

This key should allow you to understand why you choose the option you did (beyond just getting a question right or wrong). More instructions on how to use this key can be found [here](#).

If you have a suggestion to make the keys better, please fill out the short survey [here](#).

*Note: This key is auto-generated and may contain issues and/or errors. The keys are reviewed after each exam to ensure grading is done accurately. If there are issues (like duplicate options), they are noted in the offline gradebook. The keys are a work-in-progress to give students as many resources to improve as possible.*

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1. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

No more than 3 units from the number  $-10$ .

The solution is  $[-13, -7]$ , which is option A.

A.  $[-13, -7]$

This describes the values no more than 3 from -10

B.  $(-13, -7)$

This describes the values less than 3 from -10

C.  $(-\infty, -13] \cup [-7, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 3 from -10

D.  $(-\infty, -13) \cup (-7, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 3 from -10

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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2. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

Less than 6 units from the number  $-6$ .

The solution is  $(-12, 0)$ , which is option D.

A.  $[-12, 0]$

This describes the values no more than 6 from -6

B.  $(-\infty, -12) \cup (0, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 6 from -6

C.  $(-\infty, -12] \cup [0, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 6 from -6

D.  $(-12, 0)$

This describes the values less than 6 from -6

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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3. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-7 - 5x \leq \frac{-36x - 4}{8} < 4 - 7x$$

The solution is  $[-13.00, 1.80)$ , which is option B.

- A.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [-14.25, -9]$  and  $b \in [-1.5, 4.5]$

$(-13.00, 1.80]$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality.

- B.  $[a, b)$ , where  $a \in [-14.25, -12]$  and  $b \in [0, 4.5]$

$[-13.00, 1.80)$ , which is the correct option.

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-14.25, -7.5]$  and  $b \in [0.75, 3]$

$(-\infty, -13.00) \cup [1.80, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality.

- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-13.5, -10.5]$  and  $b \in [0.75, 4.5]$

$(-\infty, -13.00] \cup (1.80, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality.

- E. None of the above.

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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4. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-6 + 9x \leq \frac{84x + 5}{9} < 9 + 3x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [18, 20.25]$  and  $b \in [-1.57, -0.15]$

$(-\infty, 19.67) \cup [-1.33, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

- B.  $[a, b)$ , where  $a \in [18, 23.25]$  and  $b \in [-6, 0]$

$[19.67, -1.33)$ , which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.

- C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [17.25, 23.25]$  and  $b \in [-2.62, -0.67]$

$(-\infty, 19.67] \cup (-1.33, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

- D.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [18.75, 24]$  and  $b \in [-1.8, -0.15]$

$(19.67, -1.33]$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.

- E. None of the above.

\* This is correct as the answer should be  $[-19.67, 1.33)$ .

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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5. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-8 + 6x > 9x \text{ or } -3 + 6x < 9x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -2.667)$  or  $(-1.0, \infty)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 5.25]$  and  $b \in [0, 5.25]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6.75, -0.75]$  and  $b \in [-3.75, 1.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 0.75]$  and  $b \in [-1.5, 1.5]$

\* Correct option.

- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0, 3]$  and  $b \in [1.5, 6]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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6. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-9}{2} - \frac{10}{4}x \leq \frac{4}{6}x - \frac{7}{9}$$

The solution is  $[-1.175, \infty)$ , which is option B.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 1.5]$

$[1.175, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.25, 0.75]$

\*  $[-1.175, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- C.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0, 6]$

$(-\infty, 1.175]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-2.25, 0]$

$(-\infty, -1.175]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

7. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$9 + 3x > 6x \text{ or } 6 + 9x < 10x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, 3.0)$  or  $(6.0, \infty)$ , which is option B.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-11.25, -1.5]$  and  $b \in [-7.5, 2.25]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 4.5]$  and  $b \in [5.25, 6.75]$

\* Correct option.

- C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-11.25, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-7.5, 1.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 6]$  and  $b \in [2.25, 7.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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8. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-4x - 6 \geq 6x + 5$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -1.1]$ , which is option B.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.2, 4]$

$[1.1, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-6.1, 0.9]$

\*  $(-\infty, -1.1]$ , which is the correct option.

- C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.1, 1]$

$[-1.1, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-0.9, 3.1]$

$(-\infty, 1.1]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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9. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-9x + 5 \leq 3x + 8$$

The solution is  $[-0.25, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.63, 0]$

\*  $[-0.25, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-1.19, 0]$

$(-\infty, -0.25]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- C.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [0, 0.27]$

$(-\infty, 0.25]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-0.18, 0.5]$

$[0.25, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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10. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-7}{9} - \frac{4}{6}x < \frac{6}{5}x + \frac{10}{2}$$

The solution is  $(-3.095, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-9, 0]$

\*  $(-3.095, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-3.75, 0.75]$

$(-\infty, -3.095)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- C.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [1.5, 6]$

$(-\infty, 3.095)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [3, 5.25]$

$(3.095, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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11. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

No less than 6 units from the number 9.

The solution is  $(-\infty, 3] \cup [15, \infty)$ , which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, 3) \cup (15, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 6 from 9

- B.  $[3, 15]$

This describes the values no more than 6 from 9

- C.  $(3, 15)$

This describes the values less than 6 from 9

- D.  $(-\infty, 3] \cup [15, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 6 from 9

- E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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12. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

Less than 5 units from the number 7.

The solution is  $(2, 12)$ , which is option B.

- A.  $(-\infty, 2) \cup (12, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 5 from 7

- B.  $(2, 12)$

This describes the values less than 5 from 7

- C.  $[2, 12]$

This describes the values no more than 5 from 7

- D.  $(-\infty, 2] \cup [12, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 5 from 7

- E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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13. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-9 + 9x \leq \frac{77x + 6}{8} < -9 + 7x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

- A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [12.75, 20.25]$  and  $b \in [0.75, 6.75]$   
 $(-\infty, 15.60] \cup (3.71, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- B.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [13.5, 16.5]$  and  $b \in [0.75, 4.5]$   
 $(15.60, 3.71]$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- C.  $[a, b)$ , where  $a \in [12, 21.75]$  and  $b \in [-0.75, 4.5]$   
 $[15.60, 3.71)$ , which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.
- D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [13.5, 16.5]$  and  $b \in [1.5, 5.25]$   
 $(-\infty, 15.60) \cup [3.71, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- E. None of the above.

\* This is correct as the answer should be  $[-15.60, -3.71)$ .

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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14. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$6 - 6x < \frac{-32x - 5}{7} \leq 9 - 5x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

- A.  $[a, b)$ , where  $a \in [-10.5, -3]$  and  $b \in [-30.75, -21]$   
 $[-4.70, -22.67)$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-23.25, -19.5]$   
 $(-\infty, -4.70] \cup (-22.67, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- C.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [-7.5, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-28.5, -21]$   
 $(-4.70, -22.67]$ , which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.
- D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6, -1.5]$  and  $b \in [-23.25, -18.75]$   
 $(-\infty, -4.70) \cup [-22.67, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- E. None of the above.

\* This is correct as the answer should be  $(4.70, 22.67]$ .

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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15. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-3 + 7x > 9x \text{ or } 8 + 9x < 10x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -1.5)$  or  $(8.0, \infty)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-12.75, -6.75]$  and  $b \in [0, 3]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6.75, 3.75]$  and  $b \in [6.75, 10.5]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-2.25, 2.25]$  and  $b \in [3.75, 9]$

\* Correct option.

- D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-9.75, -4.5]$  and  $b \in [-7.5, 6.75]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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16. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-3}{7} + \frac{6}{4}x > \frac{7}{9}x + \frac{5}{5}$$

The solution is  $(1.978, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 3.75]$

\*  $(1.978, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-5.25, 0.75]$

$(-\infty, -1.978)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- C.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [0, 3]$

$(-\infty, 1.978)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-4.5, 0]$

$(-1.978, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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17. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-8 + 3x > 5x \text{ or } -9 + 3x < 6x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -4.0)$  or  $(-3.0, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-7.5, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [-5.25, -2.25]$

\* Correct option.

- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-9.75, 0]$  and  $b \in [-6, -0.75]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 5.25]$  and  $b \in [2.25, 9]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 3.75]$  and  $b \in [2.25, 6.75]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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18. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-10x - 7 < 5x + 6$$

The solution is  $(-0.867, \infty)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.5, 1.4]$

$(0.867, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-2.31, -0.12]$

$(-\infty, -0.867)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- C.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-1.6, -0.2]$

\*  $(-0.867, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- D.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [0.11, 1.31]$

$(-\infty, 0.867)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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19. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-9x - 8 \leq -7x + 4$$

The solution is  $[-6.0, \infty)$ , which is option A.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6, -1]$

\*  $[-6.0, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [2, 11]$

$(-\infty, 6.0]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- C.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-8, -4]$

$(-\infty, -6.0]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- D.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [2, 7]$

$[6.0, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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20. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-9}{4} + \frac{4}{5}x < \frac{8}{6}x + \frac{9}{2}$$

The solution is  $(-12.656, \infty)$ , which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-14.25, -11.25]$

$(-\infty, -12.656)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- B.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [10.5, 16.5]$

$(-\infty, 12.656)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- C.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [9.75, 13.5]$

$(12.656, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-15, -10.5]$

\*  $(-12.656, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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21. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

More than 9 units from the number  $-1$ .

The solution is  $(-\infty, -10) \cup (8, \infty)$ , which is option B.

A.  $[-10, 8]$

This describes the values no more than 9 from  $-1$

B.  $(-\infty, -10) \cup (8, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 9 from  $-1$

C.  $(-10, 8)$

This describes the values less than 9 from  $-1$

D.  $(-\infty, -10] \cup [8, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 9 from  $-1$

E. None of the above

You likely thought the values in the interval were not correct.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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22. Using an interval or intervals, describe all the  $x$ -values within or including a distance of the given values.

More than 5 units from the number  $7$ .

The solution is None of the above, which is option E.

A.  $(-\infty, -2] \cup [12, \infty)$

This describes the values no less than 7 from  $5$

B.  $(-2, 12)$

This describes the values less than 7 from  $5$

C.  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (12, \infty)$

This describes the values more than 7 from  $5$

D.  $[-2, 12]$

This describes the values no more than 7 from  $5$

E. None of the above

Options A-D described the values [more/less than] 7 units from  $5$ , which is the reverse of what the question asked.

**General Comment:** When thinking about this language, it helps to draw a number line and try points.

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23. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-8 - 6x < \frac{-28x - 9}{5} \leq -7 - 7x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

- A.  $[a, b]$ , where  $a \in [14.25, 21]$  and  $b \in [1.5, 5.25]$   
 $[15.50, 3.71]$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [13.5, 21]$  and  $b \in [2.25, 5.25]$   
 $(-\infty, 15.50) \cup [3.71, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- C.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [12, 18.75]$  and  $b \in [3, 6.75]$   
 $(15.50, 3.71]$ , which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.
- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [12.75, 18]$  and  $b \in [-0.75, 11.25]$   
 $(-\infty, 15.50] \cup (3.71, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- E. None of the above.

\* This is correct as the answer should be  $(-15.50, -3.71]$ .

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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24. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-4 - 3x \leq \frac{-7x - 3}{4} < 6 - 8x$$

The solution is None of the above., which is option E.

- A.  $[a, b]$ , where  $a \in [-2.25, 3.75]$  and  $b \in [-2.62, -0.97]$   
 $[2.60, -1.08)$ , which is the correct interval but negatives of the actual endpoints.
- B.  $(a, b]$ , where  $a \in [1.5, 5.25]$  and  $b \in [-4.5, 0]$   
 $(2.60, -1.08]$ , which corresponds to flipping the inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 6]$  and  $b \in [-2.32, -0.82]$   
 $(-\infty, 2.60) \cup [-1.08, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality AND flipping the inequality AND getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- D.  $(-\infty, a] \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0, 7.5]$  and  $b \in [-1.57, -0.53]$   
 $(-\infty, 2.60] \cup (-1.08, \infty)$ , which corresponds to displaying the and-inequality as an or-inequality and getting negatives of the actual endpoints.
- E. None of the above.

\* This is correct as the answer should be  $[-2.60, 1.08)$ .

**General Comment:** To solve, you will need to break up the compound inequality into two inequalities. Be sure to keep track of the inequality! It may be best to draw a number line and graph your solution.

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25. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-8 + 3x > 4x \text{ or } -3 + 7x < 9x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -8.0)$  or  $(-1.5, \infty)$ , which is option D.

- A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-9.75, -7.5]$  and  $b \in [-3.75, -0.75]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- B.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0.75, 2.25]$  and  $b \in [6, 12]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- C.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0, 2.25]$  and  $b \in [5.25, 11.25]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-12.75, -4.5]$  and  $b \in [-3.75, 0]$

\* Correct option.

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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26. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{-9}{2} - \frac{9}{6}x \leq \frac{-5}{7}x + \frac{3}{4}$$

The solution is  $[-6.682, \infty)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [4.5, 7.5]$

$[6.682, \infty)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-8.25, -0.75]$

$(-\infty, -6.682]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8.25, -6]$

\*  $[-6.682, \infty)$ , which is the correct option.

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [6, 9]$

$(-\infty, 6.682]$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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27. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-5 + 7x > 8x \text{ or } 7 + 5x < 8x$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -5.0)$  or  $(2.333, \infty)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3, -1.5]$  and  $b \in [4.27, 6]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints AND negating.

- B.  $(-\infty, a] \cup [b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-8.25, -3.75]$  and  $b \in [1.27, 4.42]$

Corresponds to including the endpoints (when they should be excluded).

- C.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-6, -3]$  and  $b \in [-2.25, 3]$

\* Correct option.

- D.  $(-\infty, a) \cup (b, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3, 0]$  and  $b \in [3, 7.5]$

Corresponds to inverting the inequality and negating the solution.

- E.  $(-\infty, \infty)$

Corresponds to the variable canceling, which does not happen in this instance.

**General Comment:** When multiplying or dividing by a negative, flip the sign.

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28. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$4x - 10 \geq 7x + 5$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -5.0]$ , which is option D.

- A.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [2, 6]$

$[5.0, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [1, 8]$

$(-\infty, 5.0]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-10, -4]$

$[-5.0, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- D.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-11, 0]$

\*  $(-\infty, -5.0]$ , which is the correct option.

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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29. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$-9x - 7 > -4x + 7$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -2.8)$ , which is option C.

- A.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [0.8, 5.8]$

$(-\infty, 2.8)$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [2.8, 3.8]$

$(2.8, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- C.  $(-\infty, a)$ , where  $a \in [-4.8, -1.8]$

\*  $(-\infty, -2.8)$ , which is the correct option.

- D.  $(a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-7.8, -1.8]$

$(-2.8, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

30. Solve the linear inequality below. Then, choose the constant and interval combination that describes the solution set.

$$\frac{6}{8} + \frac{6}{4}x \leq \frac{8}{9}x - \frac{3}{5}$$

The solution is  $(-\infty, -2.209]$ , which is option B.

- A.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [1.5, 3]$

$(-\infty, 2.209]$ , which corresponds to negating the endpoint of the solution.

- B.  $(-\infty, a]$ , where  $a \in [-4.5, -0.75]$

\*  $(-\infty, -2.209]$ , which is the correct option.

- C.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [0, 5.25]$

$[2.209, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval AND negating the endpoint. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative as well as not moving values over to a side properly.

- D.  $[a, \infty)$ , where  $a \in [-3.75, 0]$

$[-2.209, \infty)$ , which corresponds to switching the direction of the interval. You likely did this if you did not flip the inequality when dividing by a negative!

- E. None of the above.

You may have chosen this if you thought the inequality did not match the ends of the intervals.

**General Comment:** Remember that less/greater than or equal to includes the endpoint, while less/greater do not. Also, remember that you need to flip the inequality when you multiply or divide by a negative.

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