1. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$2^{5x+2} = 343^{2x-3}$$

- A. $x \in [2, 3.3]$
- B. $x \in [-8.6, -4.9]$
- C. $x \in [-2.1, -1.4]$
- D. $x \in [-1.5, 2]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 2. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_3(4x+6) + 6 = 3$$

- A. $x \in [-2.3, -1]$
- B. $x \in [-8.7, -5.9]$
- C. $x \in [3.5, 7]$
- D. $x \in [-5.7, -4.9]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 3. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = \log_2(x - 7) + 9$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-8.38, -6.88]$
- B. $(a, \infty), a \in [5.99, 7.58]$
- C. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-9.2, -7.76]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [8.71, 9.45]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

4. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$3^{-4x-5} = \left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{2x-2}$$

- A. $x \in [1.8, 5.5]$
- B. $x \in [-1.3, -0.3]$
- C. $x \in [-3.4, -2.2]$
- D. $x \in [0.6, 1.7]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 5. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = \log_2(x - 7) - 7$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [5, 11]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-9, -4]$
- C. $(a, \infty), a \in [5, 11]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [-9, -4]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 6. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x-8} - 5$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [2, 6]$
- B. $[a, \infty), a \in [-12, 0]$
- C. $(a, \infty), a \in [-12, 0]$
- D. $(-\infty, a], a \in [2, 6]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

7. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_2(-4x+5) + 6 = 3$$

- A. $x \in [-4.07, -3.47]$
- B. $x \in [-0.77, -0.13]$
- C. $x \in [0.46, 1.79]$
- D. $x \in [-1.26, -0.96]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 8. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x+1} + 4$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [4, 8]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [4, 8]$
- C. $(a, \infty), a \in [-4, 1]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [-4, 1]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 9. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$15 = \sqrt[7]{\frac{12}{e^{6x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-1, -0.4]$
- B. $x \in [-19.6, -17.4]$
- C. $x \in [-4.5, -2.3]$
- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.

10. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$22 = \ln \sqrt[5]{\frac{28}{e^{3x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-38.56, -30.56]$
- B. $x \in [-13.56, -10.56]$
- C. $x \in [-8.26, -4.26]$
- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.
- 11. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$2^{3x-2} = \left(\frac{1}{25}\right)^{2x-5}$$

- A. $x \in [14.48, 20.48]$
- B. $x \in [-4, -2]$
- C. $x \in [1.05, 3.05]$
- D. $x \in [-1.35, 0.65]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 12. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_4(2x+6) + 5 = 3$$

- A. $x \in [27, 30]$
- B. $x \in [5, 10]$
- C. $x \in [10, 21]$
- D. $x \in [-7.97, -0.97]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.

13. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = \log_2(x+2) + 5$$

- A. $(a, \infty), a \in [-2.6, -1.5]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [1, 4.8]$
- C. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-5.2, -2.1]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [3.6, 6]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 14. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$5^{-3x-5} = 9^{-5x+5}$$

- A. $x \in [1.3, 2.9]$
- B. $x \in [7.3, 9.7]$
- C. $x \in [3.7, 5.7]$
- D. $x \in [3, 4]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 15. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x+4) - 9$$

- A. $[a, \infty), a \in [2, 5]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-14, -8]$
- C. $[a, \infty), a \in [-6, 1]$
- D. $(-\infty, a), a \in [8, 15]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

16. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x+3} - 4$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-9, 2]$
- B. $[a, \infty), a \in [1, 7]$
- C. $(a, \infty), a \in [1, 7]$
- D. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-9, 2]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 17. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_4(-2x+6) + 6 = 3$$

- A. $x \in [0.99, 3.99]$
- B. $x \in [-45.5, -38.5]$
- C. $x \in [-29, -27]$
- D. $x \in [-38.5, -33.5]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 18. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -e^{x+2} + 9$$

- A. $[a, \infty), a \in [-11, -6]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [7, 14]$
- C. $(a, \infty), a \in [-11, -6]$
- D. $(-\infty, a], a \in [7, 14]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

19. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$23 = \ln \sqrt[3]{\frac{28}{e^{8x}}}$$

A.
$$x \in [-2.59, -0.59]$$

B.
$$x \in [-7.33, -4.33]$$

C.
$$x \in [-8.21, -6.21]$$

- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.
- 20. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$5 = \sqrt[3]{\frac{24}{e^{7x}}}$$

A.
$$x \in [-2.71, -2.53]$$

B.
$$x \in [-0.11, 0.1]$$

C.
$$x \in [0.11, 0.24]$$

- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.
- 21. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$2^{-2x+4} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{-4x-5}$$

A.
$$x \in [-1.81, 0.19]$$

B.
$$x \in [-6.5, -1.5]$$

C.
$$x \in [-0.12, 3.88]$$

- D. $x \in [2.11, 8.11]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 22. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_5(-3x+6) + 5 = 2$$

- A. $x \in [81, 84]$
- B. $x \in [79, 82]$
- C. $x \in [1, 4]$
- D. $x \in [-10.33, -1.33]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 23. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x - 2) - 8$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-5, 0]$
- B. $(a, \infty), a \in [0, 5]$
- C. $(-\infty, a], a \in [4, 12]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [-11, -4]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 24. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$2^{3x+2} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{2x+4}$$

- A. $x \in [-2.6, -1.5]$
- B. $x \in [-10.9, -9.7]$
- C. $x \in [-0.8, 1.4]$

- D. $x \in [0.8, 2.2]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 25. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = -\log_2(x - 1) - 1$$

- A. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-0.9, 2.4]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-1.9, -0.5]$
- C. $[a, \infty), a \in [-0.9, 2.4]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [-1.9, -0.5]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 26. Which of the following intervals describes the Domain of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x-6} - 7$$

- A. $(-\infty, a], a \in [-9, -5]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [-9, -5]$
- C. $[a, \infty), a \in [6, 10]$
- D. $(a, \infty), a \in [6, 10]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 27. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains the solution (if it exists).

$$\log_3(4x+7) + 6 = 2$$

- A. $x \in [-2.75, 0.25]$
- B. $x \in [-21.75, -15.75]$
- C. $x \in [0.5, 3.5]$

- D. $x \in [-14.25, -5.25]$
- E. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- 28. Which of the following intervals describes the Range of the function below?

$$f(x) = e^{x-6} - 2$$

- A. $(a, \infty), a \in [-3, 0]$
- B. $(-\infty, a), a \in [1, 5]$
- C. $(-\infty, a], a \in [1, 5]$
- D. $[a, \infty), a \in [-3, 0]$
- E. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- 29. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$25 = \sqrt[4]{\frac{10}{e^{5x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [1.5, 4.8]$
- B. $x \in [-2.1, -0.2]$
- C. $x \in [-21.2, -20.2]$
- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.
- 30. Solve the equation for x and choose the interval that contains x (if it exists).

$$9 = \sqrt[3]{\frac{12}{e^{9x}}}$$

- A. $x \in [-3.73, -2.25]$
- B. $x \in [-0.66, -0.28]$

- C. $x \in [-0.39, -0.07]$
- D. There is no Real solution to the equation.
- E. None of the above.

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