

- Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 4$$

- $f^{-1}(10) \in [1.98, 2.31]$
- $f^{-1}(10) \in [3.1, 3.42]$
- $f^{-1}(10) \in [3.43, 4.59]$
- $f^{-1}(10) \in [1.18, 1.51]$
- The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.

- Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = 2x^4 + 5x^3 + 7x^2 + 5x + 8 \text{ and } g(x) = \sqrt{-5x - 18}$$

- The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-9.2, -2.2]$
- The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-4.6, -1.6]$
- The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-7, 3]$
- The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [4.8, 7.8]$  and  $b \in [4.6, 7.6]$
- The domain is all Real numbers.

- Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{5x - 31}$$

- No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.
- No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- Yes, the function is 1-1.

- D. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- E. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
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4. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 9$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(9)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x+4} + 5$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [7.36, 7.62]$
- B.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [-2.73, -2.58]$
- C.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [5.01, 5.74]$
- D.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [7.59, 7.68]$
- E.  $f^{-1}(9) \in [6.57, 7.46]$
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5. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 7$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(7)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x+5} + 2$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [5.44, 7.75]$
- B.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [-4.57, -3.11]$
- C.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [4.44, 4.74]$
- D.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [3.99, 4.23]$
- E.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [1.65, 3.06]$
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6. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{6x - 38}$$

- A. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- B. Yes, the function is 1-1.

- C. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
- D. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
- E. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

7. Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = 9x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x + 8 \text{ and } g(x) = \sqrt{4x - 30}$$

- A. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-4.25, 9.75]$
- B. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [4.5, 14.5]$
- C. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [3.8, 6.8]$
- D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [5.4, 6.4]$  and  $b \in [-8.8, 0.2]$
- E. The domain is all Real numbers.

8. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = 1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 3 \text{ and } g(x) = -3x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-11.4, -7.3]$
- B.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-7.6, -4.8]$
- C.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-1.7, 4.1]$
- D.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-5.5, -2.9]$
- E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.

9. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = -1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -2x^3 - 1x^2 - x - 2 \text{ and } g(x) = 2x^3 - 1x^2 - 3x$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [8.9, 14.2]$
- B.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-3.2, -0.6]$
- C.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-1.5, 2.9]$
- D.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [-13.8, -11.2]$
- E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.

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10. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval the  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{3x - 5}$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-331.67, -324.67]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-337, -332]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [332, 338]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [326.67, 334.67]$
  - E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.
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