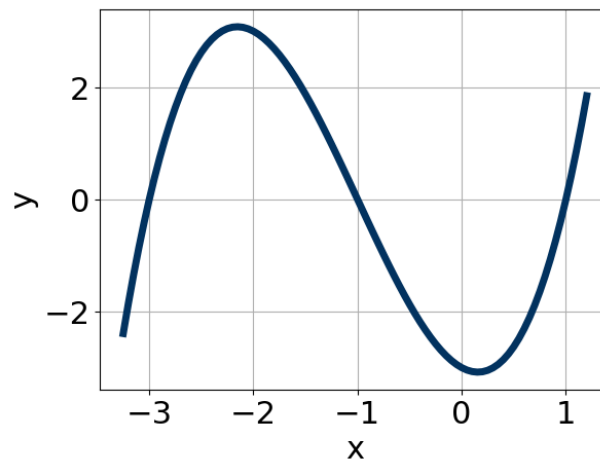


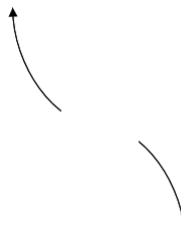
26. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?




- A. $(x - 1)(x + 1)(x + 3)^2$
- B. $(x - 1)^2(x + 1)(x + 3)^2$
- C. $(-x - 3)(x - 1)(x + 1)$
- D. $-(x - 1)(x + 1)(x + 3)^2$
- E. $(x - 1)(x + 1)(x + 3)$

27. Choose the end behavior of the polynomial below.


$$f(x) = -7(x - 7)^5(x - 4)^2(x + 4)^3(x + 7)^4$$

- 


A.



B.



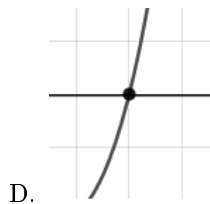
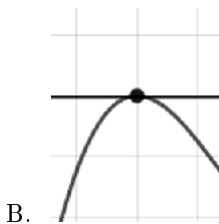
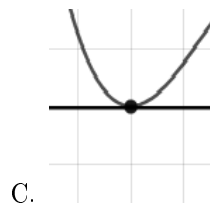
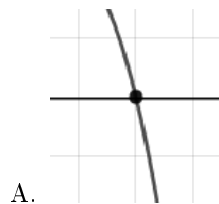
C.



D.

28. Describe the zero behavior of the zero -7 of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -7(x - 7)^5(x - 4)^2(x + 4)^3(x + 7)^4$$



29. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-3, -2, \frac{3}{4}$$

- A. $a \in [-2, 5], b \in [-24, -19], c \in [38, 40]$, and $d \in [-21, -10]$
 B. $a \in [-2, 5], b \in [-22, -14], c \in [8, 12]$, and $d \in [14, 20]$
 C. $a \in [-2, 5], b \in [-10, -2], c \in [-22, -20]$, and $d \in [14, 20]$
 D. $a \in [-2, 5], b \in [12, 23], c \in [8, 12]$, and $d \in [-21, -10]$
 E. $a \in [-2, 5], b \in [12, 23], c \in [8, 12]$, and $d \in [14, 20]$

30. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$.

$$-4i \text{ and } 1$$

- A. $b \in [-3.1, -0.9], c \in [15.5, 18]$, and $d \in [-17, -13]$
 B. $b \in [0, 4.8], c \in [-1.2, -0.9]$, and $d \in [-3, 4]$
 C. $b \in [0, 4.8], c \in [-20.1, -15.9]$, and $d \in [11, 17]$
 D. $b \in [0, 4.8], c \in [15.5, 18]$, and $d \in [11, 17]$
 E. $b \in [0, 4.8], c \in [2.1, 5.9]$, and $d \in [-10, -3]$