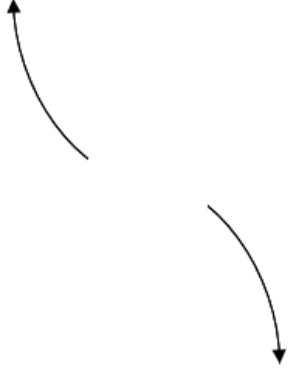

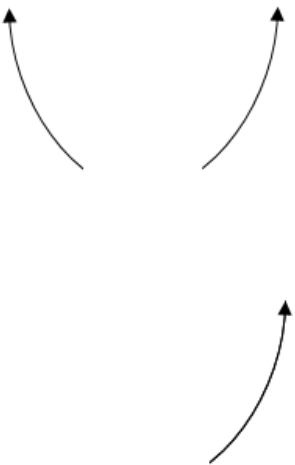

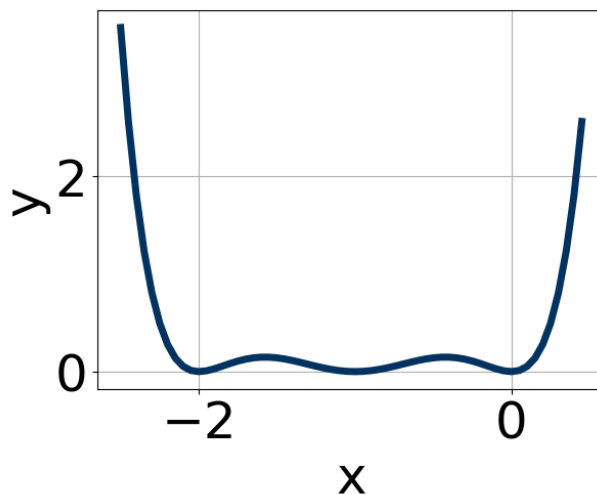


1. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -6(x + 4)^5(x - 4)^{10}(x + 8)^2(x - 8)^2$$

- A. 
- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

2. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $-3x^4(x + 1)^8(x + 2)^7$

- B. $3x^{10}(x+1)^9(x+2)^9$
 - C. $-10x^6(x+1)^6(x+2)^8$
 - D. $14x^8(x+1)^{10}(x+2)^5$
 - E. $18x^8(x+1)^8(x+2)^8$
-

3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{-1}{5}, \text{ and } \frac{1}{2}$$

- A. $a \in [38, 42], b \in [-22.1, -20.7], c \in [-1.03, 0.65], \text{ and } d \in [0.99, 2.17]$
 - B. $a \in [38, 42], b \in [-6.3, -1.7], c \in [-8.44, -6.66], \text{ and } d \in [-2.34, -0.38]$
 - C. $a \in [38, 42], b \in [-18.8, -14.4], c \in [-4.18, -1.92], \text{ and } d \in [0.99, 2.17]$
 - D. $a \in [38, 42], b \in [19.4, 22.1], c \in [-1.03, 0.65], \text{ and } d \in [-2.34, -0.38]$
 - E. $a \in [38, 42], b \in [-22.1, -20.7], c \in [-1.03, 0.65], \text{ and } d \in [-2.34, -0.38]$
-

4. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{1}{4}, \frac{-7}{3}, \text{ and } \frac{3}{4}$$

- A. $a \in [48, 52], b \in [61, 71], c \in [-104, -99], \text{ and } d \in [-22, -14]$
 - B. $a \in [48, 52], b \in [83, 93], c \in [-72, -63], \text{ and } d \in [-22, -14]$
 - C. $a \in [48, 52], b \in [61, 71], c \in [-104, -99], \text{ and } d \in [19, 28]$
 - D. $a \in [48, 52], b \in [-65, -63], c \in [-104, -99], \text{ and } d \in [-22, -14]$
 - E. $a \in [48, 52], b \in [-144, -132], c \in [38, 50], \text{ and } d \in [19, 28]$
-

5. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$3 + 4i \text{ and } -1$$

- A. $b \in [-7, -4], c \in [18.23, 21.41],$ and $d \in [23.7, 26.32]$
 B. $b \in [1, 3], c \in [-2.11, -1.71],$ and $d \in [-3.94, -2.28]$
 C. $b \in [1, 3], c \in [-3.03, -2.44],$ and $d \in [-6.22, -3.95]$
 D. $b \in [3, 17], c \in [18.23, 21.41],$ and $d \in [-25.16, -24.62]$
 E. None of the above.

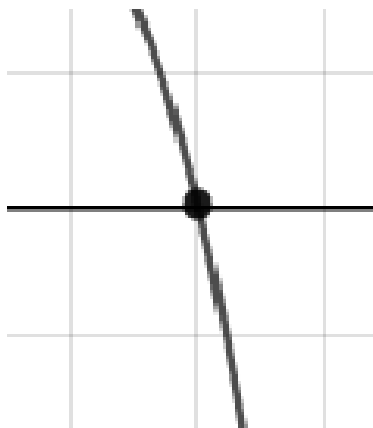
6. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-3 - 2i \text{ and } -3$$

- A. $b \in [-13, -6], c \in [30.93, 31.32],$ and $d \in [-42.1, -37.4]$
 B. $b \in [-7, 3], c \in [5.16, 6.14],$ and $d \in [8.1, 9.3]$
 C. $b \in [-7, 3], c \in [4.11, 5.57],$ and $d \in [3.2, 8.6]$
 D. $b \in [7, 11], c \in [30.93, 31.32],$ and $d \in [38.3, 41.1]$
 E. None of the above.

7. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 9$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -7(x - 8)^4(x + 8)^3(x - 9)^{11}(x + 9)^8$$



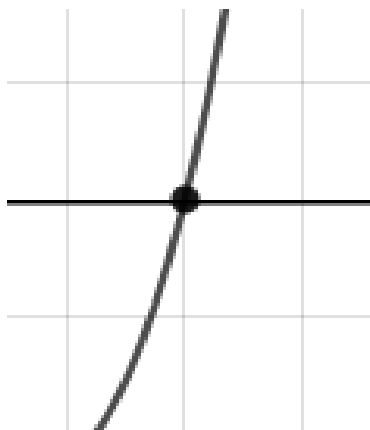
B.



C.



D.

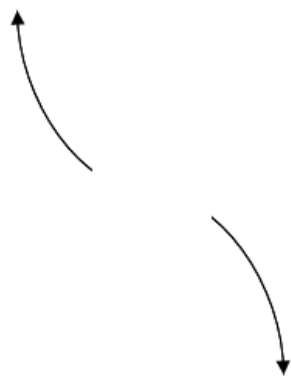


E. None of the above.

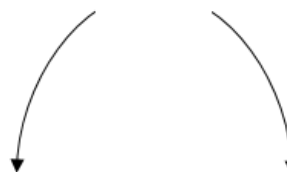
8. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.


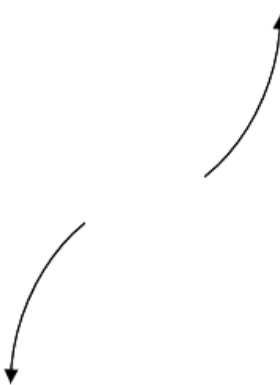
$$f(x) = 8(x - 4)^5(x + 4)^8(x + 5)^2(x - 5)^4$$

A.

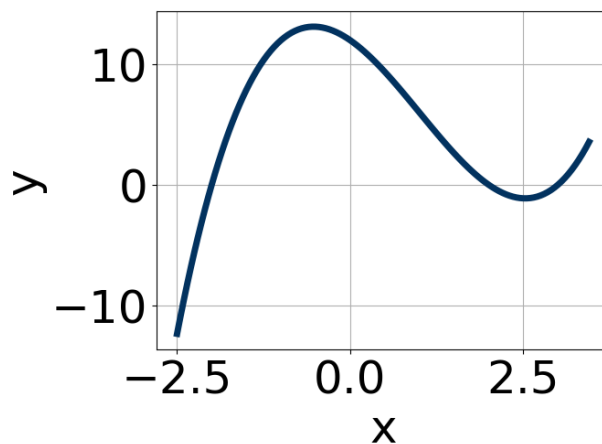


B.



- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

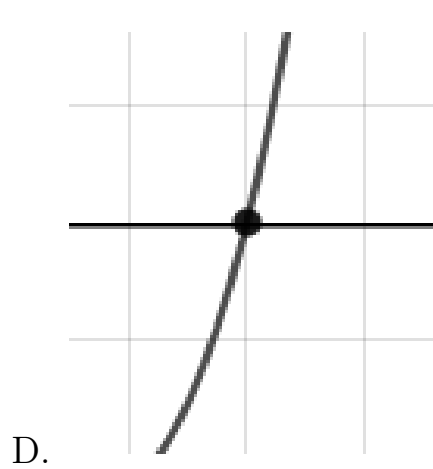
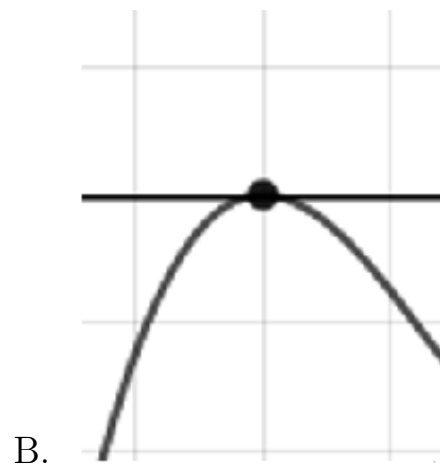
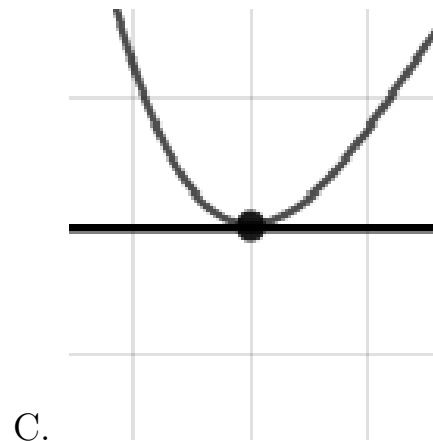
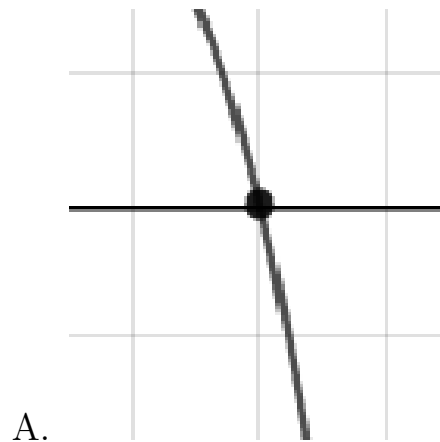
9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $-16(x - 2)^8(x - 3)^5(x + 2)^7$
- B. $-2(x - 2)^7(x - 3)^9(x + 2)^7$
- C. $2(x - 2)^{10}(x - 3)^8(x + 2)^9$
- D. $6(x - 2)^4(x - 3)^5(x + 2)^9$
- E. $3(x - 2)^{11}(x - 3)^5(x + 2)^{11}$

10. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 7$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -5(x + 7)^9(x - 7)^{14}(x - 9)^5(x + 9)^6$$



E. None of the above.