

Click on the logo to find Problem Statement

Intuition

- 1. We start from the rightmost digit of the given list because we are essentially adding 1 to the number represented by the list.
- 2. If the rightmost digit is 9, adding 1 would result in a carry. So, we set the current digit to 0 and move to the next digit on the left.
- 3. If the current digit is not 9, adding 1 does not result in a carry, so we can safely update the current digit and return the updated list.
- 4. If all digits are 9, adding 1 would result in a carry throughout the number. In this case, after the loop, we add 1 at the beginning of the list to handle the carry.

Approach

- 1. Start iterating the given list of digits from the rightmost digit.
- 2. Check if the current digit is 9:
 - o If yes, set the current digit to 0 and continue to the next digit on the left.
 - If no, add 1 to the current digit and return the updated list immediately.
- 3. If the loop completes without returning (this means all digits were 9), add 1 at the beginning of the list to handle the carry.

Complexity

- Time complexity: O(n)
- Space complexity: O(1)

Code

