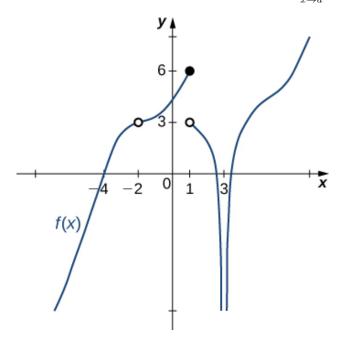
This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found here.

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey here.

Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.

1. For the graph below, find the value(s) a that makes the statement true: $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = 3$.



The solution is Multiple a make the statement true, which is option D.

- A. $-\infty$
- B. -2
- C. 1
- D. Multiple a make the statement true.
- E. No a make the statement true.

General Comments: There can be multiple a values that make the statement true! For the limit, draw a horizontal line and determine if an x value makes the limit exist.

2. Evaluate the limit below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to 7} \frac{\sqrt{9x - 47} - 4}{5x - 35}$$

The solution is None of the above, which is option E.

A. 0.125

You likely memorized how to solve the similar homework problem and used the same formula here.

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B. 0.600

You likely tried to use a shortcut to find the limit of a function that only works for when the numerator/denominator are polynomials.

C. 0.025

You likely learned L'Hospital's Rule in a previous course, but misapplied it here.

D. ∞

You likely believed that since the denominator is equal to 0, the limit is infinity.

E. None of the above

* This is the correct option as the limit is 0.225.

General Comment: General comments: It is difficult to imagine the graph of this function, so you need to test values close to x = 7.

3. Evaluate the one-sided limit of the function f(x) below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to -3^{-}} \frac{3}{(x+3)^7} + 4$$

The solution is $-\infty$, which is option C.

- A. f(-3)
- B. ∞
- C. $-\infty$
- D. The limit does not exist
- E. None of the above

General Comment: General comments: You should be able to graph the rational function displayed. If not, go back to Module 7 to learn about the general shape of rational functions.

4. To estimate the one-sided limit of the function below as x approaches 5 from the left, which of the following sets of numbers should you use?

$$\frac{\frac{5}{x}-1}{x-5}$$

The solution is $\{4.9000, 4.9900, 4.9990, 4.9999\}$, which is option C.

A. {4.9000, 4.9900, 5.0100, 5.1000}

These values would estimate the limit at the point and not a one-sided limit.

B. {5.0000, 4.9000, 4.9900, 4.9990}

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 5 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

C. $\{4.9000, 4.9900, 4.9990, 4.9999\}$

This is correct!

D. {5.0000, 5.1000, 5.0100, 5.0010}

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 5 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

E. {5.1000, 5.0100, 5.0010, 5.0001}

These values would estimate the limit of 5 on the right.

General Comments: To evaluate a one-sided limit, we want to put numbers close to the limit. We can't use the limit value itself if it results in $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$

5. Based on the information below, which of the following statements is always true?

As x approaches 4,
$$f(x)$$
 approaches 3.047.

The solution is None of the above are always true., which is option E.

- A. f(3) is close to or exactly 4
- B. f(4) = 3
- C. f(4) is close to or exactly 3
- D. f(3) = 4
- E. None of the above are always true.

General Comment: The limit tells you what happens as the x-values approach 4. It says **absolutely nothing** about what is happening exactly at f(4)!

6. Based on the information below, which of the following statements is always true?

$$f(x)$$
 approaches 13.392 as x approaches ∞ .

The solution is f(x) is close to or exactly 13.392 when x is large enough, which is option B.

- A. f(x) is close to or exactly ∞ when x is large enough.
- B. f(x) is close to or exactly 13.392 when x is large enough.
- C. x is undefined when f(x) is large enough.
- D. f(x) is undefined when x is large enough.
- E. None of the above are always true.

General Comment: The limit tells you what happens as the x-values approach ∞ . It says **absolutely nothing** about what is happening exactly at $f(\infty)$!

7. To estimate the one-sided limit of the function below as x approaches 6 from the right, which of the following sets of numbers should you use?

$$\frac{\frac{6}{x}-1}{x-6}$$

The solution is $\{6.1000, 6.0100, 6.0010, 6.0001\}$, which is option C.

A. {6.0000, 6.1000, 6.0100, 6.0010}

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 6 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

B. {6.0000, 5.9000, 5.9900, 5.9990}

If we get $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$, the value 6 doesn't help us estimate the limit.

C. {6.1000, 6.0100, 6.0010, 6.0001}

This is correct!

D. {5.9000, 5.9900, 6.0100, 6.1000}

These values would estimate the limit at the point and not a one-sided limit.

E. {5.9000, 5.9900, 5.9990, 5.9999}

These values would estimate the limit of 6 on the left.

General Comments: To evaluate a one-sided limit, we want to put numbers close to the limit. We can't use the limit value itself if it results in $\frac{0}{0}$ or $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$

8. Evaluate the one-sided limit of the function f(x) below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to -1^{-}} \frac{2}{(x+1)^3} + 7$$

The solution is $-\infty$, which is option C.

- A. f(-1)
- B. ∞
- C. $-\infty$
- D. The limit does not exist
- E. None of the above

General Comment: General comments: You should be able to graph the rational function displayed. If not, go back to Module 7 to learn about the general shape of rational functions.

9. Evaluate the limit below, if possible.

$$\lim_{x \to 5} \frac{\sqrt{5x - 9} - 4}{7x - 35}$$

The solution is 0.089, which is option A.

- A. 0.089
 - * This is the correct option.
- B. 0.125

You likely memorized how to solve the similar homework problem and used the same formula here.

C. 0.319

You likely tried to use a shortcut to find the limit of a function that only works for when the numerator/denominator are polynomials.

D. ∞

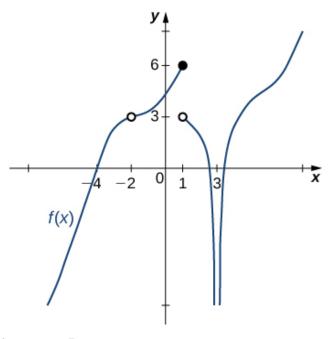
You likely believed that since the denominator is equal to 0, the limit is infinity.

E. None of the above

If you got a limit that does not match any of the above, please contact the coordinator.

General Comments: It is difficult to imagine the graph of this function, so you need to test values close to x = 5.

10. For the graph below, find the value(s) a that makes the statement true: $\lim_{x\to a} f(x)$ does not exist.



The solution is 1, which is option B.

- A. 3
- B. 1
- C. -2
- D. Multiple a make the statement true.
- E. No a make the statement true.

General Comments: Remember that the limit does not exist if the left-hand and right-hand limits do not match.

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