

1. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_2(2x + 6) + 6 = 2$$

- A.  $x \in [-5.1, -1.9]$
  - B.  $x \in [3.5, 5.6]$
  - C.  $x \in [9.5, 12.2]$
  - D.  $x \in [-2.3, 1.4]$
  - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 

2. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -e^{x+3} + 1$$

- A.  $(a, \infty), a \in [-4.5, -0.7]$
  - B.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [0.7, 1.7]$
  - C.  $[a, \infty), a \in [-4.5, -0.7]$
  - D.  $(-\infty, a], a \in [0.7, 1.7]$
  - E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 

3. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains  $x$  (if it exists).

$$21 = \ln \sqrt[5]{\frac{20}{e^{8x}}}$$

- A.  $x \in [-3.28, 0.72]$
  - B.  $x \in [10.75, 15.75]$
  - C.  $x \in [-7.88, -2.88]$
  - D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
  - E. None of the above.
-

4. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$5^{3x+3} = 49^{5x-5}$$

- A.  $x \in [1, 2.3]$
  - B.  $x \in [11.4, 12.7]$
  - C.  $x \in [0, 1.6]$
  - D.  $x \in [3.6, 5.1]$
  - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 

5. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = \log_2(x - 1) - 7$$

- A.  $[a, \infty), a \in [-4, 0]$
  - B.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [4, 12]$
  - C.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [-11, -4]$
  - D.  $[a, \infty), a \in [0, 2]$
  - E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 

6. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains  $x$  (if it exists).

$$22 = \sqrt[7]{\frac{20}{e^{7x}}}$$

- A.  $x \in [-3.66, -1.66]$
  - B.  $x \in [-1.46, 0.54]$
  - C.  $x \in [-22.43, -20.43]$
  - D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
  - E. None of the above.
-

7. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x - 8) + 9$$

- A.  $[a, \infty), a \in [7.91, 8.66]$
  - B.  $[a, \infty), a \in [-8.45, -8]$
  - C.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [-9.26, -8.87]$
  - D.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [8.15, 9.56]$
  - E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 

8. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$5^{2x-2} = \left(\frac{1}{36}\right)^{4x+5}$$

- A.  $x \in [6.29, 8.16]$
  - B.  $x \in [0.12, 0.54]$
  - C.  $x \in [-0.88, -0.5]$
  - D.  $x \in [-3.67, -3.35]$
  - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 

9. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x+2} + 1$$

- A.  $[a, \infty), a \in [-3, 0]$
  - B.  $(-\infty, a], a \in [0, 3]$
  - C.  $(a, \infty), a \in [-3, 0]$
  - D.  $(-\infty, a), a \in [0, 3]$
  - E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$
-

10. Solve the equation for  $x$  and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_4(3x + 7) + 5 = 2$$

- A.  $x \in [0, 6]$
  - B.  $x \in [21.67, 26.67]$
  - C.  $x \in [28.33, 32.33]$
  - D.  $x \in [-5.33, -1.33]$
  - E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
-