

This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found [here](#).

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey [here](#).

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

- Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x -values within or including a distance of the given values.

No more than 6 units from the number -6 .

The solution is $[-12, 0]$, which is option C.

- A. $(-\infty, -12] \cup [0, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 6 from -6

- B. $(-\infty, -12) \cup (0, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 6 from -6

- C. $[-12, 0]$

This describes the values no more than 6 from -6

- D. $(-12, 0)$

This describes the values less than 6 from -6

- E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

General Comment: When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

- Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-5x + 7 \geq 5x - 3$$

The solution is $(-\infty, 1.0]$, which is option B.

- A. $(-\infty, a]$, where $a \in [-2.6, -0.6]$

$(-\infty, -1.0]$, which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B. $(-\infty, a]$, where $a \in [0.6, 2.6]$

* $(-\infty, 1.0]$, which is the correct option.

- C. $[a, \infty)$, where $a \in [0, 3.1]$

$[1.0, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- D. $[a, \infty)$, where $a \in [-1.5, -0.3]$

$[-1.0, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

General Comment: Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

3. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 - 4x \leq \frac{-27x - 4}{8} < -3 - 4x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

A. $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [9, 13.5]$ and $b \in [3, 10.5]$

$(-\infty, 10.40) \cup [4.00, \infty)$, which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

B. $[a, b]$, where $a \in [6.75, 12.75]$ and $b \in [0.75, 8.25]$

$[10.40, 4.00]$, which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.

C. $(a, b]$, where $a \in [9, 12.75]$ and $b \in [3, 5.25]$

$(10.40, 4.00]$, which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

D. $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [8.25, 12]$ and $b \in [3, 9.75]$

$(-\infty, 10.40] \cup (4.00, \infty)$, which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

E. None of the above.

* This is correct as the answer should be $[-10.40, -4.00]$.

General Comment: To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

4. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 + 5x > 6x \text{ or } -8 + 9x < 11x$$

The solution is $(-\infty, -7.0)$ or $(-4.0, \infty)$, which is option A.

A. $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-7.5, -3.75]$ and $b \in [-4.5, -2.25]$

* Correct option.

B. $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-9, -5.25]$ and $b \in [-5.25, -1.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

C. $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [0, 4.5]$ and $b \in [5.25, 12]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

D. $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-2.25, 5.25]$ and $b \in [3.75, 9.75]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

General Comment: When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

5. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{10}{3} - \frac{4}{2}x > \frac{7}{6}x - \frac{8}{4}$$

The solution is $(-\infty, 1.684)$, which is option B.

A. $(-\infty, a)$, where $a \in [-4.5, 0.75]$

$(-\infty, -1.684)$, which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

B. $(-\infty, a)$, where $a \in [-0.75, 2.25]$

* $(-\infty, 1.684)$, which is the correct option.

C. (a, ∞) , where $a \in [0.75, 2.25]$

$(1.684, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

D. (a, ∞) , where $a \in [-5.25, 0.75]$

$(-1.684, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

General Comment: Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

6. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-8}{5} - \frac{10}{7}x > \frac{-5}{9}x + \frac{4}{8}$$

The solution is $(-\infty, -2.405)$, which is option B.

A. $(-\infty, a)$, where $a \in [0.75, 3.75]$

$(-\infty, 2.405)$, which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

B. $(-\infty, a)$, where $a \in [-6, -1.5]$

* $(-\infty, -2.405)$, which is the correct option.

C. (a, ∞) , where $a \in [1.5, 6.75]$

$(2.405, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

D. (a, ∞) , where $a \in [-7.5, 0.75]$

$(-2.405, \infty)$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

General Comment: Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

7. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 + 4x > 5x \text{ or } 8 + 4x < 5x$$

The solution is $(-\infty, -7.0)$ or $(8.0, \infty)$, which is option D.

A. $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-7.35, -5.33]$ and $b \in [7.2, 10.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

B. $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-9.3, -7.95]$ and $b \in [5.02, 7.42]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

C. $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-8.81, -7.65]$ and $b \in [6.46, 7.14]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

D. $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-7.34, -6.47]$ and $b \in [7.07, 8.38]$

* Correct option.

E. $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

General Comment: When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

8. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the x -values within or including a distance of the given values.

No less than 6 units from the number 4.

The solution is $(-\infty, -2] \cup [10, \infty)$, which is option C.

A. $(-2, 10)$

This describes the values less than 6 from 4

B. $(-\infty, -2) \cup (10, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 6 from 4

C. $(-\infty, -2] \cup [10, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 6 from 4

D. $[-2, 10]$

This describes the values no more than 6 from 4

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

General Comment: When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

9. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$8 - 9x < \frac{-22x - 5}{4} \leq 8 - 6x$$

The solution is $(2.64, 18.50]$, which is option C.

- A. $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$, where $a \in [0, 6.75]$ and $b \in [12, 21.75]$
 $(-\infty, 2.64) \cup [18.50, \infty)$, which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality.
- B. $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$, where $a \in [-1.5, 5.25]$ and $b \in [16.5, 21]$
 $(-\infty, 2.64] \cup (18.50, \infty)$, which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality.
- C. $(a, b]$, where $a \in [2.25, 5.25]$ and $b \in [18, 20.25]$
 $* (2.64, 18.50]$, which is the correct option.
- D. $[a, b)$, where $a \in [-0.75, 6.75]$ and $b \in [17.25, 23.25]$
 $[2.64, 18.50)$, which corresponds to flipping the inequality.
- E. None of the above.

General Comment: To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

10. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-4x - 5 \leq 9x + 3$$

The solution is $[-0.615, \infty)$, which is option A.

- A. $[a, \infty)$, where $a \in [-1.05, -0.12]$
 $* [-0.615, \infty)$, which is the correct option.
- B. $(-\infty, a]$, where $a \in [-2.84, 0.51]$
 $(-\infty, -0.615]$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!
- C. $(-\infty, a]$, where $a \in [0.12, 0.84]$
 $(-\infty, 0.615]$, which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.
- D. $[a, \infty)$, where $a \in [-0.01, 1.34]$
 $[0.615, \infty)$, which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.
- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

General Comment: Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.
