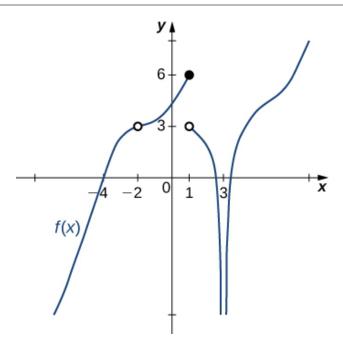
1. Based on the information below, which of the following statements is always true?

As x approaches ∞ , f(x) approaches 1.957.

- A. f(x) is close to or exactly 1.957 when x is large enough.
- B. f(x) is undefined when x is large enough.
- C. f(x) is close to or exactly ∞ when x is large enough.
- D. f(x) is undefined when f(x) is large enough.
- E. None of the above are always true.
- 2. To estimate the one-sided limit of the function below as x approaches 6 from the right, which of the following sets of numbers should you use?

$$\frac{\frac{6}{x}-1}{x-6}$$

- A. {5.9000, 5.9900, 6.0100, 6.1000}
- B. {6.1000, 6.0100, 6.0010, 6.0001}
- C. {6.0000, 5.9000, 5.9900, 5.9990}
- D. {6.0000, 6.1000, 6.0100, 6.0010}
- E. {5.9000, 5.9900, 5.9990, 5.9999}
- 3. For the graph below, find the value(s) a that makes the limit true: $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = -\infty$.



- A. -2
- B. 3
- C. $-\infty$
- D. Multiple a make the limit true.
- E. No a make the limit true.
- 4. Evaluate the one-sided limit of the function f(x) below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to 2^+} \frac{1}{(x+2)^8} + 3$$

- A. f(2)
- B. $-\infty$
- C. ∞
- D. The limit does not exist
- E. None of the above
- 5. Evaluate the limit below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{\sqrt{8x - 47} - 5}{4x - 36}$$

- A. 0.707
- B. 0.200
- C. ∞
- D. 0.100
- E. None of the above