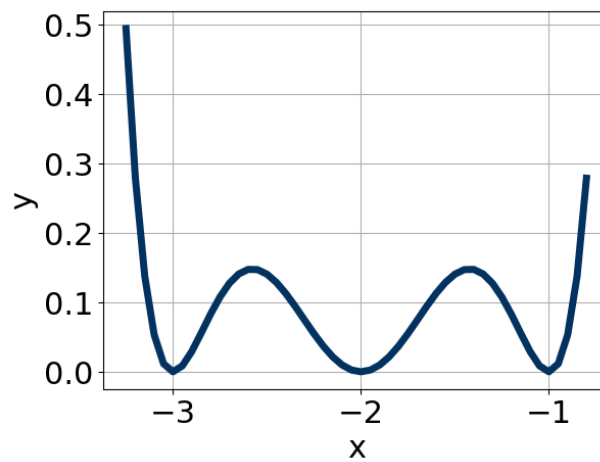


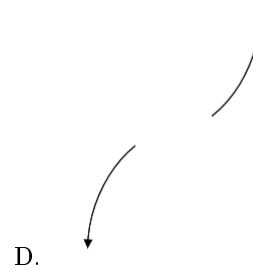
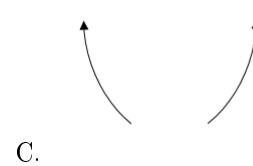
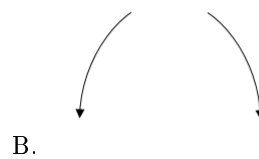
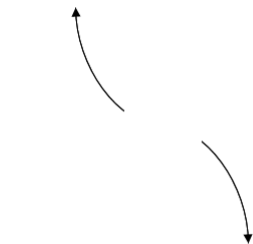
26. Which of the following equations *could* be of the graph presented below?



- A.  $-(x+1)(x+2)^2(x+3)^2$   
 B.  $(x+1)(x+2)^2(x+3)$   
 C.  $(x+1)^2(x+2)^2(x+3)^2$   
 D.  $(x+1)(x+2)^2(x+3)^2$   
 E.  $-(x+1)^2(x+2)^2(x+3)^2$

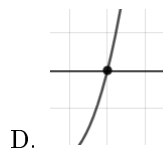
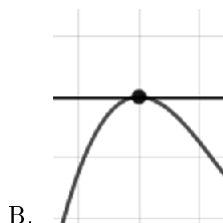
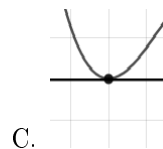
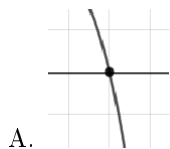
27. Choose the end behavior of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -8(x-6)^2(x-3)^8(x+3)^3(x+6)^4$$



28. Describe the zero behavior of the zero  $x = -3$  of the polynomial below.

$$f(x) = -8(x - 6)^2(x - 3)^8(x + 3)^3(x + 6)^4$$



29. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$4, \frac{-2}{5}, \frac{3}{5}$$

- A.  $a \in [21, 28], b \in [-107, -101], c \in [11, 15],$  and  $d \in [17, 28]$   
 B.  $a \in [21, 28], b \in [-107, -101], c \in [11, 15],$  and  $d \in [-30, -21]$   
 C.  $a \in [21, 28], b \in [92, 97], c \in [-32, -20],$  and  $d \in [-30, -21]$   
 D.  $a \in [21, 28], b \in [103, 107], c \in [11, 15],$  and  $d \in [-30, -21]$   
 E.  $a \in [21, 28], b \in [68, 77], c \in [-101, -91],$  and  $d \in [17, 28]$

30. Construct the lowest-degree polynomial given the zeros below. Then, choose the intervals that contain the coefficients of the polynomial in the form  $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ .

$$-2i \text{ and } -1$$

- A.  $b \in [-3, 0.1], c \in [3.29, 4.02],$  and  $d \in [-5.7, -1.9]$   
 B.  $b \in [-3, 0.1], c \in [-4.15, -3.73],$  and  $d \in [-5.7, -1.9]$   
 C.  $b \in [0.6, 1.5], c \in [3.29, 4.02],$  and  $d \in [3.4, 5.1]$   
 D.  $b \in [0.6, 1.5], c \in [2.96, 3.43],$  and  $d \in [0.4, 3.2]$   
 E.  $b \in [0.6, 1.5], c \in [0.47, 1.77],$  and  $d \in [-1.7, 1.9]$