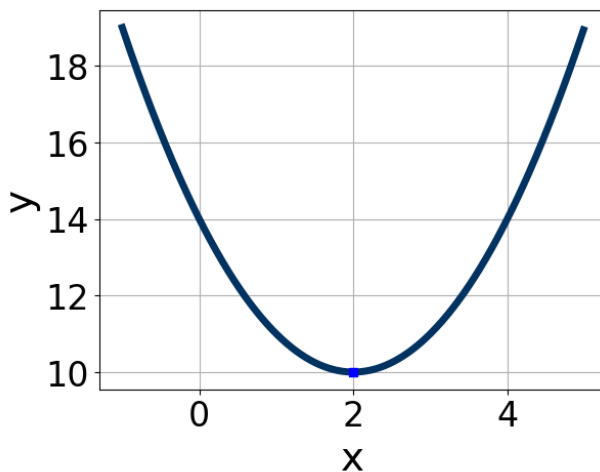


1. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a, b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [0, 2]$, $b \in [-4, 3]$, and $c \in [12, 17]$
- B. $a \in [-3, 0]$, $b \in [2, 8]$, and $c \in [2, 10]$
- C. $a \in [0, 2]$, $b \in [2, 8]$, and $c \in [12, 17]$
- D. $a \in [0, 2]$, $b \in [2, 8]$, and $c \in [-7, -4]$
- E. $a \in [-3, 0]$, $b \in [-4, 3]$, and $c \in [2, 10]$

2. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$-12x^2 + 13x - 2 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-0.17, 0.91]$ and $x_2 \in [0.5, 1.6]$
- B. $x_1 \in [-11.47, -10.3]$ and $x_2 \in [-3.7, -1.4]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-1.25, -0.73]$ and $x_2 \in [-0.6, 0.6]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-8.58, -7.41]$ and $x_2 \in [8.7, 9.5]$
- E. There are no Real solutions.

3. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$81x^2 - 9x - 20$$

- A. $a \in [7.3, 9.5]$, $b \in [-8, -2]$, $c \in [8.2, 9.3]$, and $d \in [-1, 5]$
 - B. $a \in [0.4, 1.5]$, $b \in [-47, -38]$, $c \in [0.9, 2.6]$, and $d \in [35, 39]$
 - C. $a \in [1.8, 3.8]$, $b \in [-8, -2]$, $c \in [26.4, 31.5]$, and $d \in [-1, 5]$
 - D. $a \in [24.8, 29.1]$, $b \in [-8, -2]$, $c \in [1.2, 3.3]$, and $d \in [-1, 5]$
 - E. None of the above.
-

4. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$-10x^2 - 8x + 5 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-1.4, -0.5]$ and $x_2 \in [0.35, 0.42]$
 - B. $x_1 \in [-17.9, -15.9]$ and $x_2 \in [15.7, 15.88]$
 - C. $x_1 \in [-5.3, -3.4]$ and $x_2 \in [11.91, 12.38]$
 - D. $x_1 \in [-0.9, -0.3]$ and $x_2 \in [1.03, 1.39]$
 - E. There are no Real solutions.
-

5. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$8x^2 - 18x - 81 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-7.9, -3.5]$ and $x_2 \in [1.47, 1.59]$
- B. $x_1 \in [-2.9, -0.9]$ and $x_2 \in [4.17, 4.68]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-20.8, -17.6]$ and $x_2 \in [35.67, 36.03]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-10.8, -8.1]$ and $x_2 \in [1.09, 1.28]$
- E. $x_1 \in [-0.9, 1.8]$ and $x_2 \in [13.48, 13.85]$

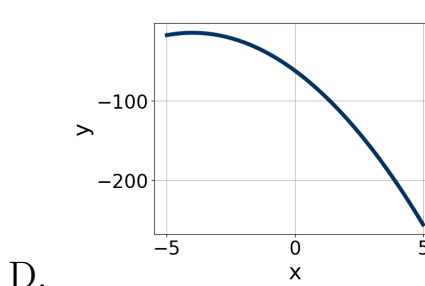
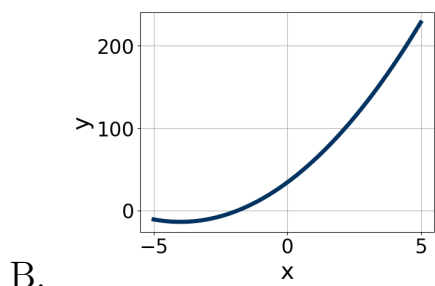
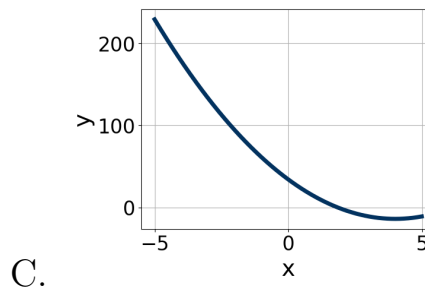
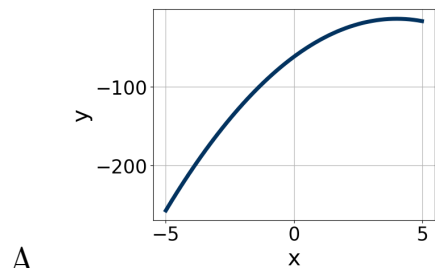
6. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$15x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-2.02, -1.01]$ and $x_2 \in [0.82, 1.52]$
- B. $x_1 \in [-0.8, -0.38]$ and $x_2 \in [3.47, 3.7]$
- C. $x_1 \in [-2.71, -2.34]$ and $x_2 \in [0.41, 0.62]$
- D. $x_1 \in [-4.21, -3.84]$ and $x_2 \in [0.14, 0.57]$
- E. $x_1 \in [-20.22, -19.73]$ and $x_2 \in [17.84, 18.35]$

7. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 4)^2 - 14$$



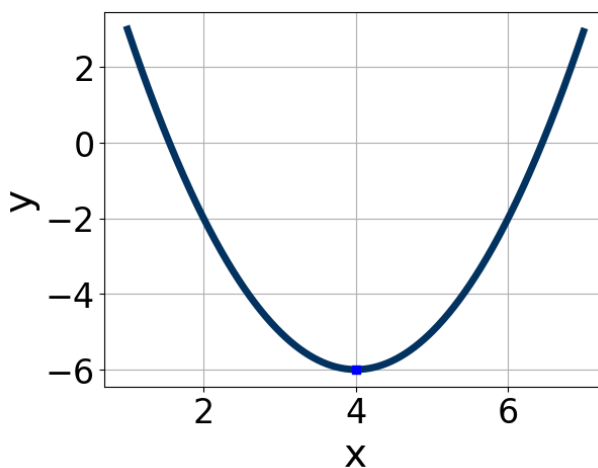
- E. None of the above.

8. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d); b \leq d$.

$$54x^2 + 57x + 10$$

- A. $a \in [2.4, 3.5]$, $b \in [-6, 5]$, $c \in [17, 18.2]$, and $d \in [5, 9]$
- B. $a \in [8.9, 9.8]$, $b \in [-6, 5]$, $c \in [5.8, 7.6]$, and $d \in [5, 9]$
- C. $a \in [15.6, 20.4]$, $b \in [-6, 5]$, $c \in [1.4, 3.1]$, and $d \in [5, 9]$
- D. $a \in [0.7, 2.7]$, $b \in [12, 14]$, $c \in [-1.4, 2.5]$, and $d \in [44, 49]$
- E. None of the above.

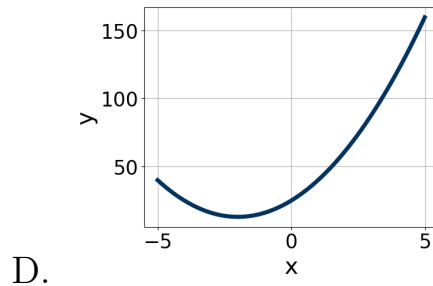
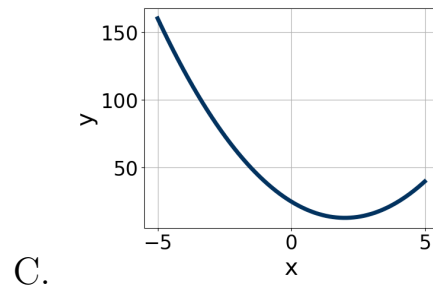
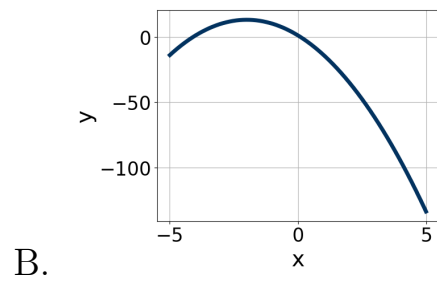
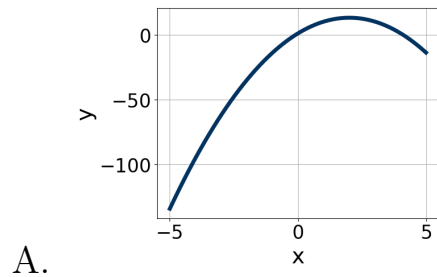
9. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a, b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-5, 0]$, $b \in [-11, -6]$, and $c \in [-22, -20]$
- B. $a \in [1, 4]$, $b \in [5, 13]$, and $c \in [20, 25]$
- C. $a \in [-5, 0]$, $b \in [5, 13]$, and $c \in [-22, -20]$
- D. $a \in [1, 4]$, $b \in [5, 13]$, and $c \in [7, 11]$
- E. $a \in [1, 4]$, $b \in [-11, -6]$, and $c \in [7, 11]$

10. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 2)^2 + 13$$



E. None of the above.
