## Objective 3 - Construct Log/Exp Models

Link to textbook: Construct a model equation for the real-life situation.

## Videos:

- pH
- Age using Half-Life
- Doubling time growth pt. 1
- Doubling time growth pt. 2
- Radioactive Decay and Law of Cooling

**Question 1** A population of bacteria quadruples every hours. If the culture started with 400, write the equation that models the bacteria population after t hours.

$$P(t) = \boxed{400 \mid 4} \boxed{t}$$

**Question 2** There is initially 976 grams of element X. The half-life of element X is 895520 years. Describe the amount of element X remaining as a function of time, t, in years. Use e as the base of your exponential model and exact values.

$$X(t) = 976 e^{-\frac{1}{895520} \log(2) t}$$

**Hint:** The exponent's coefficient is not  $\frac{1}{895520}$  nor is it  $\frac{-1}{895520}$ . To find the correct coefficient, take the base exponential equation current amount = initial amount  $e^{ct}$ , use what you know about the half-life time and amount, then solve the equation for c. If you are having trouble, refer back to the objective on "Solving exponential equations". Do not use a calculator - use exact values to get a correct answer.

**Question 3** The half-life of carbon-14 is 5,730 years.

**Part A.** Describe the amount of carbon-14 remaining after t years. The initial amount of carbon-14,  $C_0$ , is already included below.

**Part B.** Solve the equation above for t written in terms of the ratio of carbon-14 remaining,  $r = \frac{C}{C_0}$ .

$$t = \boxed{-8266.64258429376} \ln(\boxed{r})$$

**Part C.** The equation above is used to carbon-date objects. To solidify this idea, use the model in Part B. to solve the following problem.

A bone fragment is found that contains 65% of its original carbon-14. To the nearest year, how old is the bone?

**Hint:** Part A. The exponent's coefficient is not  $\frac{1}{5730}$  nor is it  $\frac{-1}{5730}$ . To find the correct coefficient, take the base exponential equation current amount = initial amount  $e^{ct}$ , use what you know about the half-life time and amount, then solve the equation for c. If you are having trouble, refer back to the objective on "Solving exponential equations". Do not use a calculator - use exact values to get a correct answer.

**Part B.** Now that you found the exponent's coefficient, you have modeled the general equation as  $C = C_0 e^{ct}$ . Since it asks you to rewrite the equation in terms of  $r = \frac{C}{C_0}$ , start by converting the equation into one with r instead of C and  $C_0$ . Then, solve the equation for t.

**Part C.** What does  $r = \frac{C}{C_0}$  represent? If we know this, then we could use the equation you built in Part B. to solve for the age of the bone.