

1. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 12$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(12)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 5$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [1.03, 1.59]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [6.21, 6.82]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [4.65, 6.05]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [2.31, 2.5]$
  - E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.
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2. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-3x + 13}$$

- A. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - B. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.
  - C. Yes, the function is 1-1.
  - D. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - E. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
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3. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = 1$  is in.

$$f(x) = 4x^3 - 1x^2 - x \text{ and } g(x) = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + x$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [5, 11]$
  - B.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [15, 20]$
  - C.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-4, 2]$
  - D.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-7, -3]$
  - E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.
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4. Add the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{3x + 20} \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{3}{3x + 20}$$

- A. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-8, -5]$
  - B. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-4.2, -1.2]$
  - C. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-6, 0]$
  - D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-7.67, -3.67]$  and  $b \in [-8.67, -0.67]$
  - E. The domain is all Real numbers.
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5. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \ln(x + 5) - 4$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [392.43, 400.43]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [140.41, 148.41]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [1202609.28, 1202610.28]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [1202599.28, 1202603.28]$
  - E.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [3269011.37, 3269020.37]$
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6. Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{5x + 33} \text{ and } g(x) = \frac{3}{5x + 28}$$

- A. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-5.67, -3.67]$

- B. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [1.67, 7.67]$
  - C. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 0.75]$
  - D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-7.6, 1.4]$  and  $b \in [-5.6, -1.6]$
  - E. The domain is all Real numbers.
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7. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-6x + 20}$$

- A. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - B. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.
  - C. Yes, the function is 1-1.
  - D. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - E. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.
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8. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 12$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(12)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 4$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [1.27, 2.18]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [4.75, 6.2]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [3.01, 3.47]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(12) \in [1.97, 2.74]$
  - E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.
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9. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x+2} - 5$$

- A.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-3.78, -3.1]$
  - B.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [0.67, 0.82]$
  - C.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [4.55, 5.02]$
  - D.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-3.07, -2.86]$
  - E.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-2.54, -2.23]$
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10. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = 1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -2x^3 + 3x^2 - x + 1 \text{ and } g(x) = -x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 2$$

- A.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-2.75, -1.81]$
  - B.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [6.96, 7.32]$
  - C.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-8.81, -7.52]$
  - D.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-1.87, 0.65]$
  - E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.
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