

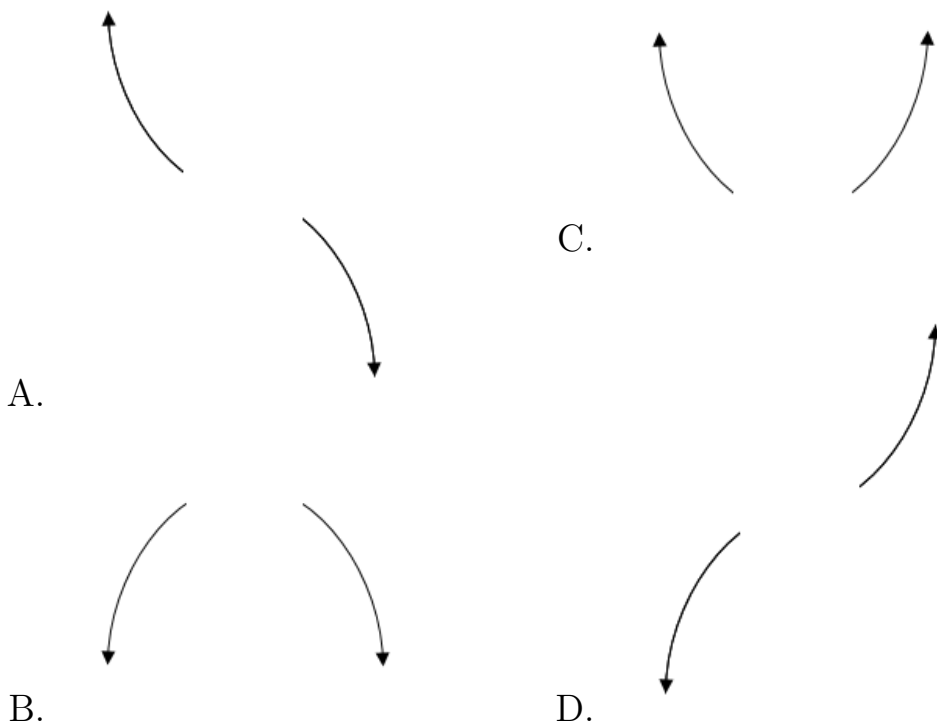
1. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$\frac{4}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \text{ and } \frac{3}{5}$$

- A.  $a \in [43, 49], b \in [-121, -109], c \in [94, 102],$  and  $d \in [-30, -23]$   
 B.  $a \in [43, 49], b \in [115, 126], c \in [94, 102],$  and  $d \in [24, 25]$   
 C.  $a \in [43, 49], b \in [2, 5], c \in [-61, -52],$  and  $d \in [24, 25]$   
 D.  $a \in [43, 49], b \in [63, 65], c \in [-21, -6],$  and  $d \in [-30, -23]$   
 E.  $a \in [43, 49], b \in [-121, -109], c \in [94, 102],$  and  $d \in [24, 25]$

2. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 8(x - 9)^5(x + 9)^{10}(x - 3)^3(x + 3)^5$$



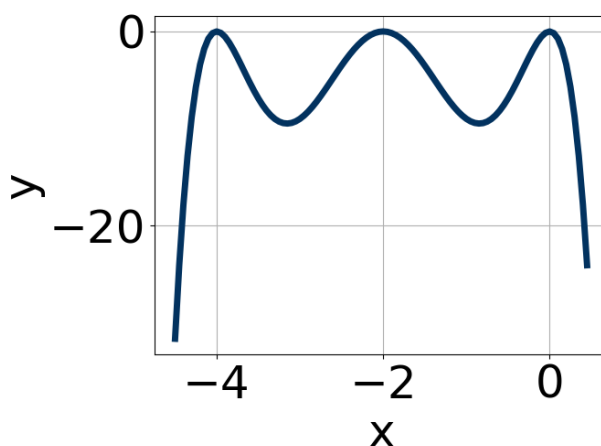
- E. None of the above.

3. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$2 + 4i \text{ and } 1$$

- A.  $b \in [4.8, 7.3], c \in [22.72, 24.73], \text{ and } d \in [18.8, 23.2]$   
 B.  $b \in [-0.5, 1.6], c \in [-4.03, -2.68], \text{ and } d \in [0.5, 2.3]$   
 C.  $b \in [-8.6, -2.1], c \in [22.72, 24.73], \text{ and } d \in [-21.3, -19.8]$   
 D.  $b \in [-0.5, 1.6], c \in [-5.22, -3.99], \text{ and } d \in [2.7, 7]$   
 E. None of the above.

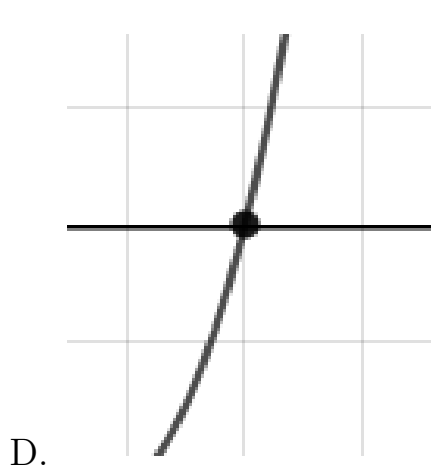
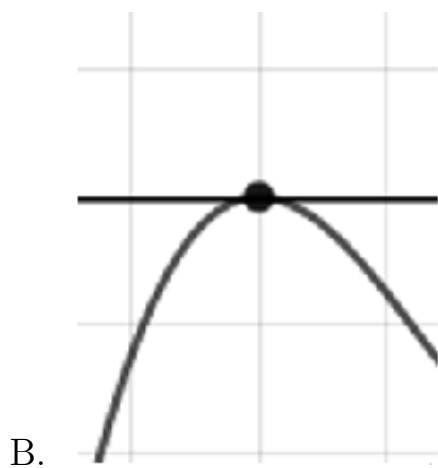
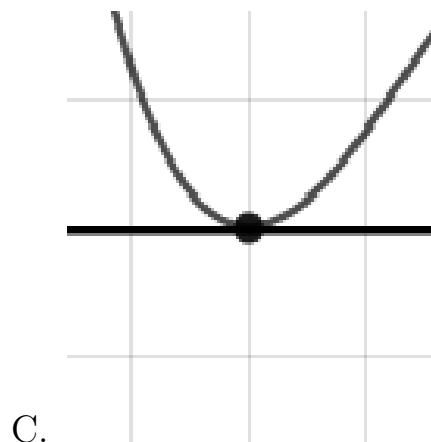
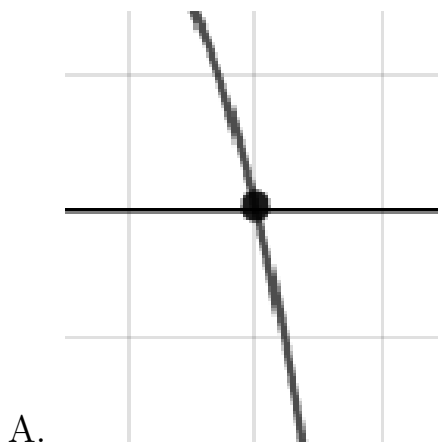
4. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $18x^5(x + 2)^8(x + 4)^4$   
 B.  $9x^{10}(x + 2)^8(x + 4)^6$   
 C.  $-6x^5(x + 2)^8(x + 4)^6$   
 D.  $-3x^4(x + 2)^8(x + 4)^8$   
 E.  $-14x^5(x + 2)^6(x + 4)^5$

5. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = 9$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 9(x - 3)^{11}(x + 3)^8(x - 9)^{10}(x + 9)^9$$

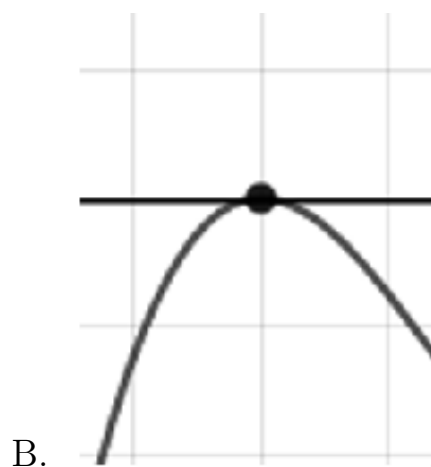
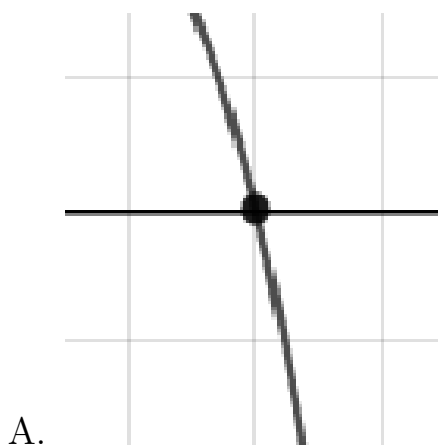


E. None of the above.

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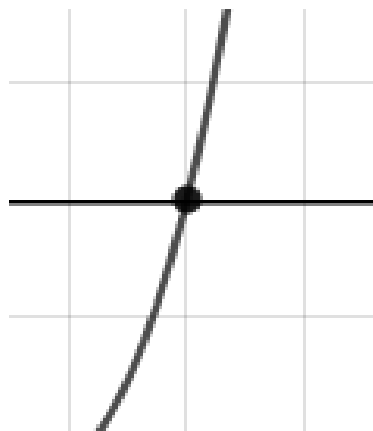
6. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = 4$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 5(x + 6)^5(x - 6)^4(x + 4)^9(x - 4)^6$$





C.

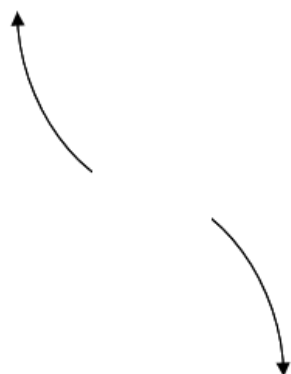


D.

E. None of the above.

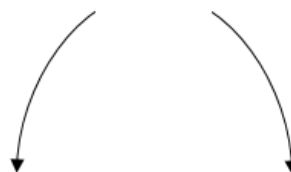
7. Describe the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = 2(x + 4)^3(x - 4)^8(x - 5)^5(x + 5)^6$$



A.

C.



B.



D.

E. None of the above.

8. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-4 - 3i \text{ and } 1$$

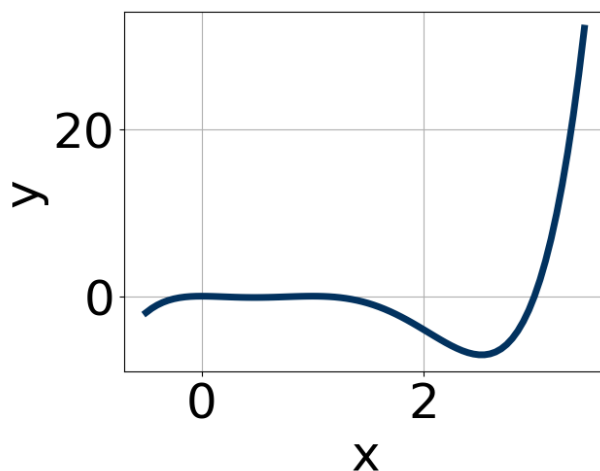
- A.  $b \in [-2.3, 1.9], c \in [1.81, 2.56],$  and  $d \in [-3.42, -2.96]$   
B.  $b \in [-8.3, -5.2], c \in [15.94, 17.54],$  and  $d \in [24.44, 26.01]$   
C.  $b \in [4.9, 8.8], c \in [15.94, 17.54],$  and  $d \in [-26.86, -23.36]$   
D.  $b \in [-2.3, 1.9], c \in [2.49, 3.29],$  and  $d \in [-4.03, -3.82]$   
E. None of the above.
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9. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$\frac{-7}{4}, \frac{7}{2}, \text{ and } \frac{-3}{5}$$

- A.  $a \in [33, 45], b \in [-46, -44], c \in [-295, -277],$  and  $d \in [-147, -143]$   
B.  $a \in [33, 45], b \in [90, 98], c \in [-205, -195],$  and  $d \in [-147, -143]$   
C.  $a \in [33, 45], b \in [35, 50], c \in [-295, -277],$  and  $d \in [146, 151]$   
D.  $a \in [33, 45], b \in [-186, -184], c \in [111, 127],$  and  $d \in [146, 151]$   
E.  $a \in [33, 45], b \in [-46, -44], c \in [-295, -277],$  and  $d \in [146, 151]$
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10. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $6x^9(x-1)^4(x-3)^5$
- B.  $19x^{11}(x-1)^8(x-3)^6$
- C.  $9x^4(x-1)^{10}(x-3)^9$
- D.  $-8x^{10}(x-1)^8(x-3)^7$
- E.  $-11x^4(x-1)^8(x-3)^8$