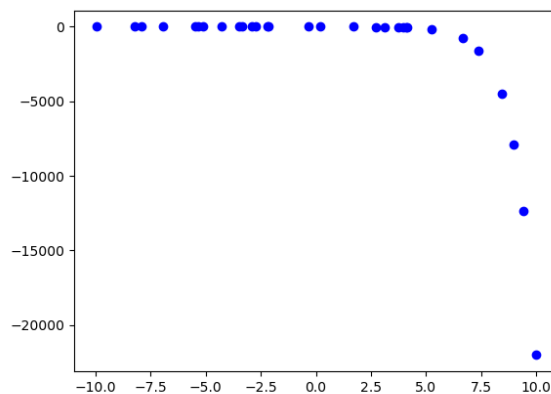


- Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 3 bacteria- α . After 1 hours, the petri dish has 11 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α doubles after some undetermined number of minutes.

- About 54 minutes
- About 298 minutes
- About 49 minutes
- About 326 minutes
- None of the above

- Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- Non-linear Power model
- Linear model
- Logarithmic model
- Exponential model
- None of the above

3. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 100°C and is placed into a 18°C bath to cool. After 39 minutes, the uranium has cooled to 33°C .

- A. $k = -0.01239$
- B. $k = -0.04864$
- C. $k = -0.04356$
- D. $k = -0.01284$
- E. None of the above

-
4. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element, rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 578 grams of element X and after 6 years there is 82 grams remaining.

- A. About 1 day
- B. About 2555 days
- C. About 1095 days
- D. About 730 days
- E. None of the above

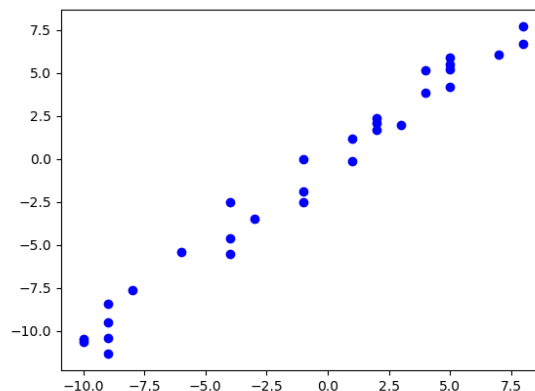
-
5. Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms

of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 3 bacteria- α . After 3 hours, the petri dish has 842 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α doubles after some undetermined number of minutes.

- A. About 47 minutes
- B. About 132 minutes
- C. About 287 minutes
- D. About 22 minutes
- E. None of the above

6. Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- A. Logarithmic model
- B. Exponential model
- C. Linear model
- D. Non-linear Power model
- E. None of the above

7. A town has an initial population of 20000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	20000	19986	19978	19972	19967	19964	19961	19958	19956

- A. Exponential
- B. Non-Linear Power
- C. Linear
- D. Logarithmic
- E. None of the above

8. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element, rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 545 grams of element X and after 7 years there is 60 grams remaining.

- A. About 1 day
- B. About 1095 days
- C. About 730 days
- D. About 3285 days
- E. None of the above

9. A town has an initial population of 90000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	89970	89940	89910	89880	89850	89820	89790	89760	89730

- A. Linear
 - B. Non-Linear Power
 - C. Logarithmic
 - D. Exponential
 - E. None of the above
-

10. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 150°C and is placed into a 18°C bath to cool. After 28 minutes, the uranium has cooled to 82°C .

- A. $k = -0.02525$
 - B. $k = -0.03042$
 - C. $k = -0.03818$
 - D. $k = -0.02471$
 - E. None of the above
-

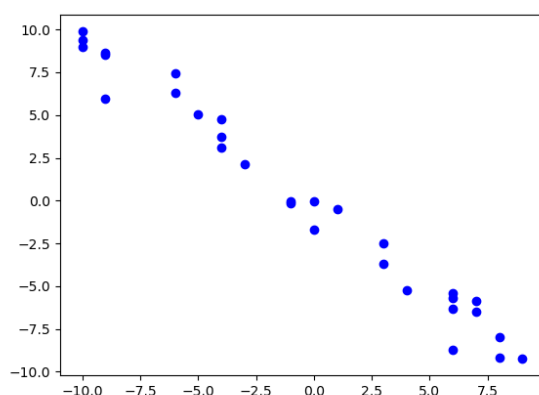
11. Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 3 bacteria- α . After 2 hours, the petri dish has 1192 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α quadruples after some undetermined number of minutes.

- A. About 30 minutes

- B. About 182 minutes
- C. About 83 minutes
- D. About 13 minutes
- E. None of the above

12. Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- A. Logarithmic model
- B. Non-linear Power model
- C. Linear model
- D. Exponential model
- E. None of the above

13. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 150°C and is placed into a 15°C bath to cool. After 34 minutes, the uranium has

cooled to 108° C.

- A. $k = -0.01406$
- B. $k = -0.01096$
- C. $k = -0.02218$
- D. $k = -0.02258$
- E. None of the above

14. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element, rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 886 grams of element X and after 6 years there is 88 grams remaining.

- A. About 730 days
- B. About 365 days
- C. About 1 day
- D. About 2920 days
- E. None of the above

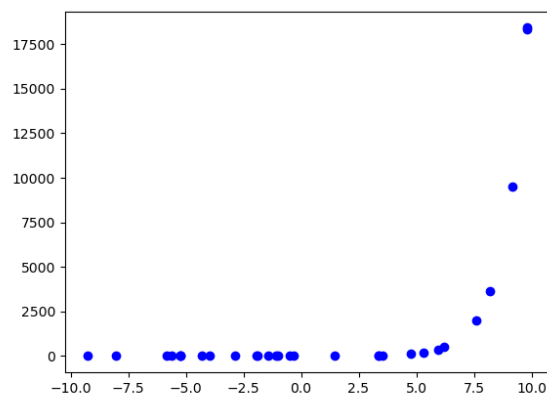
15. Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 4 bacteria- α . After 1 hours, the petri dish has 17 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α doubles after some undetermined number of minutes.

- A. About 259 minutes

- B. About 43 minutes
- C. About 27 minutes
- D. About 165 minutes
- E. None of the above

16. Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- A. Exponential model
- B. Non-linear Power model
- C. Linear model
- D. Logarithmic model
- E. None of the above

17. A town has an initial population of 40000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	40027	40057	40095	40125	40147	40177	40215	40245	40267

- A. Logarithmic
- B. Exponential

- C. Linear
- D. Non-Linear Power
- E. None of the above

-
18. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element, rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 552 grams of element X and after 3 years there is 69 grams remaining.

- A. About 1 day
- B. About 1095 days
- C. About 365 days
- D. About 365 days
- E. None of the above

-
19. A town has an initial population of 100000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	100080	100160	100320	100640	101280	102560	105120	110240	120

- A. Non-Linear Power
- B. Logarithmic
- C. Exponential
- D. Linear
- E. None of the above

20. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 130° C and is placed into a 20° C bath to cool. After 31 minutes, the uranium has cooled to 64° C .

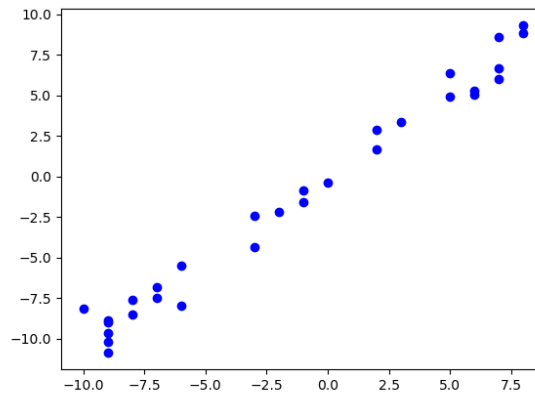
- A. $k = -0.02141$
- B. $k = -0.02080$
- C. $k = -0.03495$
- D. $k = -0.02956$
- E. None of the above

21. Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 2 bacteria- α . After 3 hours, the petri dish has 51 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α doubles after some undetermined number of minutes.

- A. About 38 minutes
- B. About 231 minutes
- C. About 380 minutes
- D. About 63 minutes
- E. None of the above

22. Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- A. Non-linear Power model
- B. Logarithmic model
- C. Linear model
- D. Exponential model
- E. None of the above

23. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 170°C and is placed into a 16°C bath to cool. After 26 minutes, the uranium has cooled to 110°C .

- A. $k = -0.02848$
- B. $k = -0.02279$
- C. $k = -0.01899$
- D. $k = -0.02895$
- E. None of the above

24. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element, rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 699 grams of element X and after 2 years there is 139 grams remaining.

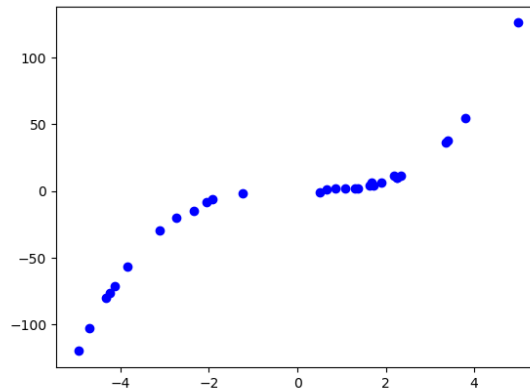
- A. About 1 day
- B. About 0 days
- C. About 365 days
- D. About 730 days
- E. None of the above

25. Using the scenario below, model the population of bacteria α in terms of the number of minutes, t that pass. Then, choose the correct approximate (*rounded to the nearest minute*) replication rate of bacteria- α .

A newly discovered bacteria, α , is being examined in a lab. The lab started with a petri dish of 2 bacteria- α . After 3 hours, the petri dish has 33980 bacteria- α . Based on similar bacteria, the lab believes bacteria- α triples after some undetermined number of minutes.

- A. About 143 minutes
- B. About 23 minutes
- C. About 12 minutes
- D. About 76 minutes
- E. None of the above

26. Determine the appropriate model for the graph of points below.



- A. Exponential model
- B. Linear model
- C. Logarithmic model
- D. Non-linear Power model
- E. None of the above

27. A town has an initial population of 90000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	90000	89979	89967	89958	89951	89946	89941	89937	89934

- A. Logarithmic
- B. Exponential
- C. Non-Linear Power
- D. Linear
- E. None of the above

28. Using the scenario below, model the situation using an exponential function and a base of $\frac{1}{2}$. Then, solve for the half-life of the element,

rounding to the nearest day.

The half-life of an element is the amount of time it takes for the element to decay to half of its initial starting amount. There is initially 742 grams of element X and after 9 years there is 74 grams remaining.

- A. About 1095 days
- B. About 4380 days
- C. About 730 days
- D. About 1 day
- E. None of the above

29. A town has an initial population of 70000. The town's population for the next 10 years is provided below. Which type of function would be most appropriate to model the town's population?

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Pop	70120	70480	71920	77680	100720	192880	561520	2036080	793432

- A. Non-Linear Power
- B. Exponential
- C. Linear
- D. Logarithmic
- E. None of the above

30. The temperature of an object, T , in a different surrounding temperature T_s will behave according to the formula $T(t) = Ae^{kt} + T_s$, where t is minutes, A is a constant, and k is a constant. Use this formula and the situation below to construct a model that describes the uranium's temperature, T , based on the amount of time t (in minutes) that have passed. Choose the correct constant k from the options below.

Uranium is taken out of the reactor with a temperature of 190°C and is placed into a 11°C bath to cool. After 16 minutes, the uranium has

cooled to 126° C .

- A. $k = -0.03138$
- B. $k = -0.04793$
- C. $k = -0.02765$
- D. $k = -0.04747$
- E. None of the above