1. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_5(2x+5) + 4 = 2$$

- A. $x \in [-5, -2]$
- B. $x \in [-20, -14]$
- C. $x \in [7, 14]$
- D. $x \in [-14, -10]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 2. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x - 3) + 1$$

- A. $[a, \infty), a \in [-4.27, -2.69]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-0.5, 2.81]$
- C. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-1.77, 0.12]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [2.95, 3.66]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 3. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$15 = \ln \sqrt[4]{\frac{16}{e^{3x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-8, -1]$
- B. $x \in [18, 22]$
- C. $x \in [-11, -8]$

- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.
- 4. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x-5} - 8$$

A.
$$(a, \infty), a \in [-10, -1]$$

B.
$$[a, \infty), a \in [-10, -1]$$

C.
$$(-\infty, a), a \in [-1, 13]$$

D.
$$(-\infty, a], a \in [-1, 13]$$

E.
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

5. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$5^{-3x-2} = 27^{-2x+5}$$

A.
$$x \in [9, 13]$$

B.
$$x \in [-10, -2]$$

C.
$$x \in [-22, -19]$$

D.
$$x \in [3, 6]$$

E. There is no Real solution to the equation.