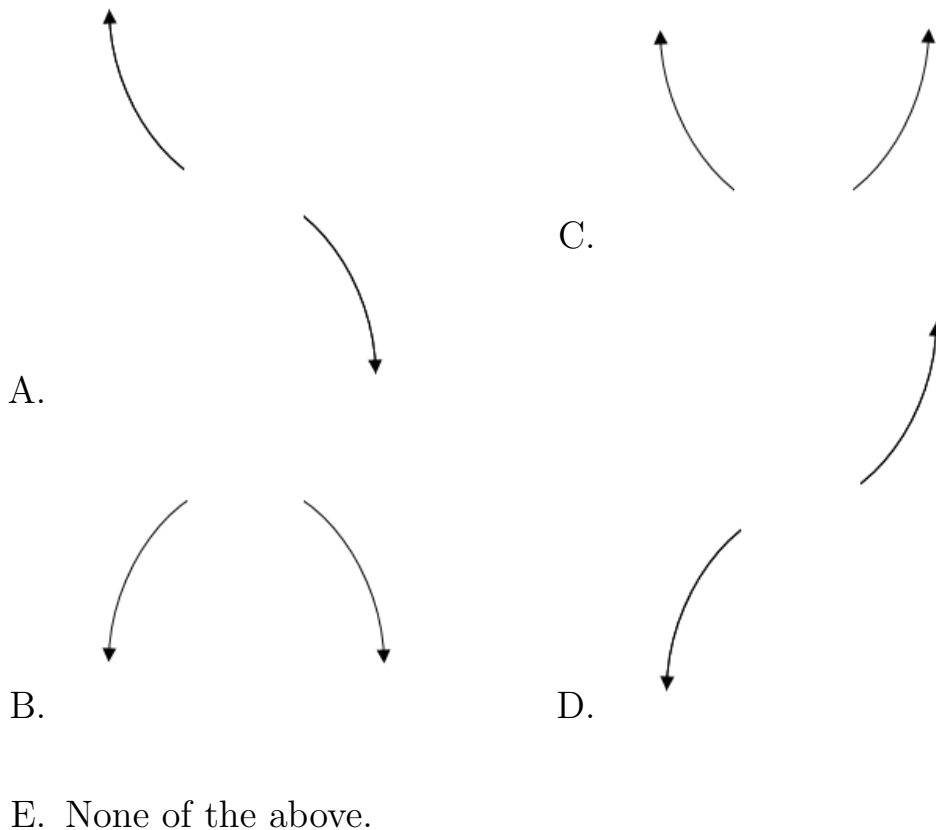
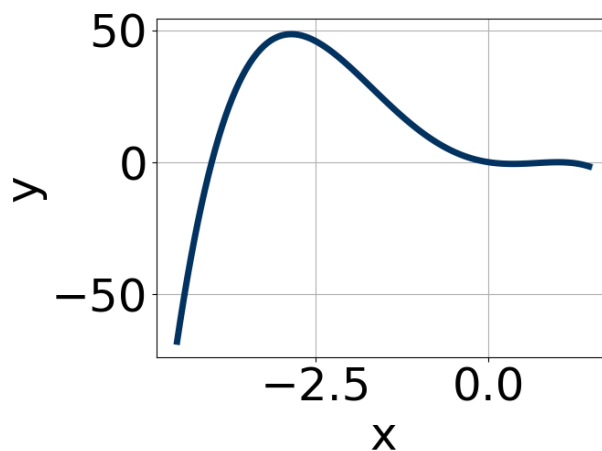


1. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 5(x + 8)^3(x - 8)^8(x + 6)^5(x - 6)^5$$



2. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



A. $-20x^8(x - 1)^4(x + 4)^5$

- B. $14x^5(x-1)^4(x+4)^4$
- C. $-7x^6(x-1)^5(x+4)^9$
- D. $-3x^5(x-1)^6(x+4)^{11}$
- E. $20x^7(x-1)^{10}(x+4)^{11}$

-
3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{7}{2}, \frac{-4}{5}, \text{ and } -1$$

- A. $a \in [8, 21], b \in [14, 22], c \in [-56, -48], \text{ and } d \in [21, 32]$
- B. $a \in [8, 21], b \in [32, 42], c \in [-1, 9], \text{ and } d \in [-30, -24]$
- C. $a \in [8, 21], b \in [45, 61], c \in [65, 76], \text{ and } d \in [21, 32]$
- D. $a \in [8, 21], b \in [-17, -10], c \in [-56, -48], \text{ and } d \in [21, 32]$
- E. $a \in [8, 21], b \in [-17, -10], c \in [-56, -48], \text{ and } d \in [-30, -24]$

-
4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{4}{3}, \frac{-4}{5}, \text{ and } \frac{-5}{3}$$

- A. $a \in [38, 47], b \in [-53, -46], c \in [-95, -81], \text{ and } d \in [75, 85]$
- B. $a \in [38, 47], b \in [46, 59], c \in [-95, -81], \text{ and } d \in [-82, -72]$
- C. $a \in [38, 47], b \in [46, 59], c \in [-95, -81], \text{ and } d \in [75, 85]$
- D. $a \in [38, 47], b \in [96, 104], c \in [-8, 0], \text{ and } d \in [-82, -72]$
- E. $a \in [38, 47], b \in [170, 174], c \in [208, 212], \text{ and } d \in [75, 85]$

5. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$3 + 2i \text{ and } 4$$

- A. $b \in [-3, 3], c \in [-7.24, -6.71], \text{ and } d \in [12, 18]$
 B. $b \in [-17, -6], c \in [35.65, 38.84], \text{ and } d \in [-55, -51]$
 C. $b \in [-3, 3], c \in [-6.62, -5.73], \text{ and } d \in [0, 11]$
 D. $b \in [9, 11], c \in [35.65, 38.84], \text{ and } d \in [47, 55]$
 E. None of the above.

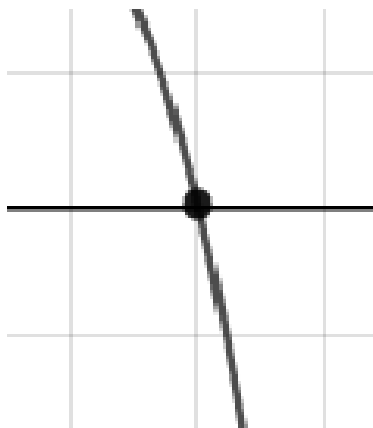
6. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-3 - 2i \text{ and } -1$$

- A. $b \in [-1.4, 1.6], c \in [2.69, 3.9], \text{ and } d \in [0.87, 2.86]$
 B. $b \in [-1.4, 1.6], c \in [3.53, 4.78], \text{ and } d \in [2.66, 3.65]$
 C. $b \in [-7.8, -5.8], c \in [18.72, 19.42], \text{ and } d \in [-13.71, -12.62]$
 D. $b \in [3.5, 10.6], c \in [18.72, 19.42], \text{ and } d \in [10, 13.23]$
 E. None of the above.

7. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -5$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 4(x + 5)^6(x - 5)^{11}(x - 6)^6(x + 6)^9$$



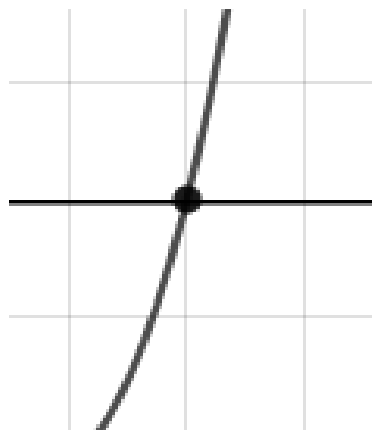
B.



C.



D.

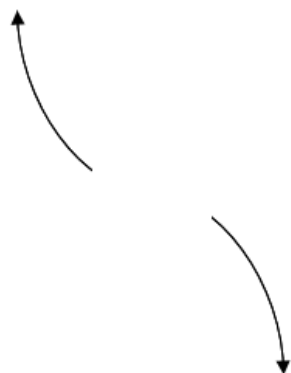


E. None of the above.

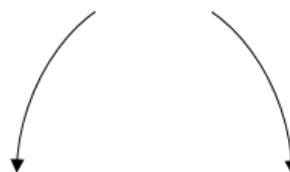
8. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.



$$f(x) = -3(x - 9)^5(x + 9)^6(x - 3)^4(x + 3)^6$$

A.

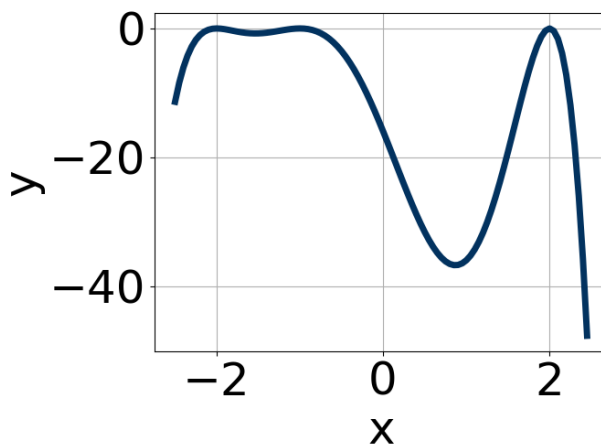


B.



- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?

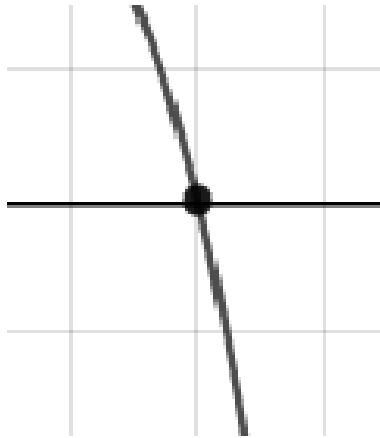


- A. $-3(x + 1)^{10}(x + 2)^8(x - 2)^{11}$
- B. $-19(x + 1)^4(x + 2)^9(x - 2)^9$
- C. $15(x + 1)^4(x + 2)^{10}(x - 2)^9$
- D. $-5(x + 1)^4(x + 2)^6(x - 2)^4$
- E. $15(x + 1)^4(x + 2)^8(x - 2)^4$

10. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 2$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 8(x - 7)^6(x + 7)^3(x - 2)^6(x + 2)^3$$

A.



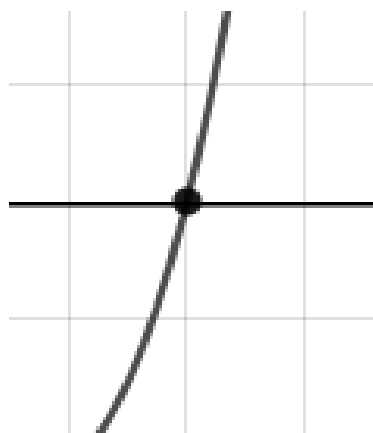
C.



B.



D.



E. None of the above.