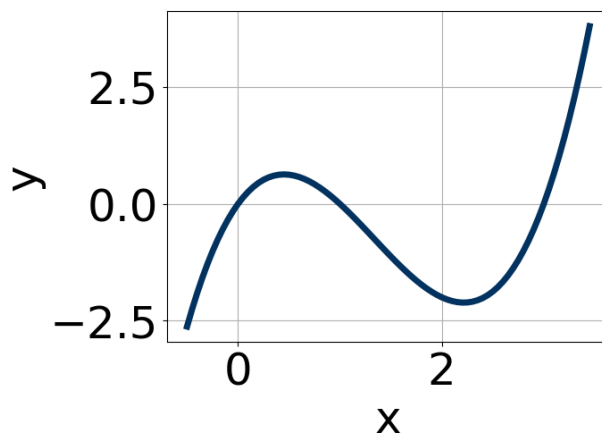


1. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-7, \frac{7}{2}, \text{ and } \frac{1}{2}$$

- A. $a \in [-3, 6], b \in [-47, -42], c \in [117, 124], \text{ and } d \in [-51, -39]$
 B. $a \in [-3, 6], b \in [-18, -15], c \in [-100, -89], \text{ and } d \in [48, 54]$
 C. $a \in [-3, 6], b \in [-15, -8], c \in [-109, -101], \text{ and } d \in [-51, -39]$
 D. $a \in [-3, 6], b \in [12, 17], c \in [-109, -101], \text{ and } d \in [48, 54]$
 E. $a \in [-3, 6], b \in [12, 17], c \in [-109, -101], \text{ and } d \in [-51, -39]$

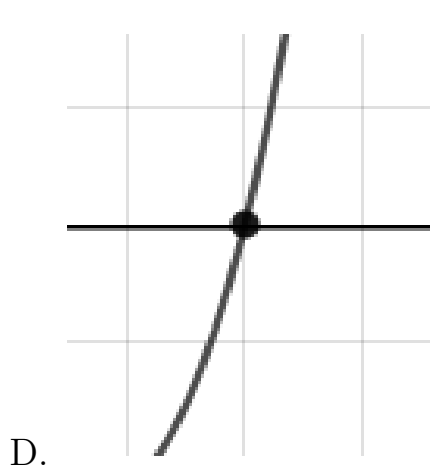
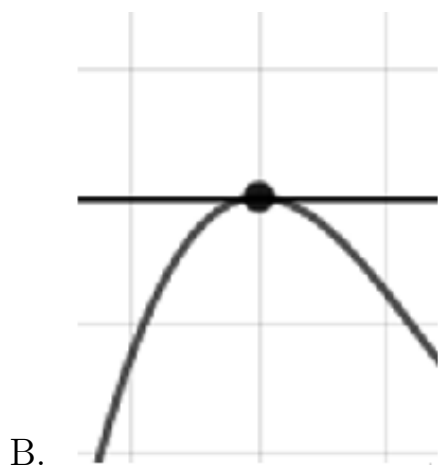
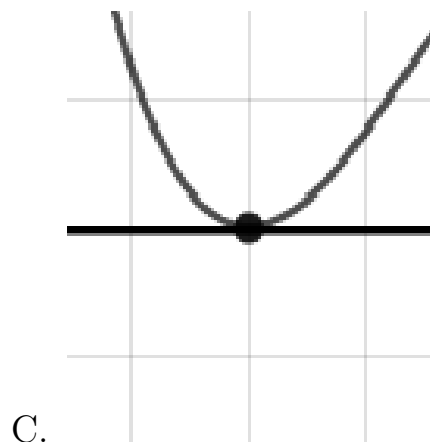
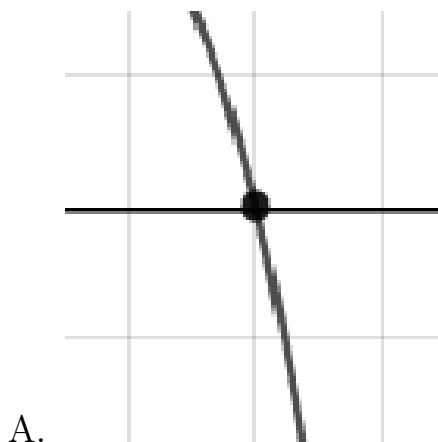
2. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $13x^7(x-1)^7(x-3)^{11}$
 B. $-18x^9(x-1)^{10}(x-3)^9$
 C. $-15x^5(x-1)^{11}(x-3)^{11}$
 D. $8x^9(x-1)^8(x-3)^5$
 E. $3x^7(x-1)^4(x-3)^{10}$

3. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -9$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 8(x-9)^5(x+9)^8(x-8)^6(x+8)^8$$



E. None of the above.

4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-2 - 3i \text{ and } -3$$

- A. $b \in [1, 4], c \in [5.44, 8.1], \text{ and } d \in [8.6, 9.7]$
 B. $b \in [-13, -5], c \in [23.8, 26.58], \text{ and } d \in [-41.4, -37.8]$
 C. $b \in [1, 4], c \in [3.4, 5.01], \text{ and } d \in [5.2, 6.9]$
 D. $b \in [2, 15], c \in [23.8, 26.58], \text{ and } d \in [37.2, 41.1]$
 E. None of the above.

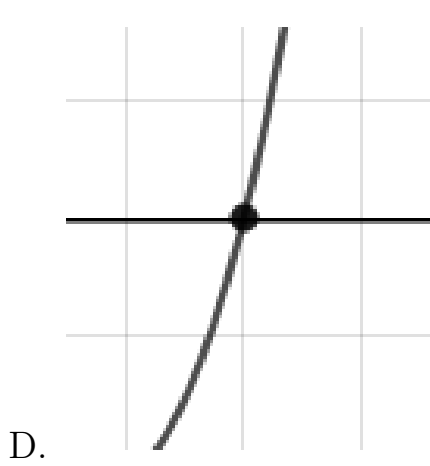
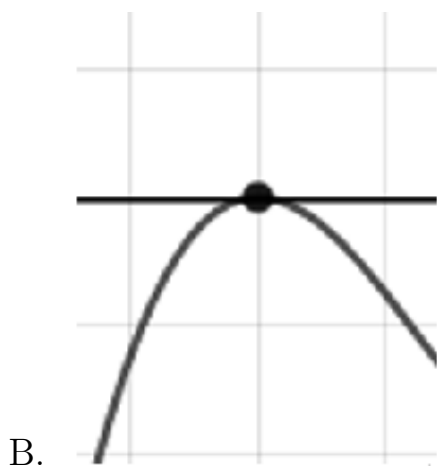
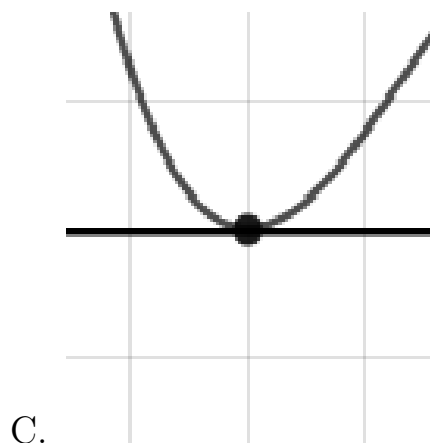
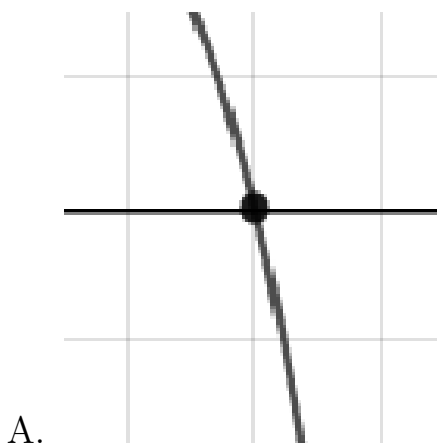
5. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$-5, -2$, and 3

- A. $a \in [-5, 6], b \in [-4.3, -3.7], c \in [-13, -6]$, and $d \in [25, 37]$
 B. $a \in [-5, 6], b \in [1.6, 4.9], c \in [-13, -6]$, and $d \in [25, 37]$
 C. $a \in [-5, 6], b \in [-6.1, -5.4], c \in [-9, 1]$, and $d \in [25, 37]$
 D. $a \in [-5, 6], b \in [-10.9, -9.5], c \in [29, 36]$, and $d \in [-30, -23]$
 E. $a \in [-5, 6], b \in [1.6, 4.9], c \in [-13, -6]$, and $d \in [-30, -23]$

6. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 4$ of the polynomial below.

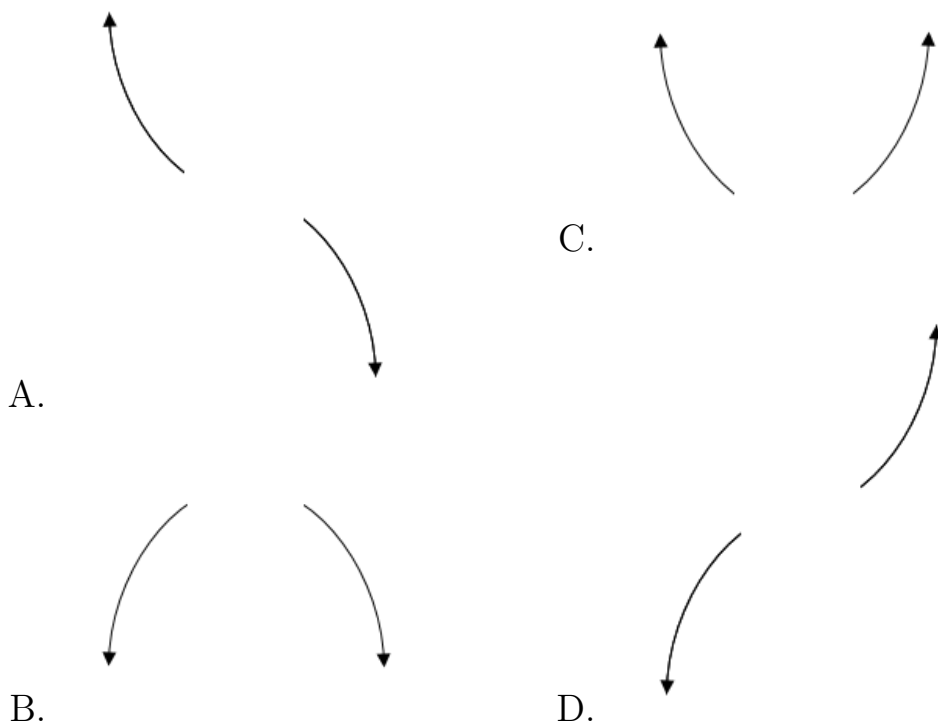
$$f(x) = 8(x - 4)^5(x + 4)^8(x - 8)^3(x + 8)^5$$



E. None of the above.

7. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

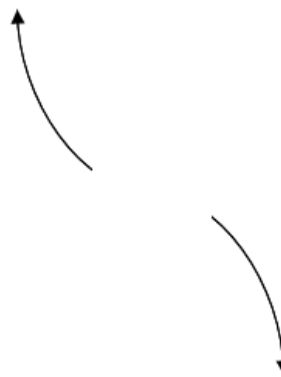
$$f(x) = -7(x + 2)^3(x - 2)^6(x - 3)^5(x + 3)^7$$

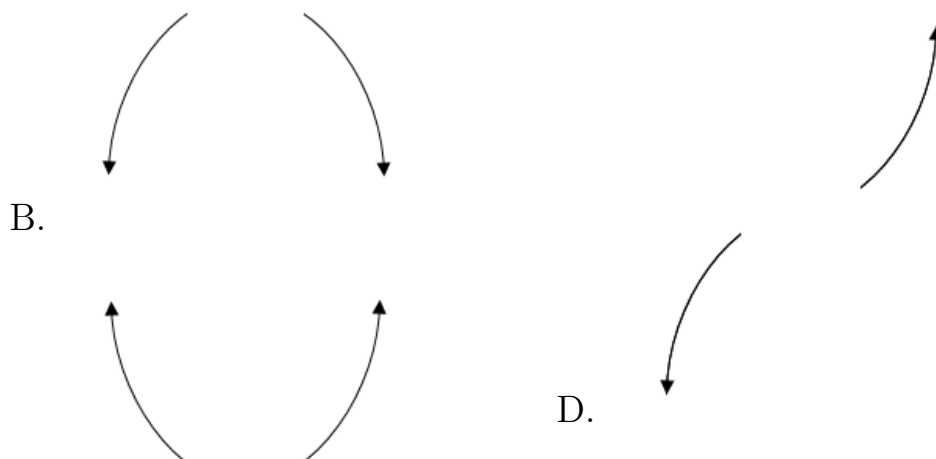


E. None of the above.

8. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

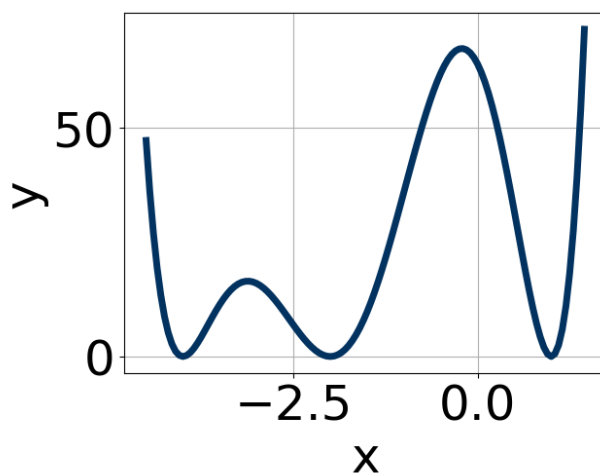
$$f(x) = 9(x - 6)^3(x + 6)^8(x - 7)^3(x + 7)^4$$





E. None of the above.

9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $-8(x + 4)^{10}(x + 2)^{10}(x - 1)^8$
 B. $-15(x + 4)^4(x + 2)^{10}(x - 1)^7$
 C. $16(x + 4)^{10}(x + 2)^8(x - 1)^9$
 D. $3(x + 4)^4(x + 2)^5(x - 1)^7$
 E. $20(x + 4)^{10}(x + 2)^8(x - 1)^8$

10. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$2 - 4i \text{ and } -3$$

- A. $b \in [-0.9, 1.3], c \in [7.04, 8.22], \text{ and } d \in [-63, -58]$
 - B. $b \in [-1.3, 0.3], c \in [7.04, 8.22], \text{ and } d \in [58, 61]$
 - C. $b \in [-0.9, 1.3], c \in [0.36, 1.21], \text{ and } d \in [-9, -1]$
 - D. $b \in [-0.9, 1.3], c \in [6.7, 7.73], \text{ and } d \in [9, 17]$
 - E. None of the above.
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