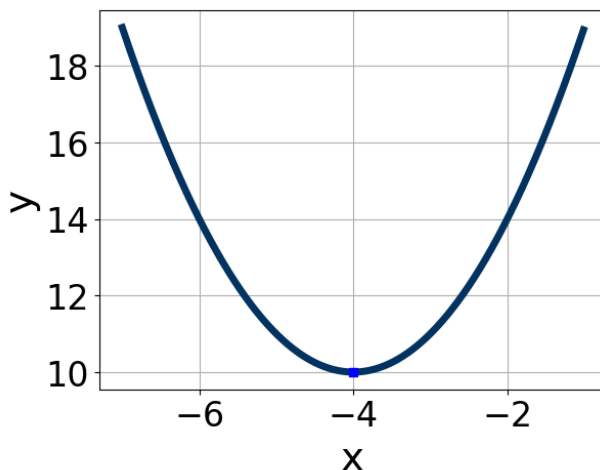


1. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$20x^2 - 81x + 81 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [0.67, 0.8]$  and  $x_2 \in [5.39, 5.97]$
- B.  $x_1 \in [35.85, 36.16]$  and  $x_2 \in [43.26, 46.08]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [1.78, 1.98]$  and  $x_2 \in [2, 3.05]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [0.55, 0.68]$  and  $x_2 \in [5.91, 7.68]$
- E.  $x_1 \in [0.29, 0.56]$  and  $x_2 \in [8.36, 9.44]$

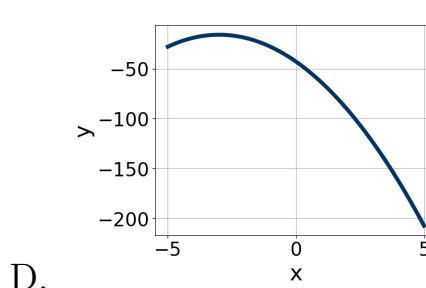
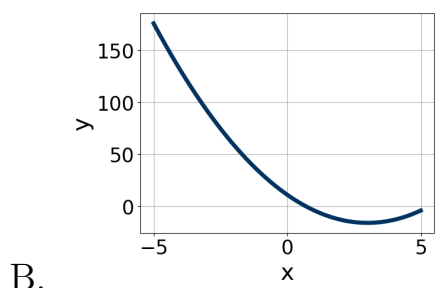
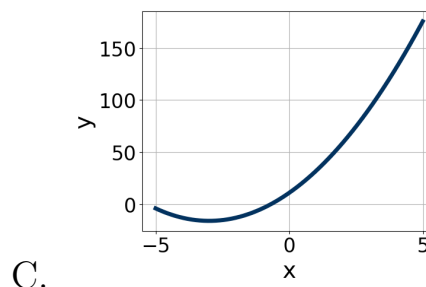
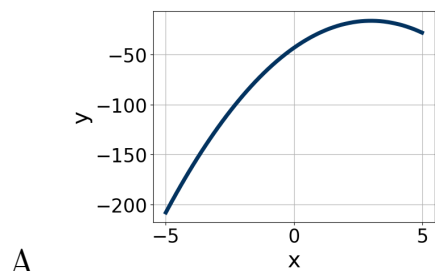
- 
2. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-0.1, 1.3]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -6]$ , and  $c \in [3, 8]$
- B.  $a \in [-0.1, 1.3]$ ,  $b \in [2, 11]$ , and  $c \in [25, 28]$
- C.  $a \in [-0.1, 1.3]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -6]$ , and  $c \in [25, 28]$
- D.  $a \in [-1.2, 0.3]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -6]$ , and  $c \in [-7, -3]$
- E.  $a \in [-1.2, 0.3]$ ,  $b \in [2, 11]$ , and  $c \in [-7, -3]$

3. Graph the equation below.

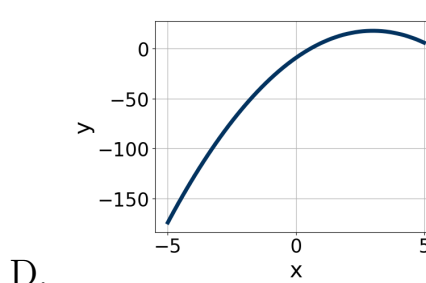
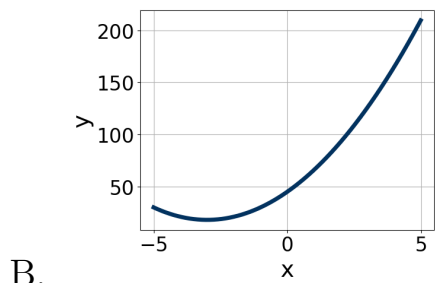
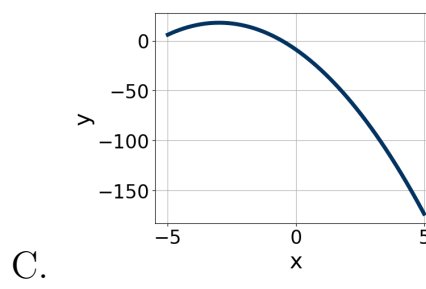
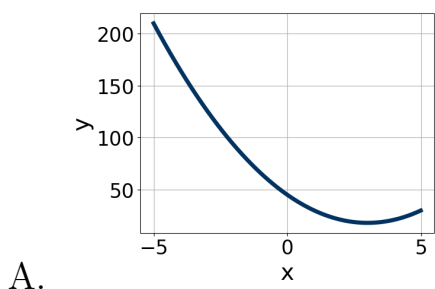
$$f(x) = (x - 3)^2 - 16$$



E. None of the above.

4. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x + 3)^2 + 18$$



E. None of the above.

---

5. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$15x^2 + 32x + 16 = 0$$

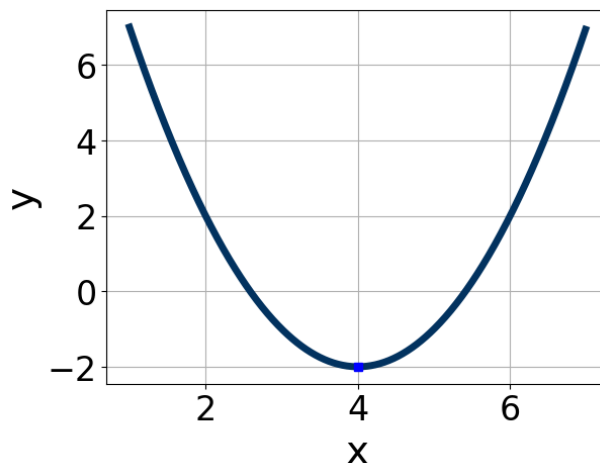
- A.  $x_1 \in [-1.45, -0.81]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.89, -0.72]$
  - B.  $x_1 \in [-20.22, -19.79]$  and  $x_2 \in [-12.21, -11.95]$
  - C.  $x_1 \in [-4.39, -3.78]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.39, -0.18]$
  - D.  $x_1 \in [-2.77, -2.25]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.46, -0.34]$
  - E.  $x_1 \in [-2.04, -1.51]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.67, -0.49]$
- 

6. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$16x^2 + 11x - 8 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-1.2, -0.7]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.92, 0.61]$
  - B.  $x_1 \in [-26.1, -24.8]$  and  $x_2 \in [23.7, 25.07]$
  - C.  $x_1 \in [-18.2, -17.6]$  and  $x_2 \in [7.04, 7.33]$
  - D.  $x_1 \in [-0.9, 1.3]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.79, 1.41]$
  - E. There are no Real solutions.
- 

7. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-0.9, 1.7]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -5]$ , and  $c \in [13, 15]$   
 B.  $a \in [-0.9, 1.7]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [13, 15]$   
 C.  $a \in [-2.4, 0.4]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [-18, -16]$   
 D.  $a \in [-2.4, 0.4]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -5]$ , and  $c \in [-18, -16]$   
 E.  $a \in [-0.9, 1.7]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [17, 20]$

8. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$54x^2 + 33x - 10$$

- A.  $a \in [7.3, 9.9]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -1]$ ,  $c \in [5.9, 7.4]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 B.  $a \in [17.3, 18.2]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -1]$ ,  $c \in [1.9, 5.9]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 C.  $a \in [2.7, 4.3]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -1]$ ,  $c \in [16.7, 18.3]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 D.  $a \in [0.8, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [-19, -7]$ ,  $c \in [-0.2, 1.9]$ , and  $d \in [41, 47]$   
 E. None of the above.

9. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$16x^2 + 32x + 15$$

- A.  $a \in [1.33, 2.64]$ ,  $b \in [1, 6]$ ,  $c \in [7.58, 8.67]$ , and  $d \in [0, 7]$   
B.  $a \in [3.49, 4.26]$ ,  $b \in [1, 6]$ ,  $c \in [2.79, 4.2]$ , and  $d \in [0, 7]$   
C.  $a \in [0.58, 1.65]$ ,  $b \in [11, 17]$ ,  $c \in [0.83, 1.1]$ , and  $d \in [19, 28]$   
D.  $a \in [7.94, 8.37]$ ,  $b \in [1, 6]$ ,  $c \in [1.14, 2.49]$ , and  $d \in [0, 7]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

10. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-18x^2 - 12x + 7 = 0$$

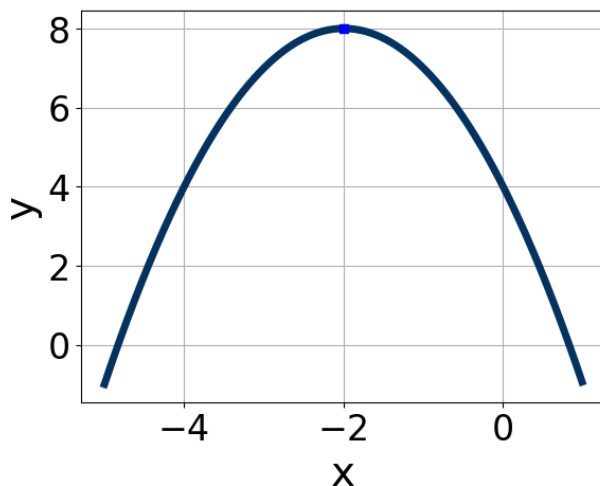
- A.  $x_1 \in [-1.49, -0.59]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.22, 0.88]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-26.38, -25.01]$  and  $x_2 \in [25.08, 26.1]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-0.57, 0.29]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.7, 2.14]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-6.86, -6.62]$  and  $x_2 \in [17.57, 18.78]$   
E. There are no Real solutions.
- 

11. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 + 75x + 54 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-1.86, -1.47]$  and  $x_2 \in [-1.31, -1.15]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-46.12, -44.27]$  and  $x_2 \in [-30.08, -29.85]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-2.51, -2.32]$  and  $x_2 \in [-1.13, -0.83]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-5.87, -4.97]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.5, -0.33]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [-10.18, -7.05]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.31, -0.04]$
- 

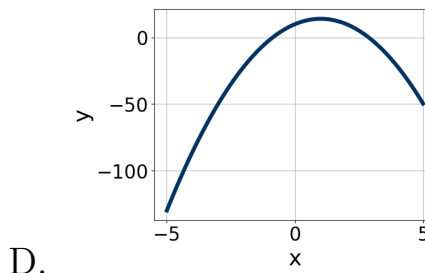
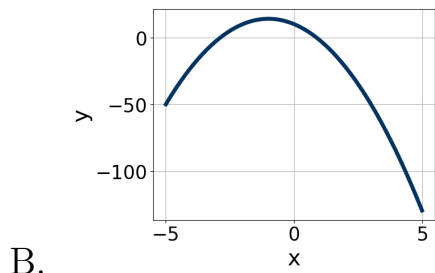
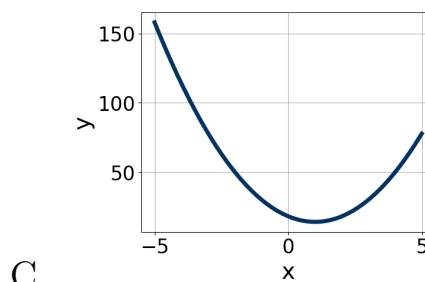
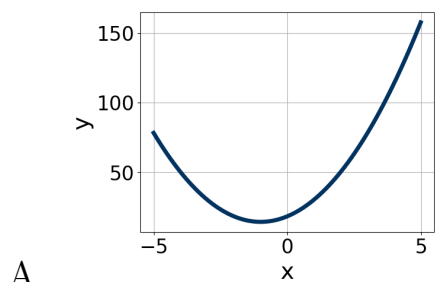
12. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [3, 8]$ , and  $c \in [4, 5]$   
 B.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [3, 8]$ , and  $c \in [-12, -10]$   
 C.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-4, -1]$ , and  $c \in [4, 5]$   
 D.  $a \in [0, 2]$ ,  $b \in [-4, -1]$ , and  $c \in [9, 14]$   
 E.  $a \in [0, 2]$ ,  $b \in [3, 8]$ , and  $c \in [9, 14]$

13. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 + 14$$

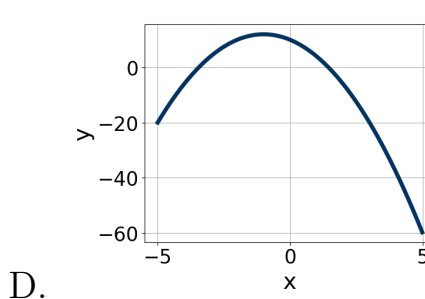
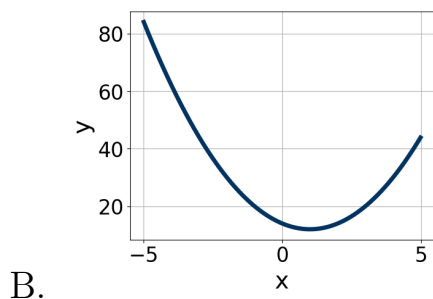
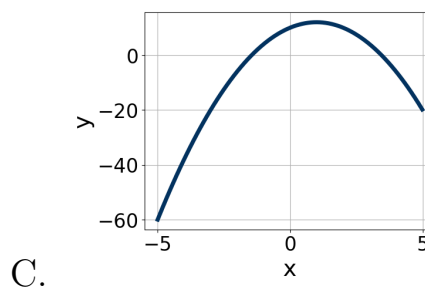
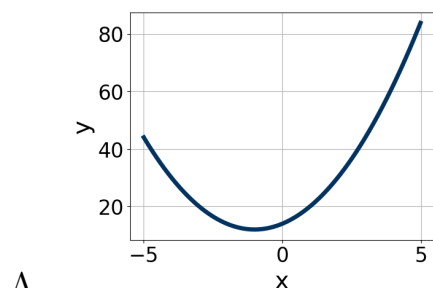


E. None of the above.

---

14. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 + 12$$



E. None of the above.

---

15. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 + 50x + 24 = 0$$

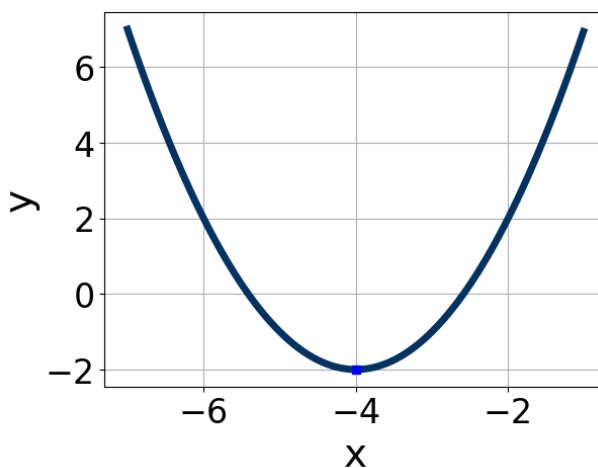
- A.  $x_1 \in [-2.76, -1.62]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.44, -0.18]$
- B.  $x_1 \in [-30.33, -29.48]$  and  $x_2 \in [-20.15, -19.54]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [-1.53, -0.44]$  and  $x_2 \in [-1.02, -0.8]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [-6.4, -5.95]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.27, 0.26]$
- E.  $x_1 \in [-2.06, -1.47]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.79, -0.45]$
-

16. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-19x^2 - 14x + 9 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-1.79, -0.99]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.31, 0.65]$
- B.  $x_1 \in [-30.36, -29.59]$  and  $x_2 \in [29.26, 30.14]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [-8.31, -6.86]$  and  $x_2 \in [21.46, 22.28]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [-1.06, 0.8]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.92, 1.45]$
- E. There are no Real solutions.

- 
17. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a, b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-2.5, 0.6]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-24, -15]$
- B.  $a \in [-2.5, 0.6]$ ,  $b \in [5, 12]$ , and  $c \in [-24, -15]$
- C.  $a \in [0.9, 1.5]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -7]$ , and  $c \in [13, 16]$
- D.  $a \in [0.9, 1.5]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -7]$ , and  $c \in [16, 22]$
- E.  $a \in [0.9, 1.5]$ ,  $b \in [5, 12]$ , and  $c \in [13, 16]$



18. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$24x^2 - 10x - 25$$

- A.  $a \in [1.04, 2.41]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 0]$ ,  $c \in [10.5, 16.1]$ , and  $d \in [1, 9]$   
B.  $a \in [2.66, 5.06]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 0]$ ,  $c \in [5.6, 7.2]$ , and  $d \in [1, 9]$   
C.  $a \in [0.71, 1.26]$ ,  $b \in [-32, -28]$ ,  $c \in [-0.9, 2.2]$ , and  $d \in [20, 28]$   
D.  $a \in [6.55, 8.23]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 0]$ ,  $c \in [1.4, 4.5]$ , and  $d \in [1, 9]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

19. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$36x^2 - 60x + 25$$

- A.  $a \in [-2.7, 2.9]$ ,  $b \in [-31, -21]$ ,  $c \in [0.57, 1.73]$ , and  $d \in [-34, -27]$   
B.  $a \in [2.2, 5]$ ,  $b \in [-12, -3]$ ,  $c \in [11.82, 13.04]$ , and  $d \in [-5, -4]$   
C.  $a \in [5.7, 6.1]$ ,  $b \in [-12, -3]$ ,  $c \in [5.25, 6.79]$ , and  $d \in [-5, -4]$   
D.  $a \in [16.7, 20.6]$ ,  $b \in [-12, -3]$ ,  $c \in [1.01, 3.29]$ , and  $d \in [-5, -4]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

20. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$12x^2 - 14x - 3 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-18.81, -16.92]$  and  $x_2 \in [17.6, 20.1]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-1.89, -0.28]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.9, 0.6]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-1.19, 0.7]$  and  $x_2 \in [1, 2.7]$

D.  $x_1 \in [-2.47, -1.62]$  and  $x_2 \in [14.5, 16.9]$

E. There are no Real solutions.

- 
21. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 - 60x + 36 = 0$$

A.  $x_1 \in [0.54, 0.61]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.77, 2.78]$

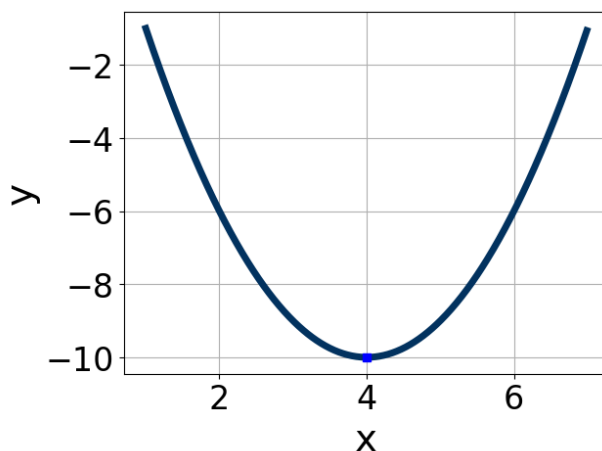
B.  $x_1 \in [0.17, 0.35]$  and  $x_2 \in [4.56, 6.52]$

C.  $x_1 \in [29.74, 30.37]$  and  $x_2 \in [29.71, 30.04]$

D.  $x_1 \in [0.76, 1.75]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.01, 1.77]$

E.  $x_1 \in [0.37, 0.55]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.25, 4.59]$

- 
22. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



A.  $a \in [-1.8, -0.5]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -5]$ , and  $c \in [-26, -23]$

B.  $a \in [0.7, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [5, 11]$ , and  $c \in [6, 9]$

C.  $a \in [-1.8, -0.5]$ ,  $b \in [5, 11]$ , and  $c \in [-26, -23]$

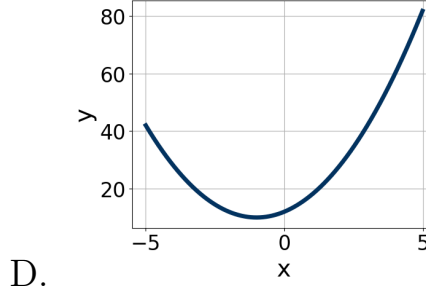
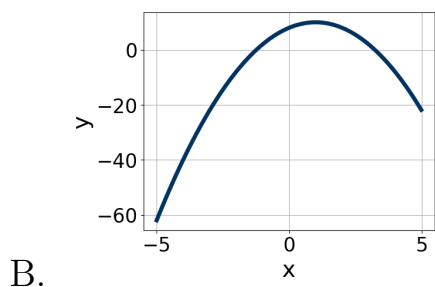
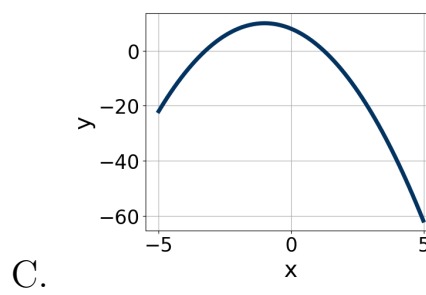
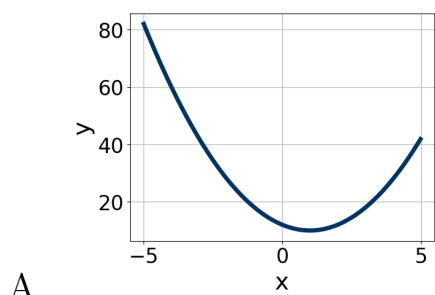
D.  $a \in [0.7, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -5]$ , and  $c \in [6, 9]$

E.  $a \in [0.7, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [5, 11]$ , and  $c \in [25, 27]$

---

23. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 + 10$$

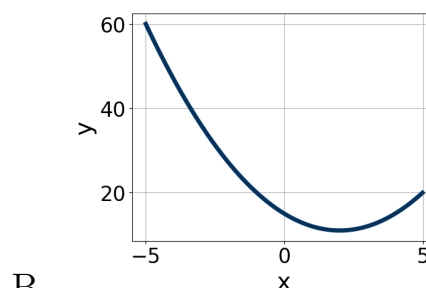
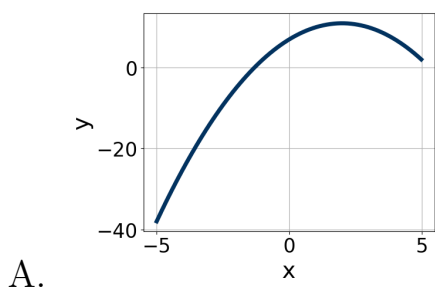


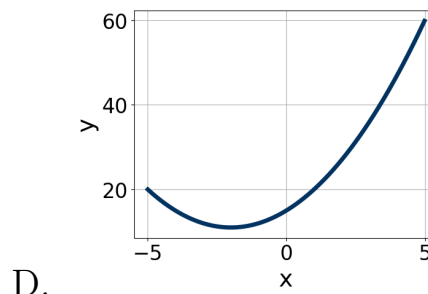
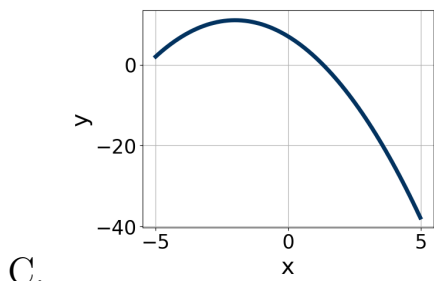
E. None of the above.

---

24. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 2)^2 + 11$$





E. None of the above.

25. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 - 60x + 36 = 0$$

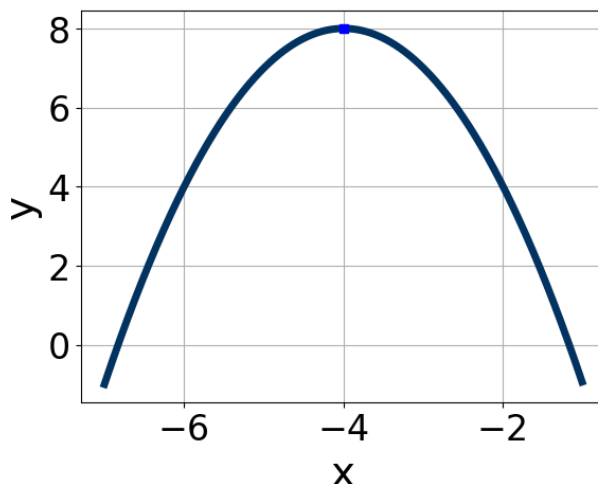
- A.  $x_1 \in [0.07, 0.26]$  and  $x_2 \in [5.1, 7.2]$
- B.  $x_1 \in [0.33, 0.56]$  and  $x_2 \in [2.8, 4]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [0.93, 1.44]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.9, 2]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [0.53, 0.83]$  and  $x_2 \in [2.1, 2.8]$
- E.  $x_1 \in [29.93, 30.26]$  and  $x_2 \in [29.6, 30.2]$

26. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-10x^2 - 7x + 2 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-2.59, -2.04]$  and  $x_2 \in [9.07, 10.05]$
- B.  $x_1 \in [-13.12, -11.38]$  and  $x_2 \in [10.67, 11.15]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [-0.75, 0.18]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.63, 1.43]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [-1.05, -0.78]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.47, 0.34]$
- E. There are no Real solutions.

27. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [5, 12]$ , and  $c \in [-9, -7]$   
B.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-9, -7]$   
C.  $a \in [-2, 0]$ ,  $b \in [5, 12]$ , and  $c \in [-24, -18]$   
D.  $a \in [1, 2]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -7]$ , and  $c \in [21, 28]$   
E.  $a \in [1, 2]$ ,  $b \in [5, 12]$ , and  $c \in [21, 28]$

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28. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$36x^2 + 37x - 10$$

- A.  $a \in [2, 3.3]$ ,  $b \in [-4, 0]$ ,  $c \in [11.51, 12.51]$ , and  $d \in [5, 11]$   
B.  $a \in [14.6, 18.7]$ ,  $b \in [-4, 0]$ ,  $c \in [1.12, 2.35]$ , and  $d \in [5, 11]$   
C.  $a \in [6.4, 9.6]$ ,  $b \in [-4, 0]$ ,  $c \in [3.3, 4.64]$ , and  $d \in [5, 11]$   
D.  $a \in [-0.7, 2.2]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ ,  $c \in [0.62, 1.09]$ , and  $d \in [40, 50]$   
E. None of the above.

29. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$54x^2 - 57x + 10$$

- A.  $a \in [16, 20]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ ,  $c \in [1.1, 3.8]$ , and  $d \in [-8, -1]$
  - B.  $a \in [2, 4]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ ,  $c \in [15.3, 18.3]$ , and  $d \in [-8, -1]$
  - C.  $a \in [-1, 2]$ ,  $b \in [-47, -41]$ ,  $c \in [-1.5, 1.3]$ , and  $d \in [-12, -9]$
  - D.  $a \in [4, 8]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ ,  $c \in [6.7, 12.2]$ , and  $d \in [-8, -1]$
  - E. None of the above.
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30. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$17x^2 + 9x - 3 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-17.47, -16.76]$  and  $x_2 \in [16.34, 17.07]$
  - B.  $x_1 \in [-0.3, 0.67]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.59, 1.42]$
  - C.  $x_1 \in [-13.31, -12.64]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.72, 4.19]$
  - D.  $x_1 \in [-0.82, -0.57]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.77, 0.32]$
  - E. There are no Real solutions.
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