

This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found [here](#).

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey [here](#).

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

1. Evaluate the limit below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{\sqrt{6x-5} - 5}{4x-20}$$

The solution is 0.150, which is option D.

A. ∞

You likely believed that since the denominator is equal to 0, the limit is infinity.

B. 0.612

You likely tried to use a shortcut to find the limit of a function that only works for when the numerator/denominator are polynomials.

C. 0.100

You likely memorized how to solve the similar homework problem and used the same formula here.

D. 0.150

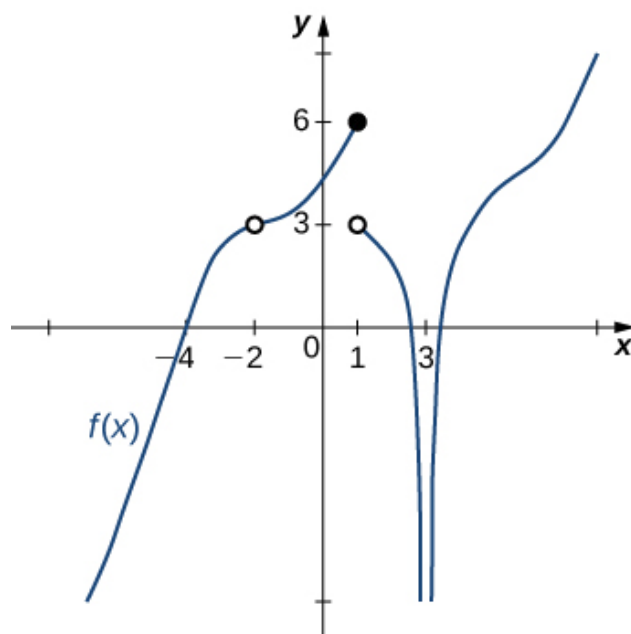
* This is the correct option.

E. None of the above

If you got a limit that does not match any of the above, please contact the coordinator.

General Comment: General comments: It is difficult to imagine the graph of this function, so you need to test values close to $x = 5$.

2. For the graph below, find the value(s) a that makes the statement true: $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = 3$.



The solution is Multiple a make the statement true., which is option D.

- A. -2
- B. $-\infty$
- C. 1
- D. Multiple a make the statement true.
- E. No a make the statement true.

General Comment: General Comments: There can be multiple a values that make the statement true! For the limit, draw a horizontal line and determine if an x value makes the limit exist.

3. Based on the information below, which of the following statements is always true?

As

x approaches ∞ , $f(x)$ approaches 7.896.

The solution is None of the above are always true., which is option E.

- A. $f(x)$ is undefined when $f(x)$ is large enough.
- B. $f(x)$ is close to or exactly 7.896 when x is large enough.
- C. $f(x)$ is undefined when x is large enough.
- D. $f(x)$ is close to or exactly ∞ when x is large enough.
- E. None of the above are always true.

General Comment: General comments: The limit tells you what happens as the x -values approach ∞ . It says **absolutely nothing** about what is happening exactly at $f(x)$!

4. To estimate the one-sided limit of the function below as x approaches 1 from the right, which of the following sets of numbers should you use?

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x} - 1}{x - 1}$$

The solution is $\{1.1000, 1.0100, 1.0010, 1.0001\}$, which is option D.

- A. $\{1.0000, 0.9000, 0.9900, 0.9990\}$

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 1 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

- B. $\{0.9000, 0.9900, 0.9990, 0.9999\}$

These values would estimate the limit of 1 on the left.

- C. $\{1.0000, 1.1000, 1.0100, 1.0010\}$

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 1 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

- D. $\{1.1000, 1.0100, 1.0010, 1.0001\}$

This is correct!

- E. $\{0.9000, 0.9900, 1.0100, 1.1000\}$

These values would estimate the limit at the point and not a one-sided limit.

General Comment: General Comments: To evaluate a one-sided limit, we want to put numbers close to the limit. We can't use the limit value itself if it results in $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$

5. Evaluate the limit below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{\sqrt{8x - 31} - 5}{2x - 14}$$

The solution is 0.400, which is option B.

- A. ∞

You likely believed that since the denominator is equal to 0, the limit is infinity.

- B. 0.400

* This is the correct option.

- C. 1.414

You likely tried to use a shortcut to find the limit of a function that only works for when the numerator/denominator are polynomials.

- D. 0.100

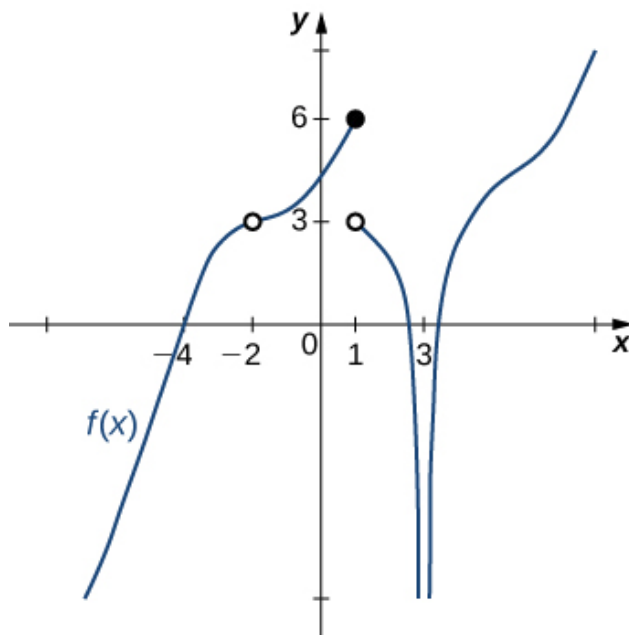
You likely memorized how to solve the similar homework problem and used the same formula here.

- E. None of the above

If you got a limit that does not match any of the above, please contact the coordinator.

General Comment: General comments: It is difficult to imagine the graph of this function, so you need to test values close to $x = 7$.

6. For the graph below, find the value(s) a that makes the statement true: $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ does not exist.



The solution is 1, which is option A.

- A. 1
- B. -2
- C. 3
- D. Multiple a make the statement true.
- E. No a make the statement true.

General Comment: General Comments: Remember that the limit does not exist if the left-hand and right-hand limits do not match.

7. Evaluate the one-sided limit of the function $f(x)$ below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{8}{(x-1)^9} + 7$$

The solution is $-\infty$, which is option A.

- A. $-\infty$
- B. $f(1)$
- C. ∞
- D. The limit does not exist
- E. None of the above

General Comment: General comments: You should be able to graph the rational function displayed. If not, go back to Module 7 to learn about the general shape of rational functions.

8. Evaluate the one-sided limit of the function $f(x)$ below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 7^+} \frac{-5}{(x-7)^8} + 8$$

The solution is $-\infty$, which is option C.

- A. ∞
- B. $f(7)$
- C. $-\infty$
- D. The limit does not exist
- E. None of the above

General Comment: General comments: You should be able to graph the rational function displayed. If not, go back to Module 7 to learn about the general shape of rational functions.

9. Based on the information below, which of the following statements is always true?

As

x approaches ∞ , $f(x)$ approaches 7.479.

The solution is $f(x)$ is close to or exactly 7.479 when x is large enough., which is option B.

- A. x is undefined when $f(x)$ is large enough.
- B. $f(x)$ is close to or exactly 7.479 when x is large enough.
- C. $f(x)$ is undefined when x is large enough.
- D. $f(x)$ is close to or exactly ∞ when x is large enough.
- E. None of the above are always true.

General Comment: General comments: The limit tells you what happens as the x -values approach ∞ . It says **absolutely nothing** about what is happening exactly at $f(x)$!

10. To estimate the one-sided limit of the function below as x approaches 2 from the left, which of the following sets of numbers should you use?

$$\frac{\frac{2}{x} - 1}{x - 2}$$

The solution is $\{1.9000, 1.9900, 1.9990, 1.9999\}$, which is option A.

- A. $\{1.9000, 1.9900, 1.9990, 1.9999\}$

This is correct!

- B. $\{2.0000, 2.1000, 2.0100, 2.0010\}$

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 2 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

- C. $\{1.9000, 1.9900, 2.0100, 2.1000\}$

These values would estimate the limit at the point and not a one-sided limit.

D. $\{2.0000, 1.9000, 1.9900, 1.9990\}$

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 2 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

E. $\{2.1000, 2.0100, 2.0010, 2.0001\}$

These values would estimate the limit of 2 on the right.

General Comment: General Comments: To evaluate a one-sided limit, we want to put numbers close to the limit. We can't use the limit value itself if it results in $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$
