

1. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-19x^2 + 7x + 3 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-16.61, -16.43]$  and  $x_2 \in [16.54, 17.56]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-0.28, -0.15]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.44, 0.98]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-1.31, -0.42]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.19, 0.48]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-12.62, -11.26]$  and  $x_2 \in [4.67, 5.14]$   
E. There are no Real solutions.
- 

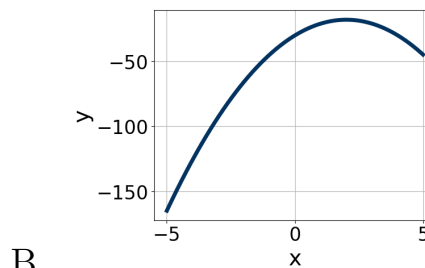
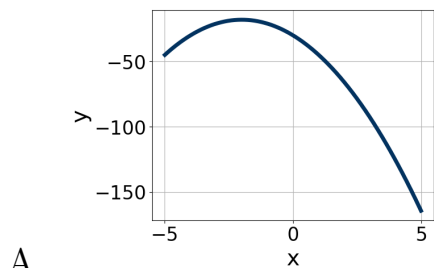
2. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

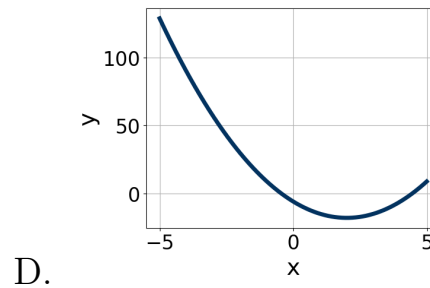
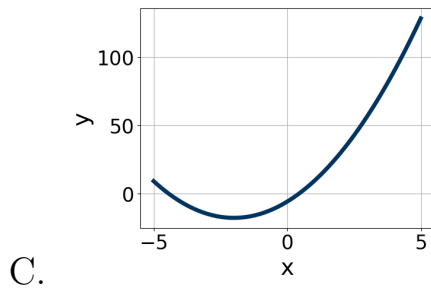
$$10x^2 + 33x - 54 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-10, -8.4]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.49, 1.1]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-5.4, -4.3]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.13, 1.66]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-3.2, 0.2]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.45, 4.34]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-45.7, -43.9]$  and  $x_2 \in [11.88, 12.65]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [-16.6, -11.8]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.14, 0.57]$
- 

3. Graph the equation below.

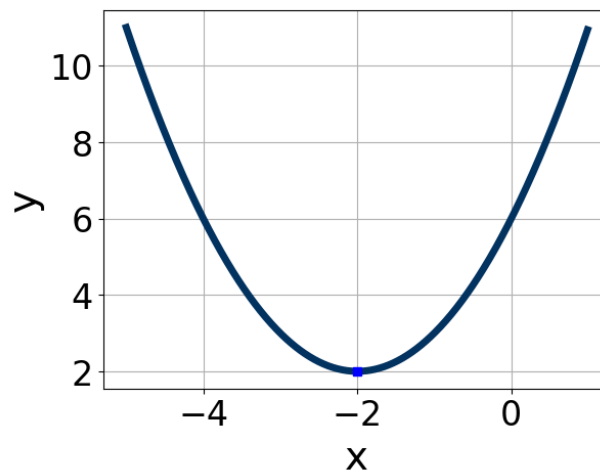
$$f(x) = (x + 2)^2 - 18$$





E. None of the above.

4. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-1.7, -0.3]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -3]$ , and  $c \in [-2, 0]$   
 B.  $a \in [-1.7, -0.3]$ ,  $b \in [-1, 7]$ , and  $c \in [-2, 0]$   
 C.  $a \in [-0.5, 1.6]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -3]$ , and  $c \in [0, 5]$   
 D.  $a \in [-0.5, 1.6]$ ,  $b \in [-5, -3]$ , and  $c \in [6, 7]$   
 E.  $a \in [-0.5, 1.6]$ ,  $b \in [-1, 7]$ , and  $c \in [6, 7]$

5. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$54x^2 - 33x - 10$$

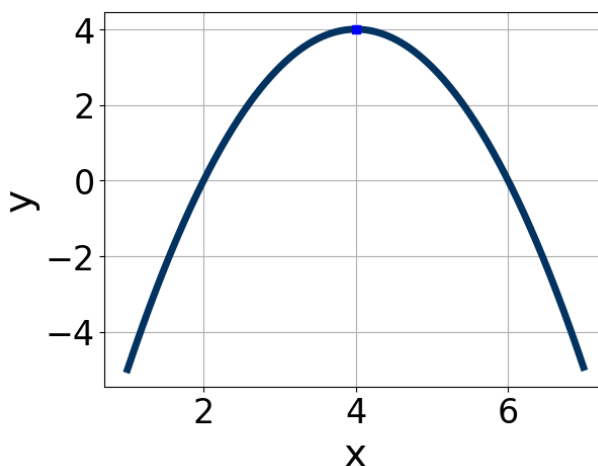
- A.  $a \in [1.92, 2.94]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 0]$ ,  $c \in [24, 34]$ , and  $d \in [-1, 3]$   
B.  $a \in [0.57, 1.03]$ ,  $b \in [-49, -40]$ ,  $c \in [0, 2]$ , and  $d \in [9, 14]$   
C.  $a \in [11.87, 12.58]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 0]$ ,  $c \in [4, 5]$ , and  $d \in [-1, 3]$   
D.  $a \in [5.38, 6.08]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 0]$ ,  $c \in [7, 14]$ , and  $d \in [-1, 3]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

6. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 + 15x - 54 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-45.96, -44.18]$  and  $x_2 \in [29.57, 30.1]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-2.29, -1.39]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.14, 1.28]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-3.98, -3.12]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.57, 0.64]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-9.7, -8.02]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.05, 0.25]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [-1.35, 0.14]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.43, 3.76]$
- 

7. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-1, 0]$ ,  $b \in [7, 12]$ , and  $c \in [-14, -7]$

- B.  $a \in [-1, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ , and  $c \in [-14, -7]$   
C.  $a \in [0, 5]$ ,  $b \in [7, 12]$ , and  $c \in [18, 22]$   
D.  $a \in [0, 5]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ , and  $c \in [18, 22]$   
E.  $a \in [-1, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-8, -4]$ , and  $c \in [-21, -17]$
- 

8. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-18x^2 + 8x + 2 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-0.3, 0]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.47, 0.75]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-0.9, -0.5]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.4, 0.4]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-11.7, -10.7]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.19, 3.82]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-15.4, -13.3]$  and  $x_2 \in [13.48, 14.68]$   
E. There are no Real solutions.
- 

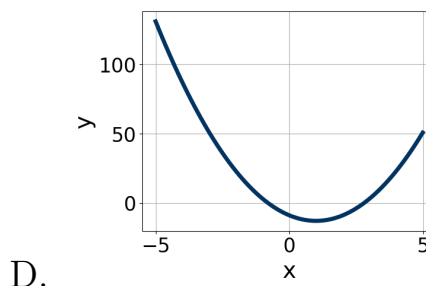
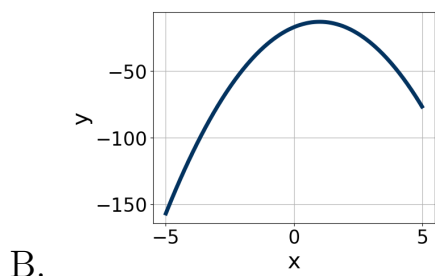
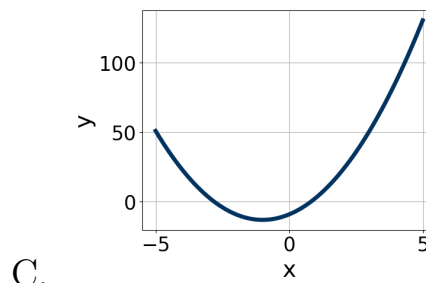
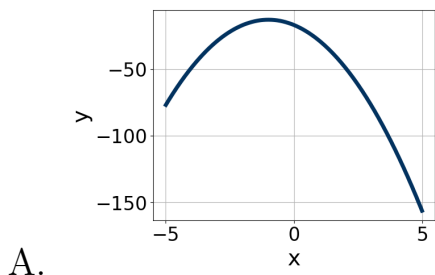
9. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$16x^2 + 8x - 15$$

- A.  $a \in [1.04, 3.02]$ ,  $b \in [-3, -1]$ ,  $c \in [7.36, 8.39]$ , and  $d \in [3, 8]$   
B.  $a \in [7.33, 9.11]$ ,  $b \in [-3, -1]$ ,  $c \in [1.17, 3.37]$ , and  $d \in [3, 8]$   
C.  $a \in [-0.67, 1.7]$ ,  $b \in [-15, -11]$ ,  $c \in [0.58, 1.89]$ , and  $d \in [20, 22]$   
D.  $a \in [2.63, 5.47]$ ,  $b \in [-3, -1]$ ,  $c \in [3.97, 5.28]$ , and  $d \in [3, 8]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

10. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 1)^2 - 13$$



E. None of the above.

11. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$19x^2 - 15x + 2 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [2.86, 3.71]$  and  $x_2 \in [11.49, 13.24]$   
 B.  $x_1 \in [-1.4, -0.06]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.47, 0.17]$   
 C.  $x_1 \in [-0.2, 0.26]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.42, 0.63]$   
 D.  $x_1 \in [-8.47, -7.98]$  and  $x_2 \in [8.44, 9.67]$   
 E. There are no Real solutions.

12. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 - 10x - 24 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-20.67, -19.77]$  and  $x_2 \in [29.7, 30.12]$   
 B.  $x_1 \in [-1.68, -1.44]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.34, 0.8]$

C.  $x_1 \in [-1.02, -0.6]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.04, 1.54]$

D.  $x_1 \in [-4.46, -3.87]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.15, 0.31]$

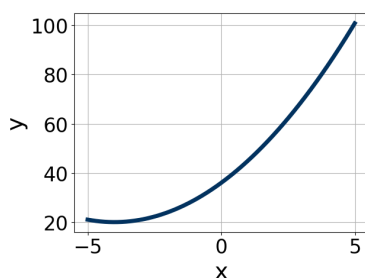
E.  $x_1 \in [-0.54, 0]$  and  $x_2 \in [2.39, 2.52]$

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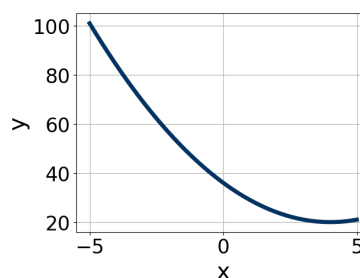
13. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 4)^2 + 20$$

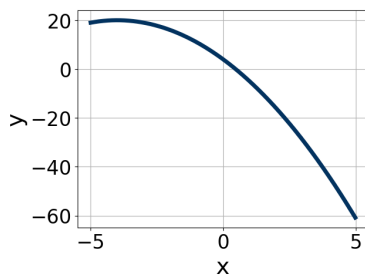
A.



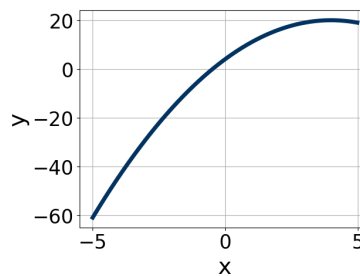
C.



B.



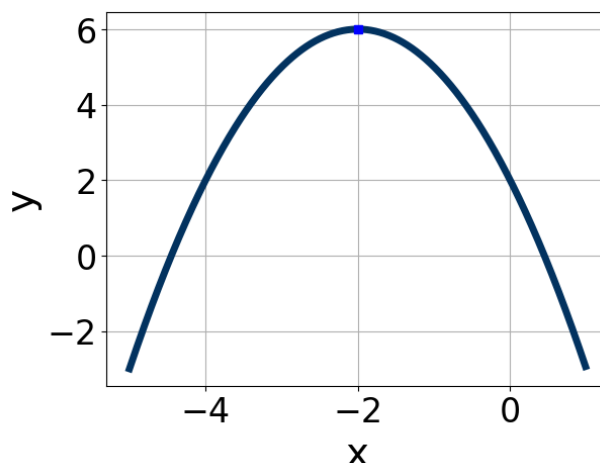
D.



E. None of the above.

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14. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [0.4, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [3, 6]$ , and  $c \in [8, 11]$   
 B.  $a \in [-2.2, -0.7]$ ,  $b \in [3, 6]$ , and  $c \in [1, 3]$   
 C.  $a \in [-2.2, -0.7]$ ,  $b \in [3, 6]$ , and  $c \in [-11, -7]$   
 D.  $a \in [-2.2, -0.7]$ ,  $b \in [-6, -2]$ , and  $c \in [1, 3]$   
 E.  $a \in [0.4, 1.1]$ ,  $b \in [-6, -2]$ , and  $c \in [8, 11]$

15. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$24x^2 + 2x - 15$$

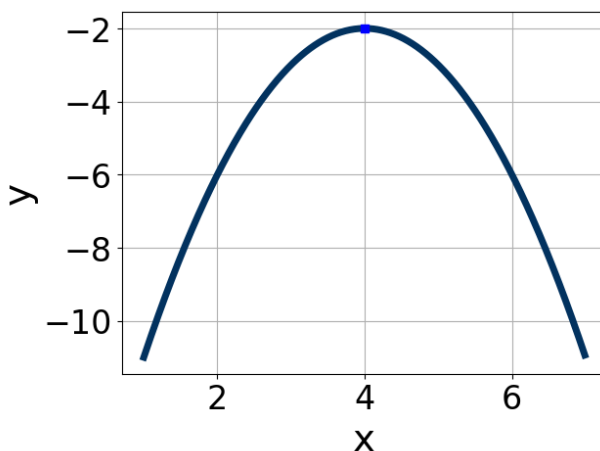
- A.  $a \in [-1.4, 3.3]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 2]$ ,  $c \in [17.7, 19.4]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 B.  $a \in [-1.4, 3.3]$ ,  $b \in [-21, -16]$ ,  $c \in [0.7, 1.8]$ , and  $d \in [16, 26]$   
 C.  $a \in [2.5, 5.6]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 2]$ ,  $c \in [3.7, 6.9]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 D.  $a \in [6.2, 8.5]$ ,  $b \in [-5, 2]$ ,  $c \in [2.2, 3.4]$ , and  $d \in [5, 7]$   
 E. None of the above.

16. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$25x^2 + 60x + 36 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-31.73, -29.14]$  and  $x_2 \in [-30.24, -29.98]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-1.73, -0.47]$  and  $x_2 \in [-1.36, -1.08]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-7.85, -5.72]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.24, -0.19]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-4.58, -3]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.56, -0.37]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [-3.3, -2.28]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.64, -0.54]$
- 

17. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-1.6, -0.3]$ ,  $b \in [-11, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-16, -12]$   
B.  $a \in [-1.6, -0.3]$ ,  $b \in [7, 10]$ , and  $c \in [-18, -16]$   
C.  $a \in [-0.2, 1.4]$ ,  $b \in [-11, -7]$ , and  $c \in [13, 16]$   
D.  $a \in [-0.2, 1.4]$ ,  $b \in [7, 10]$ , and  $c \in [13, 16]$   
E.  $a \in [-1.6, -0.3]$ ,  $b \in [-11, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-18, -16]$
- 

18. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$13x^2 + 10x - 4 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-0.39, 0.11]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.03, 1.41]$



- B.  $x_1 \in [-1.3, -0.98]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.07, 0.31]$
- C.  $x_1 \in [-19.67, -16.86]$  and  $x_2 \in [16.94, 17.17]$
- D.  $x_1 \in [-14.27, -13.31]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.72, 3.78]$
- E. There are no Real solutions.

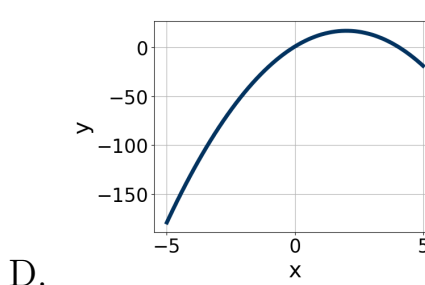
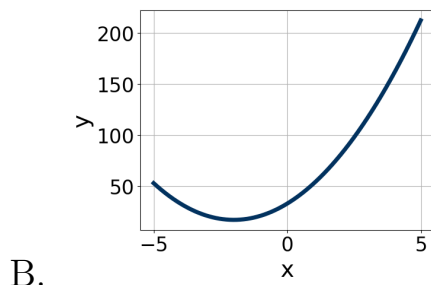
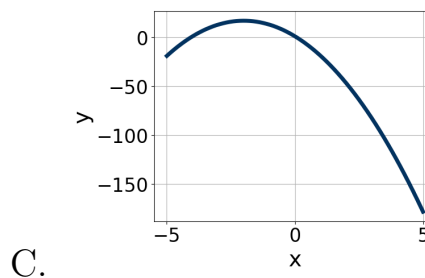
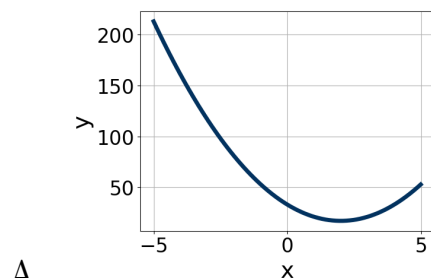
19. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$24x^2 - 2x - 15$$

- A.  $a \in [8.8, 13]$ ,  $b \in [-6, -3]$ ,  $c \in [1.98, 3.21]$ , and  $d \in [3, 11]$
- B.  $a \in [2.4, 4]$ ,  $b \in [-6, -3]$ ,  $c \in [7.53, 8.05]$ , and  $d \in [3, 11]$
- C.  $a \in [4.1, 7.5]$ ,  $b \in [-6, -3]$ ,  $c \in [3.91, 4.62]$ , and  $d \in [3, 11]$
- D.  $a \in [-0.1, 2.2]$ ,  $b \in [-24, -14]$ ,  $c \in [0.85, 1]$ , and  $d \in [15, 25]$
- E. None of the above.

20. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 2)^2 + 17$$



E. None of the above.

- 
21. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$-10x^2 + 9x + 8 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-20.5, -17.9]$  and  $x_2 \in [20, 21.7]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-2.6, -0.9]$  and  $x_2 \in [-1.4, 1.1]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-15.1, -13.1]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.9, 7.3]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-0.7, 0.3]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.7, 2.3]$   
E. There are no Real solutions.

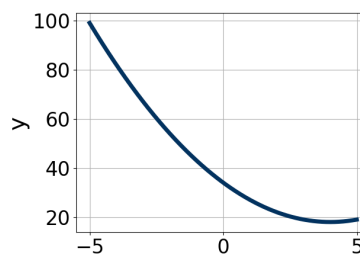
- 
22. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

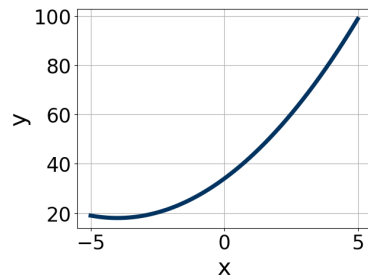
$$15x^2 - 38x + 24 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [1.18, 1.28]$  and  $x_2 \in [1.19, 1.53]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [18, 18.02]$  and  $x_2 \in [19.67, 20.4]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [0.32, 0.41]$  and  $x_2 \in [3.97, 4.38]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [0.57, 0.61]$  and  $x_2 \in [2.58, 2.84]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [0.65, 0.75]$  and  $x_2 \in [2.22, 2.5]$

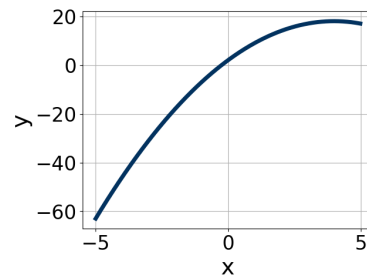
- 
23. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = -(x + 4)^2 + 18$$

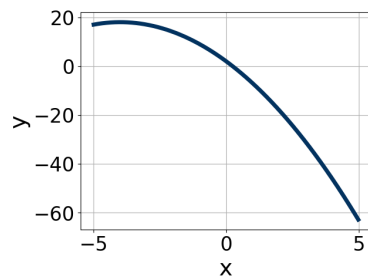




B.



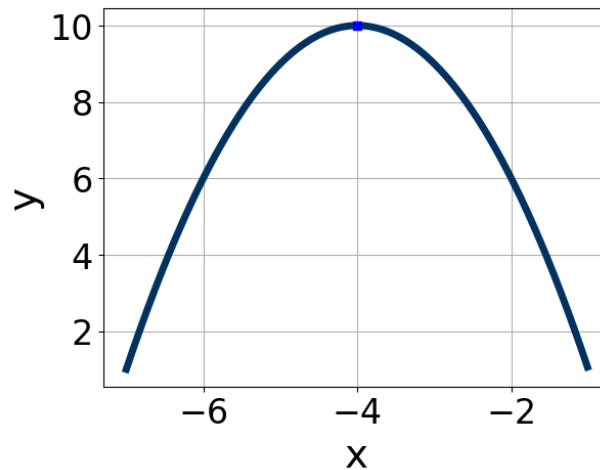
D.



C.

E. None of the above.

24. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-6, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-7, -3]$   
 B.  $a \in [-6, 0]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [-7, -3]$   
 C.  $a \in [-6, 0]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [-27, -24]$   
 D.  $a \in [1, 6]$ ,  $b \in [6, 10]$ , and  $c \in [24, 28]$

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E.  $a \in [1, 6]$ ,  $b \in [-9, -7]$ , and  $c \in [24, 28]$

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25. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$54x^2 - 15x - 25$$

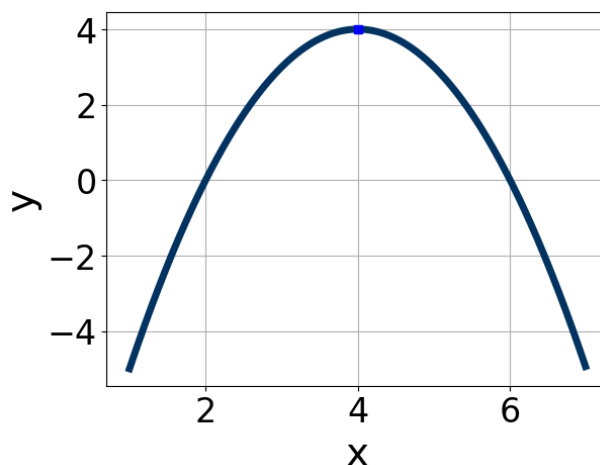
- A.  $a \in [14.9, 21.4]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -2]$ ,  $c \in [1.8, 4.4]$ , and  $d \in [5, 12]$   
B.  $a \in [1.2, 4.8]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -2]$ ,  $c \in [17, 19]$ , and  $d \in [5, 12]$   
C.  $a \in [0.2, 1.7]$ ,  $b \in [-46, -43]$ ,  $c \in [0.4, 2.1]$ , and  $d \in [28, 31]$   
D.  $a \in [4.5, 8.4]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -2]$ ,  $c \in [8.7, 9.5]$ , and  $d \in [5, 12]$   
E. None of the above.
- 

26. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$ .

$$20x^2 + 61x + 36 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-5.75, -4.17]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.46, -0.4]$   
B.  $x_1 \in [-2.42, -2.3]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.77, -0.75]$   
C.  $x_1 \in [-45, -44.45]$  and  $x_2 \in [-16.02, -15.93]$   
D.  $x_1 \in [-2.26, -1.94]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.86, -0.79]$   
E.  $x_1 \in [-9.46, -8.61]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.28, -0.13]$
- 

27. Write the equation of the graph presented below in the form  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , assuming  $a = 1$  or  $a = -1$ . Then, choose the intervals that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  belong to.



- A.  $a \in [-3, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-21, -15]$   
 B.  $a \in [0, 3]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -7]$ , and  $c \in [19, 21]$   
 C.  $a \in [0, 3]$ ,  $b \in [8, 12]$ , and  $c \in [19, 21]$   
 D.  $a \in [-3, 0]$ ,  $b \in [8, 12]$ , and  $c \in [-16, -11]$   
 E.  $a \in [-3, 0]$ ,  $b \in [-10, -7]$ , and  $c \in [-16, -11]$

28. Solve the quadratic equation below. Then, choose the intervals that the solutions belong to, with  $x_1 \leq x_2$  (if they exist).

$$15x^2 + 11x - 9 = 0$$

- A.  $x_1 \in [-3.2, -0.5]$  and  $x_2 \in [-0.45, 0.87]$   
 B.  $x_1 \in [-27.7, -24.9]$  and  $x_2 \in [25.18, 25.87]$   
 C.  $x_1 \in [-0.9, 1.2]$  and  $x_2 \in [0.66, 1.65]$   
 D.  $x_1 \in [-19.3, -17.4]$  and  $x_2 \in [7.04, 7.88]$   
 E. There are no Real solutions.

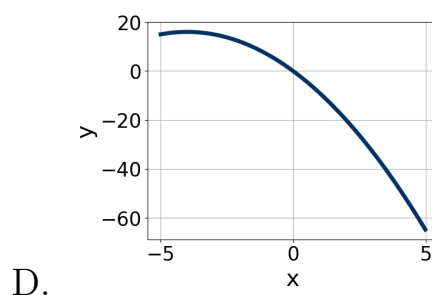
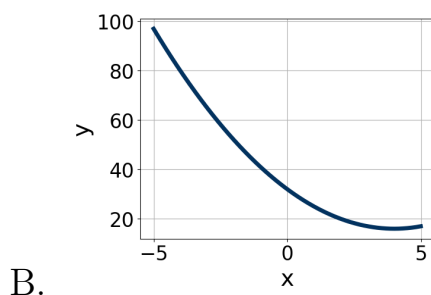
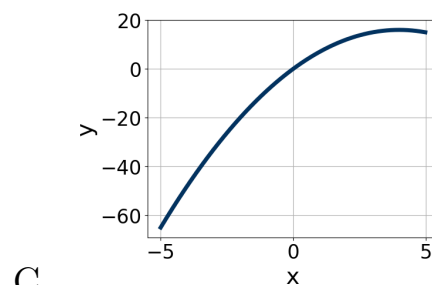
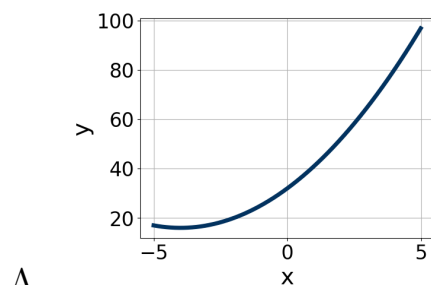
29. Factor the quadratic below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the constants in the form  $(ax + b)(cx + d)$ ;  $b \leq d$ .

$$16x^2 + 8x - 15$$

- A.  $a \in [2.63, 4.72]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 3]$ ,  $c \in [3.77, 5.84]$ , and  $d \in [4, 8]$
- B.  $a \in [6.46, 9.19]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 3]$ ,  $c \in [1.12, 3.12]$ , and  $d \in [4, 8]$
- C.  $a \in [0.69, 1.04]$ ,  $b \in [-18, -11]$ ,  $c \in [0.84, 1.66]$ , and  $d \in [15, 22]$
- D.  $a \in [1.68, 2.6]$ ,  $b \in [-10, 3]$ ,  $c \in [7.22, 8.16]$ , and  $d \in [4, 8]$
- E. None of the above.
- 

30. Graph the equation below.

$$f(x) = (x - 4)^2 + 16$$



E. None of the above.

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