

1. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$25x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0$$

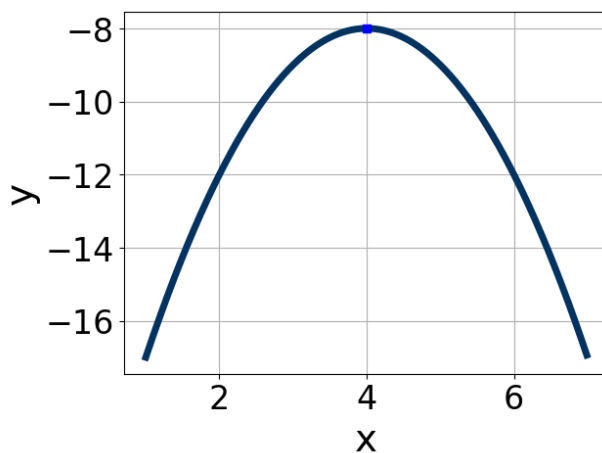
- A. $x_1 \in [-30.12, -29.49]$ and $x_2 \in [19.79, 20.11]$
 - B. $x_1 \in [-0.78, -0.19]$ and $x_2 \in [1.31, 1.63]$
 - C. $x_1 \in [-2.94, -2.19]$ and $x_2 \in [0.21, 0.43]$
 - D. $x_1 \in [-6.3, -5.5]$ and $x_2 \in [-0.11, 0.28]$
 - E. $x_1 \in [-1.38, -1.07]$ and $x_2 \in [0.59, 1.09]$
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2. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$14x^2 - 13x - 7 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-2.1, -0.8]$ and $x_2 \in [0.16, 0.55]$
 - B. $x_1 \in [-23.4, -20.7]$ and $x_2 \in [23.17, 24.84]$
 - C. $x_1 \in [-0.5, 0.7]$ and $x_2 \in [0.93, 1.72]$
 - D. $x_1 \in [-6.1, -4.3]$ and $x_2 \in [18.11, 18.88]$
 - E. There are no Real solutions.
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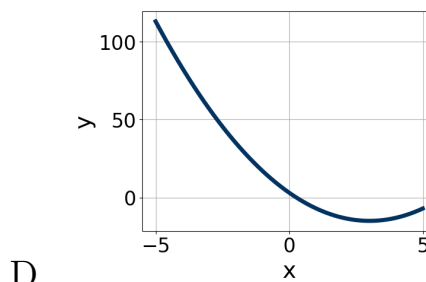
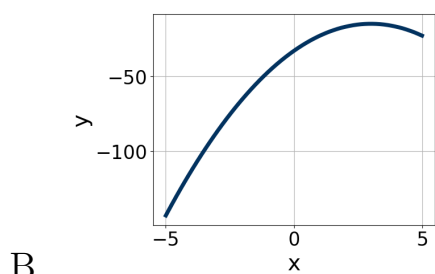
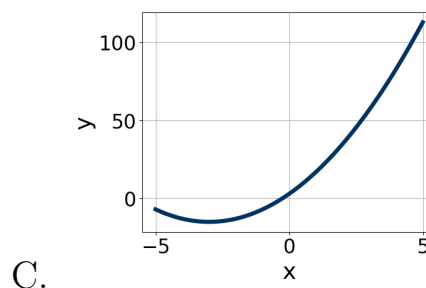
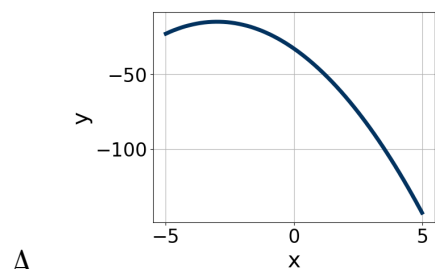
3. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a , b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-1, 0]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [-24, -23]$
 B. $a \in [-1, 0]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [-24, -23]$
 C. $a \in [0, 2]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [8, 12]$
 D. $a \in [0, 2]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [8, 12]$
 E. $a \in [-1, 0]$, $b \in [-8, -5]$, and $c \in [-10, -6]$

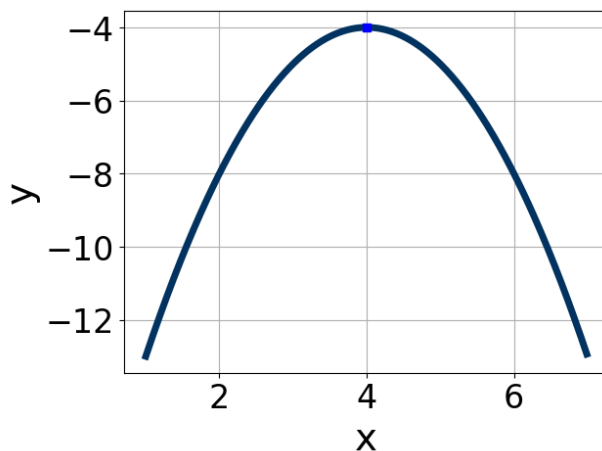
4. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 3)^2 - 15$$



E. None of the above.

5. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a , b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-1.2, 0.1]$, $b \in [-8, -7]$, and $c \in [-12, -8]$
B. $a \in [-1.2, 0.1]$, $b \in [-8, -7]$, and $c \in [-20, -19]$
C. $a \in [0.8, 1.5]$, $b \in [-8, -7]$, and $c \in [10, 15]$
D. $a \in [-1.2, 0.1]$, $b \in [8, 10]$, and $c \in [-20, -19]$
E. $a \in [0.8, 1.5]$, $b \in [8, 10]$, and $c \in [10, 15]$

6. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$-14x^2 - 7x + 9 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-23.92, -23.13]$ and $x_2 \in [21.7, 23.6]$
B. $x_1 \in [-0.62, -0.58]$ and $x_2 \in [0.6, 2.3]$
C. $x_1 \in [-8.52, -7.67]$ and $x_2 \in [13.5, 15.4]$
D. $x_1 \in [-1.24, -0.71]$ and $x_2 \in [0, 0.8]$
E. There are no Real solutions.

7. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$36x^2 + 53x + 10$$

- A. $a \in [16.4, 18.5]$, $b \in [-2, 5]$, $c \in [1.22, 2.47]$, and $d \in [3, 11]$
 - B. $a \in [2, 6.3]$, $b \in [-2, 5]$, $c \in [10.79, 12.38]$, and $d \in [3, 11]$
 - C. $a \in [0.8, 2.1]$, $b \in [8, 10]$, $c \in [-0.82, 1.03]$, and $d \in [40, 47]$
 - D. $a \in [6.9, 10]$, $b \in [-2, 5]$, $c \in [3.28, 4.4]$, and $d \in [3, 11]$
 - E. None of the above.
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8. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$15x^2 - 38x + 24 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [0.66, 0.76]$ and $x_2 \in [2.28, 2.56]$
 - B. $x_1 \in [17.93, 18.08]$ and $x_2 \in [19.97, 20.17]$
 - C. $x_1 \in [1.15, 1.46]$ and $x_2 \in [1.21, 1.54]$
 - D. $x_1 \in [0.3, 0.44]$ and $x_2 \in [3.91, 4.31]$
 - E. $x_1 \in [0.44, 0.63]$ and $x_2 \in [2.45, 2.76]$
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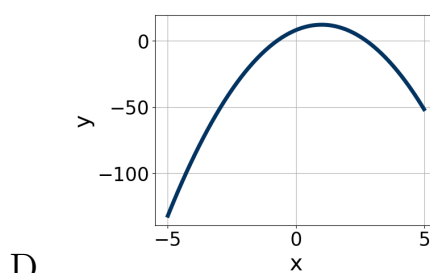
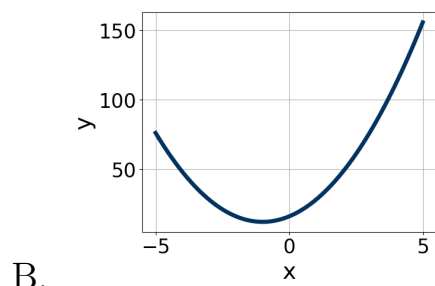
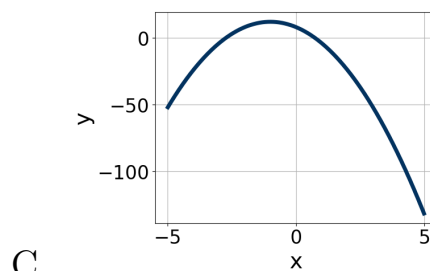
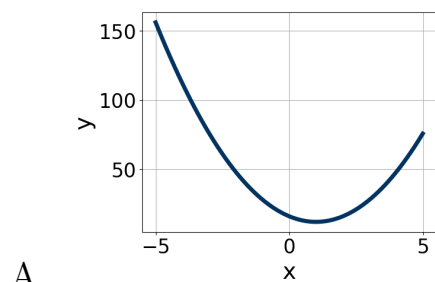
9. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$54x^2 + 33x - 10$$

- A. $a \in [7, 16]$, $b \in [-2, 3]$, $c \in [3.8, 7.8]$, and $d \in [4, 6]$
- B. $a \in [20, 32]$, $b \in [-2, 3]$, $c \in [1.2, 3.8]$, and $d \in [4, 6]$
- C. $a \in [-2, 2]$, $b \in [-12, -10]$, $c \in [-0.9, 1.6]$, and $d \in [39, 48]$
- D. $a \in [2, 7]$, $b \in [-2, 3]$, $c \in [17.9, 20.8]$, and $d \in [4, 6]$
- E. None of the above.

10. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 1)^2 + 12$$



E. None of the above.