
3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \text{ and } -\frac{5}{4}$$

- A. $a \in [51, 65], b \in [-78, -65], c \in [-43, -39], \text{ and } d \in [40, 46]$
- B. $a \in [51, 65], b \in [64, 74], c \in [-43, -39], \text{ and } d \in [40, 46]$
- C. $a \in [51, 65], b \in [64, 74], c \in [-43, -39], \text{ and } d \in [-41, -38]$
- D. $a \in [51, 65], b \in [82, 84], c \in [-26, -18], \text{ and } d \in [-41, -38]$
- E. $a \in [51, 65], b \in [-13, -11], c \in [-83, -76], \text{ and } d \in [40, 46]$

-
4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$5, \frac{7}{4}, \text{ and } \frac{1}{4}$$

- A. $a \in [12, 26], b \in [-113, -109], c \in [157, 171], \text{ and } d \in [-45, -34]$
- B. $a \in [12, 26], b \in [102, 105], c \in [113, 118], \text{ and } d \in [-45, -34]$
- C. $a \in [12, 26], b \in [48, 52], c \in [-153, -150], \text{ and } d \in [34, 42]$
- D. $a \in [12, 26], b \in [112, 116], c \in [157, 171], \text{ and } d \in [34, 42]$
- E. $a \in [12, 26], b \in [-113, -109], c \in [157, 171], \text{ and } d \in [34, 42]$

5. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$4 - 5i \text{ and } -2$$

- A. $b \in [0.3, 3.1], c \in [5, 10], \text{ and } d \in [8, 12]$
 B. $b \in [2.1, 8.9], c \in [15, 28], \text{ and } d \in [-89, -71]$
 C. $b \in [0.3, 3.1], c \in [-3, -1], \text{ and } d \in [-8, -3]$
 D. $b \in [-7.3, -5.9], c \in [15, 28], \text{ and } d \in [82, 85]$
 E. None of the above.

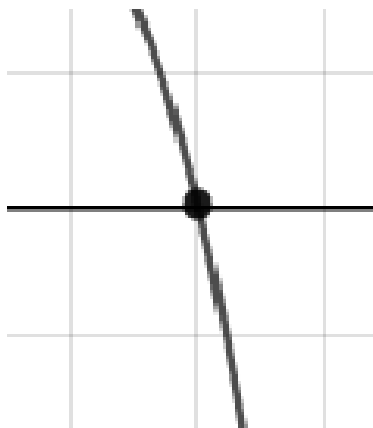
6. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-3 - 5i \text{ and } 3$$

- A. $b \in [-0.42, 1.63], c \in [-3.2, 1], \text{ and } d \in [-14, -6]$
 B. $b \in [-4.7, -1.52], c \in [14.7, 18.4], \text{ and } d \in [102, 106]$
 C. $b \in [-0.42, 1.63], c \in [1.8, 4.8], \text{ and } d \in [-17, -13]$
 D. $b \in [2.39, 3.09], c \in [14.7, 18.4], \text{ and } d \in [-107, -92]$
 E. None of the above.

7. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -2$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -9(x - 5)^6(x + 5)^5(x - 2)^{11}(x + 2)^6$$



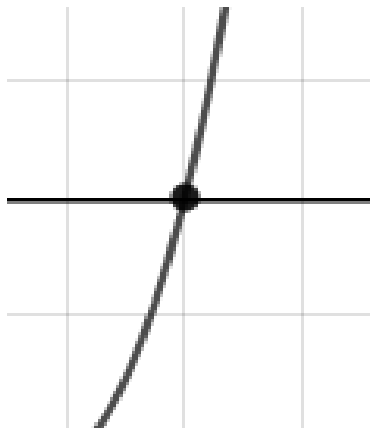
B.



C.



D.

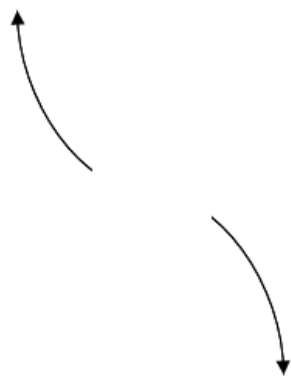


E. None of the above.

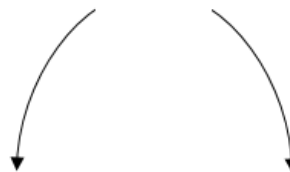
8. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.



$$f(x) = -5(x + 8)^2(x - 8)^5(x + 7)^3(x - 7)^3$$

A.

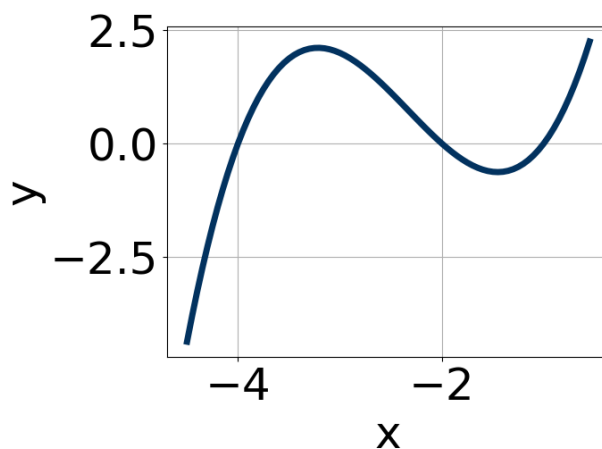


B.



- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

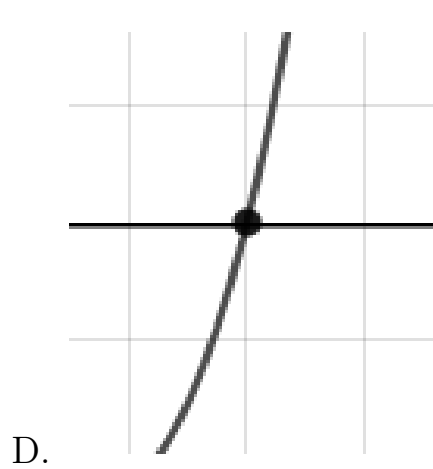
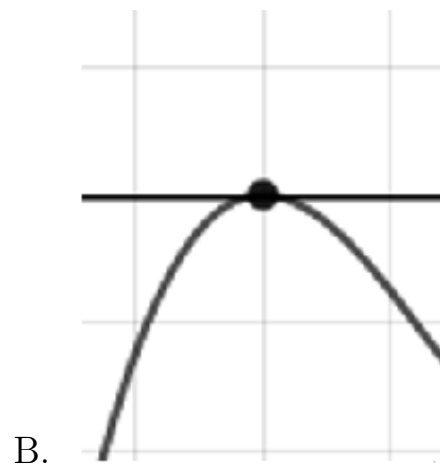
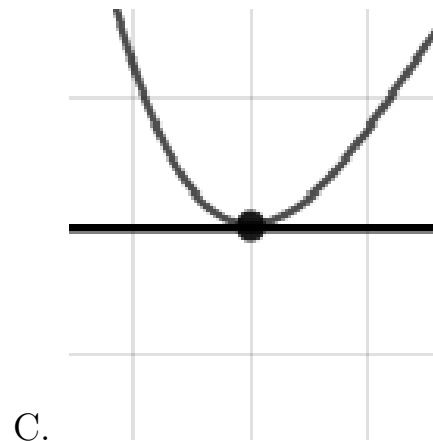
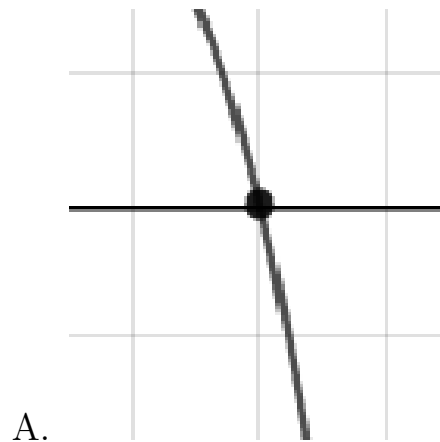
9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $-4(x + 4)^9(x + 1)^9(x + 2)^5$
- B. $-2(x + 4)^4(x + 1)^5(x + 2)^{11}$
- C. $20(x + 4)^{11}(x + 1)^7(x + 2)^{11}$
- D. $10(x + 4)^4(x + 1)^9(x + 2)^{11}$
- E. $12(x + 4)^{10}(x + 1)^8(x + 2)^7$

10. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 2$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -7(x + 2)^2(x - 2)^7(x + 7)^3(x - 7)^4$$



E. None of the above.