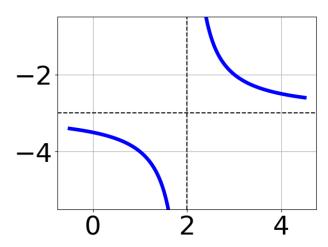
1. Choose the equation of the function graphed below.



A.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2} - 3$$

B.
$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{(x+2)^2} - 3$$

C.
$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{x+2} - 3$$

D.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-2)^2} - 3$$

E. None of the above

2. Determine the domain of the function below.

$$f(x) = \frac{6}{24x^2 - 60x + 36}$$

- A. All Real numbers except x = a, where $a \in [0.5, 1.3]$
- B. All Real numbers except x = a and x = b, where $a \in [0.5, 1.3]$ and $b \in [1.2, 1.6]$
- C. All Real numbers except x = a, where $a \in [23, 24.6]$
- D. All Real numbers.
- E. All Real numbers except x=a and x=b, where $a\in[23,24.6]$ and $b\in[35.8,37.4]$

3. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

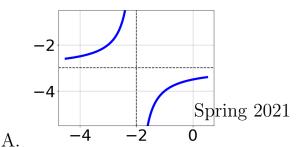
$$\frac{7x}{3x-6} + \frac{-7x^2}{18x^2 - 57x + 42} = \frac{-7}{6x-7}$$

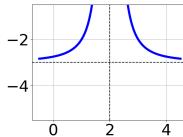
- A. $x_1 \in [-0.92, -0.74]$ and $x_2 \in [1.01, 1.73]$
- B. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- C. $x \in [0.61, 1.18]$
- D. $x \in [1.39, 1.65]$
- E. $x_1 \in [-0.92, -0.74]$ and $x_2 \in [1.81, 2.66]$
- 4. Determine the domain of the function below.

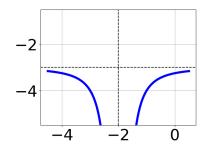
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{9x^2 + 33x + 30}$$

- A. All Real numbers except x = a and x = b, where $a \in [-18.56, -17.7]$ and $b \in [-15.63, -14.7]$
- B. All Real numbers except x=a and x=b, where $a\in[-2.39,-2]$ and $b\in[-1.67,-1.5]$
- C. All Real numbers except x = a, where $a \in [-2.39, -2]$
- D. All Real numbers.
- E. All Real numbers except x = a, where $a \in [-18.56, -17.7]$
- 5. Choose the graph of the equation below.

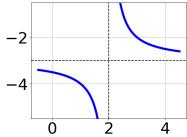
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2} - 3$$









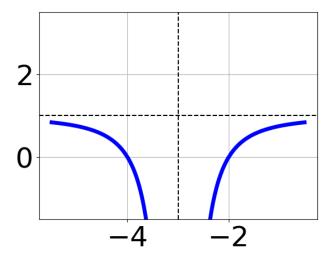


D.

C.

E. None of the above.

6. Choose the equation of the function graphed below.

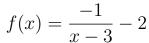


A.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3} + 1$$

B.
$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{x+3} + 1$$

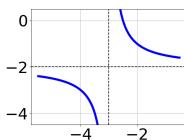
C.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(x-3)^2} + 1$$

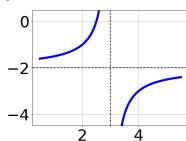
- D. $f(x) = \frac{-1}{(x+3)^2} + 1$
- E. None of the above
- 7. Choose the graph of the equation below.

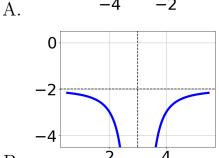


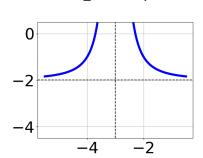
C.

D.









- В.
- E. None of the above.
- 8. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{7}{8x-6} + -7 = \frac{-6}{48x-36}$$

- A. $x \in [0.89, 1.89]$
- B. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- C. $x \in [-0.61, 0.39]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-0.11, 2.89]$ and $x_2 \in [0.94, 1.02]$
- E. $x_1 \in [-0.61, 0.39]$ and $x_2 \in [0.77, 0.94]$

9. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{6x}{2x-3} + \frac{-7x^2}{-10x^2 + 27x - 18} = \frac{5}{-5x+6}$$

- A. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- B. $x_1 \in [-0.42, -0.15]$ and $x_2 \in [1.32, 1.56]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-0.42, -0.15]$ and $x_2 \in [1.01, 1.22]$
- D. $x \in [1.2, 1.47]$
- E. $x \in [1, 1.1]$
- 10. Solve the rational equation below. Then, choose the interval(s) that the solution(s) belongs to.

$$\frac{25}{45x+45} + 1 = \frac{25}{45x+45}$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-3, 0]$ and $x_2 \in [0.8, 1.4]$
- B. All solutions lead to invalid or complex values in the equation.
- C. $x_1 \in [-3, 0]$ and $x_2 \in [-1.6, -0.6]$
- D. $x \in [0, 2]$
- E. $x \in [-1.0, 1.0]$