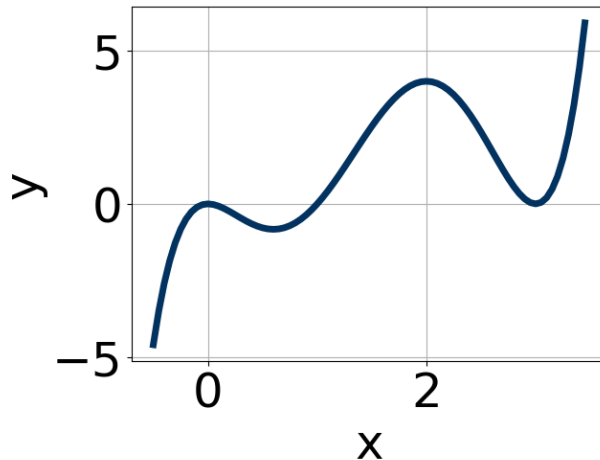


1. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?

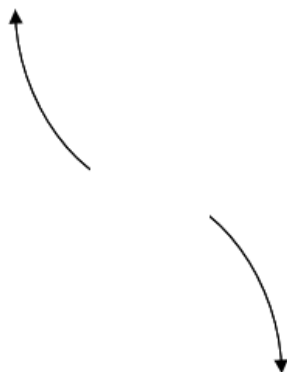


- A.  $12x^5(x-3)^6(x-1)^8$   
 B.  $3x^{10}(x-3)^{10}(x-1)^7$   
 C.  $-16x^6(x-3)^6(x-1)^6$   
 D.  $10x^7(x-3)^8(x-1)^9$   
 E.  $-4x^4(x-3)^6(x-1)^9$

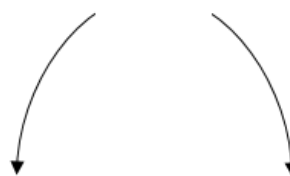
2. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -8(x-6)^4(x+6)^5(x-3)^3(x+3)^5$$

A.

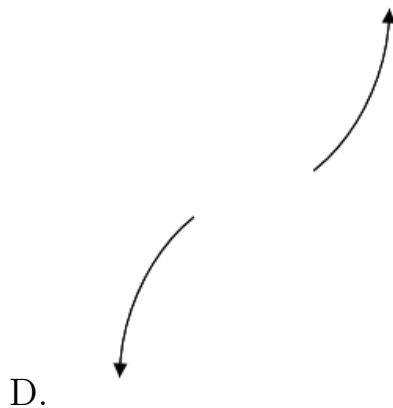


B.



C.





D.

E. None of the above.

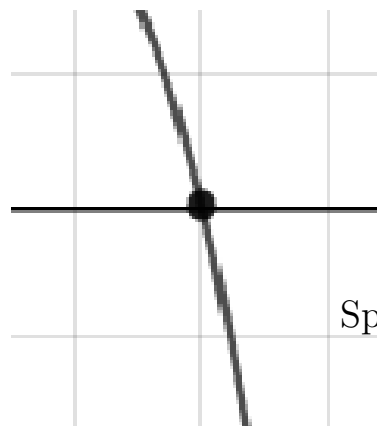
3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-\frac{3}{2}, 3, \text{ and } \frac{2}{5}$$

- A.  $a \in [9, 13], b \in [-20, -16], c \in [-42, -33],$  and  $d \in [-19, -12]$   
 B.  $a \in [9, 13], b \in [9, 17], c \in [-51, -46],$  and  $d \in [13, 22]$   
 C.  $a \in [9, 13], b \in [-20, -16], c \in [-42, -33],$  and  $d \in [13, 22]$   
 D.  $a \in [9, 13], b \in [-50, -48], c \in [63, 65],$  and  $d \in [-19, -12]$   
 E.  $a \in [9, 13], b \in [19, 25], c \in [-42, -33],$  and  $d \in [-19, -12]$

4. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = -8$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -4(x + 8)^5(x - 8)^{10}(x + 2)^8(x - 2)^{12}$$



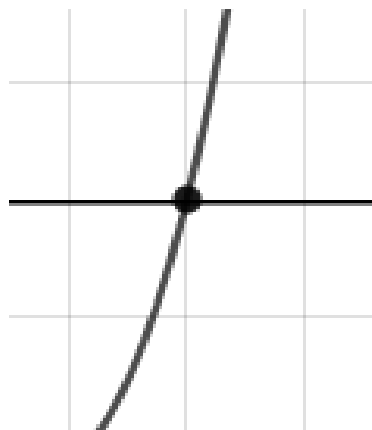
B.



C.



D.

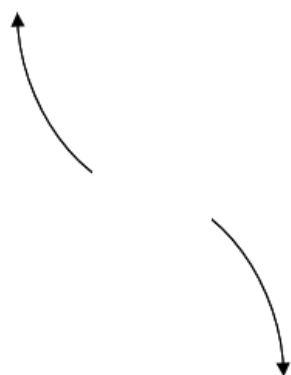


E. None of the above.

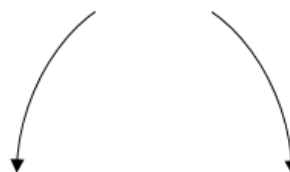
5. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.


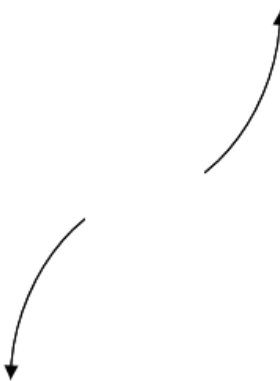
$$f(x) = -2(x - 4)^5(x + 4)^8(x + 6)^5(x - 6)^5$$

A.



B.



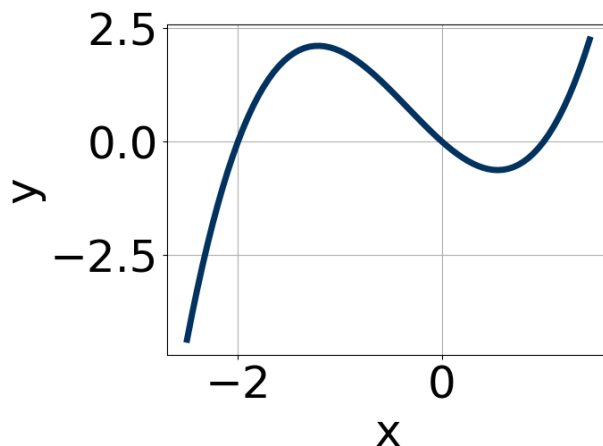
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

6. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$4 - 5i \text{ and } 2$$

- A.  $b \in [-5, 5], c \in [-5, 4], \text{ and } d \in [-10, -7]$
- B.  $b \in [-11, -4], c \in [54, 62], \text{ and } d \in [-87, -81]$
- C.  $b \in [-5, 5], c \in [-10, 1], \text{ and } d \in [7, 9]$
- D.  $b \in [9, 17], c \in [54, 62], \text{ and } d \in [79, 83]$
- E. None of the above.

7. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $-13x^{11}(x-1)^7(x+2)^5$
- B.  $13x^9(x-1)^8(x+2)^9$
- C.  $13x^{11}(x-1)^{11}(x+2)^9$
- D.  $-18x^7(x-1)^8(x+2)^7$
- E.  $18x^4(x-1)^{10}(x+2)^{11}$

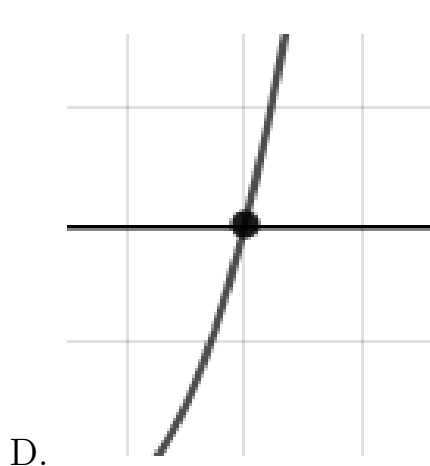
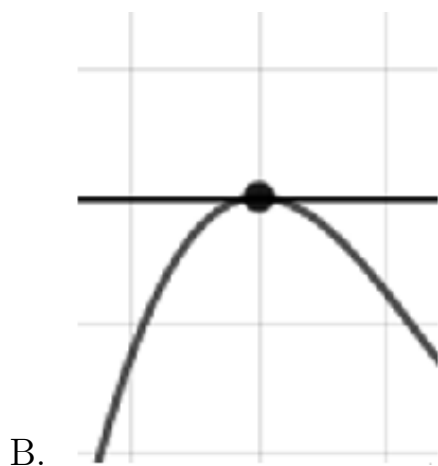
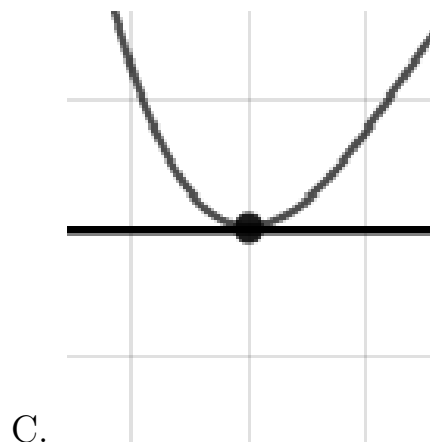
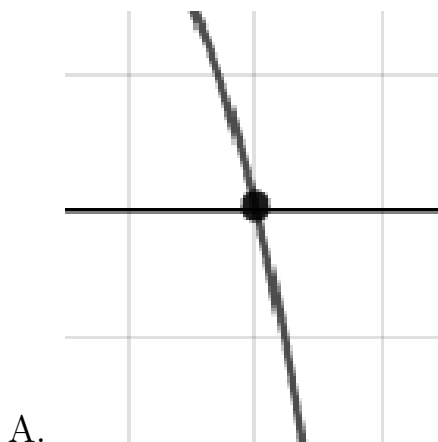
8. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-3 + 5i \text{ and } 4$$

- A.  $b \in [-4.9, -0.1], c \in [9, 18], \text{ and } d \in [134, 142]$
- B.  $b \in [-0.2, 1.3], c \in [-1, 9], \text{ and } d \in [-14, -5]$
- C.  $b \in [1.2, 8], c \in [9, 18], \text{ and } d \in [-137, -135]$
- D.  $b \in [-0.2, 1.3], c \in [-14, -8], \text{ and } d \in [20, 25]$
- E. None of the above.

9. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = -3$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -9(x-3)^4(x+3)^5(x-8)^4(x+8)^8$$



E. None of the above.

10. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$\frac{5}{4}, \frac{-1}{3}, \text{ and } \frac{-7}{3}$$

- A.  $a \in [31, 37], b \in [51, 53], c \in [-96, -85],$  and  $d \in [27, 44]$   
 B.  $a \in [31, 37], b \in [-55, -44], c \in [-96, -85],$  and  $d \in [27, 44]$   
 C.  $a \in [31, 37], b \in [51, 53], c \in [-96, -85],$  and  $d \in [-41, -27]$   
 D.  $a \in [31, 37], b \in [117, 121], c \in [62, 71],$  and  $d \in [-41, -27]$   
 E.  $a \in [31, 37], b \in [140, 143], c \in [142, 157],$  and  $d \in [27, 44]$