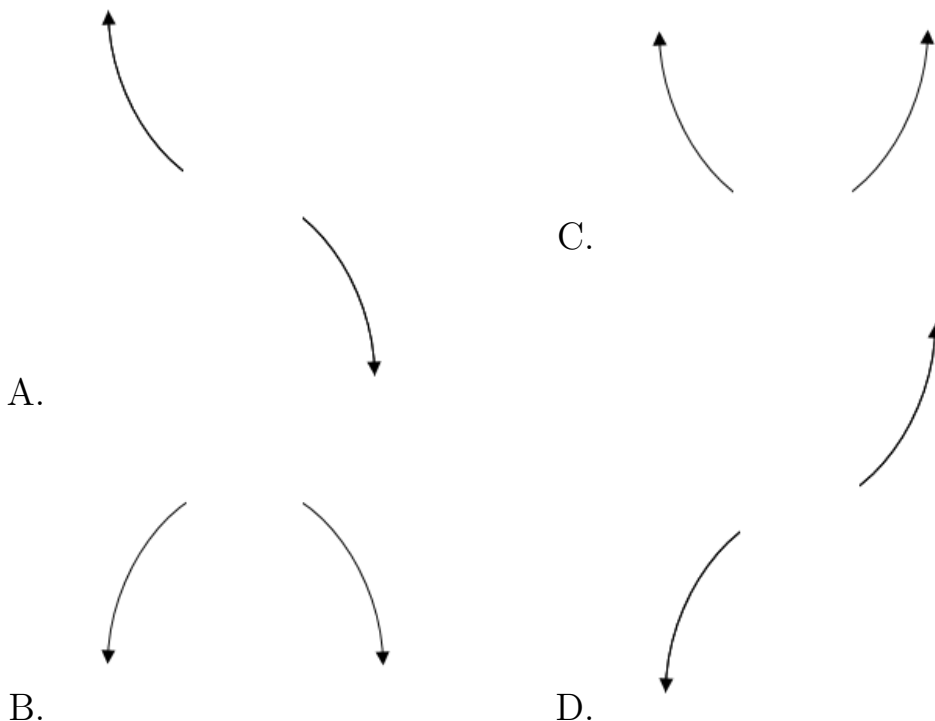


1. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 9(x - 8)^3(x + 8)^4(x - 3)^5(x + 3)^7$$



E. None of the above.

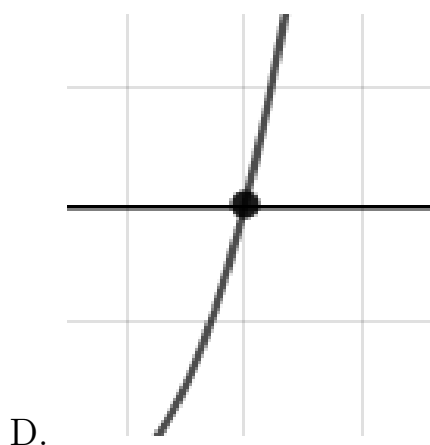
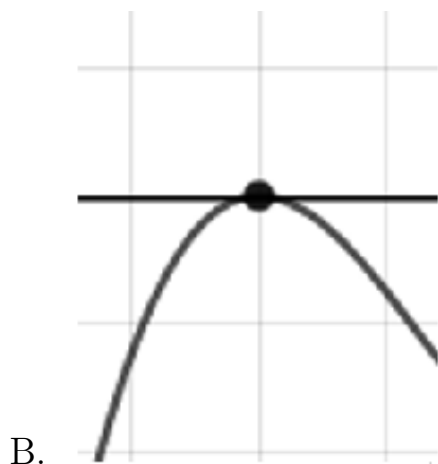
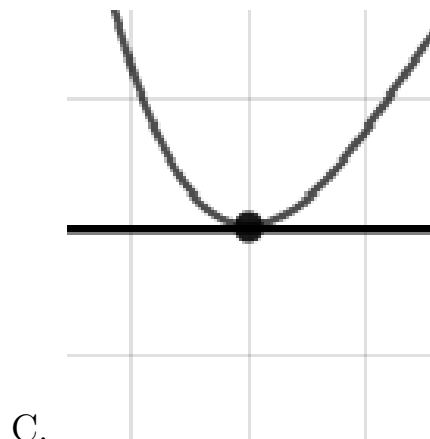
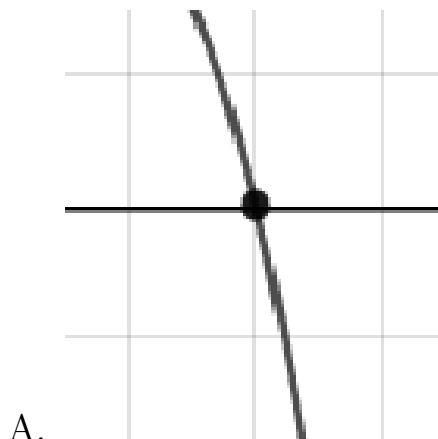
2. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-2 + 3i \text{ and } 2$$

- A.  $b \in [0.54, 1.25], c \in [-9, -2],$  and  $d \in [1, 8]$
- B.  $b \in [0.54, 1.25], c \in [-2, 1],$  and  $d \in [-4, 0]$
- C.  $b \in [1.7, 2.1], c \in [4, 7],$  and  $d \in [-29, -22]$
- D.  $b \in [-2.25, -0.75], c \in [4, 7],$  and  $d \in [25, 29]$
- E. None of the above.

3. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = 2$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -8(x - 2)^9(x + 2)^{12}(x + 6)^7(x - 6)^9$$



E. None of the above.

4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

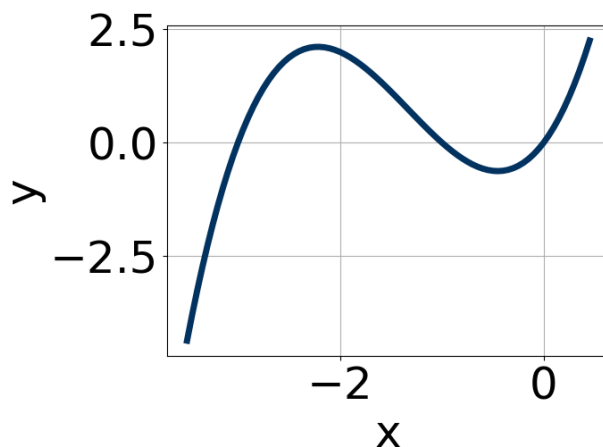
$$\frac{6}{5}, \frac{-1}{3}, \text{ and } \frac{2}{5}$$

- A.  $a \in [70, 82], b \in [34, 42], c \in [-60, -51],$  and  $d \in [10, 14]$   
 B.  $a \in [70, 82], b \in [-103, -90], c \in [-5, -2],$  and  $d \in [10, 14]$   
 C.  $a \in [70, 82], b \in [91, 96], c \in [-5, -2],$  and  $d \in [-15, -9]$

D.  $a \in [70, 82]$ ,  $b \in [-103, -90]$ ,  $c \in [-5, -2]$ , and  $d \in [-15, -9]$

E.  $a \in [70, 82]$ ,  $b \in [78, 91]$ ,  $c \in [-17, -13]$ , and  $d \in [-15, -9]$

5. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



A.  $15x^5(x+3)^5(x+1)^5$

B.  $11x^9(x+3)^4(x+1)^9$

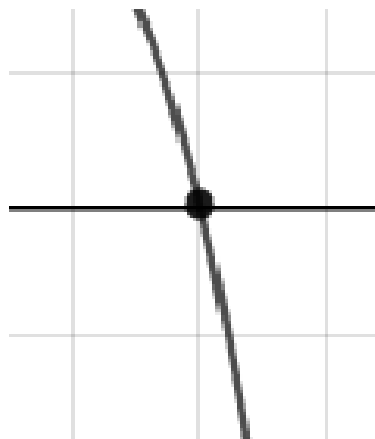
C.  $12x^7(x+3)^4(x+1)^6$

D.  $-19x^5(x+3)^{10}(x+1)^9$

E.  $-9x^7(x+3)^{11}(x+1)^7$

6. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = -4$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 4(x+4)^8(x-4)^{13}(x+9)^7(x-9)^8$$



A.

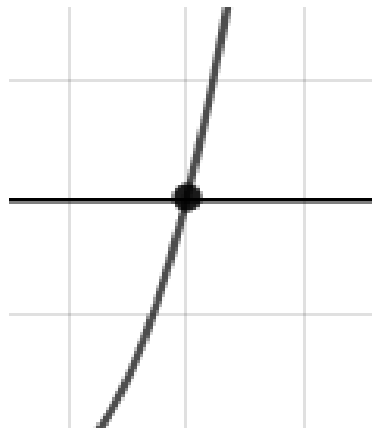
B.



C.



D.

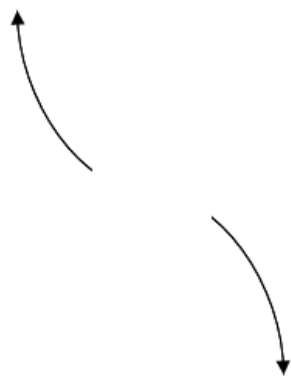


E. None of the above.

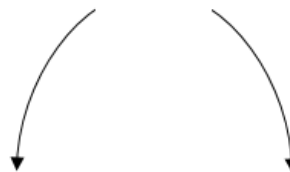
7. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.


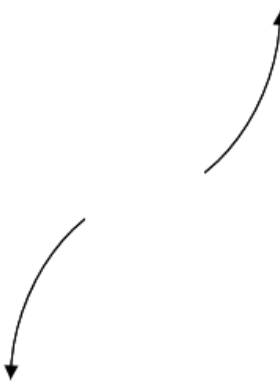
$$f(x) = -7(x + 2)^4(x - 2)^7(x + 9)^4(x - 9)^6$$

A.



B.



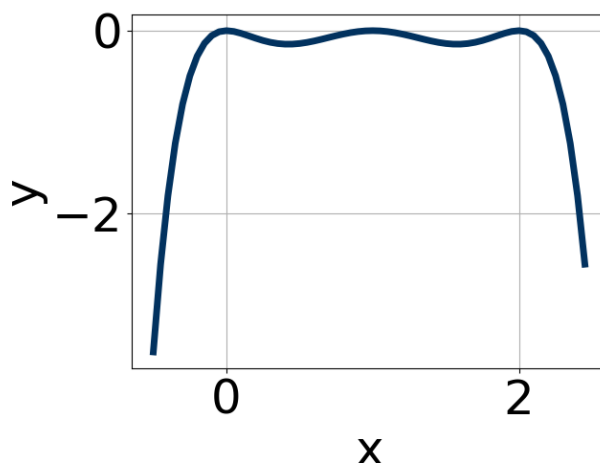
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

8. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$3 + 5i \text{ and } -3$$

- A.  $b \in [2.51, 4.34]$ ,  $c \in [15.82, 16.89]$ , and  $d \in [-103.2, -101.1]$
- B.  $b \in [-1.5, 2.17]$ ,  $c \in [-1.04, 0.81]$ , and  $d \in [-9.6, -7.5]$
- C.  $b \in [-4.81, -1.83]$ ,  $c \in [15.82, 16.89]$ , and  $d \in [99.1, 105]$
- D.  $b \in [-1.5, 2.17]$ ,  $c \in [-2.18, -1.34]$ , and  $d \in [-19.2, -13.9]$
- E. None of the above.

9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $-17x^6(x-2)^8(x-1)^4$
- B.  $-16x^8(x-2)^4(x-1)^{11}$
- C.  $13x^8(x-2)^8(x-1)^{11}$
- D.  $18x^8(x-2)^6(x-1)^4$
- E.  $-2x^8(x-2)^5(x-1)^7$

10. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-4, \frac{3}{5}, \text{ and } \frac{5}{3}$$

- A.  $a \in [14, 16], b \in [-94, -92], c \in [149, 155], \text{ and } d \in [-66, -56]$
- B.  $a \in [14, 16], b \in [20, 30], c \in [-121, -118], \text{ and } d \in [53, 62]$
- C.  $a \in [14, 16], b \in [20, 30], c \in [-121, -118], \text{ and } d \in [-66, -56]$
- D.  $a \in [14, 16], b \in [-83, -73], c \in [46, 50], \text{ and } d \in [53, 62]$
- E.  $a \in [14, 16], b \in [-29, -22], c \in [-121, -118], \text{ and } d \in [-66, -56]$