

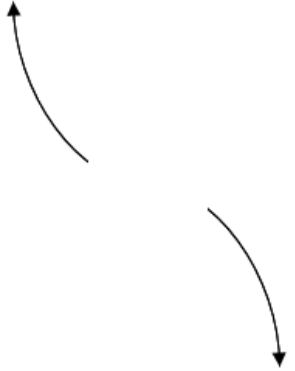
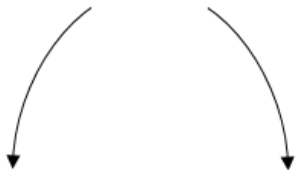
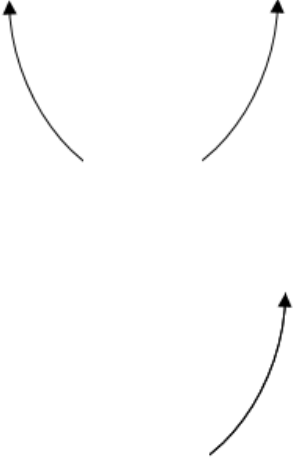

1. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{-4}{3}, \frac{4}{5}, \text{ and } \frac{6}{5}$$

- A. $a \in [70, 77], b \in [-53, -41], c \in [-130, -119],$ and $d \in [86, 98]$
 B. $a \in [70, 77], b \in [50, 55], c \in [-130, -119],$ and $d \in [-100, -88]$
 C. $a \in [70, 77], b \in [-53, -41], c \in [-130, -119],$ and $d \in [-100, -88]$
 D. $a \in [70, 77], b \in [-251, -249], c \in [271, 273],$ and $d \in [-100, -88]$
 E. $a \in [70, 77], b \in [-131, -126], c \in [-33, -27],$ and $d \in [86, 98]$

2. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 5(x - 7)^4(x + 7)^5(x - 4)^3(x + 4)^3$$

- A. 
- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

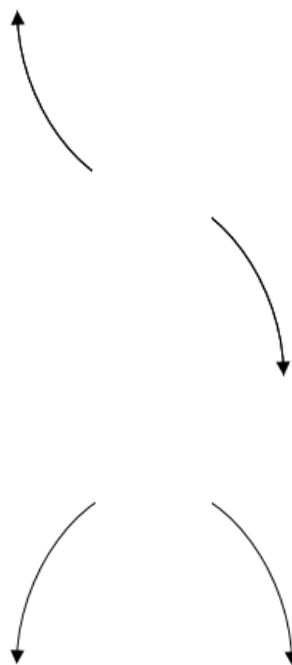
$$-2 + 4i \text{ and } 1$$

- A. $b \in [0.7, 1.4], c \in [-6, -3],$ and $d \in [2, 11]$
 B. $b \in [0.7, 1.4], c \in [-1, 5],$ and $d \in [-9, 0]$
 C. $b \in [-6.9, -1.6], c \in [14, 23],$ and $d \in [13, 26]$
 D. $b \in [1.6, 6.2], c \in [14, 23],$ and $d \in [-25, -14]$
 E. None of the above.

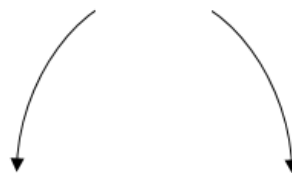
4. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -4(x - 4)^5(x + 4)^{10}(x + 6)^3(x - 6)^5$$

A.



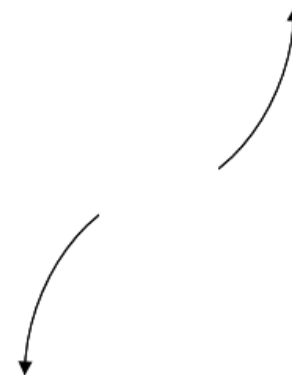
B.



C.

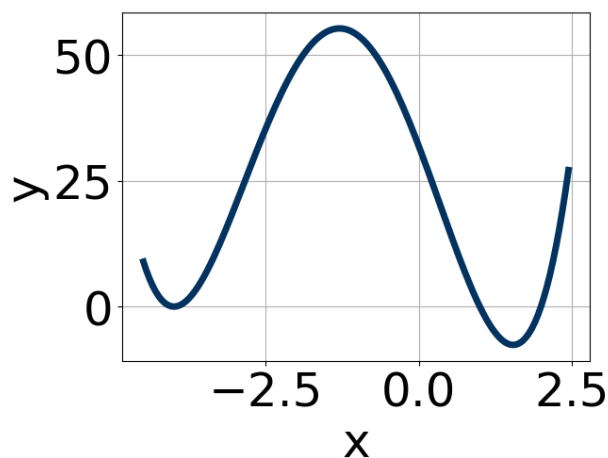


D.



E. None of the above.

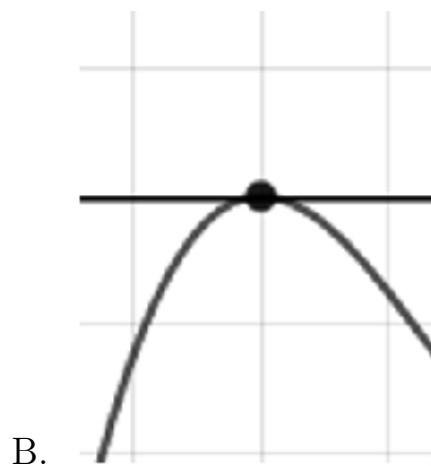
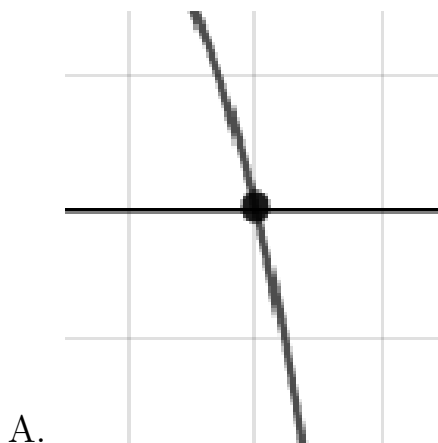
5. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $10(x + 4)^6(x - 1)^{11}(x - 2)^5$
- B. $10(x + 4)^8(x - 1)^{10}(x - 2)^5$
- C. $-12(x + 4)^4(x - 1)^5(x - 2)^8$
- D. $-6(x + 4)^{10}(x - 1)^{11}(x - 2)^{11}$
- E. $17(x + 4)^7(x - 1)^{10}(x - 2)^5$

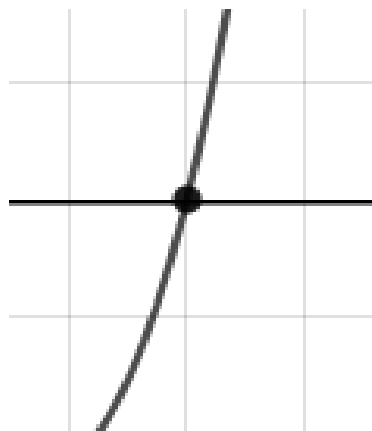
6. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -5$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -9(x - 5)^2(x + 5)^7(x + 7)^8(x - 7)^{10}$$





C.



D.

E. None of the above.

7. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-2 - 3i \text{ and } 2$$

- A. $b \in [-2.71, -1.5], c \in [3.3, 9.2],$ and $d \in [22.8, 26.7]$
 B. $b \in [1.42, 2.12], c \in [3.3, 9.2],$ and $d \in [-26.6, -24.8]$
 C. $b \in [0.14, 1.15], c \in [0.2, 1.1],$ and $d \in [-7.3, -4.4]$
 D. $b \in [0.14, 1.15], c \in [-3.6, 0.6],$ and $d \in [-4.4, -1.3]$
 E. None of the above.

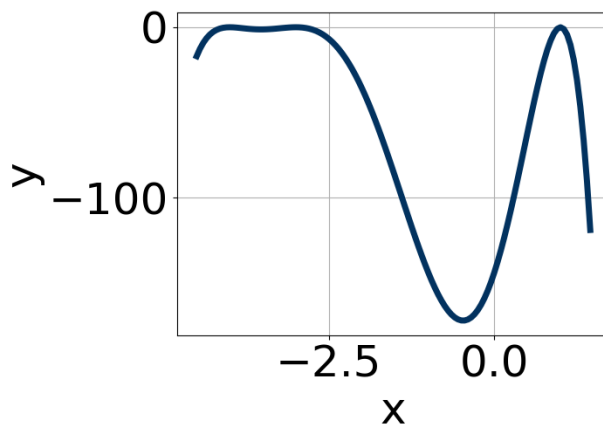
8. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{-1}{4}, 7, \text{ and } \frac{7}{5}$$

- A. $a \in [18, 22], b \in [-170, -159], c \in [152, 163],$ and $d \in [42, 51]$
 B. $a \in [18, 22], b \in [106, 113], c \in [-227, -221],$ and $d \in [42, 51]$
 C. $a \in [18, 22], b \in [-178, -171], c \in [231, 239],$ and $d \in [-53, -47]$

- D. $a \in [18, 22]$, $b \in [159, 164]$, $c \in [152, 163]$, and $d \in [-53, -47]$
 E. $a \in [18, 22]$, $b \in [-170, -159]$, $c \in [152, 163]$, and $d \in [-53, -47]$

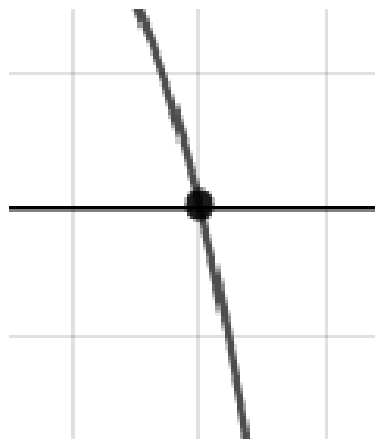
9. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



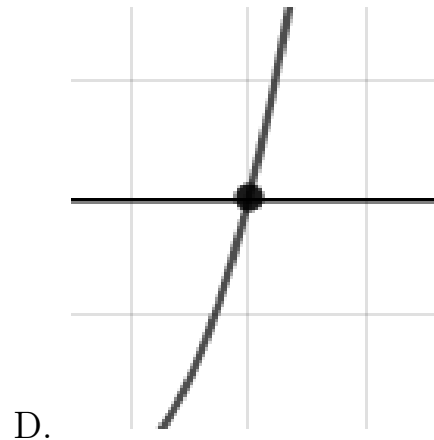
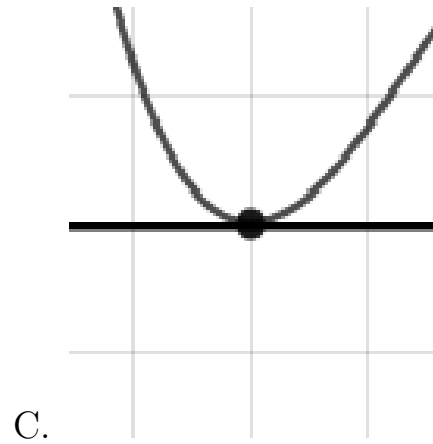
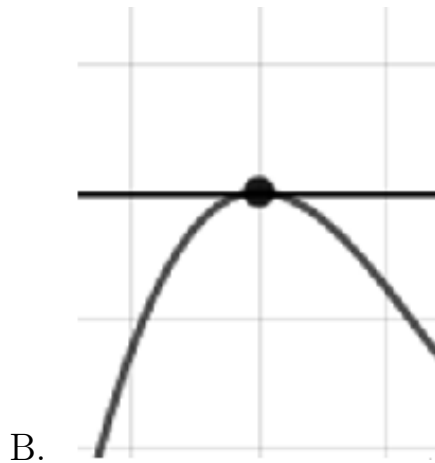
- A. $-20(x + 4)^{10}(x + 3)^5(x - 1)^7$
 B. $9(x + 4)^8(x + 3)^8(x - 1)^9$
 C. $10(x + 4)^4(x + 3)^{10}(x - 1)^6$
 D. $-3(x + 4)^6(x + 3)^6(x - 1)^8$
 E. $-16(x + 4)^6(x + 3)^4(x - 1)^5$

10. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 7$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -7(x + 7)^5(x - 7)^{10}(x - 4)^4(x + 4)^7$$



A.



E. None of the above.

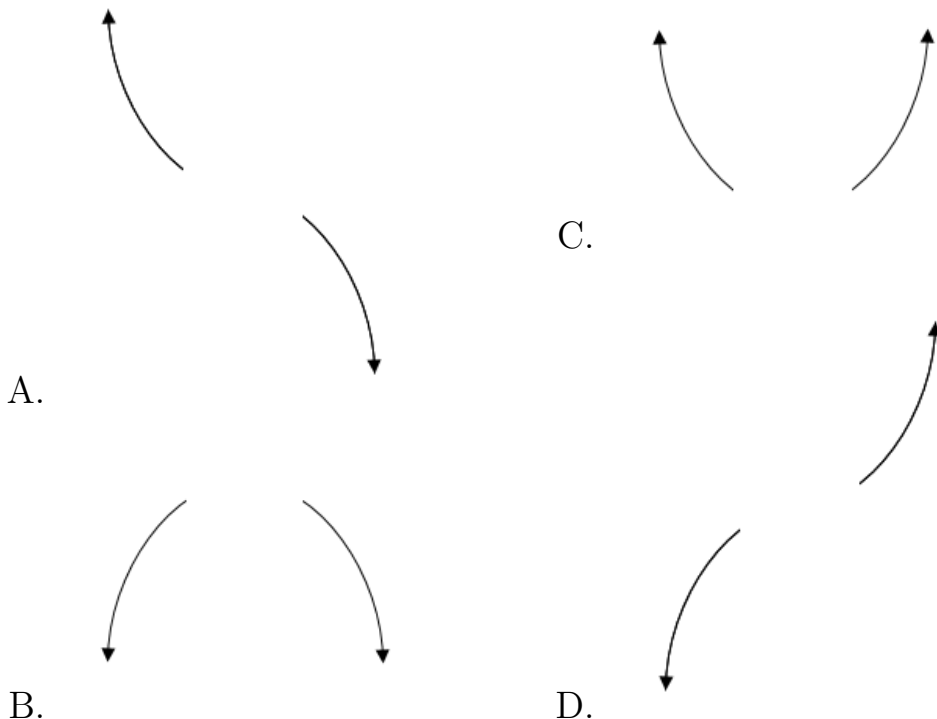
11. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{-7}{4}, -1, \text{ and } -3$$

- A. $a \in [2, 5], b \in [21, 29], c \in [37, 41], \text{ and } d \in [-23, -18]$
 B. $a \in [2, 5], b \in [21, 29], c \in [37, 41], \text{ and } d \in [20, 22]$
 C. $a \in [2, 5], b \in [-24, -16], c \in [37, 41], \text{ and } d \in [-23, -18]$
 D. $a \in [2, 5], b \in [6, 12], c \in [-19, -11], \text{ and } d \in [-23, -18]$
 E. $a \in [2, 5], b \in [0, 3], c \in [-33, -25], \text{ and } d \in [20, 22]$

12. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 5(x + 4)^2(x - 4)^3(x + 8)^5(x - 8)^6$$



E. None of the above.

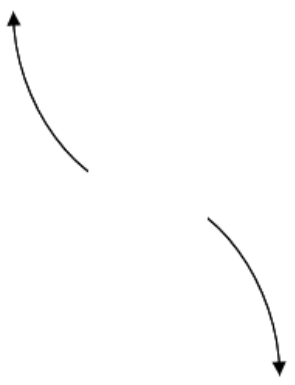
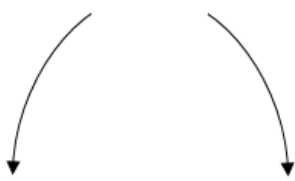
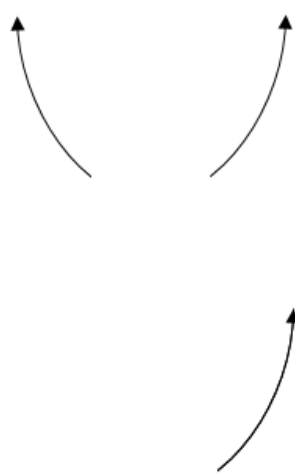

13. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$4 - 5i \text{ and } 4$$

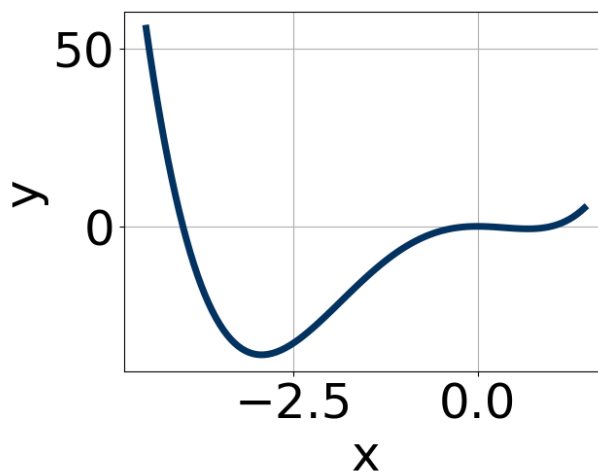
- A. $b \in [-13, -11]$, $c \in [71, 74]$, and $d \in [-171, -156]$
- B. $b \in [9, 15]$, $c \in [71, 74]$, and $d \in [156, 167]$
- C. $b \in [-6, 2]$, $c \in [-11, -2]$, and $d \in [16, 20]$
- D. $b \in [-6, 2]$, $c \in [-1, 11]$, and $d \in [-28, -19]$
- E. None of the above.

14. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -2(x + 7)^3(x - 7)^4(x - 8)^3(x + 8)^5$$

- A. 
- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

15. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?

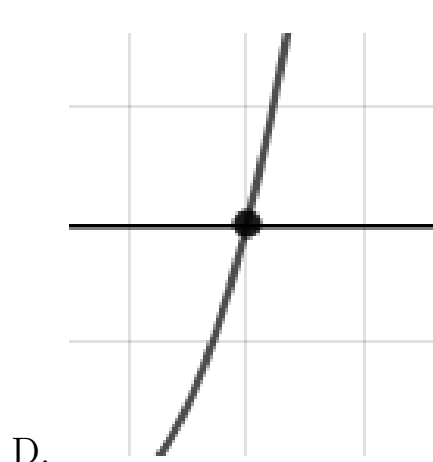
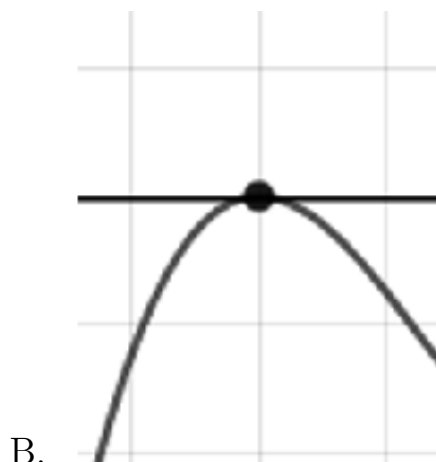
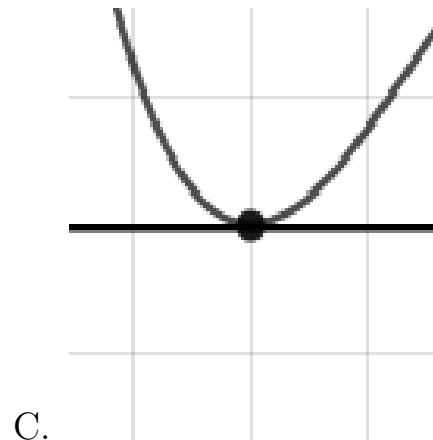
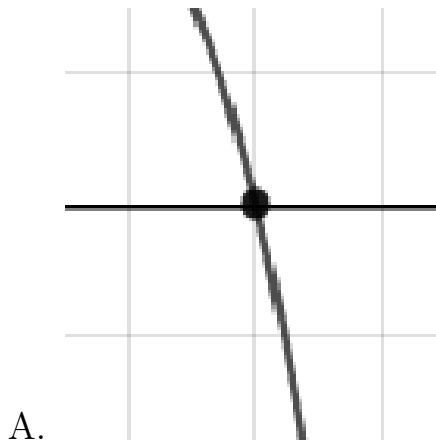


A. $-7x^{10}(x - 1)^9(x + 4)^8$

- B. $16x^{10}(x-1)^5(x+4)^9$
C. $-12x^8(x-1)^9(x+4)^9$
D. $13x^{10}(x-1)^8(x+4)^{11}$
E. $4x^5(x-1)^6(x+4)^9$
-

16. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = -7$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -5(x-2)^6(x+2)^4(x+7)^6(x-7)^5$$



E. None of the above.

17. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in

the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-3 + 2i \text{ and } -4$$

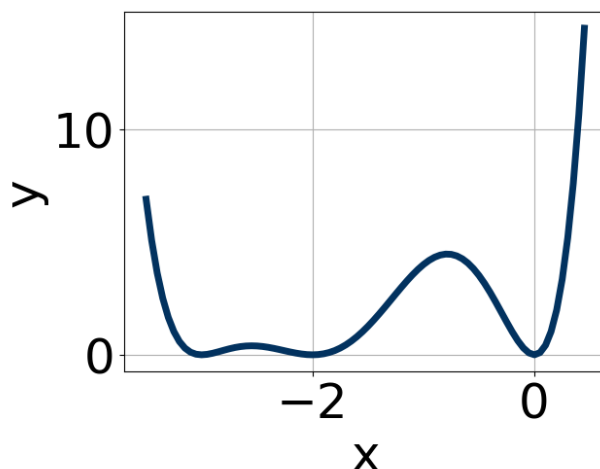
- A. $b \in [10, 19], c \in [32, 39]$, and $d \in [51, 63]$
 - B. $b \in [-1, 3], c \in [4, 8]$, and $d \in [11, 17]$
 - C. $b \in [-1, 3], c \in [-4, 3]$, and $d \in [-12, -5]$
 - D. $b \in [-11, -7], c \in [32, 39]$, and $d \in [-52, -50]$
 - E. None of the above.
-

18. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{7}{5}, \frac{-5}{2}, \text{ and } \frac{1}{2}$$

- A. $a \in [18, 21], b \in [65, 73], c \in [23, 32]$, and $d \in [-35, -33]$
 - B. $a \in [18, 21], b \in [8, 17], c \in [-95, -77]$, and $d \in [33, 37]$
 - C. $a \in [18, 21], b \in [8, 17], c \in [-95, -77]$, and $d \in [-35, -33]$
 - D. $a \in [18, 21], b \in [-33, -27], c \in [-68, -57]$, and $d \in [33, 37]$
 - E. $a \in [18, 21], b \in [-18, -3], c \in [-95, -77]$, and $d \in [-35, -33]$
-

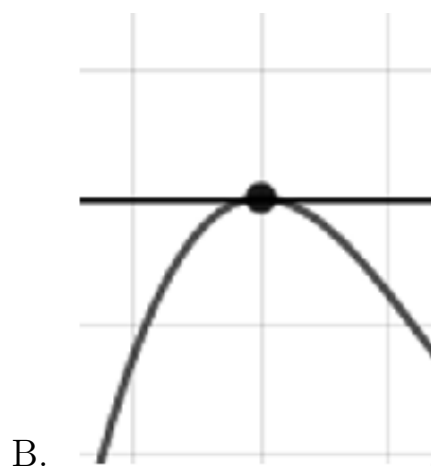
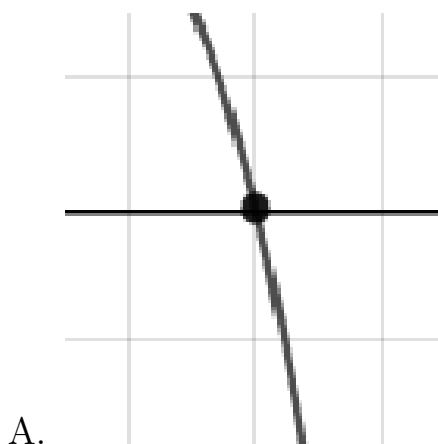
19. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $14x^{11}(x+3)^6(x+2)^7$
- B. $16x^{10}(x+3)^4(x+2)^{11}$
- C. $-4x^8(x+3)^8(x+2)^4$
- D. $8x^6(x+3)^{10}(x+2)^{10}$
- E. $-5x^8(x+3)^6(x+2)^7$

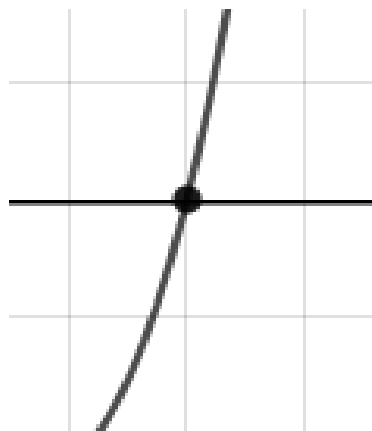
20. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 9$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -3(x+9)^6(x-9)^{11}(x-5)^8(x+5)^9$$





C.



D.

E. None of the above.

21. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

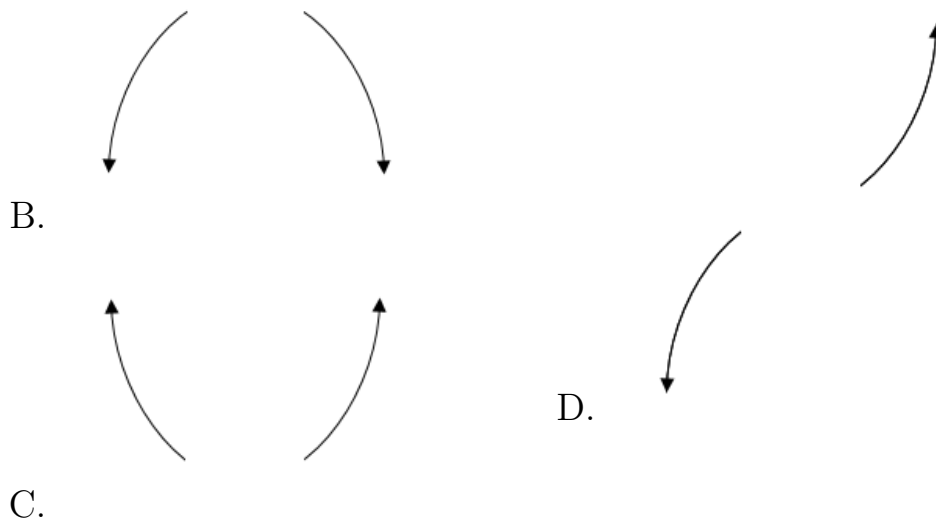
$$\frac{-5}{2}, \frac{4}{3}, \text{ and } -1$$

- A. $a \in [1, 10], b \in [13, 15], c \in [-15, -4],$ and $d \in [10, 26]$
 B. $a \in [1, 10], b \in [-2, 5], c \in [-31, -24],$ and $d \in [-22, -12]$
 C. $a \in [1, 10], b \in [-14, -11], c \in [-15, -4],$ and $d \in [10, 26]$
 D. $a \in [1, 10], b \in [13, 15], c \in [-15, -4],$ and $d \in [-22, -12]$
 E. $a \in [1, 10], b \in [-19, -15], c \in [-3, -2],$ and $d \in [10, 26]$

22. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 2(x - 3)^5(x + 3)^{10}(x + 7)^4(x - 7)^5$$





E. None of the above.

23. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

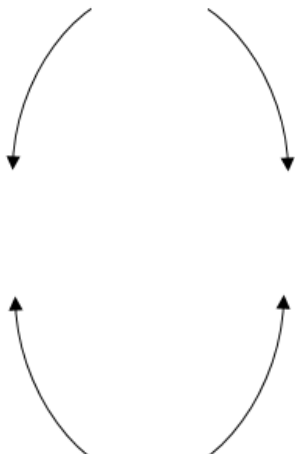

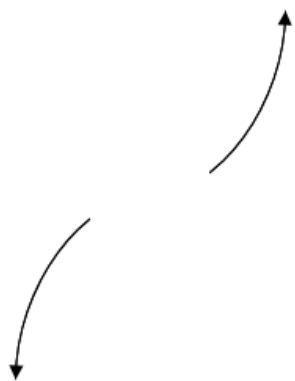
$$-3 - 5i \text{ and } -4$$

- A. $b \in [-11, -8], c \in [57.4, 58.57], \text{ and } d \in [-141, -128]$
- B. $b \in [1, 5], c \in [8.96, 9.07], \text{ and } d \in [16, 25]$
- C. $b \in [9, 15], c \in [57.4, 58.57], \text{ and } d \in [136, 145]$
- D. $b \in [1, 5], c \in [6.8, 8.11], \text{ and } d \in [12, 18]$
- E. None of the above.

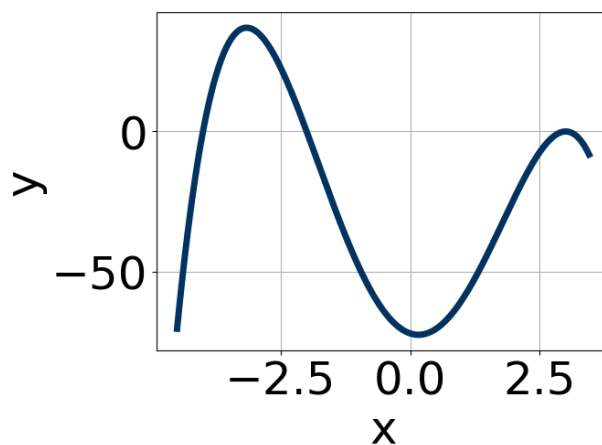
24. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -2(x - 8)^4(x + 8)^5(x + 4)^2(x - 4)^2$$



- B. 
- C. 
- D. 
- E. None of the above.

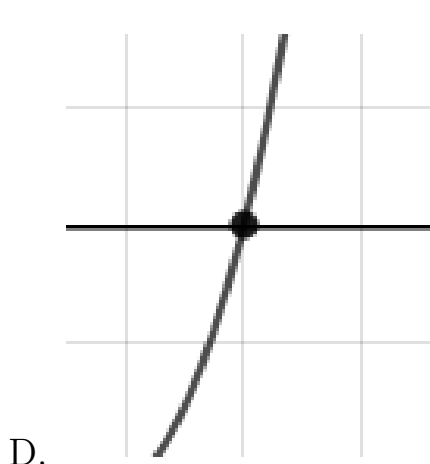
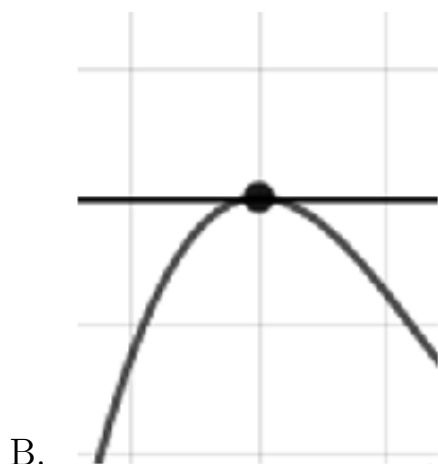
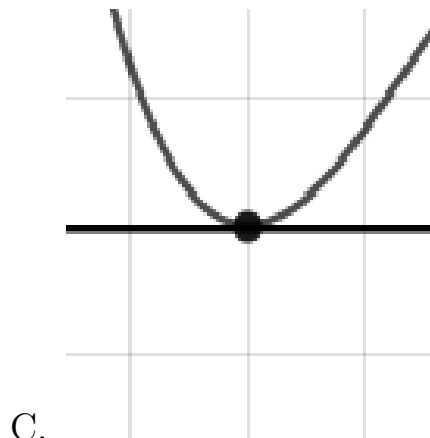
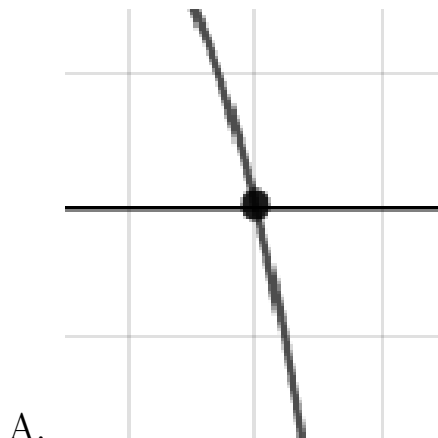
25. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A. $-2(x - 3)^6(x + 4)^{10}(x + 2)^5$
- B. $6(x - 3)^{10}(x + 4)^{11}(x + 2)^7$
- C. $19(x - 3)^6(x + 4)^9(x + 2)^{10}$
- D. $-19(x - 3)^9(x + 4)^6(x + 2)^{11}$
- E. $-14(x - 3)^8(x + 4)^{11}(x + 2)^5$

26. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 9$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 2(x + 5)^4(x - 5)^2(x + 9)^{11}(x - 9)^8$$



E. None of the above.

27. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$5 + 3i \text{ and } -2$$

A. $b \in [-3, 4], c \in [-1, 3], \text{ and } d \in [-8, -3]$

B. $b \in [5, 14], c \in [7, 19], \text{ and } d \in [-75, -65]$

C. $b \in [-3, 4], c \in [-7, -2], \text{ and } d \in [-10, -8]$

D. $b \in [-12, -7]$, $c \in [7, 19]$, and $d \in [67, 75]$

E. None of the above.

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28. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$\frac{-2}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, \text{ and } 6$$

A. $a \in [3, 10]$, $b \in [-71, -67]$, $c \in [69, 84]$, and $d \in [82, 94]$

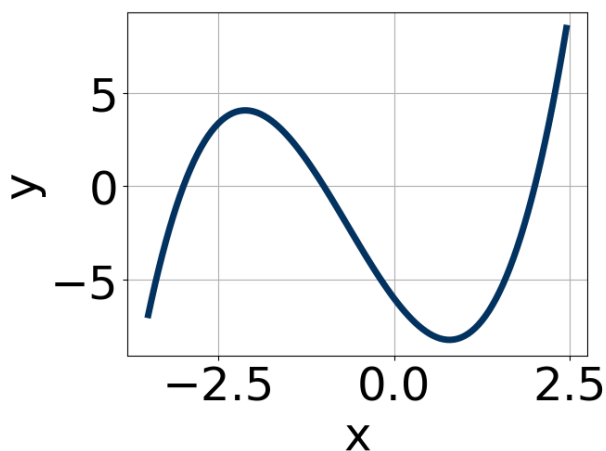
B. $a \in [3, 10]$, $b \in [-71, -67]$, $c \in [69, 84]$, and $d \in [-86, -79]$

C. $a \in [3, 10]$, $b \in [66, 74]$, $c \in [69, 84]$, and $d \in [-86, -79]$

D. $a \in [3, 10]$, $b \in [-43, -34]$, $c \in [-106, -100]$, and $d \in [82, 94]$

E. $a \in [3, 10]$, $b \in [-81, -79]$, $c \in [175, 180]$, and $d \in [-86, -79]$

-
29. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



A. $12(x - 2)^6(x + 3)^5(x + 1)^7$

B. $20(x - 2)^7(x + 3)^5(x + 1)^9$

C. $-17(x - 2)^4(x + 3)^7(x + 1)^5$

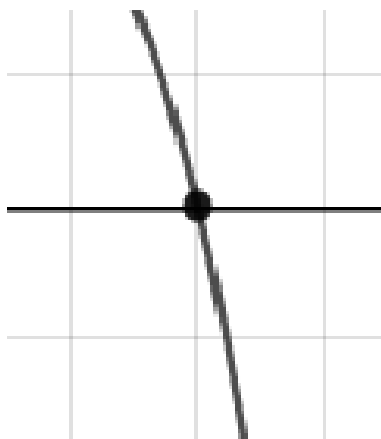
D. $-14(x - 2)^7(x + 3)^{11}(x + 1)^7$

E. $9(x - 2)^4(x + 3)^6(x + 1)^9$

30. Describe the zero behavior of the zero $x = 4$ of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 5(x - 4)^9(x + 4)^{10}(x - 7)^9(x + 7)^{10}$$

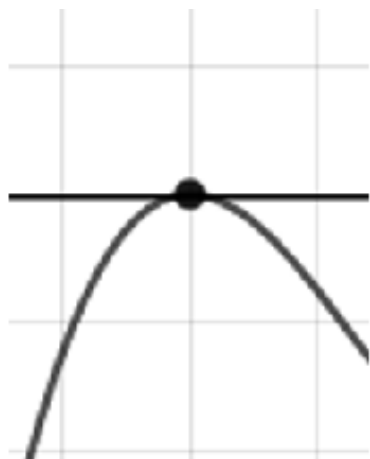
A.



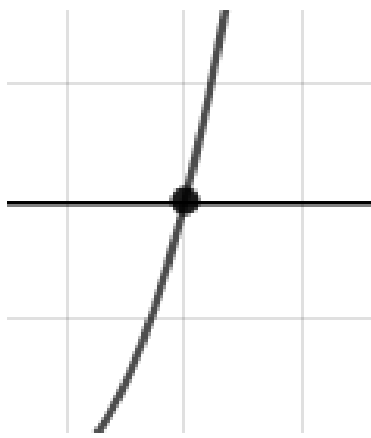
C.



B.



D.



E. None of the above.