This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found here.

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey here.

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

1. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x-values within or including a distance of the given values.

Less than 9 units from the number 6.

The solution is (-3, 15), which is option B.

A.  $(-\infty, -3) \cup (15, \infty)$ 

This describes the values more than 9 from 6

B. (-3, 15)

This describes the values less than 9 from 6

C. [-3, 15]

This describes the values no more than 9 from 6

D.  $(-\infty, -3] \cup [15, \infty)$ 

This describes the values no less than 9 from 6

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

2. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-5x + 6 \le 6x + 10$$

The solution is  $[-0.364, \infty)$ , which is option D.

A.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0.06, 1.68]$ 

 $(-\infty, 0.364]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-0.51, -0.32]$ 

 $(-\infty, -0.364]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.14, 0.87]$ 

 $[0.364, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

D.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.57, 0.31]$ 

\*  $[-0.364, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

## E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

3. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 - 5x < \frac{-12x - 5}{3} \le -9 - 9x$$

The solution is (-5.33, -1.47], which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6, -4.5]$  and  $b \in [-2.92, -0.6]$ 
  - $(-\infty, -5.33] \cup (-1.47, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality.
- B. [a, b), where  $a \in [-6.75, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-1.8, 0]$

[-5.33, -1.47), which corresponds to flipping the inequality.

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8.25, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-3.75, 0]$ 
  - $(-\infty, -5.33) \cup [-1.47, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality.
- D. (a, b], where  $a \in [-6.75, -4.5]$  and  $b \in [-2.25, 0]$ 
  - \* (-5.33, -1.47], which is the correct option.
- E. None of the above.

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

4. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-4x - 6 < 9x + 3$$

The solution is  $(-0.692, \infty)$ , which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-1.27, -0.48]$ 
  - $(-\infty, -0.692)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!
- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [0.09, 1.26]$ 
  - $(-\infty, 0.692)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.
- C.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.05, 2.51]$

 $(0.692, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1.55, -0.11]$ 
  - \*  $(-0.692, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.
- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

5. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 + 5x > 8x$$
 or  $5 + 5x < 6x$ 

The solution is  $(-\infty, -2.333)$  or  $(5.0, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.85, -0.07]$  and  $b \in [3, 6]$ 
  - \* Correct option.
- B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8.17, -3.52]$  and  $b \in [-5.25, 4.5]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.7, -4.65]$  and  $b \in [-1.65, 4.35]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3.67, -2.02]$  and  $b \in [3.52, 6.3]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

General Comment: When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

6. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-8 + 5x \le \frac{25x - 9}{4} < 9 + 3x$$

The solution is [-4.60, 3.46), which is option D.

A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8.25, 2.25]$  and  $b \in [-0.75, 5.25]$ 

 $(-\infty, -4.60] \cup (3.46, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality.

B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-1.5, 4.5]$ 

 $(-\infty, -4.60) \cup [3.46, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality.

C. (a, b], where  $a \in [-8.25, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [3, 7.5]$ 

(-4.60, 3.46], which corresponds to flipping the inequality.

D. [a, b), where  $a \in [-5.25, 3.75]$  and  $b \in [1.5, 7.5]$ 

[-4.60, 3.46), which is the correct option.

E. None of the above.

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

7. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 + 8x > 11x$$
 or  $6 + 4x < 5x$ 

The solution is  $(-\infty, -2.333)$  or  $(6.0, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3.75, 0.75]$  and  $b \in [4.5, 6.75]$ 
  - \* Correct option.
- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 0.15]$  and  $b \in [4.5, 15]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6.6, -4.65]$  and  $b \in [-1.5, 3]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-9.75, -5.25]$  and  $b \in [2.25, 5.25]$ 

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

8. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{10}{3} - \frac{4}{9}x \ge \frac{4}{7}x + \frac{3}{5}$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, 2.691]$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0, 3.75]$ 
  - \*  $(-\infty, 2.691]$ , which is the correct option.
- B.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [2.25, 6]$

 $[2.691, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-6, -0.75]$ 

 $(-\infty, -2.691]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

D.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 0]$ 

 $[-2.691, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

9. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-4}{3} - \frac{5}{5}x \ge \frac{5}{4}x + \frac{7}{6}$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -1.111]$ , which is option D.

A.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 4.5]$ 

 $(-\infty, 1.111]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

B.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.32, -0.9]$ 

 $[-1.111, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.22, 1.57]$ 

 $[1.111, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-6, 0.75]$ 
  - \*  $(-\infty, -1.111]$ , which is the correct option.
- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

10. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x-values within or including a distance of the given values.

No less than 6 units from the number 2.

The solution is None of the above, which is option E.

A. (4,8)

This describes the values less than 2 from 6

B.  $(-\infty, 4) \cup (8, \infty)$ 

This describes the values more than 2 from 6

C.  $(-\infty, 4] \cup [8, \infty)$ 

This describes the values no less than 2 from 6

D. [4, 8]

This describes the values no more than 2 from 6

E. None of the above

Options A-D described the values [more/less than] 2 units from 6, which is the reverse of what the question asked.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.