1. For the scenario below, use the model for the volume of a cylinder as $V = \pi r^2 h$ to find the coefficient for the model of the new volume $V_{extnew} = kr^2 h$.

Pepsi wants to increase the volume of soda in their cans. They've decided to decrease the radius by 17 percent and decrease the height by 16 percent. They want to model the new volume based on the radius and height of the original cans.

- A. k = 0.57868
- B. k = 0.01453
- C. k = 1.81796
- D. k = 0.00462
- E. None of the above.
- 2. For the scenario below, model the rate of vibration (cm/s) of the string in terms of the length of the string. Then determine the variation constant k of the model (if possible). The constant should be in terms of cm and s.

The rate of vibration of a string under constant tension varies based on the type of string and the length of the string. The rate of vibration of string ω decreases as the cube length of the string increases. For example, when string ω is 4 mm long, the rate of vibration is 31 cm/s.

- A. k = 0.48
- B. k = 1984.00
- C. k = 1.98
- D. k = 484.37
- E. None of the above.
- 3. For the scenario below, use the model for the volume of a cylinder as $V = \pi r^2 h$ to find the coefficient for the model of the new volume $V_{extnew} = kr^2 h$.

Pepsi wants to increase the volume of soda in their cans. They've decided to increase the radius by 12 percent and decrease the height by 14 percent. They want to model the new volume based on the radius and height of the original cans.

- A. k = 3.38910
- B. k = 0.00202
- C. k = 1.07878
- D. k = 0.00633
- E. None of the above.
- 4. For the scenario below, find the variation constant k of the model (if possible).

In an alternative galaxy, the quartic of the time, T (Earth years), required for a planet to orbit $Sun \chi$ decreases as the square of the distance, d (AUs), that the planet is from $Sun \chi$ decreases. For example, when Ea's average distance from $Sun \chi$ is 3, it takes 80 Earth days to complete an orbit.

- A. k = 4.028
- B. k = 368640000.000
- C. k = 4551111.111
- D. k = 1.727
- E. Unable to compute the constant based on the information given.
- 5. A town has an initial population of 50000. The town's population for the next 9 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	49880	49640	48920	46760	40280	20840	0	0	0

A. Linear

- B. Non-Linear Power
- C. Exponential
- D. Logarithmic
- E. None of the above
- 6. Choose the model type that would best describe the scenario below.

Big O notation is common in computer science to describe how fast a program can solve a particular problem. Big O notation categorizes functions according to their growth rates, the same way we have categorized modeling real-world problems by certain types of functions. When analyzing a particular program, a student found the computer to need x^x time to complete, where x was the number of inputs into the program.

- A. Direct variation
- B. Indirect variation
- C. Joint variation
- D. None of the above
- 7. A town has an initial population of 80000. The town's population for the next 9 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	80000	79986	79978	79972	79967	79964	79961	79958	79956

- A. Linear
- B. Logarithmic
- C. Non-Linear Power
- D. Exponential
- E. None of the above

8. For the scenario below, model the rate of vibration (cm/s) of the string in terms of the length of the string. Then determine the variation constant k of the model (if possible). The constant should be in terms of cm and s.

The rate of vibration of a string under constant tension varies based on the type of string and the length of the string. The rate of vibration of string ω decreases as the square length of the string increases. For example, when string ω is 2 mm long, the rate of vibration is 25 cm/s.

- A. k = 1.00
- B. k = 6.25
- C. k = 625.00
- D. k = 100.00
- E. None of the above.
- 9. Choose the model type that would best describe the scenario below.

Social distancing is a common tactic to counter potential epidemics. This is due to the exponential increase in number of people infected as the density of people living in an area increases.

- A. Direct variation
- B. Indirect variation
- C. Joint variation
- D. None of the above
- 10. For the scenario below, find the variation constant k of the model (if possible).

In an alternative galaxy, the square of the time, T (Earth years), required for a planet to orbit $Sun \chi$ increases as the square of the distance, d (AUs), that the planet is from $Sun \chi$ increases. For example, when Ea's average distance from $Sun \chi$ is 6, it takes 68 Earth days to complete an orbit.

- A. k = 3.367
- B. k = 128.444
- C. k = 4.028
- D. k = 166464.000
- E. Unable to compute the constant based on the information given.