

1. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x + 1) - 8$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [7.34, 9.69]$
 - B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [0.12, 1.91]$
 - C. $[a, \infty), a \in [-8.29, -7.01]$
 - D. $(a, \infty), a \in [-1.93, -0.7]$
 - E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
-

2. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$5^{-4x-2} = \left(\frac{1}{343}\right)^{-2x-5}$$

- A. $x \in [-16.7, -14.6]$
 - B. $x \in [-1, 0.4]$
 - C. $x \in [1.1, 3.1]$
 - D. $x \in [-1.9, -0.8]$
 - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
-

3. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_4(-2x + 7) + 6 = 3$$

- A. $x \in [1.49, 7.49]$
 - B. $x \in [-33.5, -23.5]$
 - C. $x \in [-37, -30]$
 - D. $x \in [-50, -40]$
 - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
-

4. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x+2} + 2$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-3.9, 1.9]$
- B. $(a, \infty), a \in [-1.2, 2.7]$
- C. $[a, \infty), a \in [-1.2, 2.7]$
- D. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-3.9, 1.9]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

5. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$18 = \sqrt[5]{\frac{20}{e^{3x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-0.93, 0.07]$
- B. $x \in [0.82, 7.82]$
- C. $x \in [-31, -28]$
- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.

6. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$4^{-3x-3} = 49^{-2x+3}$$

- A. $x \in [3.8, 5.1]$
- B. $x \in [-7.3, -5.6]$
- C. $x \in [-17.7, -12.8]$
- D. $x \in [0.7, 3.7]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.

7. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$23 = \sqrt[3]{\frac{5}{e^{9x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-0.7, 0.5]$
 - B. $x \in [-2.1, -0.7]$
 - C. $x \in [-8.5, -7.2]$
 - D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
 - E. None of the above.
-

8. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_3(2x + 5) + 5 = 2$$

- A. $x \in [-2.7, -1]$
 - B. $x \in [-17.4, -14.2]$
 - C. $x \in [-1.4, 3.9]$
 - D. $x \in [-11.3, -9.8]$
 - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
-

9. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x-2} + 4$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-4, 1]$
 - B. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-4, 1]$
 - C. $(a, \infty), a \in [3, 6]$
 - D. $[a, \infty), a \in [3, 6]$
 - E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
-

10. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x + 6) - 5$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [4.86, 5.8]$
 - B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [5.98, 6.26]$
 - C. $[a, \infty), a \in [-5.28, -4.62]$
 - D. $(a, \infty), a \in [-7.54, -5.54]$
 - E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
-