This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found here.

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey here.

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

1. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$4 + 5x > 7x$$
 or  $9 + 3x < 6x$ 

The solution is  $(-\infty, 2.0)$  or  $(3.0, \infty)$ , which is option C.

A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3, -1]$  and  $b \in [-4, 0]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8, -2]$  and  $b \in [-8, 0]$ 

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1, 7]$  and  $b \in [3, 5]$ 
  - \* Correct option.
- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [2, 3]$  and  $b \in [2, 5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$ 

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

General Comment: When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

2. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{6}{4} - \frac{8}{9}x > \frac{8}{5}x - \frac{6}{2}$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, 1.808)$ , which is option C.

A.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1.81, -0.81]$ 

 $(-1.808, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

B.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.81, 2.81]$ 

 $(1.808, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [0.81, 2.81]$ 

\*  $(-\infty, 1.808)$ , which is the correct option.

D.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-1.81, -0.81]$ 

 $(-\infty, -1.808)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

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## E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

3. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$8 + 5x < \frac{49x + 8}{5} \le 4 + 9x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

A. [a, b), where  $a \in [-4.33, 0.67]$  and  $b \in [-4, -1]$ 

[-1.33, -3.00), which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1.9, 0.5]$  and  $b \in [-6, -2]$ 

 $(-\infty, -1.33] \cup (-3.00, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

C. (a, b], where  $a \in [-2.2, 0.4]$  and  $b \in [-4, -2]$ 

(-1.33, -3.00], which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.

D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.8, 0.7]$  and  $b \in [-5, -2]$ 

 $(-\infty, -1.33) \cup [-3.00, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

- E. None of the above.
  - \* This is correct as the answer should be (1.33, 3.00].

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

4. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-5x + 6 \ge 9x + 3$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, 0.214]$ , which is option D.

A.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-0.24, 0.13]$ 

 $(-\infty, -0.214]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

B.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.08, 0.25]$ 

 $[0.214, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.72, 0.03]$ 

 $[-0.214, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0.03, 0.45]$ 
  - \*  $(-\infty, 0.214]$ , which is the correct option.
- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

5. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x-values within or including a distance of the given values.

Less than 5 units from the number -3.

The solution is (-8,2), which is option B.

A. 
$$(-\infty, -8] \cup [2, \infty)$$

This describes the values no less than 5 from -3

B. (-8,2)

This describes the values less than 5 from -3

C. [-8, 2]

This describes the values no more than 5 from -3

D.  $(-\infty, -8) \cup (2, \infty)$ 

This describes the values more than 5 from -3

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

6. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$3x + 3 > 5x - 6$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, 4.5)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [1.5, 7.5]$ 
  - \*  $(-\infty, 4.5)$ , which is the correct option.
- B.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.5, 7.5]$

 $(4.5, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

C.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.5, -1.5]$ 

 $(-4.5, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

D.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-6.5, -1.5]$ 

 $(-\infty, -4.5)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

## E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

7. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-4 - 7x < \frac{-16x - 6}{3} \le 9 - 7x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

A. (a, b], where  $a \in [1.2, 7.2]$  and  $b \in [-6.6, -2.6]$ 

(1.20, -6.60], which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.

B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.8, 3.2]$  and  $b \in [-12.6, -2.6]$ 

 $(-\infty, 1.20) \cup [-6.60, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

C. [a, b), where  $a \in [0.1, 1.9]$  and  $b \in [-6.6, -4.6]$ 

[1.20, -6.60), which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [1.2, 3.2]$  and  $b \in [-6.6, -4.6]$ 

 $(-\infty, 1.20] \cup (-6.60, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

- E. None of the above.
  - \* This is correct as the answer should be (-1.20, 6.60].

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

8. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$5 + 4x > 6x$$
 or  $5 + 7x < 8x$ 

The solution is  $(-\infty, 2.5)$  or  $(5.0, \infty)$ , which is option D.

A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8, -1]$  and  $b \in [-5.5, -0.5]$ 

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1.5, 4.5]$  and  $b \in [5, 6]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5, -1]$  and  $b \in [-5.5, -1.5]$ 

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.5, 5.5]$  and  $b \in [-2, 6]$ 

\* Correct option.

E. 
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

General Comment: When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

9. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{5}{5} - \frac{4}{3}x < \frac{9}{9}x - \frac{7}{4}$$

The solution is  $(1.179, \infty)$ , which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-1.18, 0.82]$ 
  - $(-\infty, -1.179)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.
- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-0.82, 2.18]$ 
  - $(-\infty, 1.179)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!
- C.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3.18, 0.82]$ 
  - $(-1.179, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.
- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.82, 2.18]$ 
  - \*  $(1.179, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.
- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

10. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x-values within or including a distance of the given values.

Less than 7 units from the number -9.

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The solution is (-16, -2), which is option B.

A. 
$$(-\infty, -16) \cup (-2, \infty)$$

This describes the values more than 7 from -9

B. 
$$(-16, -2)$$

This describes the values less than 7 from -9

C. 
$$[-16, -2]$$

This describes the values no more than 7 from -9

D. 
$$(-\infty, -16] \cup [-2, \infty)$$

This describes the values no less than 7 from -9

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

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**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.