

This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found [here](#).

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey [here](#).

*Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.*

1. Add the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{-3x - 16} \text{ and } g(x) = 3x^3 + 9x$$

The solution is The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = -5.33$ , which is option B.

- A. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [4.2, 12.2]$
- B. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [-7.33, 0.67]$
- C. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [5.33, 11.33]$
- D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [5.67, 8.67]$  and  $b \in [4.6, 12.6]$
- E. The domain is all Real numbers.

**General Comment:** The new domain is the intersection of the previous domains.

2. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 7$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(7)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \ln(x - 5) - 2$$

The solution is  $f^{-1}(7) = 8108.084$ , which is option B.

- A.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [153.41, 157.41]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 1.

- B.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [8107.08, 8112.08]$

This is the solution.

- C.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [2.39, 7.39]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 4.

- D.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [8096.08, 8099.08]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 3.

- E.  $f^{-1}(7) \in [162748.79, 162755.79]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 2.

**General Comment:** Natural log and exponential functions always have an inverse. Once you switch the  $x$  and  $y$ , use the conversion  $e^y = x \leftrightarrow y = \ln(x)$ .

3. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = 25x^2 + 220x + 484$$

The solution is no, which is option D.

A. Yes, the function is 1-1.

Corresponds to believing the function passes the Horizontal Line test.

B. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the range is all Real numbers.

C. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.

Corresponds to the Vertical Line test, which checks if an expression is a function.

D. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

\* This is the solution.

E. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the domain is all Real numbers.

**General Comment:** There are only two valid options: The function is 1-1 OR No because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

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4. Find the inverse of the function below. Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = 10$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = e^{x+5} - 3$$

The solution is  $f^{-1}(10) = -2.435$ , which is option D.

A.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-1.1, -0.84]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 2.

B.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [7.32, 8.32]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 1.

C.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-0.32, 0.71]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 4.

D.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-2.55, -1.81]$

This is the solution.

E.  $f^{-1}(10) \in [-2.19, -1.3]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 3.

**General Comment:** Natural log and exponential functions always have an inverse. Once you switch the  $x$  and  $y$ , use the conversion  $e^y = x \leftrightarrow y = \ln(x)$ .

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5. Determine whether the function below is 1-1.

$$f(x) = (5x + 17)^3$$

The solution is yes, which is option B.

A. No, because the range of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the range is all Real numbers.

B. Yes, the function is 1-1.

\* This is the solution.

C. No, because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

Corresponds to the Horizontal Line test, which this function passes.

D. No, because there is an  $x$ -value that goes to 2 different  $y$ -values.

Corresponds to the Vertical Line test, which checks if an expression is a function.

E. No, because the domain of the function is not  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .

Corresponds to believing 1-1 means the domain is all Real numbers.

**General Comment:** There are only two valid options: The function is 1-1 OR No because there is a  $y$ -value that goes to 2 different  $x$ -values.

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6. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = -1$  is in.

$$f(x) = -4x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x \text{ and } g(x) = -3x^3 - 4x^2 - x - 3$$

The solution is 78.0, which is option C.

A.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [10, 23]$

Distractor 3: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

B.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [83, 91]$

Distractor 2: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

C.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [75, 84]$

\* This is the correct solution

D.  $(f \circ g)(-1) \in [3, 15]$

Distractor 1: Corresponds to reversing the composition.

E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.

**General Comment:**  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x$  means  $f(g(x))$ . The order matters!

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7. Choose the interval below that  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x = 1$  is in.

$$f(x) = 2x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x \text{ and } g(x) = -4x^3 + x^2 + 2x - 3$$

The solution is -84.0, which is option C.

A.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-9, -3]$

Distractor 1: Corresponds to reversing the composition.

B.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [1, 4]$

Distractor 3: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

C.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-84, -83]$

\* This is the correct solution

D.  $(f \circ g)(1) \in [-76, -73]$

Distractor 2: Corresponds to being slightly off from the solution.

E. It is not possible to compose the two functions.

**General Comment:**  $f$  composed with  $g$  at  $x$  means  $f(g(x))$ . The order matters!

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8. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = -10$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(-10)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{4x - 3}$$

The solution is  $-249.25$ , which is option A.

A.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [-250, -247]$

\* This is the correct solution.

B.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [246.4, 250.6]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 2.

C.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [249.9, 253]$

This solution corresponds to distractor 3.

D.  $f^{-1}(-10) \in [-250.9, -249.9]$

Distractor 1: This corresponds to

E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.

This solution corresponds to distractor 4.

**General Comment:** Be sure you check that the function is 1-1 before trying to find the inverse!

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9. Find the inverse of the function below (if it exists). Then, evaluate the inverse at  $x = -15$  and choose the interval that  $f^{-1}(-15)$  belongs to.

$$f(x) = 5x^2 - 2$$

The solution is The function is not invertible for all Real numbers. , which is option E.

A.  $f^{-1}(-15) \in [5.33, 5.75]$

Distractor 4: This corresponds to both distractors 2 and 3.

B.  $f^{-1}(-15) \in [1.81, 2.05]$

Distractor 2: This corresponds to finding the (nonexistent) inverse and not subtracting by the vertical shift.

C.  $f^{-1}(-15) \in [1.48, 1.65]$

Distractor 1: This corresponds to trying to find the inverse even though the function is not 1-1.

D.  $f^{-1}(-15) \in [4.33, 4.91]$

Distractor 3: This corresponds to finding the (nonexistent) inverse and dividing by a negative.

E. The function is not invertible for all Real numbers.

\* This is the correct option.

**General Comment:** Be sure you check that the function is 1-1 before trying to find the inverse!

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10. Subtract the following functions, then choose the domain of the resulting function from the list below.

$$f(x) = 9x^2 + 8x + 6 \text{ and } g(x) = 5x^3 + 8x^2 + 5x + 6$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, \infty)$ , which is option E.

- A. The domain is all Real numbers less than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [0.5, 5.5]$
- B. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [6.2, 7.2]$
- C. The domain is all Real numbers greater than or equal to  $x = a$ , where  $a \in [2.67, 9.67]$
- D. The domain is all Real numbers except  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a \in [-7.33, 1.67]$  and  $b \in [-5.25, -2.25]$
- E. The domain is all Real numbers.

**General Comment:** The new domain is the intersection of the previous domains.

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