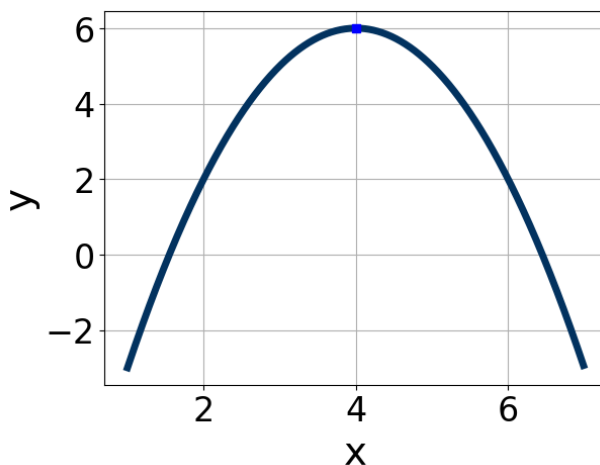


1. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a, b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-0.1, 1.4]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [21, 23]$
B. $a \in [-2.9, 0.7]$, $b \in [-8, -6]$, and $c \in [-24, -19]$
C. $a \in [-2.9, 0.7]$, $b \in [8, 9]$, and $c \in [-10, -8]$
D. $a \in [-0.1, 1.4]$, $b \in [-8, -6]$, and $c \in [21, 23]$
E. $a \in [-2.9, 0.7]$, $b \in [-8, -6]$, and $c \in [-10, -8]$

-
2. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$25x^2 - 60x + 36 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [0.56, 0.63]$ and $x_2 \in [2.23, 3.2]$
B. $x_1 \in [0.33, 0.41]$ and $x_2 \in [2.54, 4.31]$
C. $x_1 \in [29.96, 30.07]$ and $x_2 \in [28.73, 32.35]$
D. $x_1 \in [0.13, 0.26]$ and $x_2 \in [5.97, 6.7]$
E. $x_1 \in [1.18, 1.29]$ and $x_2 \in [0.24, 1.5]$

3. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$24x^2 + 2x - 15$$

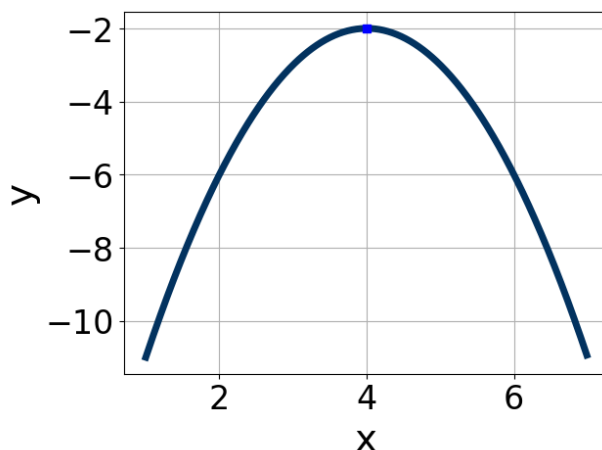
- A. $a \in [1.78, 2.82]$, $b \in [-4, -1]$, $c \in [10.5, 13.9]$, and $d \in [0, 9]$
B. $a \in [0.66, 1.4]$, $b \in [-23, -15]$, $c \in [0.8, 2]$, and $d \in [18, 21]$
C. $a \in [3.71, 4.51]$, $b \in [-4, -1]$, $c \in [5.5, 8.1]$, and $d \in [0, 9]$
D. $a \in [7.19, 8.07]$, $b \in [-4, -1]$, $c \in [2.6, 5.1]$, and $d \in [0, 9]$
E. None of the above.
-

4. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

$$-10x^2 + 7x + 4 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-14.26, -14]$ and $x_2 \in [13.83, 15.02]$
B. $x_1 \in [-1.01, 0.64]$ and $x_2 \in [0.41, 1.63]$
C. $x_1 \in [-11.14, -10.21]$ and $x_2 \in [2.94, 4.12]$
D. $x_1 \in [-1.16, -0.73]$ and $x_2 \in [-0.44, 0.93]$
E. There are no Real solutions.
-

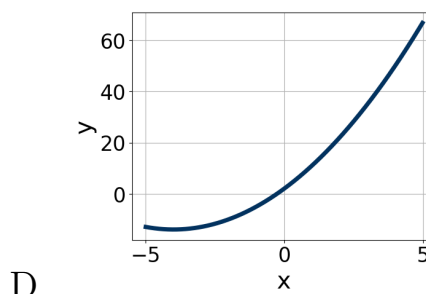
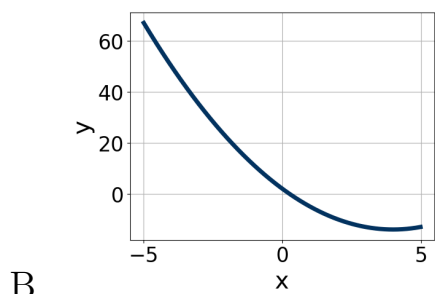
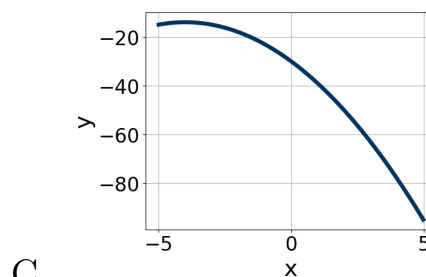
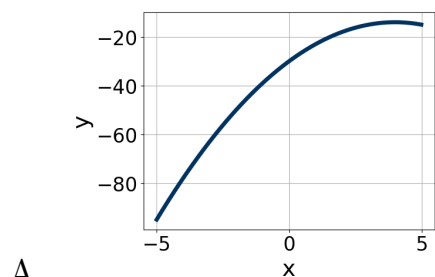
5. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, assuming $a = 1$ or $a = -1$. Then, choose the intervals that a , b , and c belong to.



- A. $a \in [-1.2, -0.4]$, $b \in [-11, -6]$, and $c \in [-18, -16]$
 B. $a \in [-1.2, -0.4]$, $b \in [4, 11]$, and $c \in [-18, -16]$
 C. $a \in [-1.2, -0.4]$, $b \in [-11, -6]$, and $c \in [-17, -10]$
 D. $a \in [0.4, 3.1]$, $b \in [-11, -6]$, and $c \in [13, 18]$
 E. $a \in [0.4, 3.1]$, $b \in [4, 11]$, and $c \in [13, 18]$

6. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 4)^2 - 14$$



E. None of the above.

-
7. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form $(ax + b)(cx + d)$; $b \leq d$.

$$36x^2 + 60x + 25$$

- A. $a \in [0.13, 1.53]$, $b \in [29, 31]$, $c \in [-2.5, 2.6]$, and $d \in [29, 32]$
B. $a \in [11.83, 12.98]$, $b \in [3, 9]$, $c \in [1.7, 4.4]$, and $d \in [2, 8]$
C. $a \in [1.64, 3]$, $b \in [3, 9]$, $c \in [17, 18.7]$, and $d \in [2, 8]$
D. $a \in [4.12, 6.04]$, $b \in [3, 9]$, $c \in [4.7, 6.6]$, and $d \in [2, 8]$
E. None of the above.
-

8. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions x_1 and x_2 belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$.

$$10x^2 - 57x + 54 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [2.17, 2.28]$ and $x_2 \in [1.72, 2.57]$
B. $x_1 \in [0.87, 0.9]$ and $x_2 \in [5.77, 6.44]$
C. $x_1 \in [0.13, 0.51]$ and $x_2 \in [12.77, 13.61]$
D. $x_1 \in [11.65, 12.12]$ and $x_2 \in [44.77, 45.15]$
E. $x_1 \in [1.19, 1.35]$ and $x_2 \in [4.06, 4.61]$
-

9. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with $x_1 \leq x_2$ (if they exist).

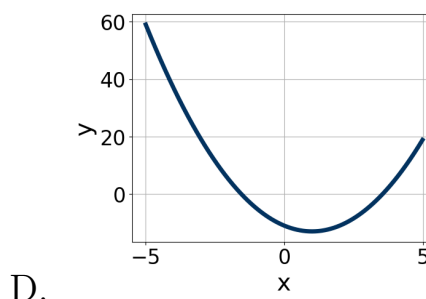
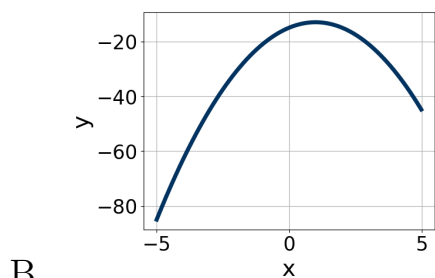
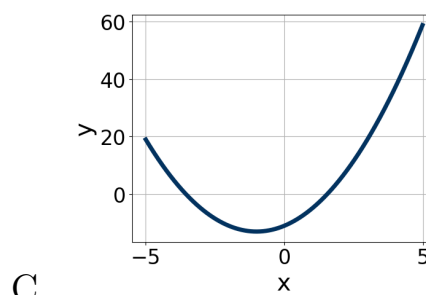
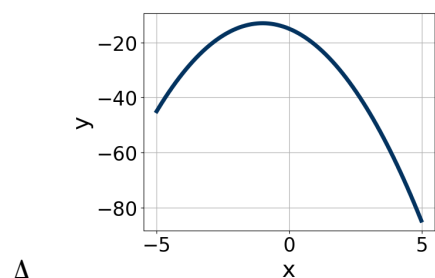
$$20x^2 + 7x - 2 = 0$$

- A. $x_1 \in [-10.9, -10.2]$ and $x_2 \in [3.67, 3.98]$
B. $x_1 \in [-15.2, -14.1]$ and $x_2 \in [14.18, 14.73]$
C. $x_1 \in [-0.3, 0.2]$ and $x_2 \in [0.45, 0.84]$
D. $x_1 \in [-2, -0.3]$ and $x_2 \in [-0.21, 0.24]$

E. There are no Real solutions.

10. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 - 13$$



E. None of the above.
